Chhattisgarh Public Service Commission

Notations:

1. Options shown in green color and with \checkmark icon are correct.

2. Options shown in red color and with * icon are incorrect.

Question Paper Name:CGPSC Boiler Inspector ActualSubject Name:CGPSC Boiler Inspector

Duration: 180

CGPSC Boiler Inspector

Group Maximum Duration:

Group Minimum Duration:

Revisit allowed for view?:

No
Revisit allowed for edit?:

No

General Knowledge based on Chhattisgarh

Mandatory or Optional: Mandatory

Question Number: 1 Question Id: 8577 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In 1918 A.D, where was the Home Rule League conference organized in Chhattisgarh?

Options:

- 1. V Raipur
- 2. 🍀 Raigarh
- 3. * Bilaspur
- 4. Sarguja
- 5. 🏁 Durg

Question Number: 1 Question Id: 8577 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

सन् 1918 में, छतीसगढ़ में किस स्थान में होमरूल लीग का सम्मेलन आयोजित किया गया था?

Options:

- 1. 🗸 रायपुर
- ३. ३३ रायगढ़
- 3. 🍍 बिलासपुर
- 4. 🏁 सरगुजा
- 5. 🏁 दुर्ग

 $Question\ Number: 2\ \ Question\ Id: 8578\ \ Question\ Type: MCQ$

Which Kalturi King produced Golden coin for the first time in Chhattisgarh? **Options:** 1. * Prithvi Dev. the II 2. 🍍 Jajalya Dev, the II 3. 🖋 Jajalya Dev, the I 4. 🏶 Pratap Malla 5. 🏁 Prithvi Dev, the I Question Number: 2 Question Id: 8578 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 कौन से कल्चुरी राजा ने छतीसगढ़ में सोने के सिक्के चलाए थे? **Options:** 1. 🍍 पृथ्वीदेव द्वितीय 2. 🍍 जाजल्य देव द्वितीय 3. 🗹 जाजल्य देव प्रथम 4. 🍍 प्रताप मल्ल अप्रथम प्रथम Question Number: 3 Question Id: 8579 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Chhipchhipi is a name of a Devi (Goddess) in Chhattisgarh. In which town is this goddess situated? **Options:** 1. * Ambikapur 2. X Jashpur 3. 🕊 Baikunthapur 4. 3 Jagdalpur 5. * Kunkuri Question Number: 3 Question Id: 8579 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 छतीसगढ़ में छिपछिपी एक देवी का नाम है। यह किस नगर में देवी के रूप में प्रतिष्ठित है? **Options:** 1. 🍍 अम्बिकापुर 2. 🏁 जशपुर 3. 🖋 बैकुन्ठपुर 4. 🏁 जगदलपुर 5. 🏁 कुनकुरी Question Number: 4 Question Id: 8580 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Choose the name of the person who was an advocate by profession but he was a writer too. The name of his book is - 'History of Holland'. **Options:** 1. * Pt. Lochan Prasad Pandey 2. * Pt. Mukut Dhar Pandey 3. 🏶 Pt. Sundar Lal Sharma 4. V Thakur Chhedilal

5. 🍍 E. Raghvendra Rao

Question Number: 4 Question Id: 8580 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

उस व्यक्ति का नाम चुनिए जो पेशे से एक वकील थे, परन्तु वे एक अच्छे लेखक भी थे। इनकी पुस्तक का नाम है- "हालैण्ड का इतिहास"।

Options:

1. 🍍 पं. लोचन प्रसाद पाण्डेय

2. 🍍 पं. मुकुटधर पाण्डेय

3. 🏁 पं. सुन्दर लाल शर्मा

4. 🗹 ठाकुर छेदीलाल

5. 🍍 ई. राघवेन्द्र राव

Question Number: 5 Question Id: 8581 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Match List I with List II and choose the correct answer from the options below.

List I

(Places in Chhatisgarh where Individual Satyagraha took place)

A. Raipur

B. Bilaspur

C. Dhamtari

D. Durg

List II

(Leaders)

1. Pt. Ravishankar Shukla

Ramgopal Tiwari

Chhotelal Shrivastava

Ghanshyam Singh Gupta

Options:

1. **✓** A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4

2. * A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1

3. 🍍 A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

4. 🍍 A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3

5. 🏶 A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1

Question Number: 5 Question Id: 8581 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

सारणी । को सारणी ॥ से मिलाएं और नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर चुनें। सारणी । सारणी ॥

(छतीसगढ़ के स्थान जहाँ व्यक्तिगत सत्याग्रह हुए)

a. रायपुर

b. बिलासपुर

c. धमतरी

d. दुर्ग

सारणा ॥

(नेता)

1. पं. रविशंकर शुक्ल

2. रामगोपाल तिवारी

3. छोटेलाल श्रीवास्तव

4. घनश्याम सिंह गुप्त

Options:

1. ✓ A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4

2. * A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1

3. ***** A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

4. * A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3

5. * A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1

Question Number: 6 Question Id: 8582 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Who was the pioneer of Raipur Conspiracy Case that occurred in Chhattisgarh in 1942?

Options:

- 1. 🍍 Ranvir Singh Shastri
- Parasram Soni
- 3. 🎏 Baliram Tiwari
- 4. Maulana Abdul Rauf
- 5. X Waman Rao Lakhe

Question Number: 6 Question Id: 8582 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

1942 में छतीसगढ़ में हुए रायपुर षडयंत्र केस का अगुआ निम्नुलिखित में से कौन था?

Options:

- 1. 🍍 रणवीर सिंह शास्त्री
- 2. 💜 परसराम सोनी
- 3. 🍍 बालिराम तिवारी
- 4. 🍍 मौलाना अब्दुल रउफ
- 5. 🍀 वामनराव लाखे

Question Number: 7 Question Id: 8583 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

What is Tender vote in the context of Panchayat election in Chhattisgarh?

Options:

- This ballot paper is given to Blind voters.
- This ballot paper is given to women voters.
- This ballot paper is given to the candidate contesting election.
- 4. \checkmark This ballot paper is given to the voter, who has not yet given his vote but vote has been already given in his name.
- 5. This ballot paper is used by Electronic Voting Machine.

Question Number: 7 Question Id: 8583 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

छत्तीसगढ़ में पंचायत चुनाव के संदर्भ में निविदत्त मत क्या है?

Options:

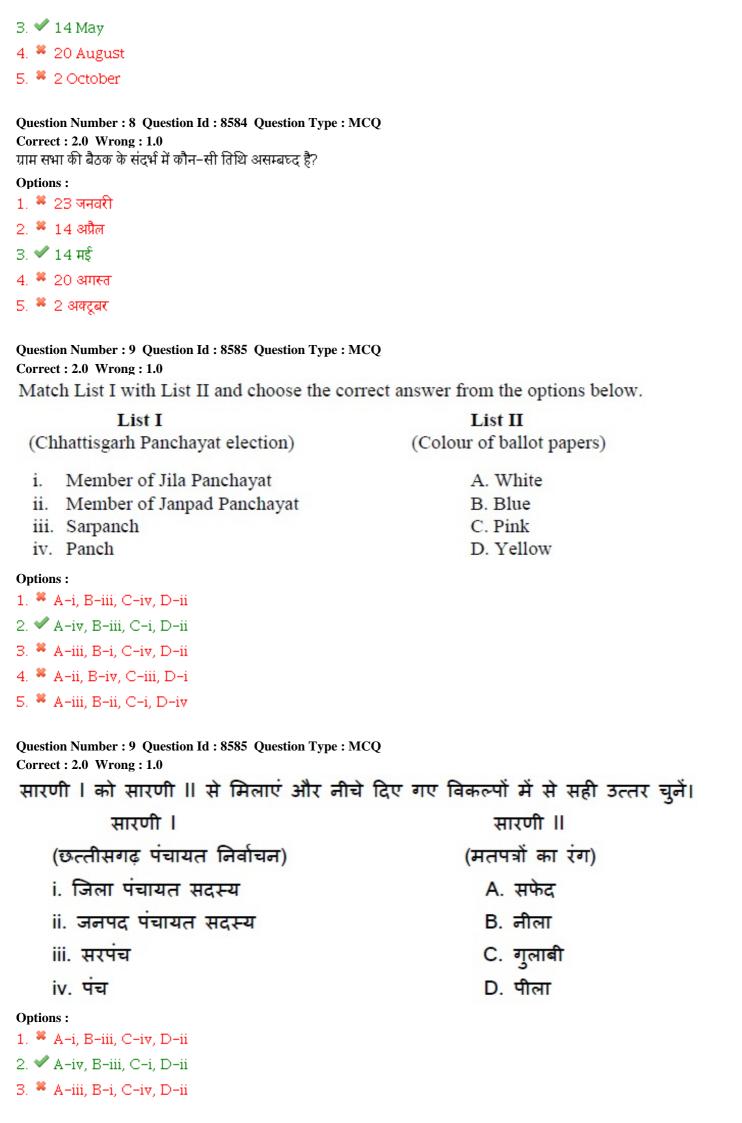
- 1. 🍍 यह मतपत्र अंधे मतदाता को दिया जाता है।
- 2. 🍍 यह मतपत्र महिला मतदाता को दिया जाता है।
- 3. 🍍 यह मतपत्र चुनाव लड़ने वाले अभ्यर्थी को दिया जाता है।
- 4. 🛩 यह मतपत्र उस मतदाता को दिया जाता है जिसने अभी मत नहीं दिया है किन्तु उसके नाम से मत दिया जा चुका है।
- 5. 🍍 यह मतपत्र इलेक्ट्रानिक वोटिंग मशीन द्वारा उपयोग में लाया जाता है।

Question Number: 8 Question Id: 8584 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which date is unmatched in the context of meeting of Gram Sabha?

- 1. 3 23 January
- 2. * 14 April



4. 🏶 A-ii, B-iv, C-iii, D-i

5. * A-iii, B-ii, C-i, D-iv

Question Number: 10 Question Id: 8586 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which information is not placed in the meetings of Gram Sabha?

Options:

1. Annual Statement of Accounts

2. * Audit report of last year

3. ♥ Statement of immovable property of Panch/Sarpanch

4. Annual Budget

5. Statement of works of Panchayat

Question Number: 10 Question Id: 8586 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

ग्राम सभा की बैठकों में कोन-सी सुचना प्रस्तुत नहीं की जाती?

Options:

1. 🍍 वार्षिक लेखा विवरण

2. 🍍 विगत वर्ष का अंकक्षण प्रतिवेदन

3. 🗹 पंच/सरपंच के अचल सम्पति का विवरण

4. 🍍 वार्षिक आय-व्ययक

5. 🏁 पंचायत के कार्यों का विवरण

Question Number: 11 Question Id: 8587 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Who is unmatched in the context of elected members of Parliament from Chhattisgarh?

Options:

1. 🏶 Bhushan Lal Jangde

2. V Gopal Vyas

3. Mohsina Kidwai

4. Moti Lal Vora

5. Ranvijay Pratap Singh Judev

Question Number: 11 Question Id: 8587 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

छत्तीसगढ़ से निर्वाचित सांसदों के संदर्भ में कौन सुमेलित नहीं है?

Options:

1. 🍍 भूषणलाल जांगड़े

2. 🖋 गोपाल व्यास

3. 🍍 मोहसिना किदवई

4. 🍍 मोतिलाल वोरा

5. 🏁 रणविजय प्रताप सिंह जुदेव

Question Number: 12 Question Id: 8588 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Who is the unique person in the context of speaker of Chhattisgarh Legislative Assembly?

Options:

Rajendra Prasad Shukla

Mahendra Bahadur Singh 3. 🇸 Satya Narayan Sharma 4. * Dharam Lal Koushik S. Gouri Shankar Agrawal

Question Number: 12 Question Id: 8588 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

छत्तीसगढ में विधानसभा स्पीकर के संदर्भ में विशिष्ट व्यक्ति कौन है?

Options:

- राजेन्द्र प्रसाद शुक्ला
- 2. 🏁 महेंद्र बहादुर सिंह
- 3. 🍍 सत्य नारायाण शर्मा
- 4. 🍍 धरमलाल कौशिक
- 5 ¾ गौरीशंकर अग्रवाल

Question Number: 13 Question Id: 8589 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which amongst the following peaks is the highest?

Options:

- ✓ Bailadeila
- 2. Mainpat
- 3. S Devgarh
- 4. * Keshkal
- 5. 🍍 Chang-Bhakar

Question Number: 13 Question Id: 8589 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

निम्नलिखित में सबसे ऊंची चोटी कौन सी है?

