KANNUR UNIVERSITY

(Abstract)

B.Sc Biotechnology -Scheme & Syllabus of Core/Complementary/Open/Common Courses under Choice Based Credit Semester System for Under Graduate Programme-implemented with effect from 2009 admission-Orders Issued.

ACADEMIC BRANCH

No.Acad/C2/8965/2008(1)

Dated, K.U.Campus. P.O,09- 07-2009.

Read: 1.Minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in Biotechnology (Cd) held on 28-05-2009.

- 2. Minutes of the meeting of the Faculty of Science held on 16-06-2009.
- 3. U.O No.Acad/C2/3838/2008 (i) dated 07-07-2009.
- 4. Letter dated nil from the Chairman, BOS in Biotechnology (Cd).

ORDER

- 1. The Board of Studies in Biotechnology (Cd) vide paper read(1) above has prepared and finalised the Scheme and Syllabus of Bitechnology Core/Complementary/Open Courses under Choice Based Credit Semester System for implementation from 2009 admission.
- 2. The recommendations of the Board in restructuring the syllabus is considered by the Faculty of Science vide paper read (2) and recommended for the approval of the Academic Council.
- 3. The Regulations for Choice based Credit Semester System is implemented in this University vide paper read (3).
- 4. The Chairman, BOS in Biotechnology (Cd) vide paper read (4) above, forwarded the restructured scheme and syllabus of Biotechnology Core/Complementary/Open Courses along with Common Courses (4 Courses) under Choice Based Credit Semester System, prepared by the Board of Studies in Biotechnology (Cd) for implementation with effect from 2009 admission.
- 5. The Vice Chancellor, after examining the matter in detail, and in exercise of the powers of the Academic Council as per section 11(1) of Kannur University Act 1996 and all other enabling provisions read together with, has accorded sanction to implement the scheme and syllabus of Biotechnology Core/Complementary/Open Courses along with Common Courses (4 Courses) restructured in line with Choice Based Credit Semester System, with effect from 2009 admission, subject to ratification by the Academic Council.

6.The restructured scheme and syllabus of Core/Complementary/Open Courses under Biotechnology Programme along with Common Courses (4 Courses) restructured in line with Choice Based Credit Semester System, implemented with effect from 2009 admission is appended.

- 7. The Scheme and Syllabus of Complementary Courses offered for this Programme will be available along with the syllabus of Core Courses of the Complementary subject.
- 8. The affiliated Colleges are not permitted to offer Complementary Courses in violation to the provisional/permanent affiliation granted by the University. Changes in Complementary Courses are permitted with prior sanction /revision in the affiliation order already issued in this regard.
- 9. If there is any inconsistency between the Regulations for CCSS and its application to the Scheme & Syllabus prepared, the former shall prevail.
 - 10. Orders are issued accordingly.

To: Sd/REGISTRAR

- 1. The Principals of Colleges offering Biotechnology Programme
- 2. The Examination Branch (through PA to CE)

Copy To:

1. The Chairman, BOS Biotechnology (Cd)

Forwarded/By Order

- 2. PS to VC/PA to PVC/PA to Regr
- 3. DR/AR I Academic
- 4. Central Library
- 5. SF/DF/FC.

SECTION OFFICER



KANNUR UNIVERSITY

Course Structure and Syllabus

FOR

UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMME

IN

BIOTECHNOLOGY

UNDER

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SEMESTER SYSTEM

w.e.f 2009 ADMISSION

Course Structure **B.Sc Biotechnology**

SEMESTER 1

No	Title of the Course	Hours /week	Credits	Exam hrs
1	Common Course (English)	5	4	3
2	Common Course (English)	4	3	3
3	Common Course (Additional Language)	5	4	3
4	Core Course 1	3	3	3
5	Complementary 1 (Course I)	4	3	3
6	Complementary 2 (Course I)	4	3	3

SEMESTER 2

No	Title of the Course	Hours/week	Credits	Exam hrs
1	Common Course (English)	5	4	3
2	Common Course (English)	4	3	3
3	Common Course (Additional Language)	5	4	3
4	Core Course 2	3	3	3
5	Complementary 1 (Course II)	4	3	3
6	Complementary 2 (Course II)	4	3	3

SEMESTER 3

No	Title of the Course	Hours/week	Credits	Exam hrs
1	Common Course (General)	5	4	3
2	Common Course (General)	5	4	3
3	Core Course 3	2	2	3
4	Core Course 4	3	3	3
4	Complementary 1 (Course III)	5	3	3
5	Complementary 2 (Course III)	5	3	3

SEMESTER 4

No	Title of the Course	Hours/week	Credits	Exam hrs
1	Common Course (General)	5	4	3
2	Common Course (General)	5	4	3
3	Core Course 5	2	2	3
4	Core Course 6	3	3	3
5	Complementary 1 (Course IV)	5	3	3
6	Complementary 2 (Course IV)	5	3	3

SEMESTER 5

No	Title of the Course	Hours / week	Credit	Exam hrs
1	Open Course 1	2	2	3
2	Core Course 7	4	4	3
3	Core Course 8	5	4	3
4	Core Course 9	5	4	3
5	Core Course 10	4	4	3
6	Core Course 11	5	4	3

SEMESTER 6

No	Title of the Course	Hours / week	Credit	Exam hrs
1	Open Course 2	2	2	3
2	Core Course 12	4	4	3
3	Core Course 13	5	4	3
4	Core Course 14	3	2	3
5	Core Course 15	5	4	3
6	Core Course 16 Project	5	2	*

The Hour/Credit distribution for Complementary Theory/Practical examination shall be decided by the Board of Studies concerned.

The following are the Common Courses offered in III and IV Semesters.

1.3A07BTC Biophysics

2.3A08BTC Biostatistics

3.4A09BTC Genetics

4.4A10BTC Immunology

Sch	eme Bioto	echnology((Core)		
No	Semester	Course code	Title of the course	Hours/ week	Credit
1	I	1B01 BTC	Methodology and Perspective of Sciences	3	3
2	II	2B02 BTC	Informatics and Introduction to Bioinformatics	3	3
3	III	3B03 BTC	Biotechnology Practical – I	3	3
4	III	3B04 BTC	Cell Biology	2	2
5	III	3A07BTC	Biophysics	5	4
6	III	3A08BTC	Biostatistics	5	4
7	IV	4A09BTC	Genetics	5	4
8	IV	4A10BTC	Immunology	5	4
9	IV	4B05 BTC	Plant Physiology and Development	2	2
10	IV	4B06 BTC	Biotechnology Practical – II	3	3
11	V	5B07 BTC	Molecular Biology	5	4
12	V	5B08 BTC	Animal Physiology and Development	4	4
13	V	5B09 BTC	Animal Cell Biotechnology	5	4
14	V	5B10 BTC	Environmental Biotechnology	4	4
15	V	5B11 BTC	Biotechnology Practical – III	5	4
16	VI	6B12 BTC	Principles and Applications of Genetic Engineering	4	4
17	VI	6B13 BTC	Plant Biotechnology and in Vitro Cell Culture	5	4
14	VI	6B14 BTC	Microbes in Environmental Biotechnology	4	4
18	VI	6B15 BTC	Biotechnology Practical – IV	5	4
19	VI	6B16 BTC	Project Work	5	2

