

Booklet No. :

#### **CE - 16**

#### Civil Engineering

Duration of Test : 2 Hours			Max. Marks : 120					
	Hall Ticket No.							
Name of the Candidate :								
Date of Examination :	OMR Ans	wer Sheet No.	.:					
Signature of the Candidate		Signatur	e of the Invigilator					

#### INSTRUCTIONS

- This Question Booklet consists of 120 multiple choice objective type questions to be answered in 120 minutes.
- Every question in this booklet has 4 choices marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) for its answer.
- Each question carries one mark. There are no negative marks for wrong answers.
- This Booklet consists of 16 pages. Any discrepancy or any defect is found, the same may be informed to the Invigilator for replacement of Booklet.
- Answer all the questions on the OMR Answer Sheet using Blue/Black ball point pen only.
- Before answering the questions on the OMR Answer Sheet, please read the instructions printed on the OMR sheet carefully.
- OMR Answer Sheet should be handed over to the Invigilator before leaving the Examination Hall.
- Calculators, Pagers, Mobile Phones, etc., are not allowed into the Examination Hall.
- No part of the Booklet should be detached under any circumstances.
- The seal of the Booklet should be opened only after signal/bell is given.

CE-16-A



#### CIVIL ENGINEERING (CE)

1.	A system of homog	geneous li	near equation	s A)	t = 0 has a not	ntrivia	d solution if
	(A)  A  = -1	(B) IA	0 ≠ 1	C)	A  = +1	(D)	A  = 0
2.	If 2, 1+2i are the el						34.00 (10.00 T)
	(A) 1–2i	(B) 1	+1 (	C)	2+3i	(D)	1/2
3.	If f(x) = (x-1)(x-1) $ c =$	-2) satisf	y Lagrange M	lean	Value theoren	at c	in the interval [1,3], then
	(A) 3	(B) 1	(	C)	2	(D)	0
4.	If $x = r\cos\theta$ , $y = r\cos\theta$	rsinθ, z :	= z, then the v	alue	of $\frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(r, \theta, z)}$ =		
	(A) r <sup>2</sup>	(B) $\frac{1}{r}$	(	C)	$r \tan \theta$	(D)	r
5.	If $y = cx - c^3$ is the	general s	solution of the	diff	erential equati	on	
	(A) $y'' - xy' - y$ :				$(y')^3 - xy' + y$	=0	
	(C) $y^{-}-xy^{-}-y$	= 0	(	D)	y' = 0		
6.	The complementar	y function	of $y' - 2y' +$	y =	$x^2 e^x \cos x$ is		
	(A) $c_1 \cos x + c_2 \sin x$	n.x	(	B)	$c_1e^1+c_2e^{-1}$		
	(C) $(c_1 x + c_2)e^x$		(	D)	$(c_1x+c_2)xe^x$		
7.	If X is a Poisson di	stributed	variable and	P(X)	$=0)=\frac{1}{2}$ , then	the p	probability distribution
	function is				e		
	(A) $\frac{e^{-2}2^x}{x!}$	(B) e	x! (	C)	$\frac{2^x}{x!}$	(D)	$\frac{1}{x!}$
8.	If the mean and var probability distribu		a binomial dis	tribu	tion are 4 and	3 resp	ectively, then the
	(A) $C_x^8 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^x \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^s$				$C_x^{16} \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^x \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^x$		
	(C) $C_x^8 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^x \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^8$	x-x	(	D)	$C_x^{16} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^x \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^x$	x-0	
9.	One root of the equ	ation f(	$(x) = 2x^2 - 5x + 3$	-2=	0 lies in the in	terval	

Set - A 2 CE

(A) (0,1)

(B) (1,2) (C) (-1,0) (D) (-2,0)