Options:

- 1. 🖋 बैलाडिला
- 2. 🏁 मैनपाट
- 3. 🏁 देवगढ
- 4. ቖ केशकाल
- 5. 🎏 चांगभाखर

Question Number: 14 Question Id: 8590 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following lists the districts of Chhattisgarh through which the Tropic of Cancer passes?

- Koriya, Surajpur, Balrampur
- 2. Koriya, Sarguja, Balrampur
- Sarguja, Korba, Jashpur
- 4. * Balrampur, Surajpur, Jashpur
- Korba, Koriya, Sarguja

Question Number: 14 Question Id: 8590 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

छत्तीसगढ़ के किन जिलों से कर्क रेखा गुजरती है?

Options: 1. 🗹 कोरिया, सुरजपुर, बलरामपुर 2. 🍍 कोरिया, सरगुजा, बलरामपुर 3. 🏁 सरगुजा, कोरबा, जशपुर 4. 🍍 बलरामपुर, सुरजपुर, जशपुर 5. 🏁 कोरबा, कोरिया, सरगुजा Question Number: 15 Question Id: 8591 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Which of the following districts touches the boundary of Andhra Pradesh? **Options:** 1. * Dantewada 2. Sijapur 3. Sukma 4. Sukma Bijapur 5. V None of these Question Number: 15 Question Id: 8591 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा जिला आंध्र प्रदेश को स्पर्श करता है? **Options:** 1. 🏁 दन्तेवाड़ा 2. 🏁 बीजापुर 3. 🏁 सुकमा 4. 🍍 सुकमा-बीजापुर ईनमें से कोई नहीं Question Number: 16 Question Id: 8592 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Albaka hill is located in: **Options:** 1. Sukma 2. * Narayanpur 3. * Dantewada 4. Sastar 5. 🕊 Bijapur Question Number: 16 Question Id: 8592 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 अलबका पहाड़ी कहाँ स्थित है? **Options:** 1. 🏁 सुकमा 2. 🍍 नारायणपुर 3. 🏁 दन्तेवाड़ा 4. 🏁 बस्तर 5. 🖋 बीजापुर

Question Number: 17 Question Id: 8593 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In which year was Chhattisgarh Mineral Development Corporation established?

Options:

- 1. 3 1994
- 2. * 1997
- 3. 🛎 2000
- 4. 🗸 2001
- 5. \$ 2003

Question Number: 17 Question Id: 8593 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

छत्तीसगढ़ मिनरल डेवलपमेंट कॉपोरेशन की स्थापना कब हुई?

Options:

- 1. 3 1994
- 2. 3 1997
- 3. \$ 2000
- 4. 🗸 2001
- 5. \$ 2003

Question Number: 18 Question Id: 8594 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following is established in Ramhepur village?

Options:

- 1. * Rice Industry
- 2. V Sugar Industry
- 3. 🏶 Rice-Bran oil
- 4. * Lac Industry
- 5. Silk Industry

Question Number: 18 Question Id: 8594 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

राम्हेपुर गांव में निम्न में से क्या स्थापित है?

Options:

- 1. 🍍 चावल उद्योग
- 2. 🖋 शक्कर उद्योग
- 3. 🍍 राइसब्रान ऑयल
- 4. 🍍 लाख उद्योग
- ३ रेशम उद्योग

Question Number: 19 Question Id: 8595 Question Type: MCQ

Match the List I with List II and choose the correct answer from the options below.

List I
(Cement Factory)
A. Ultratech
B. Ambuja
C. Lafarge
D. Centuary

List II (Place)

Sonadih

Baikunth
 Hirmi

4. Ravan

Options:

5. * A-4. B-3. C-1. D-2

Question Number: 19 Question Id: 8595 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

सारणी । को सारणी ॥ से मिलाएं और नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर चुनें।

सारणी । सारणी ।। (सीमेंट संयंत्र) (स्थान)

A. अल्ट्राटेक 1. सोनाडीह

B. अंबुजा 2. बैकुंठ

C. लाफार्ज 3. हिरमी

D. सेन्च्री 4. रवान

Options:

5. 🍍 A-4, B-3, C-1, D-2

Question Number: 20 Question Id: 8596 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which scheme was launched in the year 2005–06 for the construction of irrigation wells and installation of pumps for the small and marginal farmers of Chhattisgarh?

Options:

- 1. 🍍 Kisan Samraddhi Scheme
- 2. V Shakambhari Scheme
- 3. 🍍 Minimum Irrigation Scheme
- 4. Micro Irrigation Scheme
- None of these

Question Number: 20 Question Id: 8596 Question Type: MCQ

छत्तीसगढ़ के लघु एंव सीमान्त कृषकों को सिंचाई कूप एंव पंप स्थापना हेतु वर्ष 2005-06 में प्रारंभ की गई योजना का नाम क्या है? **Options:** 1. 🍍 किसान समृद्धि योजना शाकम्भरी योजना 3. 🍍 लघुतम सिंचाई योजना 4. 🍍 सुक्ष्म सिंचाई योजना 5. 🍍 इनमें से कोई नहीं Question Number: 21 Question Id: 8597 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 What was the quantity of wheat production in the year 2012-13 in Chhattisgarh? **Options:** 235.8 Thousand M.T. 2. 369.4 Thousand M.T. 3. * 191.8 Thousand M.T. 4. 402.1 Thousand M.T. 315.2 Thousand M.T. Question Number: 21 Question Id: 8597 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 छत्तीसगढ़ में वर्ष 2012-13 में गेहूं की उत्पादन मात्रा कितनी थी? 1. 🗹 235.8 हजार मी. टन 2. 🏁 369.4 हजार मी. टन 3. 🍍 191.8 हजार मी. टन 4. 🍍 402.1 हजार मी. टन 5. 🍍 315.2 हजार मी. टन Question Number: 22 Question Id: 8598 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Which of the following correctly lists different sources of irrigation area in decreasing order in Chattisgarh in 2011-12? **Options:** 1. Tubewell, Canal, Pond, Well 2. * Canal, Pond, Well, Tubewell 3. Rond, Well, Tubewell, Canal 4. Canal, Tubewell, Pond, Well 5. 🍍 Canal, Well, Tubewell, Pond Question Number: 22 Question Id: 8598 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 छत्तीसगढ़ राज्य में 2011-12 में विभिन्न स्त्रोतों से सिंचित क्षेत्रफल का क्रम (घटते क्रम में) क्या है? **Options:** 1. 🍍 नलकूप, नहर, तालाब, कुएं

३. ३० नहर, तालाब, कुएं, नलकूप
 ३. ३० तालाब, कुएं, नलकूप, नहर
 4. ✓ नहर, नलकूप, तालाब, कुएं
 5. ३० नहर, कुएं, नलकूप, तालाब

Question Number: 23 Question Id: 8599 Question Type: MCQ
Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0
Which of the following correctly lists the pulses crop in increasing order in 2011–12?
Options:

1. ** Urad, Tiwra, Tur, Gram
2. ** Tur, Urad, Gram, Tiwra
3. ** Tiwra, Gram, Tur, Urad

4. 🍍 Gram, Tur, Urad, Tiwra

5. 🍍 Urad, Tur, Tiwra, Gram

Question Number: 23 Question Id: 8599 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

2011-12 के अनुसार दलहन फसलों के क्षेत्रफल का सही क्रम (बढ़ते क्रम में) क्या है?

Options:

1. 🍍 उड़द, तिवड़ा, तुअर, चना

2. 🗸 तुअर, उड़द, चना, तिवड़ा

3. 🍍 तिवड़ा, चना, तुअर, उड़द

4. 🍍 चना, तुअर, उड़द, तिवड़ा

5. 🍍 उड़द, तुअर, तिवड़ा, चना

Question Number: 24 Question Id: 8600 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The area under Bamboo species trees in Chhattisgarh state is:

Options:

 $_{1}$ \approx 6500 - 7000 km²

 $_{2}$ \checkmark 6000 – 6500 km²

3 × 5500 – 6000 km²

4 × 5000 - 5500 km²

5. × 7000 - 7500 km²

Question Number: 24 Question Id: 8600 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

छत्तीसगढ़ राज्य में बांस प्रजाति के वृक्षों का क्षेत्रफल ____ है।

Options:

1. 🔻 6500-7000 वर्ग किलोमीटर

4 6000-6500 वर्ग किलोमीटर

\$ 5500-6000 वर्ग किलोमीटर

4. ¥ 5000-5500 वर्ग किलोमीटर

5. 🔻 7000-7500 वर्ग किलोमीटर

Question Number: 25 Question Id: 8601 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which farmers of Chhattisgarh received the national Krishi Karman Prize in 2013-14?

Options:

1. 🍍 Hemin Sahu and Omnarayan Chandrakar

- 2. * Hemkumari Sahu and Narayan Chandrakar
- 3. * Hemin Sahu and Subhash Chandrakar
- 4. W Hemkumari Sahu and Prabhat Chandrakar
- 5. 🍍 Hemkuwar Sahu and Rajendra Chandrakar

Question Number: 25 Question Id: 8601 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

राष्ट्रीय 'कृषि कर्मण' पुरस्कार 2013-14, छत्तीसगढ़ के किन कृषकों को प्राप्त हुआ?

Options:

- 1. 🍍 हेमिन साह एवं ओमनारायण चन्दाकर
- 2. 🍍 हेमकुमारी साहु एवं नारायण चन्द्राकर
- 3. 🍍 हेमिन साह एवं सुभाष चन्दाकर
- 4. 🗸 हेमकुमारी साह एवं प्रभात चन्द्राकर
- इमकुंवर साह एवं राजेंद्र चन्दाकर

Question Number: 26 Question Id: 8602 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In which field of work has Raja Chakradhar Singh made his contribution?

Options:

- 1. V Kathak
- 2. S Dhrupad
- 3. Sazal
- 4. * Thumari
- 5. 🏁 Drama

Question Number: 26 Question Id: 8602 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

राजा चक्रधर सिंह का योगदान किस कार्यक्षेत्र में है?

Options:

- बत्थक
- 2. 🍀 भ्रपद
- 3. 🍀 गजल
- 5. 55 11910
- 4. 🎏 ठुमरी
- 5. 🏁 नाटक

Question Number: 27 Question Id: 8603 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In which district is Rishabh Tirth situated?

Options:

- 1. * Korba
- 2. 🗸 Janjgir Champa
- 3. 🏁 Raigarh
- 4. Silaspur
- 5. 🏁 Durg

Question Number: 27 Question Id: 8603 Question Type: MCQ

Correct : 2.0 Wrong : 1.0 ऋषभ तीर्थ किस जिले में स्थित है?