Sch	Scheme Biotechnology(Complementary)						
No	Semester	Course Code	Title of the course	Hours/ week	Credit		
1	I	1C01 BTC	Plant Biotechnology 1	2	2		
2	I	4C05 BTC	Practical	2	-		
3	II	2C02 BTC	Plant Biotechnology 2	2	2		
4	II	4C05 BTC	Practical	2			
5	III	3C03 BTC	Microbial Biotechnology 1	3	2		
6	III	4C05 BTC	Practical	2			

Sch	Scheme Open Courses						
No	Semester	Course code	Title of the course	Hours/ week	Credit		
1	V	5D01 BTC	Bioinformatics-I	2	2		
2	V	5D02 BTC	Fermentation technology - I	2	2		
3	VI	6D01 BTC	Bioinformatics-II	2	2		
4	VI	6D02 BTC	Fermentation technology – II	2	2		

					-
7	IV	4C04 BTC	Microbial Biotechnology 2	3	
					2
8	IV	4C05 BTC	Practical	2	
					4

1B01 BTC- METHODOLOGY AND PERSPECTIVE OF SCIENCES

Hours/Week-3 Credits-3

Module I: Science and Science Studies

Types of knowledge: Practical, theoretical and scientific knowledge, Information:

What is science? What is not science? Laws of Science, Basis for scientific laws and factual truths.

Science as a human activity, scientific temper, empiricism, vocabulary of science, science disciplines.

Revolutions in science, Science and Technology.

Module II: Methods and Tools of Science

Hypotheses: theories and laws in science, Observations, evidences and proofs. Peer reviews.

Posing a question; formulation of hypothesis; Hypothetico-deductive model, Inductive model. Significance of verification (proving), corroboration and falsification (disproving), auxiliary hypothesis, adhoc hypothesis.

Revision of scientific theories and laws.

Importance of models, simulations and virtual testing. Mathematical methods versus Scientific methods.

Module III: Experimentation in Science

Design of an experiment; experimentation; observation; data collection; interpretation and deduction.

Necessity of units and dimensions; repeatability and replication; Documentation of experiments, Record keeping. Connection between measurements and underlying theory.

Types of experiments. Experiments to test a hypothesis, to measure a variable or to gather data by preliminary and explorative experiments.

Planning of experiments: Design, selection of controls, observational requirements, instrumental requirements.

Scientific Instruments; Sensory extension; choice and selection of instruments; sensitivity of instruments; Accuracy and precision, Types of instrumentation; Historical development and evolution of scientific instruments. Robotics. (Only a general orientation of scientific

instruments required).

Making observations: direct and indirect observations, controlled and uncontrolled observations, human and machine observations.

Examples of great experiments in science. (To illustrate how various tools were applied to answer a question).

Module IV: Data handling in ethics science

Documentation of experiments. Nature and Types of data – typical examples; Data acquisition; Treatment of data; Data interpretation, Significance of statistical tools in data interpretation, errors and inaccuracies, instrumental errors and variables, human errors (basic idea).

Data presentation: graphs, tables, histograms and pi diagrams.

Statistical testing of hypothesis, null hypothesis, Significance test – Statistics based acceptance or rejection of a hypothesis. Deduction of scientific correlation, patterns and trends.

Ethics in Science: Scientific information, Depositories of scientific information, primary, secondary and digital sources, Sharing of knowledge; transparency and honesty; danger of preconceived ideas.

Reporting of observational and experimental data, human bias, Biased observations, Influence of observer on observations, using and acknowledge observations by others. Publications and Patents. Plagiarism.

Reference Books

Gieryn, T.f. Cultural Boundaries of Science., Univ. Chicago Press, 1999.

Collins H. and T. Pinch. The Golem: What Everyone should know about Science ., Cambridge Univ Press, 1993

Hewitt, Paul G, Suzanne Lyons, *John* a. Suchocki-Wesley, 2007

Newton R G. The Truth of Science: New Delhi, 2nd edition Bass, Joel, E and et. al, Methods for Teaching Science as Inquiry, Allyn & Bacon, 2009.

2B02 BTC – INFORMATICS AND INTRODUCTION TO

Hours/Week-3 Credits-3

BIOINFORMATICS

Module I – Overview of Information Technology Features of the modern personal computer and peripherals, computer networks & Internet, wireless technology, cellular wireless networks, introduction to mobile phone technology, introduction to ATM, purchase of technology, License, Guarantee, Warranty, overview of Operating Systems & major application software.

Module II – Knowledge Skills for Higher Education Data, information and knowledge, knowledge management – Internet access methods – Dial-up, DSL, Cable, ISDN, Wi-Fi – Internet as a knowledge repository, academic search techniques, creating cyber presence, case study of academic websites, open access initiatives, open access publishing models. Basic concepts of IPR, copyrights and patents, plagiarism, introduction to use of IT in teaching and learning, case study of educational software, academic services – INFLIBNET, NICNET, BRNET.

Module III – Social Informatics IT & Society-issue and concerns-digital divide, IT & development, the free software movement, IT industry; new opportunities and new threats, software piracy, cyber ethics, cyber crime, cyber threats, cyber security, privacy issues, cyber laws, cyber addictions, information overload, health issues – guide lines for proper usages of computers, internet and mobile phones, e-wastes and green computing, impact of IT on language & culture-localization issues – Unicode – IT and regional languages.

Module IV – Application e-Governance applications at national and state level, IT for national integration, overview of IT application in medicine, healthcare, business, commerce, industry, defense, law, crime detection, publishing, communication, resource management, weather forecasting, education, film and media, IT in service of disabled, futuristic IT-Artificial Intelligence, Virtual Reality, Bio-Computing.

Module V - Introduction to Bioinformatics History, definition, bioinformatics introduction, importance and uses of bioinformatics, information technology, biological data, databases, protein sequencing, nucleic acid sequencing, sequence to structure relationship.

Module VI-Human Genome Project History, Nucleic acids, Genes, Genomes; Contribution of various countries, about National Institutes of Human Genome Project (NHGRI); Introduction and need of Human Genome Project, rough and final draft of the Human Genome Project, Goals of the HGP, uses and applications; overview of genomics and proteomics.

References

- 1.Introduction to Bioinformatics: by T.K. Altwood, D.J. Parry-Smith and S. Phukan.
- 2. Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis David. W. Mount.

