

1. "Kraeh Khote Budh Gov InsaF" (Justice is superior to worship) is a Kashmiri saying of:
(A) Syed Ali Hamadani (B) Lalded
(C) Sheikh Noorudin Vali (D) Baba Daud Khaki
2. Twenty fifth (25) December is not birthday of:
(A) Jesus Christ (B) Atal Bihari Vajpayee
(C) Mohammad Ali Jinnah (D) Abul Kalam Azad
3. 2012 Olympics were held at :
(A) London (B) Montreal
(C) Geneva (D) Tokyo
4. Oldest book on Kashmir history is :
(A) Rajtarangni (B) The Valley of Kashmir
(C) Kashmir; A Disputed Legacy (D) Waqiate Kashmir
5. The book on state craft *Zakhiratul maluk* is written by :
(A) Syed Ali Hamadani (B) Gani Kashmiri
(C) Mehjoor (D) Sir Mohamad Iqbal
6. Which one of the following is Quranic term for justice ?
(A) Adle (B) Insaf
(C) Qaza (D) Haq
7. Jammu and Kashmir Constitution came into force on :
(A) 13 July 1931 (B) 26 January 1950
(C) 27 October 1947 (D) 26 January 1957
8. Which one of these States has its own constitution ?
(A) Assam (B) Jammu and Kashmir
(C) Nagaland (D) Uttarakhand

9. Aatshi Chinar is autobiography of:
(A) Choudry Gulam Abbas (B) Mirwaiz Yousuf Shah
(C) Sheikh Mohamad Abdullah (D) Syed Ali Shah Gilani
10. Ranbir Penal Code (RPC) is criminal law of:
(A) India (B) Pakistan
(C) Jammu and Kashmir (D) Nepal
11. Name of 'Cease Fire Line' was changed to 'Line of Actual Control' through :
(A) Tashkent pact (B) Shimla Agreement
(C) Lahore Declaration (D) UN Resolution
12. Which one of these Articles was described as heart and soul of the Indian Constitution by Ambedkar ?
(A) Article 32 (B) Article 21
(C) Article 368 (D) Article 19
13. Right to property is a fundamental right in :
(A) Whole of India
(B) Jammu and Kashmir
(C) Whole of India except Jammu and Kashmir
(D) None of the above
14. Which Article of the Indian Constitution makes directive principles non-enforceable through courts of Law ?
(A) Article 39 (B) Article 37
(C) Article 45 (D) Article 12
15. Which Article of the Indian Constitution allows the state to restrict fundamental rights in the interest of permanent residents of Jammu and Kashmir ?
(A) Article 35 A (B) Article 370
(C) Article 253 (D) Article 256

16. The word secularism was inserted into Indian Constitution through :
- (A) 15th Amendment (B) 25th Amendment
(C) 42nd Amendment (D) 44th Amendment
17. Which one of these groups contributed most to the onset of Arab spring in Egypt ?
- (A) Ikwatul -Muslimeen (B) Arab League
(C) Hezbollah (D) Hamas
18. Who among the following Kashmiri rulers was associated with devastation of temples ?
- (A) Raja Awanti Varman (B) Kanisk
(C) Gulab-Sing (D) Harsh Dev
19. Doctrine of Pleasure is provided in :
- (A) Article 310 (B) Article 312
(C) Article 317 (D) None of the above
20. Constitution of India makes the President :
- (A) Almost a dictator (B) A benevolent ruler
(C) Real head of the government (D) A nominal constitutional head
21. Article 30(1) provides right to establish and administer educational institution to :
- (A) Ethnic minorities (B) Religious and linguistic minorities
(C) All citizens of India (D) To everyone-citizen or non-citizen
22. Which of the following countries doesn't have a written Constitution ?
- (A) UK (B) US
(C) Canada (D) Mexico
23. A person whose fundamental rights are violated can move to the Supreme Court directly under Article :
- (A) Article 21 (B) Article 35
(C) Article 32 (D) Article 12