Options: 1. 🏁 कोरबा 2. 🖋 जांजगीर-चांपा 3. 🍀 रायगढ 4. 🍍 बिलासपुर 5. 🍀 दुर्ग Question Number: 28 Question Id: 8604 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 The Confluence of Shivnath and Kharun rivers is at which place? **Options:** 1. 🏁 Rajim 2. Shivrinarayan 3. 🗸 Somnath 4. * Angarmoti 5. 3 Nandghat Question Number: 28 Question Id: 8604 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 शिवनाथ तथा खारून नदियों का संगम किस स्थान पर है? **Options:** 1. 🏁 राजिम 2. 🍍 शिवरीनारायण 3. 💜 सोमनाथ 4. 🎏 अंगारमोती 5. 🏁 नांदघाट Question Number: 29 Question Id: 8605 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 At which place is Bilaimata temple situated? **Options:** 1. 🗸 Dhamtari 2. Sariyaband 3. 🏶 Durg 4. * Raipur 5. 🍍 Mahasamund Question Number: 29 Question Id: 8605 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 बिलई माता मंदिर कहां स्थित है? **Options:** थमतरी 2. 🏁 गरियाबन्द 3. 🏁 दुर्ग 4. 🏁 रायपुर 5. 🏁 महासमुन्द

Question Number: 30 Question Id: 8606 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 What does the term "Adabad" mean in Chattisgarhi? **Options:** 1. Wery few 2. V Too much 3. * Cowardiness 4. * Bravery 5. * Quite correct Question Number: 30 Question Id: 8606 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 छत्तीसगढ़ी में 'अड़बड़' का क्या अर्थ है? **Options:** 1. 🏁 बहुत कम 2. 🖋 बहुत अधिक 3. 🏁 कायरता 4. 🎏 बहादुरी 5. 🍍 बिल्कुल ठीक Question Number: 31 Question Id: 8607 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 The intoxicant drink prepared from rice in Bastar is known as: **Options:** 1. Sharab 2. 🏶 Salfi 3. 🏶 Реј 4. 🗸 Landa 5. 🎏 Basi Question Number: 31 Question Id: 8607 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 बस्तर में चावल से निर्मित मादक पेय ____ कहा जाता है। **Options:** 1. 🏁 शराब 2. 🏁 सल्फी 3. 🏁 पेज 4. 🖋 लांदा 5. 🏁 बासी Question Number: 32 Question Id: 8608 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 What is Mohari from the following? **Options:** 1. 🗸 A musical instrument 2. * Food material 3. * Toys 4. Agricultural equipments 5. Theatrical tradition

Question Number: 32 Question Id: 8608 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 मोहरी निम्न में से क्या है? **Options:** 1. 🖋 वाद्य यंत्र 2. 🍍 खाद्य पदार्थ 3. 🏁 खिलौना 4. 🏁 कृषि उपकरण 5. 🏁 नाट्य पंरपरा Question Number: 33 Question Id: 8609 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Which of the following days is called 'Lakhimvar' in Bastar? **Options:** 1. * Friday 2. V Thursday 3. 🍍 Tuesday 4. Monday 5. 🍀 Sunday Question Number: 33 Question Id: 8609 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 निम्न में से कौन से दिन को बस्तर में 'लखीमवार' कहते हैं? **Options:** 1. 🏁 शुक्रवार 2. 🖋 बृहस्पतिवार 3. 🏁 मंगलवार 4. 🤻 सोमवार 5. 🏁 रविवार Question Number: 34 Question Id: 8610 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Which of the following communities is famous for Ballad singing? **Options:** 1. * Kamar 2. 🗸 Dewar 3. 🏁 Pardhi 4. * Binjhwar 5. 🎏 Lodhi Question Number: 34 Question Id: 8610 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 इनमें से कौन-सा समुदाय गाथा गायन के लिए प्रसिद्ध है? **Options:**

4 कमार
 2 ✓ देवार
 3 ※ पारधी

4. 🏁 बिंझवार 5. 🏁 लोधी Question Number: 35 Question Id: 8611 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Rajwar clay lattice and wall relief art is related to which region of Chhattisgarh? **Options:** 1. * Kabirdham 2. 🌋 Gariyaband 3. * Raigarh 4. 🗸 Sarguja 5. Sashpurnagar Question Number: 35 Question Id: 8611 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 रजवार मिट्टी की जाली और दीवार अंकनकला छत्तीसगढ़ के किस अंचल से सम्बंधित है? **Options:** 1. 🏁 कबीरधाम 2. 🏁 गरियाबन्द 3. 🏁 रायगढ़ 4. 🖋 सरगुजा 5. 🏁 जशपुरनगर Question Number: 36 Question Id: 8612 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 In which of the following ceremonies are life size icons of powranic characters prepared? **Options:** 1. S Goura 2. SPola 3. Sharthari recital 4. V Rahasa Nawa Khai Question Number: 36 Question Id: 8612 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 छत्तीसगढ़ में इनमें से किस आयोजन में पौराणिक चरित्रों की मानवाकार प्रतिमाएं बनाते हैं? **Options:** 1. 🏁 गौरा 2. 🏁 पोला 3. 🍍 भरथरी गायन

In which year did the production of Hydroelectricity Plant Sikaser start?

Options:

1. * 2004

Question Number: 37 Question Id: 8613 Question Type: MCQ

4. 🖋 रहस

5. 🏁 नवाखाई

2. 🗸 2006
3. * 2008
4. * 2010
5. * 2011
Question Number: 37 Question Id: 8613 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0
किस वर्ष में जल विद्युत गृह सीकासार में उत्पादन प्रारम्भ हुआ?
Options:
1. * 2004
2. 🗸 2006
3. * 2008
4. * 2010
5. * 2011
Question Number: 38 Question Id: 8614 Question Type: MCQ
Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0
What percentage of Majara-Tola were electrified in Chhattisgarh till 2012-13?
Options:
1. * 75%
2. 70.46%
3. 8 80.46%
4. ≈ 72.46%
5. * 73.5%
Operation Name to 20 Operation II a 9/14 Operation Theory MCO
Question Number: 38 Question Id: 8614 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0
वर्ष 2012-13 तक छत्तीसगढ़ में कितने मजरा-टोला का विद्युतीकरण हो गया था?
Options:
1. * 75%
2. 🗸 70.46%
3. 8 80.46%
4. ※ 72.46%
5. * 73.5%
Ougstion Number 20 Ougstion Id. 9615 Ougstion True MCO
Question Number: 39 Question Id: 8615 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0
Indira Khet Ganga Yojna under Kisan Samriddhi Yojna are implemented in how many districts?
Options:
1. * 10 districts
2. * 9 districts
3. % 8 districts
4. % 6 districts
5. 🗸 5 districts

Question Number: 39 Question Id: 8615 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 किसान समृध्दि-योजना के अन्तर्गत इंदिरा खेत गंगा योजना छत्तीसगढ़ के कितने जिलों में लागू है? **Options:** 1. 🍍 10 जिलों में 2. 🏁 9 जिलों में 3. 🏁 8 जिलों में 4. 🏁 6 जिलों में 5. 🖋 5 जिलों में Question Number: 40 Question Id: 8616 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 What was the established capacity of electricity production till Sept 2013 in Chhattisgarh? **Options:** 1. \$\infty\$ 2280 MW 2. 2180 MW 3. * 2427.7 MW 4. 🗸 2424.7 MW 5 * 2442.7 MW Question Number: 40 Question Id: 8616 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 छत्तीसगढ़ में सितम्बर 2013 तक विद्युत उत्पादन की स्थापित क्षमता क्या थी? **Options:** 1. 🍍 2280 मेगावाट 2. 🍀 2180 मेगावाट 3. 🍍 2427.7 मेगावाट 4. 🗸 2424.7 मेगावाट ३८ ३४४२.७ मेगावाट Question Number: 41 Question Id: 8617 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 How many districts of Chhattisgarh state are completely included in scheduled area? **Options:** 1. * 12 2. 🗸 13. 3. * 14 4. 3 15 5. 3 16 Question Number: 41 Question Id: 8617 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 छत्तीसगढ़ राज्य में कितने जिलों को पूर्णरूप से अनुसूचित क्षेत्र में शामिल किया गया है? **Options:** 1. * 12 2. 🗸 13 3. * 14

4. \$ 15

```
5. 🗱 16
Question Number: 42 Question Id: 8618 Question Type: MCQ
Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0
According to Census 2011 (18 districts), how many districts have more number of females in comparison to
the number of males?
Options:
1. 3 5
2. 36
3. 🗸 7
4. 38 8
5. 🗱 9
Question Number: 42 Question Id: 8618 Question Type: MCQ
Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0
2011 की जनगणना (18 जिला) के अनुसार, छत्तीसगढ़ के कितने जिलों में पुरूषों की अपेक्षा स्त्रियों की संख्या अधिक रही?
Options:
1. 3 5
2. 36
3. 🗸 7
4. 3 8
5 3 9
Question Number: 43 Question Id: 8619 Question Type: MCQ
Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0
According to Census 2011, the sex ratio of ST. in Chhattisgarh is:
Options:
1. 3 1003
2. * 1005
3. $ 1009
4. 🗸 1013
5. $ 1017
Question Number: 43 Question Id: 8619 Question Type: MCQ
Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0
2011 की जनगणना के अनुसार छत्तीसगढ़ में अनुसुचित जनजातियों में लिंगानुपात ____ है।
Options:
1. 3 1003
2. * 1005
3. $ 1009
4. 🗸 1013
5. 3 1017
Question Number: 44 Question Id: 8620 Question Type: MCQ
```

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Options:

1. V Shrayan

In which month is the Hareli festival celebrated?

8 Bhadrapad 3. * Ashwin 4. X Kartik 5. * Ashadh Question Number: 44 Question Id: 8620 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 हरेली त्यौहार किस माह में मनाया जाता है? **Options:** 1. 🖋 श्रावण 2. 🏁 भाद्पद 3. 🏁 आश्विन 4. 🏁 कार्तिक 5. 🏁 आसाढ Question Number: 45 Question Id: 8621 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 In which place is the oldest stone inscription in Chhattisgarhi language located? **Options:** 1. 🏁 Raipur 2. S Kurud 3. V Dantewada 4. 🏶 Dhamtari 5. 🍍 Bilaspur Question Number: 45 Question Id: 8621 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 छत्तीसगढ़ी भाषा का सबसे पुराना शिलालेख कहाँ स्थित है? **Options:** 1. 🍍 रायपुर 2. 🏁 कुरूद 3. 🖋 दन्तेबाड़ा 4. 🏁 धमतरी 5. 🍍 बिलासपुर Question Number: 46 Question Id: 8622 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Who was awarded Dau Mandraji Rajya Samman in the year 2014? **Options:** 1. 🍍 Bhulwa Ram W Usha Barle 3. * Rekha Dewar 4. 🗸 Anup Ranjan Pandey 5. 🏁 Tulsi Ram

Question Number: 46 Question Id: 8622 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

वर्ष 2014 का दाऊ मन्दराजी राज्य सम्मान किसे प्रदान किया गया है?

Options: 1. 🏁 भुलवाराम 2. 🏁 उषा बारले 3. 🧱 रेखा देवार 4. 🖋 अनूप रंजन पाण्डेय 5. 🏁 तुलसी राम Question Number: 47 Question Id: 8623 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Which of the following forest circle areas (in geographical area) has the high percentage of forest area? **Options:** 1. 🏁 Kanker 2. 🗸 Jagdalpur 3. 🛎 Bilaspur 4. 🏁 Sarguja 5. 🍀 Raipur Question Number: 47 Question Id: 8623 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 निम्नलिखित वनवृत्त क्षेत्रों में (भौगोलिक क्षेत्र में) वनक्षेत्र का प्रतिशत किसमें अधिक है? **Options:** 3 कांकेर 2. 🖋 जगदलपुर 3. 🍍 बिलासपुर 4. 🏁 सरगुजा 5. 🍍 रायपुर Question Number: 48 Question Id: 8624 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 In which of the following districts is the double crop area high? **Options:** 1. V Kawardha 2. Mungeli 3. 🎏 Balod 4. X Janjgir-Champa 5. 🏶 Durg Question Number: 48 Question Id: 8624 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 निम्नलिखित में से किस जिले में दुफसली क्षत्रफल अधिक है? **Options:** ब्रिट्स क्यां 2. 🏁 मुंगेली 3. 🍀 बालोद 4. 🏁 जांजगीर-चांपा 5. 🏁 दुर्ग

Question Number: 49 Question Id: 8625 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 How many tribes are included in Scheduled Tribes in Chhattisgarh?
Options :
1. * 28
2. 🗱 34
3. * 36
4. 🛩 42
5. 🕊 47
Question Number : 49 Question Id : 8625 Question Type : MCQ Correct : 2.0 Wrong : 1.0 ७त्तीसगढ़ में कितनी जनजातियों को अनुसूचित जनजातियों में सम्मिलित किया गया है?
Options:
1. 🗱 28
2. 🗱 34
3. * 36
4. 🛩 42
5. 🗱 47
Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 'Chedaru', famous as tiger kid of Madia tribe, belongs to which place? Options:
1. 🏶 Chhote Dongar
2. 🖍 Gad Bengal
3. 🏶 Orchha
4. 🏶 Dhanora
5. Singanpur
Question Number : 50 Question Id : 8626 Question Type : MCQ Correct : 2.0 Wrong : 1.0 टाईगर किड के रूप में विख्यात माडि॰्या जाति का 'चेदरू' किस स्थान से सम्बंधित हैं?
Options:
1. 🍍 छोटे डोंगर 🤻 💸
2. 🖍 गड़बेंगाल
3. * ओर छा - • •
4. 🍀 धनोरा - 💌 🛇
5. % सिंगनपुर
Boiler Mandatory or Optional: Mandatory

Question Number: 51 Question Id: 8627 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The ultrasonic inspection method involves ultrasonic waves produced from:

Options:

- ✓ Piezoelectric materials
- 2. * Electromagnetic materials
- 3. Ferromagnetic materials
- 4. Signal Diamagnetic materials
- 5. * Paramagnetic materials

Question Number: 51 Question Id: 8627 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The ultrasonic inspection method involves ultrasonic waves produced from:

Options:

- 1. V Piezoelectric materials
- 2. Electromagnetic materials
- 3. Ferromagnetic materials
- 4. Maintain Diamagnetic materials
- 5. * Paramagnetic materials

Question Number: 52 Question Id: 8628 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

What is the source for the ultrasonic inspection of metals or alloys?