3AO7 BTC- BIOPHYSICS

Hours/Week-5 Credits-4

- **Module 1-** Introduction to biophysics, its importance in modern biology, Hydrogen bond and water structure, Importance of hydrogen bond in biological systems, pH.
- **Module 2** -Surface tension, adsorption, osmosis, dialysis and colloids definition brief discussion and their importance in biological systems.
- **Module 3** -Osmosis and osmotic pressure, The role of osmosis in cell volume regulation. The iso, hypo, and hypertonic solutions, their influence on the cell. Ionic diffusion. Active and passive bioelectric properties of membranes.
- **Module 4** -Thermodynamics and kinetics: Open, closed and isolated systems, laws of thermodynamics, thermodynamic equilibrium, concept of enthalpy, entropy and free energy. Chemical kinetics; rate, order, molecularity of a reaction, energy of activation
- **Module 5-** Structural hierarchy of proteins, primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure, α and π helices, β plated sheets, Omega loops, Irregular and random structures in proteins.
- **Module 6-** Structural hierarchy of nucleic acids A, B, Z DNA and their inter conversions, Watson and Crick base pairing, Hoogsteen base pairing, Triple and quadruple helical structures in nucleic acids, DNA super coiling, DNA protein assemblies, t RNA structure Ribosomes.
- **Module 7-** Conformation of oligo and polysaccharides, Their conjugate forms with proteins and lipids
- **Module 8** -The structure of biological membranes, Modern membrane theories, the Singer Nicolson, "fluid-mosaic" membrane model, The transport processes through biological membranes. Active and passive forms of the membrane transport. Diffusion as the main way of passive transport.

Reference:

- 1) Essentials of Biophysics P. Narayanan, New Age International Publishers
- 2) Introduction to protein structure Branden and tooz, Garland Press, New York
- 3) Principles of Biochemistry Lehninger.
- 4) Text Book of Biochemistry Harper.
- 5) Outlines of Biochemistry Conn & Stumpf.
- 6) Biochemistry Nelson & Cox.
- 7) Biochemistry Stryer.
- 8) Biochemistry Voiet & Voiet

3A08 BTC BIOSTASTISTICS

Hours/Week-5 Credits-4

Module I- The meaning of Statistics.

Scope of Statistics in Biological and Medical Sciences. Definition of population and sample. Collection of data: Primary and secondary data. Attributes and variables. Qualitative and quantitative data. Types of data: Ungrouped data, grouped data, discrete data and continuous data.

Module II Graphical and diagrammatic representation:

Histogram, ogives, simple bar diagrams, and stem and leaf chart. Frequency distribution. Inclusive and exclusive methods. Cumulative frequency distribution.

Module III Measures of central tendency

Concept of measures of central tendency. Arithmetic mean, median, mode, quartiles, and weighted mean. Definitions and examples for ungrouped as well as grouped data. Properties of arithmetic mean

Module IV Measures of dispersion

Absolute and relative measures, range, quartile deviation, variance, and standard deviation. Coefficient of variation (with simple examples)

Module V Correlation

Introduction, definition and types of correlation between two variables. Scatter diagram. Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation and Spearman's rank correlation coefficient. Definition and examples for ungrouped data.

Module VI Probability

Random experiments. Sample space, Event, Elementary event, Compound event, Impossible events, certain events, equally likely events, mutually exclusive events, and exhaustive events. Dependent and independent events. Definition of probability. Addition law of probability with illustration. Definition of conditional probability. Multiplicative law of probability with illustrative examples.

References

Marcello Pagano and Kimberlee Gauvreau, Principles of Biostatistics

Methi J., Statistical Methods An Introductory Text. New Age international (p) Ltd.

Bhat. B. R. ,Srivenkatramana T. & Madhav Rao K. S. (1996) Statistics. A

Beginners Text. Vol . I New Age International (p) Ltd.

Ithal U. B. And Naik B. U., Statistical MethodS I, Phadake Prakashan, Kolhapur.

Ithal U. B. And Naik B. U., Statistical MethodS II, Phadake Prakashan, Kolhapur.

Gupta S. C. And V. K. Kapoor Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics.

Sulthan Chand & sons

3B04 BTC- CELL BIOLOGY

Hours/Week-2 Credits-2

Module I

Cell as a basic unit of living systems - The cell theory .Pre -cellular evolution - Artificial creation of cells.

Module 2

Broad classification of cell types: PPLOs, Bacteria, Eukaryotic microbes, Plant and animal cells - A detailed classification of cell types within an organism - Cell, tissue, organ and organism as different levels of organization of otherwise genetically similar cells

Module 3

Biochemical composition of cells - Proteins, lipids, carbohydrates, nucleic acids and the metabolic pool, Ultra structure of the cell membrane.

Module 4

Structure and function of cell organelles - ultra structure of cell membrane, cytosol, golgi bodies, endoplasmic reticulum (rough and smooth), ribosomes - cytoskeletal structures (actin, microtubules etc.) - Mitochondria, chloroplasts, lysosomes, Peroxysomes, nucleus (nuclear membrane, nucleoplasm, nucleolus, chromatin)

Module 5

Chromosomes - chromatin reticulum, chromosome morphology, fine structure, chemical organizations - Organization of DNA- nucleoproteins - Histones and non histones; Special types of chromosomes - salivary gland chromosomes and lamp brush chromosomes; Mitosis and Meiosis, significance of mitosis and meiosis. Cell division and cell cycle (including cell synchrony and its applications)

Module 6

Cell to cell interactions, Cell locomotion (amoeboid, flagellar and ciliar) -muscle and nerve cells Cell senescence and death, Cell differentiation in plants and animals

References

- 1.Cohn, N.S. (1964). Elements of Cytology Brace and World Inc., New Delhi.
- 2. Darington, C.D.(1965). Cytology, Churchill, London.
- 3.Darnell, J., Lodish, KL and Baltimore, D (1991). Molecular Cell biology, Scientific American books.
- 4.De Robertis, E.D.P. and Robertis, E.M.F.(1991). Cell and Molecular biology. Lea and Febiger, Washington.

5Dobzhansky, B (1961).Genetks_iand The origin of species, Columbia University press,New York.

3BO3 BTC BIOTECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL I

Hours/Week-3 Credits-3

- 1. Preparation of buffer
- 2. Verification of Beer-Lambert Law.
- 3. Measurements with the help of light microscope
- 4. Calibration of ocular micrometer
- 5. Cell size measurement.
- 6. Separation of cell organelles:

Methods for cell lysis: rupture-osmotic/chemical /enzymatic lysis of cells followed by centrifugation.

- 7. Monitoring cell lysis by release of cellular material and any change in light scattering etc.
- 8 Mechanical rupture of .cells: Ultra sonic vibrations; French pressure cell followed by centrifugation for cell organelles

4A09 BTC - GENETICS

Hours/Week-5 Credits-4

Module 1 Mendelian laws of inheritance, Gene interactions - incomplete dominance-Mirabilis, co-dominance-coat colour in cattle, lethal genes-Albinism and coat colour in mice, Interaction of genes-comb pattern in poultry, complementary genes- flower colour in lathyrus, Epistasis- fruit colour in summer squashes, Duplicate genes with cumulative effect- fruit shape in summer squashes, Inhibitory factor- Leaf colour in Paddy, Pleiotropism

Module 2 Quantitative inheritance: General characters - skin colour in man, ear size in corn-transgressive variation . Multiple alleles: Albino series in Rabbits- ABO blood group in man- self sterility in tobacco., Sex determination in plants and animals; sex linkage; non-disjunction as a proof of chromosomal theory of inheritance. Linkage and crossing over- mechanism of crossing over- proof of crossing over-two point and three point test cross- interference and coincidence-Linkage maps. Sex linked inheritance - eye colour in Drosophila, Hemophilia in man- Holanclric inheritance- sex limited and sex influenced characters. Extra chromosomal inheritance; mitochondrial and chloroplast genetic systems

Module3 Structural and numerical aberration involving chromosomes; Hereditary defects-Kleinfelter, Turner and Down syndromes. Mutations- spontaneous and induced; chemical and physical mutagens; induced mutation in plants, animals and microbes for economic benefit of man.