10.	The method of successive approximation $x_{k+1} = \phi(x_k)$ converges if												
	(A)	$ \phi(x)  < 1$			(B)	$ \phi(x)  > 1$							
	(C)	$ \phi'(x)  > 0$			(D)	$ \phi'(x)  < 2$							
11.		ntilever bea	m is subj	ected to a m	noment a	the free end	. The sh	ape of the	shear force				
		Straight lin	ne		(B)	Rectangle							
		Triangle			(D)	Parabola							
12.		simply supp					ing, the	shapes of	the shear forc	e			
		Uniformly				Uniformly	varying						
	(C)	Exponentia	al		(D)	Sinusoidal							
13.	A nu	imber of for	ces actin	g on a point	will be i	n equilibriun	n if						
		Sum of all				JUNE							
	(B)					es in vertica							
	(C)												
	(D)	(D) All the forces are equally inclined											
14.		point of con				jected to un	iformly	distribute	d load				
		0.2		0.33		0.4	(D)	0.5					
	(1.1)	0.2	(10)	V	(0)	0.4	(1)	0.0					
15.	is 0.		. If the sa	me beam is					load of 10kN the free end,				
	(A)	1.5mm	(B)	2.5mm	(C)	3.5mm	(D)	4.5mm					
16.	In a	symmetrical	I section	n, the maxin	num shea	r stress is ca	rried by						
	(A)	Top flange					000 Z040 *						
	(B)	At the junc	ction of to	op flange an	d web								
	(C)	Web											
	(D)	Shear cent	re										
17.	The	ratio of elon	gation of	f a conical b	ar due to	its own wei	ght and	that of a p	rismatic bar is				
	(A)	1	(B)	1	(C)	1	(D)	1					
		-						ento en e					
18.	a bea	ım is			at any po	oint along the	e curve o	of the defe	ormed shape o	f			
	(A)	±(dy/dx)/(	$1+d^2y/dx$	(2)1/2	(B)	$\pm (d^2y/dx^2)$	/(1+(dy/	$(dx)^2$ )3/2					
	(C)	$\pm \frac{(dy/dx)}{(d^2y/dx^2)}$	$(1+d^2y/d^2y/d^2y/d^2y/d^2y/d^2y/d^2y/d^2y/$	$dx^2$ ) 1/2	(D)	$\pm (dy/dx)/($	1+d <sup>2</sup> y/da	$(x^2)^2$					
Set -	A				3				CE				

19.	500		The ratio of (B) 2.	torsional st	trength				d Beam B is
20.		bending st More tha Equal to Directly	ress in a bean n section modu section modu proportional t proportional	n is dulus dus dus o section n	nodulu	s	(D)		
21.	(A)	volumetric $\frac{pd}{2tE} \left(1 - \frac{3pd}{4tE} \left(1 - $		cylindrica	(B)	due to inter $\frac{pd}{2tE} \left( \frac{5}{2} - \frac{2}{n} \right)$ $\frac{3pd}{4tE} \left( \frac{5}{2} - \frac{2}{n} \right)$	$\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)$	ure is	
22.	3 me	etre effecti	ve length is						s 25 mm and
23.	(A) (B) (C)	Modulus Cross sec Length o	oad does not elasticity of total dimens	the materia sion of the	l colum	360 n	(D)	480	
24.	A th	ree hinged Curved b	arch iseam in elevated determinate	stru	(B)	Quasi stat		inate	
25.				matically de	(B)	nate but stat Simply su Fixed bea	pported	eterminate	e. <mark>-</mark>
26.		leflection u	strain energy inder the app (B) 2		$\Delta = k$		-	stant and it	the joint then is value is
27.	(A) (B)	of column .  ((M <sub>AB</sub> +N ((M <sub>BC</sub> +N ((M <sub>AB</sub> +N	lebay, fixed p AB towards r I <sub>BA</sub> //L)+((M <sub>B</sub> I <sub>CB</sub> //L)+((M <sub>C</sub> I <sub>BA</sub> //L)+((M <sub>C</sub>	ight. The sl <sub>C</sub> +M <sub>CB</sub> )/L) <sub>D</sub> +M <sub>DC</sub> )/L) <sub>D</sub> +M <sub>DC</sub> )/L)	hear eq +P=0 +P=0 )+P=0		ed to a <mark>h</mark> e	orizontal k	oad P at the
Set -	A				4				CE