Options:

- Sound waves below the audible range
- 2. V Sound waves above the audible range
- 3. Sound waves with low frequency
- 4. Sound waves with frequency equal to the threshold of human hearing
- 5. Sound waves with low frequency or with frequency equal to the threshold of human hearing

Question Number: 52 Question Id: 8628 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

What is the source for the ultrasonic inspection of metals or alloys?

Options:

- Sound waves below the audible range
- 2. V Sound waves above the audible range
- 3. Sound waves with low frequency
- 4. Sound waves with frequency equal to the threshold of human hearing
- 5. Sound waves with low frequency or with frequency equal to the threshold of human hearing

Question Number: 53 Question Id: 8629 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

What type of set-up is capable of providing information about both the size of the flaw and depth of location of the discontinuity?

- Through transmission
- Pitch/catch with two transducers
- 3. V Pulse echo
- 4. * Through impact testing
- S. S. Contact testing

Question Number: 53 Question Id: 8629 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

What type of set-up is capable of providing information about both the size of the flaw and depth of location of the discontinuity?

Options:

- 1. * Through transmission
- 2. Fitch/catch with two transducers
- 3. V Pulse echo
- 4. * Through impact testing
- Contact testing

Question Number: 54 Question Id: 8630 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

One of the most common applications of ultrasonic tests employing shear waves is the:

Options:

- ✓ detection of discontinuities in welds, tubes and pipes
- 2. Additional definition of elastic properties of metallic products
- detection of laminar discontinuities in heavy plates
- 4. * measurement of thickness of thin plates
- detection of fatigue cracks in heavy plates

Question Number: 54 Question Id: 8630 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

One of the most common applications of ultrasonic tests employing shear waves is the:

Options:

- ✓ detection of discontinuities in welds, tubes and pipes
- 2. Additional description of elastic properties of metallic products
- detection of laminar discontinuities in heavy plates
- 4. * measurement of thickness of thin plates
- detection of fatigue cracks in heavy plates

Question Number: 55 Question Id: 8631 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The loss of ultrasonic energy due to scattering and absorption is referred to as:

Options:

- 1. * Reflection
- 2. * Refraction
- 3. S Diffraction
- 4. * Impedance
- 5. V Attenuation

Question Number: 55 Question Id: 8631 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The loss of ultrasonic energy due to scattering and absorption is referred to as:

- 1. Reflection
- 2. * Refraction

- 3. * Diffraction
- 4. * Impedance
- 5. V Attenuation

Question Number: 56 Question Id: 8632 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

An ultrasonic data display which shows a plan view of the defects projected on a plane at right angles to the axis of the beam is called:

Options:

- 1. * A-scan
- 2. S B-scan
- 3. 🗸 C-scan
- 4. * Orthogonal view
- 5. South A and B-scan

Question Number: 56 Question Id: 8632 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

An ultrasonic data display which shows a plan view of the defects projected on a plane at right angles to the axis of the beam is called:

Options:

- 1. 🏁 A-scan
- 2. 🏶 B-scan
- 3. 🗸 C-scan
- 4. * Orthogonal view
- 5. 8 Both A- and B-scan

Question Number: 57 Question Id: 8633 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A technique in which two transducers are used, one on each side of the test piece, is called:

Options:

- Angle beam testing
- Modified immersion testing
- 3. V Through transmission testing
- 4. * Twinning
- S. S. Contact testing

Question Number: 57 Question Id: 8633 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A technique in which two transducers are used, one on each side of the test piece, is called:

Options:

- 1. Angle beam testing
- Modified immersion testing
- 3. V Through transmission testing
- 4. * Twinning
- Contact testing

Question Number: 58 Question Id: 8634 Question Type: MCQ

Which of the following defines the relationship between the longitudinal wave incident angle and the refracted shear wave angle?

Options:

- 1. V Snell's Law
- 2. Snell's Constant
- 3. * The Law of Acoustics
- 4. Fraunhofer's Law
- 5. 🏁 Faraday's Law

Question Number: 58 Question Id: 8634 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following defines the relationship between the longitudinal wave incident angle and the refracted shear wave angle?

Options:

- 1. V Snell's Law
- 2. Snell's Constant
- The Law of Acoustics
- 4. Fraunhofer's Law
- 5. 🏁 Faraday's Law

Question Number: 59 Question Id: 8635 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following relations defines acoustic impedance?

Options:

- 1. Material density/Wavelength
- ✓ Material density × Velocity
- 3. * Velocity/Wavelength
- 4. Welocity × Wavelength
- Wavelength × Material density

Question Number: 59 Question Id: 8635 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following relations defines acoustic impedance?

Options:

- 1. Material density/Wavelength
- 2. Material density × Velocity
- 3. * Velocity/Wavelength
- 4. Welocity × Wavelength
- 5. Mavelength × Material density

Question Number: 60 Question Id: 8636 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

An IOI is used to determine the:

- 1. Size of a discontinuity in the part
- 2. * density of the film
- 3. * radiographic contrast
- 4. quality of the radiographic image

5. * porosity

Question Number: 60 Question Id: 8636 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

An IQI is used to determine the:

Options:

1. Size of a discontinuity in the part

2. 🏶 density of the film

3. 🍍 radiographic contrast

4. V quality of the radiographic image

5. * porosity

Question Number: 61 Question Id: 8637 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following correctly expresses the inverse square law? Here,

 I_1 = dose rate nearest source,

 I_2 = dose rate furthest from the source,

D₁ = distance nearest to source, and

 D_2 = distance furthest from the source.

Options:

$$I_1/I_2 = D_1^2/D_2^2$$

$$I_1^2/I_2^2 = D_1/D_2$$

$$I_1/I_2 = D_2^2/D_1^2$$

$$I_1^2/I_2^2 = D_2/D_1$$

$$I_1^2/I_2^2 = D_2/(D_1 + 1)$$

Question Number: 61 Question Id: 8637 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following correctly expresses the inverse square law? Here,

 $I_1 = dose rate nearest source,$

 I_2 = dose rate furthest from the source,

 D_1 = distance nearest to source, and

 D_2 = distance furthest from the source.

Options:

$$I_1/I_2 = D_1^2/D_2^2$$

$$I_1^2/I_2^2 = D_1/D_2$$

$$I_1/I_2 = D_2^2/D_1^2$$

$$I_1^2/I_2^2 = D_2/D_1$$

$$I_1^2/I_2^2 = D_2/(D_1 + 1)$$

Question Number: 62 Question Id: 8638 Question Type: MCQ

Which of the following is the correct formula for calculating geometric un-sharpness (Ug)? Here, f = source size, t = object-to-film distance and D = source-to-object distance.

Options:

1. W Ug = f D/t

2. W Ug = Dt/f

3. * Ug = f/Dt

4. 🕷 Ug = ftD

5. 🗸 Ug = f t/D

Question Number: 62 Question Id: 8638 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following is the correct formula for calculating geometric un-sharpness (Ug)? Here, f = source size, t = object-to-film distance and D = source-to-object distance.

Options:

1. W Ug = f D/t

2. W Ug = Dt/f

3. * Ug = f/Dt

4. * Ug = ftD

5. 🗸 Ug = f t/D

Question Number: 63 Question Id: 8639 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

If the required exposure time for a 50 Curie Ir-192 source is 4 minutes, what exposure time would be required at 25 Curie source?

Options:

1. 3 2 minutes

2. 3 4 minutes

3. V 8 minutes

4. × 16 minutes

5. 🍀 20 minutes

Question Number: 63 Question Id: 8639 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

If the required exposure time for a 50 Curie Ir-192 source is 4 minutes, what exposure time would be required at 25 Curie source?

Options:

1. 3 2 minutes

2. * 4 minutes

3. 🕊 8 minutes

4. 3 16 minutes

5. # 20 minutes

Question Number: 64 Question Id: 8640 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In a radiograph of a weld, there is an indication appearing as straight, dark band parallel to the weld bead. This would probably be:

- 1. * Incomplete penetration
- Lack of side wall fusion

- 3. 🍍 Slag inclusions
- 4. * Tungsten inclusions
- 5. * Burn through

Question Number: 64 Question Id: 8640 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In a radiograph of a weld, there is an indication appearing as straight, dark band parallel to the weld bead. This would probably be:

Options:

- 1. * Incomplete penetration
- Lack of side wall fusion
- 3. 🍍 Slag inclusions
- 4. * Tungsten inclusions
- 5. 🍍 Burn through

Question Number: 65 Question Id: 8641 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following is a radiation producing device that emits radiation of one or a few discrete wavelengths?

Options:

- 1. * An X-ray machine
- 2. A linear accelerator
- 3. 🗸 A gamma ray source
- 4. * A betatron
- 5. 🍍 Van de Graaff generator

Question Number: 65 Question Id: 8641 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following is a radiation producing device that emits radiation of one or a few discrete wavelengths?

Options:

- An X-ray machine
- 2. * A linear accelerator
- 3. 🗸 A gamma ray source
- 4. * A betatron
- Van de Graaff generator

Question Number: 66 Question Id: 8642 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Radiography of tubular sections using a double wall, double viewing technique is mainly applicable to sections:

Options:

- 1. Wunder 2.5-inch in diameter
- 2. V 3.5-inch or less in diameter
- 3. 3.5-inch or more in diameter
- 4. Soft diameter equal to 3.8-inch
- 5. 4.5-inch or more in diameter

Question Number: 66 Question Id: 8642 Question Type: MCQ

Radiography of tubular sections using a double wall, double viewing technique is mainly applicable to sections: **Options:**

- 1. Wunder 2.5-inch in diameter
- 2. V 3.5-inch or less in diameter
- 3. 3.5-inch or more in diameter
- 4. * of diameter equal to 3.8-inch
- 5. 4.5-inch or more in diameter

Question Number: 67 Question Id: 8643 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A casting flaw which is formed when two masses of molten metal flowing from different directions flow together, but fail to fuse, is called:

Options:

- 1. 🏁 A hot tear
- 2. 🍍 Shrinkage
- 3. * A cold crack
- 4. A cold shut
- 5. Misruns

Question Number: 67 Question Id: 8643 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A casting flaw which is formed when two masses of molten metal flowing from different directions flow together, but fail to fuse, is called:

Options:

- 1. * A hot tear
- 2. Shrinkage
- 3. 🍍 A cold crack
- 4. V A cold shut
- 5. Misruns

Question Number: 68 Question Id: 8644 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which type of gamma ray source would be used to radiograph a weld in 150 mm thick steel plate?

Options:

- 1. # Ir-192
- 2. V Co-60
- 3. * Tm-170
- 4. * Cs-137
- 5. # Ta-182

Question Number: 68 Question Id: 8644 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which type of gamma ray source would be used to radiograph a weld in 150 mm thick steel plate?

- 1. * Ir-192
- 2. V Co-60
- 3. **3** Tm-170
- 4. * Cs-137

5. # Ta-182

Question Number: 69 Question Id: 8645 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which is the most effective NDT method for locating surface cracks in ferromagnetic materials?

Options:

Wiltrasonic testing

2. Radiographic testing

3. Magnetic particle testing

4. Wickers testing

5. * Both ultrasonic and radiographic testing

Question Number: 69 Question Id: 8645 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which is the most effective NDT method for locating surface cracks in ferromagnetic materials?

Options:

Wiltrasonic testing

2. * Radiographic testing

3. Magnetic particle testing

4. Wickers testing

Both ultrasonic and radiographic testing

Question Number: 70 Question Id: 8646 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A common physiological effect of black light inspection on the inspector is:

Options:

Burned retinas of the eyes

2. Rejected cornea syndrome

3. 🕊 Eye fatigue

4. * Retarded iris control

Burned macula of the eyes

Question Number: 70 Question Id: 8646 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A common physiological effect of black light inspection on the inspector is:

Options:

Burned retinas of the eyes

2. Rejected cornea syndrome

3. 🕊 Eye fatigue

4. Retarded iris control

5. Surned macula of the eyes

Question Number: 71 Question Id: 8647 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Dyes which receive light at one wavelength and re-emit light of another wavelength are called:

Options:

1. # L.E.Ds

2. * Phosphorescent

- 3. * Luminescent
- 4. V Fluorescent
- 5. South Luminescent and L.E.Ds

Question Number: 71 Question Id: 8647 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Dyes which receive light at one wavelength and re-emit light of another wavelength are called:

Options:

- 1. # L.E.Ds
- 2. * Phosphorescent
- 3. * Luminescent
- 4. V Fluorescent
- 5. Soth Luminescent and L.E.Ds

Question Number: 72 Question Id: 8648 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following is the most desirable method of pre-cleaning a test piece prior to penetrant testing?