Module 4 Basic microbial genetics- conjugation, transduction, transformation; isolation of auxotrophs, replica plating techniques, analysis of mutations in biochemical pathways, one geneone enzyme hypothesis. Population genetics; Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium, gene and genotypic frequencies.

Reference

- 1. Dobzhansky, B (1961).Genetks_i and The origin of species, Columbia University press,New York.
- 2 Gardner, E.J. and Snustad, D.P.(1984). Principles of Genetics. John Wiley, New York.
- 3. Lewin, B. (1994) Genes, Oxford University Press, London.
- 4 Lewis, W.H. (1980) Polyploidy. Plenum Press, New York.
- 5 Sharma, A.K. and Sharma, a. (1980). Chromosome technique: theory and practice. ,Aditya Books, NewDelhi.
- 6. Sinnot, E.W., Dunn, L.C. and Dobzhansky, T.(1958). Principles of Genetics, Mc Gaw Hill, New York.

4A10 BTC - IMMUNOLOGY

Hours/Week-5 Credits-4

Module1

The immune system and immunity along with historical perspective.. The cells of the immune system
Organs of the immune system and their functions.

Module 2

Innate Immunity- Phagocytosis Inflammation, Complement,

Module3

Antigen structure: epitopes

Antibody structure and types of Antibody

Antigen-antibody interactions Forces involved

Module 4

Humoral Immunity
Cell mediated immunity (role of MHC and genetic restriction).
Hypersensititvity, Autoimmunity.
Uses of Antibody, Monoclonal antibody, vaccines

Reference

- 1. Roitt Immunology
- 2. Kuby Immunology

4B05 BTC – PLANT PHYSIOLOGY AND DEVELOPMENT

Hours/Week-2 Credits-2

Plant Development

Module 1

Introduction and general account of embryology, Microsporangium – Microsporogenesis and male gametophyte-pollination-pollen structure, palynology. Megasporangium – Megasporogenesis and female gametophyte- Structure of mature embryosac.

Module 2

Fertilization – Pollen pistil interaction- double fertilization- triple fusion. Embryo – Structure- Dicot- Monocot, Polyembryony, Endosperm, Apomixis. Haploid production, parthenocarpy, parthenogenesis.

Plant Physiology

Module 3

Growth – Pattern of growth-steps in cell growth and development-primary wall changes-Water potential.Growth kinetics- Growth curve- flow analogy of plant growth- growth of different organs- root, leaves, flowers, seeds and fruits.Metabolism & growth in relation with minerals, carbohydrates, fats, proteins, enzymes & nucleic acids.

Module 4

Morphogenesis Juvenility totipotency-principles & differentiation hotomorphogenesis-phytochromes. Dormancy- quiescence-seed longevity-seed dormancy-dormancy breaking. Biological clock-endogenous& exogenous- circadian & other rhythms- stress physiology.

Reference

1Maheswari P. Introduction to Embryology of Angiosperms

- 2 Datta, S,C. (1989) Plant Physiology, Central Book Depot, Allahabad.
- 3. Hopkins, W.G. (1999) Introduction to Plant Physiology, John Wiley & SonInc. New York
- 4. Levitt, J.(1969) Introduction to plant physiology, C.V.Koshy Co. Tokyo.
- 5 Malik, C.P. (1980) Plant Physiology, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 6. Mayer, A.M., Poljakoff Mayber, A (1989) The Germination of Seeds 4 edn., PergamonPress, New York

7Moore, T.C. (1981) Research Experiences in Plant Physiology, Springer Verlag, Berlin.

- 8. Noggle, G.K, Fritz, GJ. (1983) Introductory Plant Physiology, Prentice Hall New Delhi
- 9. Salisbury, F.B., Ross, C. (1994) Plant Physiology, Wordsworth Pub, California.
- 10Teiz and. Zeiger (1999) Plant Physiology, Sinaeur Associates Inc. Pub. Sunderland

4B06 BTC BIOTECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL II

Hours/Week-3 Credits-3

- 1. Meiosis in grass hopper testis
- 2. Mitosis in onion root tip
- 3. Study of chromosomal aberrations in onion root tip
- 4. Identification if C.S. of mature anther, Dicot and Monocot embryos.
- 5. To make slides of pollen grains of Hibiscus, Balsam & Datura.
- 6. Study of pollen germination of Hibiscus.
- 7. Embryo dissection and mounting Tridax, Capsicum.
- 8. Double staining
- 9 Purification of antigens
- 10. Raising polyclonal antibodies
- 11. Purification of antibodies
- 12. Enzyme linked immunoassay
- 13. Radial immuno diffusion
- 14. Generation of ascetic fluid
- 15 Diagnosis of an infectious disease by an immunoassay

5B07BTC- ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY AND DEVELOPMENT

Hours/Week-4 Credits-4

Animal Physiology

Module1

Molecular basis of muscle contraction- energetics of muscle contraction-Vertebrate muscle types- neuronal control of muscle.

Module 2

Respiration – Fundamentals of gas exchange – respiratory pigments – structure biological properties, functions – O₂ and CO₂ transport- factors that determine oxygen binding to hemoglobin – PO2, pH, temperature, DPG levels.

Module 3

Blood vascular system – structure and function, closed and open- mechanism of blood circulation in man-peripheral circulation-microcirculation and capillary function, haematopoiesis, haemodynamics, cardiac rhythms, factors modifying cardiac rhythms-mechanical, chemical, thermal, nervous.

Module 4

Homeostasis- Regulation of body fluid composition in invertebrates and vertebrates. Renal function – ultra filtration, absorption, secretion, plasma clearance, counter current mechanism, counter current multiplier, factors regulating homeostasis.

Module 5

Sensory receptors – visual systems, mechanoreceptors proprioceptors, hearing, chemoreceptor, olfactory receptors- cutaneous receptors-touch-pressure, pain & thermal.

Module 6

Nervous system- Synapses, electrically mediated transmission and chemical transmission, synaptic potential, synaptic polarity.

Animal Developmental Biology

Module 7

Gametogenesis- embryonic origin, migration and fate of germ cells; oogenesis, spermatogenesis- ultrastructural organization of mammalian sperm, different phases of spermatogenesis, spermiogenesis, gene function during spermatogenesis and hormonal control.

Module 8

Fertilization – Activation of egg-change in cell permeability and membrane potential, Ca+ level and cortical reaction, metabolic activation, sperm egg interaction- primary and secondary binding, sequence of events in sperm entry to egg, pronucleus fusion, egg surface changes during fertilization and molecular mechanism of the blocks to polyspermy. Post fertilization changes- cleavage and gastrulation.