28.	The flexibility co-efficient in matrix method of analysis depends on  (A) Geometry, loading and elastic properties										
	(B)	Selection of the second		tic properties		3					
	(C)										
		Geometry	_								
		H		0							
29.	In S	tiffness met	hod of M	atrix Analys			unknown	is to be d	etermined	are	
	(A)	Stresses			(B)	Strains					
	(C)	Forces			(D)	Displacen	nents				
30.	Whe	n a concen	trated loa	d W moves	over a ra	ilway bridg	e of span	L, the ex	quivalent		
	unif	ormly distri	buted is_	(V	V/L)						
	(A)	1	(B)	2	(C)	4	(D)	8			
21	The				h of som		1 20	dann in			
31.			3.4	ssive strengt 50			100	25-72	perce	nt	
	(A)	30	(D)	30	(C)	70.	(D)	80			
32.	An I	RC rectangu	ılar slab l	nas the dimer	nsions 'l	'in longer	span and	'l-' along	the short	er	
		The second secon		atio $(l_y/l_x)<2$			*	700000			
	77.40		STREET, AND LONG.	It is to be de		A COLUMN TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O	оп орроза	io iongei	mac. unc		
		Elastically			1977	Flat slab					
		One way			(D)	Two way	slab				
		- 5									
33.	The	permissible	stress in	concrete of	an RC b	eam under s	shear is co	mputed	from		
	perc	entage of		and							
	(A)	Tensile st	eel, Conc	rete grade							
	(B)	Shear rein	forcemen	nt, Concrete	grade						
	(C)	Compress	sion and t	ension steel							
	(D)	Compress	sion steel	and Concrete	e grade						
34.	The	short term	deflection	of an RC be	eam is ca	alculated us	ing the va	lue of m	odular rat	io 'm'	
	as										
	(A)	E <sub>s</sub> /E <sub>c</sub>	(B)	$280/3\sigma_{\rm cbc}$	(C)	Ec/Es	(D)	$3\sigma_{cbc}/2$	80		
		ng i		50 C 40 C 50 C 50 C 50 C 50 C 50 C 50 C	•			0.0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
35.				m diameter		The second secon					
				be used in pl			COLUMN TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF		mm		
	(A)	100	(B)	125	(C)	150	(D)	180			
Set -	A				5					CE	

36.	If m is the modular ratio and p is the steel ratio and if α=mp then the elastic neutral axis times the effective depth											
		$-\alpha \pm \sqrt{\alpha^2}$		CHICCHIC		$\alpha^2 \pm \sqrt{\epsilon}$	ā					
		$mp^2 + \sqrt{r}$		$m^2p$				,				
37.	In th	e load balar ibuted load	is me	thod applie	ed to PSC l	eams wit	h parabolic	cables, t	he equivalent			
		6	(B)	4	(C)	8	(D)	2				
88.	The	minimum a	nd maxir he gross		ntage of co	ompression	n reinforce	ment in c	olumn is			
	(A)	0.8% and	1%	arca.	(B)	0.8% and	1.6%					
		0.8% and				0.8% an						
	(0)	O.O /U dild	0.10		(1)	o.o.o and	4 2 70					
9.	The	maximum s	nacing o	f vertical s	tirrups is							
	(A)	1.0 d	parenna	, vertical s		0.75 do	300 mm v	vhicheve	r is less			
	0.7633.76	300 mm			V 20 10 1		300 mm wl					
	(0)	200 11111			(1)	1.0 4 01	Joo IIIII W	nenever	is reas			
0.	Criti	cal section i	for one w	vay shear ii	n footing is	taken fro	m the face	of colum	nn at a distance			
	(A)	d/2	(B)	d/3	(C)	d	(D)	d/4				
1.							second nun	nber 8 in	dicate ultimate			
		le stress of_		_ and yiel			- m					
		800/800 M			(B)							
	(C)	88/880 MI	ra		(D)	64/880 N	viPa					
2.		number of p		nges requir	res to form	a mechan	ism in case	of prop	ped cantilever			
	(A)		(B)	2	(C)	3	(D)	4				
3.	Ing	angles are u	sed to									
	(A)			noth and sl	hear lag							
	7	Increase th			incur ing							
	(C)	Increase th										
		Increase th										
4.	In th	e analysis o	f beam c	olumns, pr	inciple of_		is not v	alid.				
	(A)	D'Alembe	rt			Virtual v						
	(C)	Superposit	tion		(D)	Transmi	ssibility					
5.	The	economical	depth of	welded pl	ate girder f	for M=680	00 kNm. (d	/tw)=180	and			
		50MPa is ap			-	nm						
	-	1500		1700		2000	(D)	1250				
et -	A				6				CE			
cı -	14				4.7				CE			