24. Which part of the Indian Constitution provides civil and political rights ?
(A) Part IV (B) Part III
(C) Preamble (D) 7th schedule
25. Directive Principles of State Policy are enshrined in :
(A) Part III of the J & K Constitution (B) Part IV of the J & K Constitution
(C) Part V of the J & K Constitution (D) Part VI of the J & K Constitution
26. International Court of Justice is located at :
(A) New York (B) Hague
(C) Geneva (D) Rome
27. The United Nations is successor of :
(A) League of Nations
(B) European Union
(C) Permanent Court of International Justice
(D) Organization of American States
28. The quorum or minimum number of members required to hold the meeting of either house of Parliament is :
(A) One third (B) One half
(C) One tenth (D) Two third
29. Human Rights day is celebrated on :
(A) 10th December (B) 10th March
(C) 10th October (D) 27th October
30. Which among the following has been added to the original fundamental rights ?
(A) Right to constitutional remedies (B) Right to freedom of expression
(C) Right to property (D) Right to education
31. Which one of the following Mughal Emperors died on his way back from Kashmir ?
(A) Akbar (B) Jahangir
(C) Shah Jahan (D) Aurangzeb

32. Which one of the following countries doesn't have borders with J and K State ?
(A) China (B) Pakistan
(C) Afghanistan (D) Iran
33. Which one of the rivers mentioned below originates from China ?
(A) Indus (B) Ravi
(C) Chenab (D) Jhelum
34. Indus water treaty was signed between :
(A) India and Pakistan (B) India, China and Pakistan
(C) India, Afghanistan and Pakistan (D) India and Bangladesh
35. Which one of the following countries is a land locked country ?
(A) Tajikistan (B) Pakistan
(C) India (D) Bangladesh
36. Which one of the following rivers doesn't originate from China ?
(A) Brahmaputra (B) Sutlej
(C) Indus (D) Chenab
37. "Jinnah : India Partition and Independence" has been written by :
(A) Jaswant Singh (B) L.K. Advani
(C) M. J. Akbar (D) Ayesha Jalal
38. Which one of the following lakes is located in Jammu ?
(A) Mansarovar (B) Ramsar
(C) Hokarsar (D) Mansar
39. *Mussadas* has been written by :
(A) Iqbal (B) Ghalib
(C) Faiz (D) Hali
40. Which of the canals links Atlantic Ocean with Pacific Ocean ?
(A) Suez (B) Panama
(C) Kiel Canal (D) Indira Gandhi Canal

41. Name the Gazal singer who passed away in 2011 :
- (A) Anup Jalota (B) Mehdi Hassan
(C) Begum Akhtar (D) Jagjit Singh
42. Malaria is caused by :
- (A) Virus (B) Bacteria
(C) Parasite (D) Fungus
43. Hydrophobia is a disease caused by :
- (A) Excessive temperature (B) Food poisoning
(C) Inhaling of hydrogen (D) Dog-bite
44. Who was the President of The Constituent Assembly of India ?
- (A) Ambedkar (B) Abul Kalam Azad
(C) Rajindar Prasad (D) Nehru
45. Who was the first women governor in India ?
- (A) Pratibha Patil (B) Vijay Lakshmi Pandit
(C) Sarojini Naidu (D) Fathima Bevi
46. English equivalent for the Lokpal is :
- (A) Public prosecutor (B) Ombudsman
(C) Auditor general (D) Attorney general
47. Who is the Chairman of The Planning Commission of India ?
- (A) Montek Singh Aluwalia (B) Dr. Manmohan Singh
(C) Pranab Mukherji (D) Abhijit Sen
48. Indian Cricket legend, Nawab Mansoor Ali Khan Pataudi belonged to :
- (A) Hyderabad (B) Lucknow
(C) Haryana (D) Bhopal
49. Which one of the following singers was born in J&K State ?
- (A) Begum Akhtar (B) Asha Bhosle
(C) Malika Pukhraj (D) Noor Jehan

50. Which one of the following poets has written National Anthem of two countries of the subcontinent ?

- (A) Iqbal (B) Hafiz Jalandhari
(C) Tagore (D) Majaz

51. Siam is the old name of :

- (A) Syria (B) Thailand
(C) Cambodia (D) Jordan

52. 2011 nuclear disaster of Japan took place at :