Endocrinology

Module 9

Introduction- Endocrine glands-classification, hormones-classification based on chemical nature, arenas of endocrine control. Major human endocrine glands- structure, secretions, its synthesis, storage, transport, metabolism and physiological functions. Mode of action-protein hormones and steroid hormones with examples. Neuroendocrine secretions.

Module 10

Major human endocrine glands- structure, secretions, its synthesis, storage, transport, metabolism and physiological functions. Regulation of endocrine factors-hypothalamus, hypophysial axis, feed back mechanisms, nervous system.

Reference:

- 1. Guyton, A.C, 1981, Functions of the Human Body (W.H. Saunders Co, USA).
- 2. Strand, F.L. 1978, Physiology- A Regulatory Systems Approach (Macmillan Publishing Co.
- 3. Mitchell Embryology (2004) Elsevier
- 4. Carlson Human Embryology and Developmental Biology 3rd Ed (2004) Elsevier.
- 5. Griffin J.E. Textbook of Endocrine Physiology (2004) Saunders Philadelphia
- 6. Williams Text Book of Endocrinology (2007) Elsevier

5B08 BTC - MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

Hours/Week-5 Credits-4

Module 1 History and development of Molecular Biology. Nucleic acids- DNA and RNA as genetic materials. Structure of nucleic acids - nucleosides and nucleotides - DNA double helix. Nature of genetic code - deciphering genetic code - wobble hypothesis -universalities and exceptions.

Module 2 Properties of DNA - Absorbance - ionic interaction - denaturation and renaturation - sedimentation.DNA replication in prokaryotes & eukaryotes - semi conservative replication-replication fork-rolling model. Enzymes involved in nucleic acid synthesis

Module 3 Structure of genes in prokaryotes & eukaryotes- definition - molecular structure Fine structure of gene- muton - recon - cistron. Organisation of transcriptional unit - leader sequences - promoter sequences - terminator sequences - introns and exons - transcription factors. Transcription in prokaryotes & eukaryotes. Types of transcribed RNAs.RNA processing - methyl capping, polyadenylation & splicing of m RNA-mRNA editing. Processing of rRNA and tRNA. Translation in prokaryotes & eukaryotes - Ribosome structure and function -polysome. Gene Expression - one gene one polypeptide hypothesis - Operon concept. Negative and positive regulation of operon- lac, his and trp operon - catabolic repression

Module 4 Eukaryotic gene expression. Gene expression in yeast. Gene expression in protozoan parasites, Gene regulation in eukaryotes - regulation at transcriptional level Gene regulation in eukaryotes - post translational modifications

Developmental & environmental regulation of gene expression

Insertion elements & transposones, Gene organization & expression in mitochondria & chloroplasts

Module5 Gene mutations - Types of DNA mutations-point, frameshift etc. deletion, inversion, translocation etc. - mutator genes, hot spots, Physical and chemical mutagens DNA repair - photo activation - excision repair -post replication repair, recombination repair, Oncogenes

Reference

 $1. \\ Molecular \ Biology \ of the \ Gene \ -Lewin$

2.Molecular biology Watson

5B09 BTC - ANIMAL CELL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Hours/Week-5 Credits-4

Animal cell biotechnology

Module 1

Special secondary metabolites / products (insulin, growth hormone, interferon, t-plasminogen activator, factor VIII etc.). Expressing cloned proteins in animal cells. Over production and processing of chosen protein.

Module 2

The need to express in animal cells

Production of vaccines in animal cells

Production of monoclonal antibodies

Growth factors promoting proliferation of animal cells (EGF, FGF, PDGF, 1L-1JL-2, NGF, erythroprotein etc.)

Bioreactors for large scale culture of cells

Animal cell culture

Module 3

History of development of cell cultures. The natural surroundings of animal cells. Metabolic capabilities of animal cells. Simulating natural condition for growing animal cells. Importance of growth factors of the serum.

Module 4

Primary cultures- Anchorage dependence of growth - Non- anchorage dependent cells. Secondary cultures- transformed animal cells- established / continuous cell lines . Commonly used animal cell lines — their origin and characteristics.

Growth kinetics of cells in culture

Module 5

Application of animal cell culture for studies on gene expression Organ culture. Transfection of animal cells: selectable markers, HAT selection, antibiotic resistance etc. Cell fusion. Transplantation of cultured cells

Reference

1.Freshny –animal cell culture

5B10 BTC - ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Hours/Week-4 Credits-4

Module 1

Renewable and non-renewable resources. Major consumer items; food, fuel and fibers. Conventional fuels and their environmental impacts; Firewood, Plant and animal wastes, Coal, Gas, Animal oils

Modern fuels and their environmental impacts; methanogenic bacteria and biogas microbial hydrogen production, conversion of sugars to ethanol-the gasohol experiment solar energy converters - hopes from the photosynthetic pigments plant based petroleum industry cellulose degradation for combustible fuel

Module 2

Environmental pollution-air and water pollution-source, types and effects of pollution on human beings and plants- greenhouse effect- acid rain.

Environmental management- Air, water and soil quality management, advantages and control measures, treatment and recycling of industrial and domestic solid waste and waste water. Chemical control of pests.

Module 3

Management of forest: social forestry, biofarming, biomonitoring - management of mangrove vegetation, role of FAO, IUCN, UNEP, UNESCO, CH1PKO movement. National parks and sanctuaries

Module 4

Biotechnological inputs in producing good quality natural fibers transgenic sheep and transgenic plants

Reference

- 1. Kormonty- Concept of ecology- -Prentice hall
- 2. OdumE.P. Ecology--Prentice hall
- 3. Kumar -H.D. Modern concepts in ecology- Vikas books.
- 4. . Ambast R.S Textbook of plant ecology- Students French &Co, Varanasi.
- 5. Black C.A. Soil plant relation ship- -Weily Eastern.
- 6. Verrna V. Text book of plant ecology--Emkay publication
- 7 Odum. Fundamentals of ecology-
- 8. Misra & Puri Indian manual of plant ecology-.
- 9. Michael AJlaby Ecology--Hamlin book.
- 10. Jain S,K. & Sastry Threatened plants--Botanical Survey Of India
- 11. Kumaresan B. Plant Ecology and Phytogeography--Saras Publications.
- 12. Sharma P.D. Ecology and Enviornment -Rastogi Publications

5B11 BTC - BIOTECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL III

Hours/Week-5 Credits-4

- 1. Assay of salivary amylase by colorimetric method.
- 2. Effect of temperature, pH substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.
- 3. Demonstration of osmotic heamolysis.
- 4. Determination of vertebrate hemoglobin using colorimeter.
- 5. Total and differential count of WBC.
- 6. Determination of blood pressure and pulse rate.
- 7. Observe permanent slides of gastrulation, cleavage, blastula & gastrula.
- 8. Preparation of sections using micro technique and staining
- 9. Restriction and digestion of DNA and assigning restriction sites (demonstraton)
- 10. Making competent E. coli
- 11. Determination of BOD of the water sample by Winklers method.
- 12 Study of root nodules of leguminous plants by hanging drop method
- 13. Stained preparation of Rhizobium from the root nodules

6B12 BTC - PRINCIPLES & APPLICATIONS OF GENETIC ENGINEERING

Hours/Week-4 Credits-4

Module1

Genetic engineering - history & principles. Isolation & purification of genomic DNA from bacterial, plant and animal cells. Isolation of Plasmid DNA

Isolation of RNA, cDNA synthesis. Identification of the genes

Concept of recombinant DNA. DNA cloning strategies - steps involved.