Options:

- 1. Sand blasting
- Vapour degreasing
- 3. 🏶 Emery cloth
- 4. Wire brushing
- Shot blasting

Question Number: 72 Question Id: 8648 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following is the most desirable method of pre-cleaning a test piece prior to penetrant testing?

Options:

- 1. Sand blasting
- Vapour degreasing
- 3. * Emery cloth
- 4. Wire brushing
- 5. Shot blasting

Question Number: 73 Question Id: 8649 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

What is the colour of fluorescent penetrant under the presence of a UV light?

Options:

- ✓ Yellow-green
- 2. * Red-blue
- 3. 🍍 Blue-green
- 4. # Green-red
- 5. 🍀 Red-yellow

Question Number: 73 Question Id: 8649 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

What is the colour of fluorescent penetrant under the presence of a UV light?

- 1. ✓ Yellow-green
- 2. * Red-blue
- 3. 🏶 Blue-green
- 4. Sreen-red
- 5. Red-yellow

Question Number: 74 Question Id: 8650 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Liquid penetrant testing is based on the principle of:

Options:

- 1. * Polarized sound waves in a liquid
- Magnetic domains
- 3. * Absorption of X rays
- 4. Capillary action of the penetrant
- 5. Surface tension

Question Number: 74 Question Id: 8650 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Liquid penetrant testing is based on the principle of:

Options:

- 1. * Polarized sound waves in a liquid
- 2. 🍍 Magnetic domains
- 3. 🍍 Absorption of X rays
- 4. Capillary action of the penetrant
- 5. Surface tension

Question Number: 75 Question Id: 8651 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following is not a Non-Destructive testing?

Options:

- Radiographic testing and eddy current technique
- 2. * Dye penetrant test and holography
- 3. * Ultrasonic testing and liquid penetrant test
- 4. Magnetic particle testing and eddy current technique
- Compressive and vickers test

Question Number: 75 Question Id: 8651 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following is not a Non-Destructive testing?

Options:

- Radiographic testing and eddy current technique.
- Dye penetrant test and holography
- 3. Wiltrasonic testing and liquid penetrant test
- 4. Magnetic particle testing and eddy current technique
- Compressive and vickers test

Question Number: 76 Question Id: 8652 Question Type: MCQ

Possible degradation of penetrant materials performance is often checked by:

Options:

- 1. ✓ Performing penetrant testing of comparator blocks using samples of new and used penetrant materials
- Water tolerance test
- 3. 🏶 Penetrameter
- 4. Sudgment of a qualified inspector during production testing
- S. S. Collimator

Question Number: 76 Question Id: 8652 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Possible degradation of penetrant materials performance is often checked by:

Options:

- 1. ✓ Performing penetrant testing of comparator blocks using samples of new and used penetrant materials
- 2. Water tolerance test
- 3. September 2018 Penetrameter
- 4. 4 Judgment of a qualified inspector during production testing
- 5. S Collimator

Question Number: 77 Question Id: 8653 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A group of indications, some sharp, some broad and fuzzy, were found on an area of a small forging. Demagnetization and re-inspection eliminated these indications. What was the probable cause?

Options:

- 1. * Forging lap
- 2. Magnetic writing
- Change in permeability
- 4. Subsurface variation
- 5. Flash line crack.

Question Number: 77 Question Id: 8653 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A group of indications, some sharp, some broad and fuzzy, were found on an area of a small forging. Demagnetization and re-inspection eliminated these indications. What was the probable cause?

Options:

- 1. * Forging lap
- Magnetic writing
- 3. * Change in permeability
- 4. Subsurface variation
- 5. Flash line crack.

Question Number: 78 Question Id: 8654 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

According to ASTM E709-95, when dry particles are used magnetic particle testing shall not be performed on the surface of parts whose temperature exceeds:

- 1. **✓** 57 °C
- 2. **≈** 79 °C
- 3 **≈** 158 °C

4. **¥** 136 °C

5. ***** 98 °C

Question Number: 78 Question Id: 8654 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

According to ASTM E709-95, when dry particles are used magnetic particle testing shall not be performed on the surface of parts whose temperature exceeds:

Options:

1. ✓ 57 °C

2 × 79 °C

3. **≈** 158 °C

4 # 136 °C

5 × 98 °C

Question Number: 79 Question Id: 8655 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which machine records the change in length of specimen?

Options:

1. * Impact testing machine

Universal testing machine

3. Rockwell testing machine

4. Shore scleroscope machine

5. A Charpy testing machine

Question Number: 79 Question Id: 8655 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which machine records the change in length of specimen?

Options:

Impact testing machine

2. V Universal testing machine

3. Rockwell testing machine

4. Shore scleroscope machine

5. A Charpy testing machine

Question Number: 80 Question Id: 8656 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A test to find the energy required to break a material under a sharp blow is called:

Options:

1. * Tensile test

2. * Compressive test

3. 🏁 Fatigue test

4. V Impact test

5. 🍀 Creep test

Question Number: 80 Question Id: 8656 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A test to find the energy required to break a material under a sharp blow is called:

Options:

- 1. * Tensile test
- 2. * Compressive test
- 3. 🍍 Fatigue test
- 4. V Impact test
- 5. * Creep test

Question Number: 81 Question Id: 8657 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Impact testing is done in order to study the characteristics of the material:

Options:

- Under dynamic loading
- 2. Will Under fluctuation stress
- 3. * Under repeated cyclic stress
- 4. Wunder constant stress for long period
- 5. Sunder tangential load

Question Number: 81 Question Id: 8657 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Impact testing is done in order to study the characteristics of the material:

Options:

- 1. V Under dynamic loading
- Under fluctuation stress
- 3. Suppose Under repeated cyclic stress
- 4. Wunder constant stress for long period
- 5. Under tangential load

Question Number: 82 Question Id: 8658 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In impact testing by Izod method, the specimen is kept as:

Options:

- 1. Simply supported beam
- 2. V Cantilever beam
- 3. 🍍 Overhanging beam
- 4. Fixed ended beam
- 5. Section Continuous beam

Question Number: 82 Question Id: 8658 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In impact testing by Izod method, the specimen is kept as:

Options:

- Simply supported beam
- 2. V Cantilever beam
- 3. 🏁 Overhanging beam
- 4. Fixed ended beam
- Continuous beam

Question Number: 83 Question Id: 8659 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 In Charpy test specimen, what is the angle of v-notch section? **Options:** 1. × 30° 2. 🗸 45° 3. **×** 60° 4. **×** 90° 5. **×** 75° Question Number: 83 Question Id: 8659 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 In Charpy test specimen, what is the angle of v-notch section? **Options:** 1. × 30° 2. 🗸 45° 3. **×** 60° 4. **×** 90° 5. **×** 75° Question Number: 84 Question Id: 8660 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 If a mass of 10 kg is falling from a height of 10 m, what would be its impact energy? **Options:** 1. * 100 N-m 2. * 180 N-m 3. 300 N-m 4. 3 780 N-m 5. 🖋 980 N-m Question Number: 84 Question Id: 8660 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 If a mass of 10 kg is falling from a height of 10 m, what would be its impact energy? **Options:** 1. * 100 N-m 2. * 180 N-m 3. 🍀 300 N-m 4. 3 780 N-m 5. 🖋 980 N-m Question Number: 85 Question Id: 8661 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 The following are the water tube steam boilers except: **Options:**

Stirling and La-Mont boiler
 Lancashire and Velcon boiler

Xarrow and Benson boiler

- 4. * Babcock and Wilcox boiler
- 5. Benson and La-Mont boiler

Question Number: 85 Question Id: 8661 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The following are the water tube steam boilers except:

Options:

- 1. Stirling and La-Mont boiler
- Lancashire and Velcon boiler
- 3. X Yarrow and Benson boiler
- 4. Sabcock and Wilcox boiler
- 5. Senson and La-Mont boiler

Question Number: 86 Question Id: 8662 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following boilers makes use of pressurized combustion?

Options:

- 1. Velox
- 2. × Benson
- 3. 🎏 Loeffler
- 4. * Lamont
- 5. South Benson and Lamont

Question Number: 86 Question Id: 8662 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following boilers makes use of pressurized combustion?

Options:

- 1. Velox
- 2. Senson
- 3. * Loeffler
- 4. X Lamont
- Both Benson and Lamont

Question Number: 87 Question Id: 8663 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following is used to heat the feed water by utilizing the heat in the exhaust flue gases before leaving through the chimney?

Options:

- 1. Air preheater
- 2. Superheater
- 3. V Economizer
- 4. Steam separator
- 5. Feed check valve

Question Number: 87 Question Id: 8663 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following is used to heat the feed water by utilizing the heat in the exhaust flue gases before leaving through the chimney?

- 1. * Air preheater
- 2. Superheater
- 3. 🕊 Economizer
- 4. Steam separator
- 5. Feed check valve

Question Number: 88 Question Id: 8664 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which device is used to increase the temperature of saturated steam without raising its pressure?

Options:

- 1. * Injector
- 2. * Fusible plug
- Blow-off-cock
- 4. 🗸 Superheater
- 5. 🍀 Feed Pump

Question Number: 88 Question Id: 8664 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which device is used to increase the temperature of saturated steam without raising its pressure?

Options:

- 1. * Injector
- Fusible plug
- 3. [₩] Blow-off-cock
- 4. V Superheater
- 5. 🍍 Feed Pump

Question Number: 89 Question Id: 8665 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Where is an air preheater installed?

Options:

- ✓ Between the economizer and chimney
- 2. Sefore the superheater
- 3. Sefore the economizer
- 4. Setween the superheater and chimney
- Between the feed pump and pressure gauge

Question Number: 89 Question Id: 8665 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Where is an air preheater installed?

Options:

- 1. V Between the economizer and chimney
- Before the superheater
- 3. Sefore the economizer
- 4. Setween the superheater and chimney
- Between the feed pump and pressure gauge.

Question Number: 90 Question Id: 8666 Question Type: MCQ

When the circulation of water in a boiler is by a centrifugal pump, the boiler is known as:

Options:

- 1. * internally fired boiler
- 2. * externally fired boiler
- 3. * natural circulation boiler
- 4. * internally as well as externally fired boiler
- forced circulation boiler.

Question Number: 90 Question Id: 8666 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

When the circulation of water in a boiler is by a centrifugal pump, the boiler is known as:

Options:

- 1. * internally fired boiler
- 2. * externally fired boiler
- 3. * natural circulation boiler
- 4. * internally as well as externally fired boiler
- 5. V forced circulation boiler

Question Number: 91 Question Id: 8667 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

An economizer in a steam generator performs the function of:

Options:

- 1. * Preheating the combustion air
- 2. Freheating the input fuel
- 3. VPreheating the feed water
- 4. Raising the temperature of steam
- Decreasing the wetness of steam.

Question Number: 91 Question Id: 8667 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

An economizer in a steam generator performs the function of:

Options:

- 1. Freheating the combustion air
- Preheating the input fuel
- 3. VPreheating the feed water
- 4. Raising the temperature of steam
- Decreasing the wetness of steam.

Question Number: 92 Question Id: 8668 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In a steam power plant, why is the reheater used?

- 1. * To increase the thermal efficiency of the plant
- 2. To increase the mean temperature of heat addition
- To increase the dryness fraction of steam at condenser inlet
- 4. To increase the specific work output
- ✓ To increase the dryness fraction of steam at condenser inlet and the specific work output.

Question Number: 92 Question Id: 8668 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In a steam power plant, why is the reheater used?