- (A) Fukushima (B) Hiroshima
(C) Nagasaki (D) Chernobyl

53. Jammu and Kashmir High Court was established in :

- (A) 1947 (B) 1954
(C) 1928 (D) 1931

54. Who among the following was known as Picasso of India ?

- (A) M. F. Hussain (B) Amrita Shergill
(C) F. N. Souza (D) Jatin Das

55. Information relating to right to life under right to information has to be provided within :

- (A) One month (B) One week
(C) 45 days (D) 48 hours

56. Fish can survive in deep frozen ponds because :

- (A) Fish is cold blooded
(B) They hibernate
(C) Ice is good conductor of heat
(D) There is water at 4 degree Celsius below frozen ice

57. Heavy water is used in :

- (A) Car batteries (B) Nuclear bombs
(C) Nuclear reactors (D) Rockets

58. The scientist who discovered blood groups is :

- (A) Darwin (B) T. H. Morgan
(C) William Harvey (D) Robert Hooke

59. Radcliff demarcated border between :

- (A) India and China (B) India and Pakistan
(C) India and Nepal (D) India and Myanmar

60. "The God of Small Things" is a book authored by :

- (A) Aruna Asif Ali (B) Arun Shourie
(C) Arundhati Roy (D) Arun Jaitley

LLB - 2010

LL.B. Three Year Course

1. 2010 is the International Year of :
(a) Human Rights (b) Biodiversity
(c) Sports (d) Education
2. A drop of blood contains :
(a) about 10,000 cells (b) about 1,00,000 cells
(c) several million cells (d) less than 25,000 cells
3. A woman receives her X-chromosome from :
(a) her mother only (b) her father only
(c) both her mother and father (d) either her mother or her father
4. Lock Jaw, that is, difficulty in opening the mouth is a symptom of :
(a) plague (b) tetanus
(c) cholera (d) none of the above
5. What is the temperature of a normal man ?
(a) 81.1°C (b) 36.9°C
(c) 21.7°C (d) 90°C
6. The first Dalit and first woman Speaker of the Lok Sabha is :
(a) Ms. Meira Kumar (b) Ms. Meena Kumari
(c) Ms. Mamta Bannerjee (d) Ms. Mayawati
7. In 2009 Climate Summit, 45,000 persons assembled for a new global agreement on climate change at :
(a) Kyoto (b) Bali
(c) Washington (d) Copenhagen
8. In 2009 noted Indian music maestro Allah Rakha Rahman bagged prestigious Academy Awards (Oscars) in two categories - Best original score and Best song for his work in :
(a) Roja (b) Slumdog Millionaire
(c) Chak De! India (d) Gandhi My Father
9. The Indian Moon mission that found traces of water across the surface of large parts of the Moon in 2009 was named as :
(a) Chandrayaan - IV (b) Chandrayaan - I
(c) Chandrayaan - III (d) Chandrayaan - II

10. Arrange the following rulers of Delhi Sultanate in chronological order :

- | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| A. Qutub - ud - din Aibak | B. Balban |
| C. Iltutmish | D. Nasiruddin |
| (a) D, A, C, B | (b) A, C, D, B |
| (c) A, B, C, D | (d) C, A, D, B |

11. Todar Mal was associated with :

- | | |
|------------------|----------------|
| (a) music | (b) literature |
| (c) land revenue | (d) law reform |

12. Why did Gandhi start the Dandi March ?

- (a) To demonstrate against the policies of the British
- (b) To break the Salt Law
- (c) To boycott foreign goods
- (d) None of the above

13. The Indian National Congress was founded by :

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| (a) W.C. Bannerjee | (b) A.O. Hume |
| (c) Mahatma Gandhi | (d) Annie Besant |

14. Who demarcated the line, that divides India and Pakistan ?

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) Sir Cyril Radcliffe | (b) Sir Mortimer Durand |
| (c) Sir Henry Mc Mohan | (d) Lord Mountbatten |