Characteristics of vectors - plasmids, phages, phagemids, cosmids and viruses ascloning vehicles. Cloning vectors for E coli and other organisms. Enzymes for molecular cloning - exo and endo nucleases-restriction enzymes-classes of restriction enzymes-mode of action

Module 2

Gene Sequencing, Preparation and screening of genomic and cDNA libraries.

cDNA cloning. Structural and regulatory genes. Methods of genetic transformation-direct and indirect methods. Ti, Ri and helper plasmids-mechanism of gene transfer-modification of vectors.

Module 3

Screening of recombinants-selectable markers-reporter genes. Molecular techniques for confirmation of transformation. Southern blotting & hybridization and RFLP. The polymerase chain reaction- introduction and basic reaction, amplification and specificity degenerate and nested primers- primer designing, RT-PCR, inverse PCR.

Module 4

Applications of genetic engineering - gene cloning and expression of foreign genes in research & biotechnology- production of proteins from cloned genes

Gene cloning in medicine- pharmaceutical compounds- artificial insulin generecombinant vaccines- diagnostic reagents

Transgenic plants and animals

Forensic applications- DNA fingerprinting

Reference:

- 1.Old,R .W and Prmrose S. B 1994 Principles of Gene manipulation- An Introduction to genetic engineering. Fifth edition. Blackwell Scientific Publications.
- 2. Sambrook., Fritsch, E.F. and Maniatis. 1989. Molecular Cloning- A laboratory Manuel. Second Edition. Cold Spring harbor Laboratory Press.

6B13 BTC - PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY AND IN VITRO CELL CULTURE

Hours/Week-5 Credits-4

Module1

Plant biotechnology definition-Harnessing bio-technology in crop improvement, conservation, propagation and industry-Different in vitro routes and principles. History and development of plant biotechnology-land marks-Progress in India. Influence of plant materials, physical, chemical factors and growth regulators on growth and development of plant cell, tissue and organ culture.

Module 2

Callus culture – types - cell division – differentiation - morphogenesis – organogenesis – embryogenesis.

Module 3

Use of bioreactors and in vitro methods for production of secondary metabolites - suspension culture - Nutrition of tissues and cells - regeneration of tissues - ex vitro - establishment of tissue cultured plants.

Module 4

Organ culture – meristem, embryo, anther, ovule culture, embryo rescue.Endosperm culture-Production of triploids. Somaclonal and gametoclonal variation, routes-Applications.Protoplast culture and fusion-regeneration. Construction and identification of somatic hybrids and cybrids.Wide hybridisation – in vitro pollination and fertilization – haploids – in vitro mutagenesis.Artificial seeds – cryopreservation

Module 5

In vitro selection for biotic and abiotic stress.

Plant genetic manipulation – concepts, methods, applications. Identification and isolation of genes. Genomic and DNA libraries – nucleic acid blotting and hybridization – DNA sequencing – gene cloning techniques – cloning plastid and mitochondrial genes – defense genes identified in plants – traitor and terminator genes. Gene transfer systems for plants – direct and indirect methods – merits and demerits – electroporation – use of liposome – biolistics – micro-projectile gun. Vectors used – Ti and Ri plasmids – T DNA processing – mechanism of gene transfer – optimization of conditions – screening of transformants.

Module 6

Molecular markers – DNA fingerprinting techniques – RAPD, RFLP, AFLP, STS markers – other modern techniques.

Application of molecular markers in crop improvement, conservation and propagation. Marker aided selection and breeding for QTLs.

Reference

Bains.W. 2004. Biotechnology from A to Z. Third edition Oxford University Press, London.

Das.S.N. 2004. Essentials of Biotechnology for Students. Peepee Publishers and Distributors (P) Ltd. New Delhi.

Keshavachandran,R and K V Peter.2008.Plant Biotechnology:Tissue Culture and Genetransfer .Orient and Longman,(Universal Press)Chennai

Pierik, R.L.M. 1987. Invitro culture of higher plants. Martinus nijhoff publishers. Netherlands.

Shivanna. K.R. 2003.Pollen Biology and Biotechnology. published by Mohan Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi

Singh.B.D.2001.Biotechnology.Kalyani publishers.

Skoog, Y. and C.O.Miller, 1957. Chemical regulation of growth and formation in plant tissue cultured in vitro. Attidel. II Symp. On biotechnology Action of growth substance.

Vasil, T.k., M.Vasi, D.N.R While, H.R.Bery 1979. Somatic hybridization and genetic manipulation in plants. Plant regulation and world Agriculture, Planum press, New York.

6B14 BTC - MICROBES IN ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Hours/Week-4 Credits-4

Module 1

Microbiological quality of food and water Treatment of municipal waste and industrial effluents

Module 2

Degradation of pesticides and other toxic chemicals by microorganisms Thuringiensis toxin as a natural pesticide Biological control of other insects swarming the agricultural fields Enrichment of ores by microorganisms.

Module 3

Nitrogen fixation: Symbiotic and asymbiotic Nitrogen fixing systems Leghaemoglobin and Nitrogen fixation in nature. Enzyme nitrogenase structure and chemical properties.

nif gene- organization - regulation of nif expression - nif LA operon Plasmid mediated engineering for nitrogen fixation. Biofertilizers

Reference

- 1. Jordening and Winter Environmental Biotechnology Wiley
- 2. Evans and Furlong- Environmental Biotechnology Wiley
- 3. Rtimann, Mc Carty Environmental Biotechnology Amazon
- 4. Rawat Environmental Biotechnology Eastern Books
- 5. Raj Mohan Joshi Environmental Biotechnology

6B15 BTC-Biotechnology Practical IV

Hours/Week-5 Credits-4

- 1. Demonstration of genetic engineering of nif gene in yeast cell
- 2. An exposure to low cost, commercial and homestead tissue culture laboratories, media preparation
- 3. Inoculation of explants for clonal propagation callus induction and culture regeneration of plantlets from callus sub-culturing.
- 4. Techniques on anther, ovule, embryo culture
- 5. Meristem culture using orchids/banana
- 6. Protoplast culture fusion technique.
- 7. Isolation of DNA and quantification
- 8. Isolation of RNA and quantification
- 9. PCR techniques.
- 10. RFLP and RAPD assay
- 11.Cloning techniques agrobacterium mediated gene transfer.
- 12. Isolation of chromosomal and plasmid DNA from bacterial
- 13. Transfection of plasmid DNA and selection for transformants