Options:

- 1. To increase the thermal efficiency of the plant
- 2. * To increase the mean temperature of heat addition
- 3. * To increase the dryness fraction of steam at condenser inlet
- 4. To increase the specific work output
- To increase the dryness fraction of steam at condenser inlet and the specific work output

Question Number: 93 Question Id: 8669 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Fire tube boilers are limited to a maximum design working pressure of:

Options:

- 1. * 1 kg/cm²
- 2. **1**7 kg/cm²
- 3. **x** 100 kg/cm²
- 4. * 170 kg/cm²
- _{5.} **x** 250 kg/cm²

Question Number: 93 Question Id: 8669 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Fire tube boilers are limited to a maximum design working pressure of:

Options:

- 1. * 1 kg/cm²
- 2. **1**7 kg/cm²
- 3. **≈** 100 kg/cm²
- 4 × 170 kg/cm²
- _{5.} **x** 250 kg/cm²

Question Number: 94 Question Id: 8670 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

If the diameter and thickness of the tubes is the same, a water tube boiler compared to a fire tube boiler has:

Options:

- More heating surface
- Less heating surface
- 3. 🍍 Equal heating surface
- 4. Less rate of steam production
- 5. * Equal rate of steam production

Question Number: 94 Question Id: 8670 Question Type: MCQ

If the diameter and thickness of the tubes is the same, a water tube boiler compared to a fire tube boiler has:

Options:

- More heating surface.
- 2. * Less heating surface
- 3. SEQual heating surface
- 4. 🍍 Less rate of steam production
- 5. * Equal rate of steam production

Question Number: 95 Question Id: 8671 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In a boiler, feed water supplied per hour is 205 kg while coal fired per hour is 20 kg. The net enthalpy rise per kg of water is 148 kJ. If the calorific value of the coal is 2050 kJ/kg, then what will be the boiler efficiency?

Options:

- 1 * 56%
- > # 64%
- 3. # 68%
- 4 4 74%
- 5 * 78%

Question Number: 95 Question Id: 8671 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In a boiler, feed water supplied per hour is 205 kg while coal fired per hour is 20 kg. The net enthalpy rise per kg of water is 148 kJ. If the calorific value of the coal is 2050 kJ/kg, then what will be the boiler efficiency?

Options:

- 1 \$ 56%
- > # 64%
- 3 * 68%
- 4. 4 74%
- 5 * 78%

Question Number: 96 Question Id: 8672 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The pressures and temperatures for boiler are given below. Which of these boilers can be classified as supercritical pressure boiler?

Options:

- 1. * 250 psi and 150 °C
- 2 * 10 kg/cm² and 150 °C
- 3 **≈** 100 kg/cm² and 450 °C
- 4 * 150 kg/cm² and 500 °C
- 5. **√** 218 kg/cm² and 540 °C

Question Number: 96 Question Id: 8672 Question Type: MCQ

The pressures and temperatures for boiler are given below. Which of these boilers can be classified as supercritical pressure boiler?

Options:

- 250 psi and 150 °C
- 2 * 10 kg/cm² and 150 °C
- 3 **≈** 100 kg/cm² and 450 °C
- 4 * 150 kg/cm² and 500 °C
- $_{5}$ \checkmark 218 kg/cm² and 540 °C

Question Number: 97 Question Id: 8673 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The diameter of flue tube of Cornish boiler compared to its shell is:

Options:

- 1. * half
- 2. Sone-third
- 3. * One-fifth
- 4. * Two-fifth
- 5. **✓** Three-fifth

Question Number: 97 Question Id: 8673 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The diameter of flue tube of Cornish boiler compared to its shell is:

Options:

- 1. * half
- 2. Sone-third
- 3. * One-fifth
- 4. * Two-fifth
- ✓ Three-fifth

Question Number: 98 Question Id: 8674 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

High steam and low water safety valve is not used on which of the following boilers?

Options:

- Locomotive and Marine boiler
- Cornish and Lancashire boiler
- Cochran and Cornish boiler
- 4. Lancashire and Cochran boiler
- 5. Sabcock and Wilcox boiler

Question Number: 98 Question Id: 8674 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

High steam and low water safety valve is not used on which of the following boilers?

- Locomotive and Marine boiler
- 2. See Cornish and Lancashire boiler

- 3. * Cochran and Cornish boiler
- 4. * Lancashire and Cochran boiler
- 5. Sabcock and Wilcox boiler

Question Number: 99 Question Id: 8675 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

What does the turbidity in boiler feed water cause?

Options:

- 1. 🖋 Sludge
- 2. Scale
- 3. * Corrosion
- 4. * Embrittlement
- 5. * Erosion

Question Number: 99 Question Id: 8675 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

What does the turbidity in boiler feed water cause?

Options:

- 1. 🗸 Sludge
- 2. Scale
- 3. S Corrosion
- 4. # Embrittlement
- 5. Section 5.

Question Number: 100 Question Id: 8676 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which type of boiler can meet rapid changes of load?

Options:

- 1. Wertical fire tube type
- 2. Morizontal fire tube type
- 3. Morizontal water tube type
- 4. V Forced circulation type
- 5. Wertical water tube type

Question Number: 100 Question Id: 8676 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which type of boiler can meet rapid changes of load?

Options:

- 1. Wertical fire tube type
- Horizontal fire tube type
- 3. * Horizontal water tube type
- 4. V Forced circulation type
- 5. Wertical water tube type

Question Number: 101 Question Id: 8677 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The ratio of the mixture that flows through the system and the amount of steam generated is called:

- 1. * Evaporation ratio
- 2. * Factor of evaporation
- 3. Soiler capacity
- 4. Sompression ratio
- 5. V Circulation ratio

Question Number: 101 Question Id: 8677 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The ratio of the mixture that flows through the system and the amount of steam generated is called:

Options:

- Evaporation ratio
- 2. * Factor of evaporation
- 3. Soiler capacity
- 4. * Compression ratio
- Órculation ratio

Question Number: 102 Question Id: 8678 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The size of boiler tubes is specified by:

Options:

- mean diameter and thickness
- 2. * inside diameter and thickness
- outside diameter and thickness
- 4. South outside and inside diameter
- 5. Soutside diameter alone

Question Number: 102 Question Id: 8678 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The size of boiler tubes is specified by:

Options:

- mean diameter and thickness.
- 2. * inside diameter and thickness
- 3. Voutside diameter and thickness
- 4. * both outside and inside diameter
- 5. Soutside diameter alone

Question Number: 103 Question Id: 8679 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The crown of the fire box is made hemispherical in order to:

Options:

- Sive maximum space
- 2. Sigive maximum strength
- 3. withstand pressure inside the boiler
- 4. resist intense heat in the fire box
- make it easy to manufacture

Question Number: 103 Question Id: 8679 Question Type: MCQ

The crown of the fire box is made hemispherical in order to:

Options:

- ive maximum space
- 2. Sive maximum strength
- 3. * withstand pressure inside the boiler
- 4. V resist intense heat in the fire box
- make it easy to manufacture

Question Number: 104 Question Id: 8680 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

An apparatus used to reduce the temperature and heat content of a superheated vapour or a fluid is called:

Options:

- Superheater
- 2. 🍍 Air preheater
- 3. Steam separator
- 4. Feed check valve
- 5. 🗸 Attemperator

Question Number: 104 Question Id: 8680 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

An apparatus used to reduce the temperature and heat content of a superheated vapour or a fluid is called:

Options:

- 1. Superheater
- 2. 🏶 Air preheater
- 3. Steam separator
- 4. Feed check valve
- Attemperator

Question Number: 105 Question Id: 8681 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A steam power plant has the boiler efficiency of 91%, turbine efficiency (mechanical) of 94%, generator efficiency of 96% and cycle efficiency of 44%. If 6% of the generated power is used to run the auxiliaries, what is the overall plant efficiency?

Options:

- 1 * 30%
- 2 🗸 34%
- 3 * 39%
- 4 # 45%
- 5 * 49%

Question Number: 105 Question Id: 8681 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A steam power plant has the boiler efficiency of 91%, turbine efficiency (mechanical) of 94%, generator efficiency of 96% and cycle efficiency of 44%. If 6% of the generated power is used to run the auxiliaries, what is the overall plant efficiency?

Options:

1. * 30%

- 2. 🗸 34%
- 3 39%
- 4. * 45%
- 5 **#** 49%

Question Number: 106 Question Id: 8682 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following groups of devices is used for part recovery of heat from the flue through gases leaving the tube banks in a water tube boiler?

Options:

- 1. * Drum internals, Superheaters, Economizer
- 2. Economizer, Airpreheater, Electrostatic preheater
- 3. Waterwall, Drum internals, Superheaters
- 4. V Superheaters, Economizer, Air preheater
- 5. * Waterwall, Economizer, Electrostatic preheater

Question Number: 106 Question Id: 8682 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following groups of devices is used for part recovery of heat from the flue through gases leaving the tube banks in a water tube boiler?

Options:

- 1. * Drum internals, Superheaters, Economizer
- 2. Economizer, Airpreheater, Electrostatic preheater
- 3. Waterwall, Drum internals, Superheaters
- 4. V Superheaters, Economizer, Air preheater
- 5. Waterwall, Economizer, Electrostatic preheater

Question Number: 107 Question Id: 8683 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Where is an induced draft fan normally located?

Options:

- 1. At the outlet of the steam generator before the dust collector
- 2. At the outlet of the steam generator after the dust collector
- 3. At the inlet of the steam generator before the air heater
- 4. At the inlet of the steam generator after the air heater
- Between air heater and dust collector

Question Number: 107 Question Id: 8683 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Where is an induced draft fan normally located?

- 1. At the outlet of the steam generator before the dust collector
- 2. At the outlet of the steam generator after the dust collector
- At the inlet of the steam generator before the air heater
- 4. * At the inlet of the steam generator after the air heater
- 5. Between air heater and dust collector

Question Number: 108 Question Id: 8684 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 When the inspection doors on the walls of boilers are opened, the flame does not leap out because:

Options:

- 1. * the holes are small
- the pressure inside is negative.
- the flame always travels in the direction of flow
- 4. * the holes are located beyond the furnace
- the holes are located before the furnace

Question Number: 108 Question Id: 8684 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

When the inspection doors on the walls of boilers are opened, the flame does not leap out because:

Options:

- the holes are small
- the pressure inside is negative.
- the flame always travels in the direction of flow
- 4. * the holes are located beyond the furnace
- 5 # the holes are located before the furnace.

Question Number: 109 Question Id: 8685 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Consider the following.

- a) Safety valve
- b) Fusible plug
- Feed water pump
- d) Pressure gauge

Which of the above would the essential boiler mountings include?

Options:

- Solution (a), (c) and (d)
- Only (c) and (d)
- 3. * Only (a), (b) and (c)
- 4. Only (a), (b) and (d)
- 5. * All four

Question Number: 109 Question Id: 8685 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Consider the following.

- a) Safety valve
- b) Fusible plug
- Feed water pump
- d) Pressure gauge

Which of the above would the essential boiler mountings include?

- Solution (a), (c) and (d)
- Only (c) and (d)

3. * Only (a), (b) and (c) 4. * Only (a), (b) and (d)

5. * All four

Question Number: 110 Question Id: 8686 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Consider the following accessories.

- a) Superheater
- b) Air preheater
- c) Economizer

What is the correct sequence of the position of these accessories along the flow of flue gas in a steam power plant?

Options:

- 1. * (c), (a), (b)
- 2. 3 (a), (b), (c)
- 3. 🗸 (a), (c), (b)
- 4. * (b), (a), (c)
- 5. * (c), (b), (a)

Question Number: 110 Question Id: 8686 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Consider the following accessories.

- a) Superheater
- b) Air preheater
- c) Economizer

What is the correct sequence of the position of these accessories along the flow of flue gas in a steam power plant?

Options:

- 1. 风 (c), (a), (b)
- 2. * (a), (b), (c)
- 3. 🗸 (a), (c), (b)
- 4. \$\(\text{(b)}, (a), (c)
- 5. * (c), (b), (a)

Question Number: 111 Question Id: 8687 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Inside large power boiler, the flue gas pressure will be above the atmospheric pressure:

Options:

- at the furnace
- 2. * near the superheater region
- 3. * at the base of the chimney
- 4. 🗸 after the forced draught fan
- 5. 3 at the tube side

Question Number: 111 Question Id: 8687 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Inside large power boiler, the flue gas pressure will be above the atmospheric pressure:

Options:

- 1. * at the furnace
- 2. * near the superheater region
- 3. * at the base of the chimney
- 4. 🗸 after the forced draught fan
- 5. at the tube side

Question Number: 112 Question Id: 8688 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

When the water level in the boiler falls to an unsafe limit, which of the following ensures the safety?