46.	In th	e design of	column b	bases the bear	ring stre	ngth of con	crete as p	er IS 800 is ta	iken as
	(A)	0.7 fck	(B)	5000 fck	(C)	0.45 fck	(D)	0.6 fck	
47.				p column is t ne slendernes	s ratio o	f the lacing		sverse shear e	qual
	(A)	1/50,180	(B)	1/30,145	(C)	1/40,250	(D)	1/40,145	
48.		design com				loaded cor	npression	member as pe	er IS
		Euler's	r en	4000	(B)	Merchant	Rankine		
	(C)	Perry Rob	ertson		(D)	Secant			
49.	The		size of we		t be less	than	mn	and more tha	ın
	(A)	The second secon	ess of pa		(B)	5, 1.5 time	es		
	(C)	6, 2 times			(D)	8, 3 times			
50.	(A) (B) (C)	Compatibi Mechanisi Yield and	ility and equal of the control of th	equilibrium uilibrium			n satisfy _	condition	15.
51.	spec		of 2.7. T	sample from he void ratio 0.945	of the cl	ay is		re content of	30% and a
	(A)	1.09	(B)	0.945	(C)	0.81	(D)	0.403	
52.								ditions are 0.	
		60%		75%		65%		80%	
53.	The	field density	v and fiel	d moisture co	ontent of	f a soil can	he determ	ained by	
55.	1. 2. 3. 4. (A)	Core cutte Sand repla Proctor co	r method acement r empaction Proctor of 4	nethod	est (B)	1 and 2 or 2 and 4 or	nly	inicu by	
	TTT:							1 200	
54.	resp		e natural					ndex and cons	istency
	(A)	20% and	0.5		(B)	20% and 2	2.0		
	(C)	30% and 0	).72		(D)	20% and	0.38		
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55.	If soil is dried beyond shrinkage limit, it will show										
		large volum				moderate vo	olume ch	ange			
		low volume				no volume o					
56.	Cons	sider the follo	wing state	ements.							
	1.	Organic ma	tter decrea	ises the pe	ermeabili	ty of soil					
	2.	Entrapped a									
	Whi	ch of these sta			•						
	(A)	1 only				2 only					
		Both 1 and	2			Neither 1 no	or 2				
57.	Effe	ctive stress or	n soil								
		increases vo		d decreas	es nerme	ability					
		increases bo				A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH					
		decreases be		* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
		decreases vo									
58.	The	soils most sus	scentible t	o liquefac	tion are						
200		saturated de	(CO. C.	o inque inc							
		saturated de		Funiform	particle	cizo					
					particle	Size					
		saturated cla	250000000000000000000000000000000000000								
	(D)	saturated gr	aveis and	cobbles							
59.		ing consolidat		ss of claye	ey soils,	indicate the	sequence	of the foll	owing in the		
		r from first to		N A SECTION							
	1.	Load being									
	2.	Load being									
	3.	Drainage of									
	(A)	1, 2 and 3	(B) 2	,3 and 1	(C)	1, 3 and 2	(D)	2, 1 and 3			
60.	A bo	orrow pit soil	has a dry	density o	of 16 kN/	m³. How ma	ny cubic	meters of	this soil will		
	(A)		(B) 1			100	(D)				
	(, -)		,		(-)		()				
61.		nstead of sir					faces i	s increase	d to two in		
	resp	onding soils,	the rate of	compress	sion will	be					
	(A)	4 times slow	ver		(B)	2 times slov	ver				
	(C)	4 times faste	er		(D)	2 times faste	er				
62.		a sample of ned to the ma					le, Ø, th	e failure p	lane will be		
	(A)	Ø			(B)	45°					
	(C)	$45^{\circ} - \emptyset/2$				$45^{\circ} + \emptyset/2$					
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63.	A sample of saturated cohesionless soil tested in a drained triaxial compression test showed an angle of internal friction of 30°. The deviator stress at failure for the sample at a confining pressure of 200 kPa is equal to											
		200 kPa		400 kPa		600 kPa	(D)	800 kPa				
64.	The (A)					itu undrained Plate Load T		strength of a s	oft clay is			
	(C)					Vane Shear						
65.	10 k	N/m3. The e	ffective	vertical stress	at 5 m	from the top of	of sand		$N/m^3, Y_w =$			
	(A)	40 kN/m <sup>2</sup>	(B)	50 kN/m <sup>2</sup>	(C)	100 kN/m <sup>2</sup>	(D)	150 kN/m <sup>2</sup>				
66.			t conditi	on, compare	as:			ate, K <sub>p</sub> for pa	assive state			
	(A)	$K_0 < K_a < K_p$	(B)	$K_a < K_0 < K_p$	(C)	$K_a < K_p < K_0$	(D)	K <sub>0</sub> <k<sub>p<k<sub>a</k<sub></k<sub>				
67.	Whi	ch of the fol Density of		actors affect t	the bear	ing capacity o	f cohes	sive soils?				
	2.	Angle of in	nternal fr	riction of soil								
	3.	Depth of fo Width of fo										
	7.5	1, 2 and 3		1, 2 and 4	(C)	2, 3 and 4	(D)	1, 2, 3 and 4				
68.	Amo	ongst the cla	v minera	ls, the one ha	ving the	maximum sy	velling	tendency is				
		Kaolinite		and cross-sector and		Montmorillo						
	(C)	Illite			(D)	Halloysite						
69.	Sano	d drains are u	used to									
		reduce the				accelerate th		olidation				
	(C)	increase th	e perme	ability	(D)	transfer the	load					
70.	Con	sider the foll										
	1.			lso called floa								
	2.	Minimum The group 100%	efficience	of piles to qua	oup ma	a pile group is y be either les	s three	100% or more	than			
	Whi	ch of these s	tatement	ts are correct	?							
	200	1, 2 and 3			(B)							
	(C)	2 and 3 on	ly		(D)	1 and 3 only						
71.		ace tension i	s due to									
		cohesion	New March		(B)							
	(C)	cohesion a	nd adhes	sion	(D)	cohesion or	adhesic	n				
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	(A)			steady flows							
	(B)	real fluids									
	(C)			along a stre							
	(D)	steady flov	w of idea	l fluids along	g a stream	n tube					
73.	exer	ted on the p		02 m <sup>2</sup> strikes	s at 10 r	m/s normally	y on a st	ationary pla	te, the force		
	(A)	200 N	(B)	1000 N	(C)	2000 N	(D)	20000 N			
74.	The	loss of head	in a pipe	carrying tu	rbulent f	low varies					
	(A)	inversely a	s the squ	are of the ve	elocity o	f flow					
	(B)	inversely a	s the squ	are of the di	ameter o	of pipe					
	(C)	directly as	the squa	re of the velo	ocity of	flow					
	(D)	directly as	the velo	city of flow							
75.	It is	proposed to	increas	e the dischar	rge by 2	0% in a circ	cular pip	e carrying o	il in laminar		
	regin	ne. If all	other fa	ctors remain	uncha	nged, powe	r consu		maintain the		
				the original				500			
	(A)	10%	(B)	20%	(C)	44%	(D)	52%			
76.	The	average dra	g coeffic	ient for a lar	ninar bo	undary layer	over a f	lat plate was	s obtained as		
	0.018. If all other factors remain unchanged, and the length of the plate is increased by 4 times its original value, the average drag coefficient would change to										
		0.0036		0.0056		0.008	(A)	0.009			
77.	Sing	ing of telep	hone win	es in the win	d occurs	due to					
2000	_	vibrations				tensioning	at the en	ds			
	7.00	Magnus ef				100000000000000000000000000000000000000		an vortex st	reet		
70			10		11 1	2					
78.				for a given o	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )						
	1. 2.		The second second	the depths he the depths h	The state of the s						
	3.		The state of the s	the depths	35777	The state of the s					
	4.			e the depths				20			
				ments are co		same momen	itum fore	.c			
		1 and 3		2 and 3		1 and 4	(D)	2 and 4			
79.	For a	a hydraulica	lly effici	ent triangula	r channe	l, the ratio o	f hydrau	lic radius to	depth of		
	flow		(P)	2.5	(7)	<i>[</i> 5	(D)	. 12			
		1/2 \( \frac{1}{2} \)	(B)	$2\sqrt{2}$		1/2	(D)	1/2			
Cat	A				10				CE		