6B16 BTC – Project work

Hours/Week-5 Credits-2

Carry out a small research project on any topic related to Biotechnology and submit a brief dissertation at the end of 6th semester. The dissertation will be valued by external examiners

Sd/-Dr.C.Sadasivan, Chairman,BOS Biotechnology(Cd)



KANNUR UNIVERSITY

Course Structure and Syllabus

FOR

BIOTECHNOLOGY

(COMPLEMENTARY)

UNDER

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SEMESTER SYSTEM

w.e.f 2009 ADMISSION

Sch	Scheme Biotechnology(Complementary)						
No	Semester	Course Code	Title of the course	Hours/ week	Credit		
1	I	1C01 BTC	Plant Biotechnology 1	2	2		
2	I	4C05 BTC	Practical	2	-		
3	II	2C02 BTC	Plant Biotechnology 2	2	2		
4	II	4C05 BTC	Practical	2			
5	III	3C03 BTC	Microbial Biotechnology 1	3	2		
6	III	4C05 BTC	Practical	2	-		
7	IV	4C04 BTC	Microbial Biotechnology 2	3	2		
8	IV	4C05 BTC	Practical	2	4		

1C01 BTC - PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY 1

Hours/Week-2 Credits-2

Module1 History and development of plant biotechnology-land marks-Progress in India. Biotechnology in crop improvement, conservation, propagation and industry-Different in vitro routes and principles. Influence of plant materials, physical, chemical factors and growth regulators on growth and development of plant cell culture.

Module 2 Callus culture – types - cell division – differentiation - morphogenesis – organogenesis – embryogenesis, artificial seeds, single cell culture, embryo culture, anther and pollen culture.

Module 3 Protoplast isolation, culture and fusion-regeneration. Construction and identification of somatic hybrids, in vitro pollination and fertilization – *Production of haploids, Somaclonal variations, Germplasm conservation* – in vitro mutagenesis. Artificial seeds –cryopreservation

Module 4 Tissue Culture Applications: Production of secondary metabolites from plant cell cultures; Processes forenhancing the production of secondary metabolites. Technology of plant cell culture for production of chemicals; Bioreactors systems and models for mass cultivation of plant cells;

Module 5 Plant Transformation Technology:Agrobacterium mediated gene transfer; Agrobacterium based vectors, viral vectors and their application. Direct gene transfer methods; chemical methods, electroporation, microinjection, particle bombardment.

Reference

- 1.Bains.W. 2004. Biotechnology from A to Z. Third edition Oxford University Press, London.
- 2.Das.S.N. 2004. Essentials of Biotechnology for Students. Peepee Publishers and Distributors (P) Ltd. New Delhi.
- 3.Keshavachandran,R and K V Peter.2008.Plant Biotechnology:Tissue Culture and Genetransfer .Orient and Longman,(Universal Press)Chennai
- 4.Pierik, R.L.M. 1987. Invitro culture of higher plants. Martinus nijhoff publishers.Netherlands.
- 5.Shivanna. K.R. 2003.Pollen Biology and Biotechnology. published by Mohan Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi
- 6Singh.B.D.2001.Biotechnology.Kalyani publishers.
- 7.Skoog, Y. and C.O.Miller, 1957. Chemical regulation of growth and formation in plant tissue cultured in vitro. Attidel. II Symp. On biotechnology Action of growth substance.
- 8. Vasil, T.k., M. Vasi, D.N.R While, H.R. Bery 1979. Somatic hybridization and genetic manipulation in plants. Plant regulation and world Agriculture, Planum press, New York.

Module 1

Plant genetic manipulation – concepts, methods and applications. Identification and isolation of genes. Genomic and DNA libraries – nucleic acid blotting and hybridization

Module 2

DNA sequencing – gene cloning techniques, amplification using PCR, cloning plastid and mitochondrial genes

Module 3

Gene transfer systems for plants – direct and indirect methods – merits and demerits – electroporation – use of liposome – biolistics – micro-projectile gun. Vectors used – Ti and Ri plasmids – T DNA processing – mechanism of gene transfer – optimization of conditions – screening of transformants.

Module 4

Molecular markers – DNA fingerprinting techniques – RAPD, RFLP, AFLP, STS markers – other modern techniques.

Module 5

Application of molecular markers in crop improvement, conservation and propagation. Marker aided selection and breeding.

Refrence

Bains.W. 2004. Biotechnology from A to Z. Third edition Oxford University Press, London.

Das.S.N. 2004. Essentials of Biotechnology for Students. Peepee Publishers and Distributors (P) Ltd. New Delhi.

Keshavachandran,R and K V Peter.2008.Plant Biotechnology:Tissue Culture and Genetransfer .Orient and Longman,(Universal Press)Chennai

Pierik, R.L.M. 1987. Invitro culture of higher plants. Martinus nijhoff publishers.Netherlands.

Shivanna. K.R. 2003.Pollen Biology and Biotechnology. published by Mohan Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi

Singh.B.D.2001.Biotechnology.Kalyani publishers.

Skoog, Y. and C.O.Miller, 1957. Chemical regulation of growth and formation in plant tissue cultured in vitro. Attidel. II Symp. On biotechnology Action of growth substance.

Vasil, T.k., M.Vasi, D.N.R While, H.R.Bery 1979. Somatic hybridization and genetic manipulation in plants. Plant regulation and world Agriculture, Planum press, New York.

Module 1

History and scope of microbial biotechnology, principles of microbial growth, the bioreactor/fermenter-types and parts, scale-up, media design for fermentation processes. Economic aspects of fermentation.

Module 2

Enzyme technology, nature of enzymes, isolation of enzymes, immobilized enzymes, applications of enzymes in industry and environment. Production of microbial enzymes and their applications. Biotechnological application of microorganisms. Production of chemicals and pharmaceuticals (bioconversion).

Module 3

Role of microorganisms in the production and transformation of food and beverages - Food fermentation - Bread leavening - by yeast - by other micro organisms - chemical leavening, Brewing: Manufacture of Beer- microbiological aspects. Wine - Kinds of wines, manufacture, microbial spoilage, Distilled liquors. Vinegar -methods of manufacture

Module 4

Fermented vegetables - Pickles - Fermented dairy products - Fermented milk , cheese, butter, yoghurt and other milk products - spoilage of milk - preservation of milk.

References

John E Smith – Biotechnology, Cambridge University Press
Presscott & Dunn - Industrial Mcrobiology, AVI publishing Co. USA
Mukerji, Singh & Garg - Frontiers in applied Microbiology, Prink House India, Lucknow
Peppler & Perlman – Microbial Technology, Academic Presss, New York
Nicholas C Price – Fundamentals of Enzymology
Chaplin & Bueke – Enzyme technology
Moses and Capes – Biotechnology- the Science and Business

Module 1

Biofertilizers- manufacture, formulation and utilization, Microbes as Biofertilizers - Chemically fixed Nitrogen versus Biologically fixed Nitrogen, biopesticides.

Module 2

Sewage treatment- primary, secondary and tertiary treatments - Industrial effluents - microbes as indicators of waste water -pollution treatment process - septic tank - waste water treatment process -mechanical and biological treatment - trickling filters - inhoff tank - activated sludge process - oxidation ponds - anaerobic sludge digestion.