15. 'Vande Mataram' was first published in :

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| (a) Gitanjali | (b) Harijan |
| (c) Kesari | (d) Anand Math |

16. Day and night are equal at the :

- | | |
|--------------------|---------------|
| (a) Equator | (b) Poles |
| (c) Prime Meridian | (d) Antarctic |

17. The natural satellite of the earth is :

- | | |
|-----------|-------------|
| (a) Mars | (b) Moon |
| (c) Venus | (d) Neptune |

18. The mean distance of the Earth from the Sun is approximately :

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| (a) 149,503,000 Km | (b) 150,503,000 Km |
| (c) 148,000,000 Km | (d) 150,000,000 Km |

19. The infrared radiation by Sun are strongly absorbed by :
- (a) Carbon dioxide
 - (b) Water vapours
 - (c) Carbon dioxide and water vapours
 - (d) Ozone
20. Who discovered the sea - route to India ?
- (a) Vasco da Gama in 1498
 - (b) Columbus in 1402
 - (c) Magellan in 1506
 - (d) Sir Hopkins in 1698
21. The Constitution of Jammu and Kashmir came into force from :
- (a) January 26, 1950
 - (b) January 26, 1951
 - (c) January 26, 1953
 - (d) January 26, 1957
22. Who is the author of the book, 'Glimpses of World History' ?
- (a) Abul Kalam Azad
 - (b) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - (c) S. Gopalan
 - (d) S. Radhakrishnan
23. Who among the following is not a Nobel Laureate ?
- (a) Amartya Sen
 - (b) C.V. Raman
 - (c) B.R. Ambedkar
 - (d) Mother Teresa
24. The Indo - American high school student, Ms. Shivani Sud won Junior Nobel Prize in 2008 for her project on :
- (a) Bravery
 - (b) Cancer
 - (c) Human rights
 - (d) All the above
25. Who won the World Economic Forum's Crystal Award for 2009 ?
- (a) Malika Sarabhai
 - (b) Ms. Vasundhara Raje
 - (c) Ms. Nikkitasha Marhawa
 - (d) All the above
26. Ms. Pratibha Devising Patil is the — President of India :
- (a) 12th
 - (b) 11th
 - (c) 10th
 - (d) 13th
27. Who became the 'Fastest Man on Earth' in the World Athletics Championship of 2009 ?
- (a) Pankaj Advani
 - (b) Usain Bolt
 - (c) Juan Martín Del Potro
 - (d) Rafael Nadal

28. The 'God of Small Things' is a novel written by :
(a) Satish Gujral (b) Arundhati Roy
(c) Vikram Seth (d) Salman Rushdie
29. Who among the following presided over the Buddhist Council held during the reign of Kanishka in Kashmir ?
(a) Parsva (b) Nagarjuna
(c) Sudraka (d) Vasumitra
30. CTBT is a term associated with :
(a) nuclear weapons (b) central taxes
(c) trade sanctions (d) biotechnology
31. The U.N. Report commonly known as 'Our Common Future' relates to :
(a) computers (b) terrorism
(c) environment (d) children
32. Who among the following did not receive the Civilian Award of Padma Vibhushan in 2009 ?
(a) Sunderlal Bahuguna (b) Anil Kakodkar
(c) Sister Nirmala (d) Aishwarya Rai Bachchan
33. The Commonwealth Games 2010 are scheduled to be held in :
(a) Delhi (b) Los Angeles
(c) Switzerland (d) New York
34. The six official languages of the U.N are Russian, English, Chinese, Arabic, French and :
(a) Hindi (b) Japanese
(c) Spanish (d) Urdu
35. Din - I - Ilahi was founded by :
(a) Guru Nanak Dev (b) Kabir
(c) Akbar (d) Shahjahan
36. Who is the Supreme Commander of the Armed Forces in India ?
(a) President (b) Prime Minister
(c) General (d) Field Marshal