Options:

- 1. Stop valve
- 2. Safety valve
- 3. V Fusible valve
- 4. Slow-off cock
- 5. * Logging

Question Number: 112 Question Id: 8688 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

When the water level in the boiler falls to an unsafe limit, which of the following ensures the safety?

Options:

- 1. * Stop valve
- 2. Safety valve
- 3. V Fusible valve
- 4. Blow-off cock
- 5. ቖ Logging

Question Number: 113 Question Id: 8689 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Why should the large temperature rise of boiler feed water in the economiser be avoided?

Options:

- 1. * Because the economizer efficiency will reduce
- 2. Because the overall steam generator efficiency will reduce
- Because the effectiveness of regenerator will be lower
- 4. Because the equivalent evaporation will get affected
- Because the factor of evaporation will get affected.

Question Number: 113 Question Id: 8689 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Why should the large temperature rise of boiler feed water in the economiser be avoided?

- Because the economizer efficiency will reduce
- 2. Because the overall steam generator efficiency will reduce
- Because the effectiveness of regenerator will be lower
- 4. Because the equivalent evaporation will get affected
- Because the factor of evaporation will get affected.

Question Number: 114 Question Id: 8690 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following does not have a steam drum?

Options:

1. * La mont boiler

2. Soeffler boiler

3. 🗸 Benson boiler

4. Welox boiler

Portable boiler

Question Number: 114 Question Id: 8690 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following does not have a steam drum?

Options:

1. * La mont boiler

2. St. Loeffler boiler

3. 🕊 Benson boiler

4. Welox boiler

5. Rortable boiler

Question Number: 115 Question Id: 8691 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Consider the following statements.

- a) Fusible plug is a device used to put off fire in the furnace of the boiler when the level of water in the boiler falls to unsafe limit.
- b) Super heater is a device used to increase the temperature of saturated steam without raising its pressure.
- c) An economiser decreases the steam raising capacity of the boiler.

Which of the given statements is/are correct?

Options:

- Only (a) and (b)
- Section 2. Section 2. Section 2. Section 3.
 Only (b) and (c)
- 3. 🍍 Only (a) and (c)
- 4. * All three
- S. ** Only (c)

Question Number: 115 Question Id: 8691 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Consider the following statements.

- a) Fusible plug is a device used to put off fire in the furnace of the boiler when the level of water in the boiler falls to unsafe limit.
- b) Super heater is a device used to increase the temperature of saturated steam without raising its pressure.
- c) An economiser decreases the steam raising capacity of the boiler.

Which of the given statements is/are correct?

Options: Only (a) and (b) 2. Solve (b) and (c) 3. * Only (a) and (c) 4. * All three 5. * Only (c) Question Number: 116 Question Id: 8692 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 How much oxygen is needed to completely burn 1 kg of methane? **Options:** 1. 🏁 2 kg 2. 🖋 4 kg 3. * 16 kg 4. * 22 kg 5. 3 40 kg Question Number: 116 Question Id: 8692 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 How much oxygen is needed to completely burn 1 kg of methane? **Options:** 1. 🏁 2 kg 2. 🗸 4 kg 3. × 16 kg 4. * 22 kg 5. 🍀 40 kg Question Number: 117 Question Id: 8693 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Which of the following combustion systems requires maximum excess air? **Options:** Pulverized coal combustion 2. Soll burners 3. Sas burners 4. 🗸 Chain gate stoker 5. * Hand firing Question Number: 117 Question Id: 8693 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Which of the following combustion systems requires maximum excess air? **Options:** Pulverized coal combustion 2. 🍍 Oil burners 3. 🏶 Gas burners 4. 🗸 Chain gate stoker 5. Hand firing Question Number: 118 Question Id: 8694 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following symptoms shows that the combustion in air is necessarily complete?

Options:

Absence of O2 in exhaust

2. * Absence of N2 in exhaust

Absence of free carbon in exhaust

4. Absence of carbon mono oxide in exhaust

5. Absence of free H2

Question Number: 118 Question Id: 8694 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following symptoms shows that the combustion in air is necessarily complete?

Options:

Absence of O2 in exhaust

2 * Absence of N2 in exhaust

Absence of free carbon in exhaust

4. Absence of carbon mono oxide in exhaust

5. Absence of free H2

Question Number: 119 Question Id: 8695 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

When the enthalpy or total heat of steam is h kJ/kg and the sensible heat of feed heater is h_{fl} kJ/kg, then the factor of evaporation is given by:

Options:

$$/$$
 $/$ $(h - h_{fl})/2257$

$$_{2}$$
 * $(h + h_{fl})/2257$

Question Number: 119 Question Id: 8695 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

When the enthalpy or total heat of steam is h kJ/kg and the sensible heat of feed heater is h_{fl} kJ/kg, then the factor of evaporation is given by:

$$2.$$
 (h + h_{f1})/2257

Question Number: 120 Question Id: 8696 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The amount of water evaporated, in kg, per kg of fuel burnt is called:

Options:

- 1 * equivalent evaporation from and at 100 °C
- evaporative capacity of the boiler
- 3 * boiler efficiency
- 4 * boiler capacity
- 5 * coal amount

Question Number: 120 Question Id: 8696 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The amount of water evaporated, in kg, per kg of fuel burnt is called:

Options:

- 1 * equivalent evaporation from and at 100 °C
- 2. v evaporative capacity of the boiler
- 3 * boiler efficiency
- boiler capacity
- 5 x coal amount

Question Number: 121 Question Id: 8697 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In a boiler, various heat losses take place. The biggest loss is due to:

Options:

- 1. * the moisture in fuel
- 2. 🗸 dry flue gases
- 3. 🍀 steam formation
- 4. * unburnt carbon
- 5. * incomplete combustion

 $Question\ Number: 121\ \ Question\ Id: 8697\ \ Question\ Type: MCQ$

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In a boiler, various heat losses take place. The biggest loss is due to:

Options:

- 1. * the moisture in fuel
- 2. V dry flue gases
- 3. 🛎 steam formation
- 4. * unburnt carbon
- 5. * incomplete combustion

Question Number: 122 Question Id: 8698 Question Type: MCQ

The chimney draught varies with:

- a) the climatic conditions
- b) the temperature of furnace gases
- c) the height of the chimney
- d) the boiler shell dimension

Which of these is correct?

Options:

- 1. * Only (a), (b) and (d)
- 2. * Only (b) and (d)
- 3. * Only (b), (c) and (d)
- 4. Only (a), (b) and (c)
- 5. * All four

Question Number: 122 Question Id: 8698 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The chimney draught varies with:

- a) the climatic conditions
- b) the temperature of furnace gases
- c) the height of the chimney
- d) the boiler shell dimension

Which of these is correct?

Options:

- 1. * Only (a), (b) and (d)
- 2. * Only (b) and (d)
- 3. * Only (b), (c) and (d)
- 4. Only (a), (b) and (c)
- 5. * All four

Question Number: 123 Question Id: 8699 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The draught of locomotive boilers is produced by:

Options:

- 1. 🍍 a chimney
- 2. 🏁 a centrifugal fan
- 3. 🗹 a steam jet
- 4. * blowers
- 5. 🍍 an induced fan

Question Number: 123 Question Id: 8699 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The draught of locomotive boilers is produced by:

- 1. 🍍 a chimney
- 2. * a centrifugal fan
- 3. 🖋 a steam jet

Question Number: 124 Question Id: 8700 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The velocity of flue gases (V₁) through the chimney under a static draught of H metres is given by:

Options:

$$V_1 = 4.43H$$

$$_{2}$$
 \checkmark $V_{1} = 4.43\sqrt{H}$

$$V_1 = 4.43H^2$$

$$V_1 = \frac{H}{\sqrt{2}g}$$

$$_{5.}$$
 × $V_1 = 2g\sqrt{H}$

Question Number: 124 Question Id: 8700 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The velocity of flue gases (V₁) through the chimney under a static draught of H metres is given by:

Options:

$$V_1 = 4.43H$$

$$_{2}$$
 \checkmark V₁ = 4.43 \sqrt{H}

$$_3 \times V_1 = 4.43H^2$$

$$V_1 = \frac{H}{\sqrt{2}g}$$

$$_{5.}$$
 × $V_1 = 2g\sqrt{H}$

Question Number: 125 Question Id: 8701 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

For maximum mass of hot gases discharged through the chimney:

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{2(m+1)}{m}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{(m+1)}{m}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{(m+1)}{2m}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{m}{(m+1)}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{2m}{(m+1)}$$

Question Number: 125 Question Id: 8701 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

For maximum mass of hot gases discharged through the chimney:

Options:

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{2(m+1)}{m}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{(m+1)}{m}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{3. * T_1} = \frac{(m+1)}{2m}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{m}{(m+1)}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{2m}{(m+1)}$$

Question Number: 126 Question Id: 8702 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The recommended Tds level in boiler drum that can be safely maintained for the water tube boiler is:

Options:

1. ♥ 3000 - 3500 PPM

2. * 2000 - 2500 PPM

3. \$ 5000 - 5500 PPM

4. * 6000 - 6500 PPM

5. * 1000 - 2000 PPM

Question Number: 126 Question Id: 8702 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The recommended Tds level in boiler drum that can be safely maintained for the water tube boiler is:

Options:

1. 3000 - 3500 PPM

2. * 2000 - 2500 PPM

3. × 5000 - 5500 PPM

4. * 6000 - 6500 PPM

5. \$ 1000 - 2000 PPM

Question Number: 127 Question Id: 8703 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which welding process is not used for manufacturing boiler pipe?

Options:

Submerged arc welding

Gas tungsten arc welding

3. 🍍 Gas metal arc welding

4. Rlasma arc welding

S. Srazing

Question Number: 127 Question Id: 8703 Question Type: MCQ

Which welding process is not used for manufacturing boiler pipe? **Options:** 1. Submerged arc welding 2. Sas tungsten arc welding 3. 🍍 Gas metal arc welding 4. * Plasma arc welding 5. V Brazing Question Number: 128 Question Id: 8704 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 In India, a boiler should conform to safety regulations of: **Options:** 1. * DIN 2. 38 BIS B. ₩ ASTM 4. 🖋 IBR S. ** ASME Question Number: 128 Question Id: 8704 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 In India, a boiler should conform to safety regulations of: **Options:** 1. * DIN 2. # BIS B. ₩ ASTM 4. 🗸 IBR S. ASME Question Number: 129 Question Id: 8705 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 In India, inspection and certification of boiler is done under an act of which of the following? **Options:** 1. VIBR 2. SME B. 🎏 ASTM 4. Sovernance 5. * NGT Question Number: 129 Question Id: 8705 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 In India, inspection and certification of boiler is done under an act of which of the following? **Options:** 1. VIBR 2. SME B. ₩ ASTM 4. Sovernance 5. * NGT

Question Number: 130 Question Id: 8706 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Bend test types are: a) Root bend b) Face bend c) Side bend d) Izod test Choose the correct answer below. **Options:** 1. * Only (a) 2. * Only (b) 3. V All four 4. * Only (d) 5. * Only (c) Question Number: 130 Question Id: 8706 Question Type: MCQ Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0 Bend test types are: a) Root bend b) Face bend c) Side bend d) Izod test

Choose the correct answer below.

Options:

- 1. * Only (a)
- 2. * Only (b)
- 3. V All four
- 4. * Only (d)
- 5. * Only (c)

Question Number: 131 Question Id: 8707 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which body is empowered to amend the Indian Boiler Regulation?

Options:

- Central Boiler Board
- 2. * Pollution Control Board
- 3. Soiler Testing Board
- 4. Sreen Tribunal Board
- Inspection Boiler Board

Question Number: 131 Question Id: 8707 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which body is empowered to amend the Indian Boiler Regulation?

- Central Boiler Board
- Pollution Control Board

- 3. Soiler Testing Board
- 4. Sreen Tribunal Board
- Inspection Boiler Board

Question Number: 132 Question Id: 8708 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In boiler design, what does the term RLA stand for?

Options:

- 1. V Remnant Life Assessment
- 2. Remaining Life Application
- 3. Running Life Assessment
- 4. Real Life Approach
- 5. Running Life Application

Question Number: 132 Question Id: 8708 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

In boiler design, what does the term RLA stand for?