Module 3

Solid waste disposal: Sanitary land fills - composting - cermicompost - disposal of animal and agricultural wastes - Biogas - organic gas available in India - Gobar gas plant technology - Microbiology of Methane production - Biogas from plant wastes.

Module 4

Microbes in mining, ore leaching, oil recovery. Application of microbes in pharmaceutical industry.

References

John E Smith – Biotechnology, Cambridge University Press
Presscott & Dunn - Industrial Mcrobiology, AVI publishing Co. USA
Mukerji, Singh & Garg - Frontiers in applied Microbiology, Prink House India, Lucknow
Peppler & Perlman – Microbial Technology, Academic Presss, New York
Nicholas C Price – Fundamentals of Enzymology
Chaplin & Bueke – Enzyme technology
Moses and Capes – Biotechnology- the Science and Business

4C05 BTC - BIOTECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL

Hours/Week-8 Credits-4

Section 1

- 1. media preparation of plant cell culture
- 2. suspension culture demonstration
- 3. micropropagation
- 4. transformation
- 5. selection of transformants
- 6. Cell immobilization
- 7. production of beverages
- 8. enzyme assay
- 9. factors affecting enzyme activity

Sd/-Dr.C.Sadasivan, Chairman,BOS Biotechnology(Cd)

KANNUR UNIVERSITY

Scheme Open Courses

Course Structure

and

Syllabus

FOR

OPEN COURSES (BIOTECHNOLOGY)

UNDER CHOICE BASED CREDIT SEMESTER SYSTEM w.e.f 2009 ADMISSION

No	Semester	Course code	Title of the course	Hours/ week	Credit
1	V	5D01 BTC	Bioinformatics-I	2	2
2	V	5D02 BTC	Fermentation technology - I	2	2
3	VI	6D01 BTC	Bioinformatics-II	2	2
4	VI	6D02 BTC	Fermentation technology – II	2	2

Module I- Introduction

Historical overview and definition, goal, scope, bioinformatics applications, limitations, major databases in bioinformatics, data management and analysis, molecular biology and bioinformatics

Module II- Biological databases

Definition, type of databases, biological databases, Information retrieval from databases, tools for web search, Primary, secondary and composite databases, different databases such as - Entrez, PubMed, OMIM, PIR, Swiss-Prot, MIPS, NRL_3D, PROSITE, PROFILE, Pfam, IDENTIFY, BLOCKS, GenBank, EMBL, DDBJ, PDB, CATH, SCOP

Module III – Genomics and proteomics

Genome mapping, Genome sequencing, assembly, annotation, comparative genomics, Functional genomics: Sequence based and micro array based approaches, Comparison of SAGE and DNA micro array. Proteomics: Protein expression analysis, post-translational modification, protein-protein interaction.

References

- 1. Introduction to Bioinformatics Attwood & Parry-Smith, Pearson Education
- 2. Bioinformatics- A beginner's guide by Jean-Michel Claverie, John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Structural Bioinformatics by Philip E. Bourne and Helge Weissing, Wiley
- 4. Bioinformatics-Methods and applications, Rastogi, S.C. Mendiratta, N. and Rastogi P, Prentice-Hall of IndiaPvt. Ltd, New Delhi
- 5. Essential Bioinformatics-Jin Xiong, Cambridge University Press
- 6. Bioinformatics Sequence and Genome anlysis, Mount DW, Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory Press, New York
- 7. Bioinformatics BaxevanisAD & Quellette BFF, John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 8. Evolutionary computations in Bioinformatics Fogel & Corne, Morgan Kafman publishers

Module I Fermentation technology- isolation, screening and strain improvement of industrially important microorganisms. Introduction to fermentation processes- media for industrial fermentation, sterilization, innoculum preparation. Design and parts of fermenter-agitation, aeration. PH, temperature, dissolved oxygen- control and monitoring, difference in fermentation process for biomass, chemicals and conversion products-brief comparative account.

Module II Brief account of industrial production of beer and bread, industrial alcohol, acetone, butanol, vinegar and citric acid by microorganisms.

Module III Importance of amino acid fermentation- General aspects of mutant strains used for amino acid fermentation. Amino acid production by enzymes.

Reference

Microbial biotechnology fundamental of applied microbiology - Alexander and Glazer et al

Industrial microbiology - L.E Casidea

Industrial microbiology - Prescott and Dunn's

Brocks biology of microorganisms - Madidan et al

Module I– Sequence alignment

Sequence homology, similarity and identity, methods of sequence alignment, scoring matrices, Heuristic algorithms, Smith-Waterman method, BLAST, FASTA, multiple sequence alignment, Markov model and Hidden Markov model, identification of motifs and domains in multiple sequence alignment.

Module II - Gene identification and prediction

Basis of gene prediction, gene prediction methods, Pattern recognition, gene prediction in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Prediction algorithms

Module III - Molecular Phylogenetics

Molecular evolution and molecular phylogenetics, gene phylogeny versus species phylogeny, Phylogenetic tree construction, distance based methods, character based methods, phylogenetic programs

Module IV - Structural Bioinformatics

Protein structure basics, hierarchy, dihedral angles, determination of protein three dimensional structures, Protein structure databases, Protein structure visualization, Structure comparison and classification, protein secondary and tertiary structure prediction

References

- 1. Introduction to Bioinformatics Attwood & Parry-Smith, Pearson Education
- 2. Bioinformatics- A beginner's guide by Jean-Michel Claverie, John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Structural Bioinformatics by Philip E. Bourne and Helge Weissing, Wiley
- 4. Bioinformatics-Methods and applications, Rastogi, S.C. Mendiratta, N. and Rastogi P, Prentice-Hall of IndiaPvt. Ltd, New Delhi
- 5. Essential Bioinformatics-Jin Xiong, Cambridge University Press
- 6. Bioinformatics Sequence and Genome anlysis, Mount DW, Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory Press, New York
- 7. Bioinformatics BaxevanisAD & Quellette BFF, John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 8. Evolutionary computations in Bioinformatics Fogel & Corne, Morgan Kafman publishers

Module I Production of microbial enzymes and its importance- protease, invertase, amailes - brief account of enzyme technology. Immobilization of cells and enzymes- their important applications- biosensors.

Module II Industrial production of pharmaceutical products- classes of antibiotics, development of beta lactums and semi synthetic penicillin's. Industrial production of penicillin G. Production of vitamin B-12 and B-2.

Module III Bio insecticides-Bt, Baculoviruses- their importance.

Module IV Techniques of down stream processes-separation of cells- filtration, centrifugation. Purification methods-Chromatography and distillation. A brief account of economics of fermentation technology.

Reference

Microbial biotechnology fundamental of applied microbiology - Alexander and Glazer et al

Industrial microbiology - L.E Casidea

Industrial microbiology - Prescott and Dunn's

Brocks biology of microorganisms - Madidan et al

Sd/-Dr.C.Sadasivan, Chairman,BOS Biotechnology(Cd)