80.	Which of the following GVF profiles are drawdown profiles?									
	(A)	$M_1, S_1, C_1$	-		(B)	M2, S2, H2,	$A_2$			
	(C)	M <sub>3</sub> , S <sub>3</sub> , H <sub>3</sub> ,	, A <sub>3</sub>		(D)	none of the	se			
81.	A hy	draulic jum	occurs	when there is	s a breal	c in grade fro	om a			
		mild to ste				steep to mi				
	(C)	steep to ste	eper		(D)	mild to mil	der			
82.	асто								varied only ow. The type	
	(A)	uniform irr	otationa	1	(B)	uniform rot	ational			
	(C)	non-unifor	m irrota	tional	(D)	non-unifor	n rotatio	onal		
83.		100 model o otype in m <sup>3</sup> /s		way, the disc	harge is	0.1 m <sup>3</sup> /s. Th	e corres	sponding dis	charge in the	
	(A)	10	(B)	100	(C)	1000	(D)	10000		
84.	Cons		owing ty	ypes of turbin	nes					
	1.	Francis								
	2.	Pelton with	a single	e jet						
	3.	Kaplan								
	The	sequence of	these tu	rbines in the	increasii	ng order of th	neir spec	ific speeds	is	
	(A)	1, 3 and 2	(B)	2, 1 and 3	(C)	1, 2 and 3	(D)	2, 3 and 1		
85.				ach capable of e resulting di			nec aga	inst a head	of 30 m, are	
	(A)	0.4 cumec	against a	a head of 30 i	m					
	(B)	0.4 cumec	against a	a head of 60 i	m					
	(C)	0.2 cumec	against a	a head of 30 r	m					
	(D)	0.2 cumec	against :	a head of 60 i	m					
86.				cessive days			are 2, 6	, 9 and 5 c	m. If $\emptyset = 5$	
	(A)	2 cm	(B)	5 cm	(C)	6 cm	(D)	9 cm		
87.	If the	e peak of a 2	h unit h	ydrograph is 2 cm of 2 ho	20 m <sup>3</sup> /s	the peak or	dinate o	of a flood hy	drograph due	
		25 m³/s		30 m <sup>3</sup> /s		40 m <sup>3</sup> /s		45 m <sup>3</sup> /s		
Set -	A				11				CE	
777.7									707	