37. Percentage of Muslim population in the world population is _____ Christian population.
- (a) less than (b) greater than
(c) equal to (d) none of the above
38. In 1921 Albert Einstein was awarded :
- (a) Death sentence (b) Nobel Prize
(c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of the above
39. The book 'Kashmir : Behind the Vale' is written by :
- (a) W.R. Lawrence (b) Jaswant Singh
(c) M.J. Akbar (d) Rehman Rahi
40. The organ that filters blood in human body is :
- (a) heart (b) thymus
(c) spleen (d) liver
41. Before entering upon the office of President of India, the President has to make and subscribe on oath in the presence of :
- (a) the Vice - President (b) the Speaker of Lok Sabha
(c) the Chief Justice of India (d) Chief Election Commissioner
42. Article 39-A of the Constitution of India deals with :
- (a) Equal justice and free legal aid
(b) Organisation of Village Panchayats
(c) Uniform Civil Code
(d) Right to work
43. The Vice President of India is elected by the :
- (a) Members of both Houses of Parliament and State Legislatures
(b) Members of both Houses of Parliament
(c) President and members of both Houses of Parliament
(d) President and Prime Minister
44. Which Article of the Constitution of India specifically prohibits discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth ?
- (a) Article 18 (b) Article 20
(c) Article 17 (d) Article 15

45. The Constitution of Jammu and Kashmir has its own :
- (a) Fundamental Rights (b) Directive Principles
(c) Both (a) and (b) above (d) only (a) and not (b) above
46. The Power to refer a question of law or fact of public importance for the opinion of the Supreme Court of India is vested with :
- (a) The Prime Minister of India (b) The Speaker of The Lok Sabha
(c) The President of India (d) Solicitor General of India
47. A person arrested and detained in custody has to be produced before the nearest Magistrate within :
- (a) Twelve hours (b) Twenty four hours
(c) Sixty days (d) One month
48. The right to move the Supreme Court for enforcement of Fundamental Rights is guaranteed under :
- (a) Article 226 (b) Article 32
(c) Article 14 (d) Article 21
49. The Fundamental Duty of every citizen of India to protect and improve the natural environment is imposed under the Constitution of India by :
- (a) Article 50 (b) Article 51
(c) Article 51-A (d) Article 49
50. An 'unlawful assembly' under the Indian Penal Code must consist of :
- (a) Two or more than two persons (b) Three or more than three persons
(c) Four or more than four persons (d) Five or more than five persons
51. A person who is associated with another person in the commission of an offence is known as :
- (a) Accomplice (b) Approver
(c) Accusator (d) Abater
52. A pleading filed by defendant in a suit stating his grounds of defence is called :
- (a) Pleint (b) Plea bargaining
(c) Challan (d) Written statement

37. 53. A lawsuit brought by a representative member of a large group of persons on behalf of all others is called :
- (a) Citation (b) Arbitration
(c) Class action (d) None of the above
38. 54. Those remarks of a judge which are said or expressed casually and are not binding being not directly relevant to the case at hand are called :
- (a) mutatis mutandis (b) non-obstante
(c) obiter dictum (d) modus operandi
39. 55. Which of the Articles in the Constitution guarantees right to privacy ?
- (a) Article 14 (b) Article 21
(c) Article 19 (d) Article 20
40. 56. An order or writ issued by a court to an authority who occupies a public office to show by what authority the public office is claimed is known as :
- (a) Mandamus (b) Prohibition
(c) Habeas Corpus (d) Quo Warranto
41. 57. Which Article of the Indian Constitution empowers the Parliament to form a new State ?
- (a) Article 4 (b) Article 5
(c) Article 3 (d) Article 6
42. 58. The name 'United Nations' of the present United Nations Organisation was adopted at the instance and suggestions of :
- (a) President Roosevelt (b) Joseph Stalin
(c) Winston Churchill (d) All the above
4. 59. The Headquarters of the International Court of Justice are at :
- (a) New York (b) Switzerland
(c) Hague (d) Sweden
60. The agency that promotes trade at the international level with a view to accelerate economic growth of the developing countries is :
- (a) UNCTAD (b) IFAD
(c) UNESCO (d) UNITAR