Options:

1. V Remnant Life Assessment

- 2. Remaining Life Application
- 3. Running Life Assessment
- 4. Real Life Approach
- Running Life Application

Question Number: 133 Question Id: 8709 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

De-aeration of boiler feed water is referred to as:

Options:

- ✓ Removal of dissolved gases
- 2. * Removal of silica
- 3. Removal of scale blow down
- 4. * Phosphate treatment of water
- 5. S Dust particle removal

Question Number: 133 Question Id: 8709 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

De-aeration of boiler feed water is referred to as:

Options:

- 1. VRemoval of dissolved gases
- 2. * Removal of silica
- Removal of scale blow down
- 4. * Phosphate treatment of water
- 5. Sust particle removal

Question Number: 134 Question Id: 8710 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Good opportunity for energy savings from continuous blow down water of boiler is by:

- 1. * reusing the hot water so formed as make up water
- 2. * using blow down steam to run the steam turbine
- 3. 🗸 utilising flash steam in de-aerator
- 4. * using regeneration
- using reheating

Question Number: 134 Question Id: 8710 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Good opportunity for energy savings from continuous blow down water of boiler is by:

Options:

- 1. * reusing the hot water so formed as make up water
- using blow down steam to run the steam turbine
- 3. 🗸 utilising flash steam in de-aerator
- 4. * using regeneration
- 5. 🍀 using reheating

Question Number: 135 Question Id: 8711 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

With the increase in pressure, the temperature of steam will:

Options:

- 1. 🗸 increase
- 2. * decrease
- 3. * remain constant
- 4. * become zero
- 5. # either increase or decrease

Question Number: 135 Question Id: 8711 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

With the increase in pressure, the temperature of steam will:

Options:

- 1. Increase
- 2. * decrease
- 3. * remain constant
- 4. * become zero
- sither increase or decrease

Question Number: 136 Question Id: 8712 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Consider the following statements.

- a) Any pipe through which the steam passes from a boiler to a prime mover.
- b) The pipe whose internal diameter exceeds 254 mm.
- c) The pipe whose internal diameter is less than 254 mm.

Which of the statements given above correctly define an IBR pipe (steam pipe)?

- 1. * Only (a)
- 2. * Only (b)

- 3. * Only (c)
- 4. Only (a) and (b)
- 5. * Only (b) and (c)

Question Number: 136 Question Id: 8712 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Consider the following statements.

- a) Any pipe through which the steam passes from a boiler to a prime mover.
- b) The pipe whose internal diameter exceeds 254 mm.
- c) The pipe whose internal diameter is less than 254 mm.

Which of the statements given above correctly define an IBR pipe (steam pipe)?

Options:

- 1. 风 Only (a)
- 2. 3 Only (b)
- 3. 🍀 Only (c)
- 4. 🗸 Only (a) and (b)
- 5. * Only (b) and (c)

 $Question\ Number: 137\ \ Question\ Id: 8713\ \ Question\ Type: MCQ$

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following groups is classified as external water treatment methods?

Options:

- ✓ Precipitation process, Ion-exchange process, De-aeration, Filtration process
- 2. * Boiling process, De-aeration, Foaming control, Priming control
- 3. Foaming control, Ion-exchange process, De-aeration, Priming control
- 4. * Priming control, Soda lime method, Precipitation process, Filtration process
- 5. Soda lime method, Boiling process, De-aeration, Foaming control

Question Number: 137 Question Id: 8713 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Which of the following groups is classified as external water treatment methods?

Options:

- 1. ✓ Precipitation process, Ion-exchange process, De-aeration, Filtration process
- 2. Boiling process, De-aeration, Foaming control, Priming control
- Foaming control, Ion-exchange process, De-aeration, Priming control
- 4. * Priming control, Soda lime method, Precipitation process, Filtration process
- Soda lime method, Boiling process, De-aeration, Foaming control

Question Number: 138 Question Id: 8714 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Under Indian Boiler Regulation Act, what is the minimum capacity of any closed vessel that generates steam?

- 1. * 2.275 litres
- 2. **3** 22.75 Kilo litres
- 3 × 227.5 litres
- 4. 🗸 22.75 litres

5. 3 2275 litres

Question Number: 138 Question Id: 8714 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Under Indian Boiler Regulation Act, what is the minimum capacity of any closed vessel that generates steam?

Options:

- 1. * 2.275 litres
- 2. * 22.75 Kilo litres
- 3. * 227.5 litres
- 4. 22.75 litres.
- 5. # 2275 litres

Question Number: 139 Question Id: 8715 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

According to IBR-1950, what is the range of evaporation ratio (steam to fuel ratio) of an efficient oil fired boiler?

Options:

- 1. 3 5 to 6
- 2. 🗸 13 to 16
- 3. **%** 1 to 3
- 4. # 7 to 9
- 5. # 8 to 10

Question Number: 139 Question Id: 8715 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

According to IBR-1950, what is the range of evaporation ratio (steam to fuel ratio) of an efficient oil fired boiler?

Options:

- 1. \$ 5 to 6
- 2. V 13 to 16
- 3. **×** 1 to 3
- 4. 3 7 to 9
- 5. \$ 8 to 10

Question Number: 140 Question Id: 8716 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The presence of calcium and magnesium bicarbonates in water to steam boilers would form:

Options:

- 1. * an acidic solution
- an alkaline solution
- 3. * a neutral solution
- 4. * an acidic or an alkaline solution
- 5. 🍍 a neutral acidic solution

Question Number: 140 Question Id: 8716 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The presence of calcium and magnesium bicarbonates in water to steam boilers would form:

Options:

1. * an acidic solution

- 2. an alkaline solution
- 3. * a neutral solution
- 4. * an acidic or an alkaline solution
- 5. 3 a neutral acidic solution

Question Number: 141 Question Id: 8717 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Dry saturated steam at 3 bar is used to heat water flowing at constant rate of 1.5 litres/sec from 10 °C to 60 °C. The latent heat of vaporization, h_{fg}, at 3 bar is 2133.4 kJ/kg and the specific heat of water is 4.19 kJ/kg °C. Determine the steam flow rate.

Options:

- 1. 320 kg/hr
- 2. 380 kg/hr
- 3. 🍍 402 kg/hr
- 4. 34 432 kg/hr
- 5. 🗸 530 kg/hr

Question Number: 141 Question Id: 8717 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Dry saturated steam at 3 bar is used to heat water flowing at constant rate of 1.5 litres/sec from 10 °C to 60 °C. The latent heat of vaporization, h_{fg} , at 3 bar is 2133.4 kJ/kg and the specific heat of water is 4.19 kJ/kg °C. Determine the steam flow rate.

Options:

- 1. 320 kg/hr
- 2. 380 kg/hr
- 3. * 402 kg/hr
- 4. * 432 kg/hr
- 5. 🗸 530 kg/hr

Question Number: 142 Question Id: 8718 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Find the percentage of excess air supplied for a boiler, if the theoretical CO₂ is 20.67% and the actual CO₂ measured in the flue gas is 14%.

Options:

- 1. 37.04%
- 2 × 52.14%
- 3 × 27.26%
- 4 * 49.34%
- 5 * 47.44%

Question Number: 142 Question Id: 8718 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Find the percentage of excess air supplied for a boiler, if the theoretical CO₂ is 20.67% and the actual CO₂ measured in the flue gas is 14%.

Options:

- 1. 37.04%
- 2 * 52.14%
- 3 × 27.26%
- 4. * 49.34%
- 5 * 47.44%

Question Number: 143 Question Id: 8719 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Steam from two sources is mixed in common main at 10 kgf/cm² pressure. The steam from first source is 0.8 dry, while from the second source has 100 °C superheat. What will be the quality of mixture?

Options:

- 1. # 0.85
- 2. 8 0.87
- 3. 🗸 0.936
- 4. \$ 0.915
- 5. \$ 0.9

Question Number: 143 Question Id: 8719 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Steam from two sources is mixed in common main at 10 kgf/cm² pressure. The steam from first source is 0.8 dry, while from the second source has 100 °C superheat. What will be the quality of mixture?

Options:

- 1. * 0.85
- 2. \$ 0.87
- 3. 🗸 0.936
- 4. \$ 0.915
- 5. \$ 0.9

Question Number: 144 Question Id: 8720 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The ratio of CO_2 to CO by weight after combustion of C is 9 : 1. What is the weight of the oxygen consumed mole (M) of carbon?

Options:

- 1. * 1.2 M
- 2. \$\mathbb{8}\$ 1.266 M
- 3. 3 2.41 M
- 4. 🗸 2.533 M
- 5. # 2.8 M

Question Number: 144 Question Id: 8720 Question Type: MCQ

The ratio of CO₂ to CO by weight after combustion of C is 9:1. What is the weight of the oxygen consumed mole (M) of carbon?

Options:

```
1. * 1.2 M
```

2. \$ 1.266 M

3. \$ 2.41 M

4. 🗸 2.533 M

5. \$ 2.8 M

Question Number: 145 Question Id: 8721 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Water at a pressure of 0.25 MPa is converted into steam with a dryness fraction of 0.9. What is the external work done?

Options:

3 2083.5 kJ/kg

2. * 2065 kJ/kg

3. * 182.5 kJ/kg

4. 🗹 164.25 kJ/kg

5. * 462.53 kJ/kg

Question Number: 145 Question Id: 8721 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

Water at a pressure of 0.25 MPa is converted into steam with a dryness fraction of 0.9. What is the external work done?

Options:

3 2083.5 kJ/kg

2. * 2065 kJ/kg

3. * 182.5 kJ/kg

4. **✓** 164.25 kJ/kg

462.53 kJ/kg

Question Number: 146 Question Id: 8722 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

After complete combustion of C with just sufficient air, the weight of CO₂ was found to be 41% of the weight of N₂. What was the air : carbon ratio by weight?

Options:

1. 3 9.7

2. 🗱 10.1

3. 🕊 11.6

4. \$ 12.1

5. \$ 14.4

Question Number: 146 Question Id: 8722 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

After complete combustion of C with just sufficient air, the weight of CO₂ was found to be 41% of the weight of N₂. What was the air : carbon ratio by weight?

```
1. * 9.7
2. * 10.1
3. * 11.6
4. * 12.1
```

5. \$ 14.4

Question Number: 147 Question Id: 8723 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A chimney is 28 m high and the temperature of hot gases in the chimney is 320 °C. The temperature of outside air is 23 °C, and the furnace is supplied with 15 kg of air per kg of fuel burnt. Calculate draught, in mm, of water.

Options:

```
1. ¾ 10.7 mm
2. √ 15.6 mm
3. ¾ 12.4 mm
4. ¾ 21.7 mm
```

5. 3 16.2 mm

Question Number: 147 Question Id: 8723 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

A chimney is 28 m high and the temperature of hot gases in the chimney is 320 °C. The temperature of outside air is 23 °C, and the furnace is supplied with 15 kg of air per kg of fuel burnt. Calculate draught, in mm, of water.

Options:

1. **¾** 10.7 mm 2. **√** 15.6 mm 3. **¾** 12.4 mm 4. **¾** 21.7 mm 5. **¾** 16.2 mm

Question Number: 148 Question Id: 8724 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The specific volume of water when heated at 0 °C:

Options:

first increases, then decreases
 first decreases, then increases
 increases steadily
 decreases steadily
 varies exponentially

Question Number: 148 Question Id: 8724 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The specific volume of water when heated at 0 °C:

- 1. * first increases, then decreases
- 2. 🗸 first decreases, then increases

- 3. * increases steadily
- 4. * decreases steadily
- varies exponentially

Question Number: 149 Question Id: 8725 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The major axis of elliptical manholes on the shell should be provided:

Options:

- 1. * longitudinally
- 2. circumferentially
- 3. 🍍 on dished end
- 4. * anywhere
- 5. * vertically

Question Number: 149 Question Id: 8725 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The major axis of elliptical manholes on the shell should be provided:

Options:

- 1. * longitudinally
- 2. circumferentially
- 3. 🍀 on dished end
- 4. * anywhere
- 5. * vertically

Question Number: 150 Question Id: 8726 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The draught produced by steel chimney as compared to that produced by brick chimney for the same height:

Options:

- 1. * is less
- 2. Vis more
- 3. * is the same
- 4. * may be more or less
- 5. * is independent of the chimney material

Question Number: 150 Question Id: 8726 Question Type: MCQ

Correct: 2.0 Wrong: 1.0

The draught produced by steel chimney as compared to that produced by brick chimney for the same height:

- 1. * is less
- 2. Vis more
- 3. * is the same
- 4. * may be more or less
- 5. * is independent of the chimney material