88.	A water shed of area 100 ha has a runoff coefficient of 0.4. A storm of duration larger than the time of concentration of the watershed and of intensity 3.6 cm/h carries a peak discharge of										
		0.4 m <sup>3</sup> /s	(B)	4 m <sup>3</sup> /s	(C)	36 m <sup>3</sup> /s	(D)	40 m <sup>3</sup> /s			
89.		volume of fer material			extracted	by force of	gravity	from a unit	volume of		
	(A)	specific yie	eld		(B)	specific rete	ention				
	(C)	specific sto	orage		(D)	specific cap	acity				
90.		ood wave w				raph is route	ed throu	ugh a large u	incontrolled		
		attenuated									
	(B)	attenuated	peak wi	th increased	time bas	e					
	(C)	increased p	beak wit	h increased t	time base						
	(D)	increased p	eak wit	h reduced tii	me base						
91.	appl		iency is					nd to be 14 cr ency is 70%.			
		25 cm		20 cm	(C)	18.67 cm	(D)	17.5 cm			
92.	disc! The	harges required disc	red to g charge o	row them a	re 0.36 a	nd 0.27 respo		and wheat. The time fa			
		0.36 cume				0.40 cumec					
	(C)	0.63 cumes	C .		(D)	0.70 cumec					
93.		a clayey soi al to potentia				drop in the	availab	ole moisture,	the ratio of		
	(A)	1.0	(B)	0.7	(C)	0.5	(D)	0.2			
94.	theo finer (A) (B) (C)	ry, to carry than that of Channel M Channel N Channels M	the same N. I will have will have M and N	ve steeper lo ve steeper lo can have sa	of dischar ongitudin ngitudina	ge. But the b		signed based erial of M is			
	(D)	Silting is n	nore in M	A than in N							
95.	If th	e downstrea tail water, t	m face of he maxi	of the dam h mum princip	as a slop pal stress	e of 0.707 ho at the toe of t	rizonta the dan				
	(A)	1.7 MPa	(B)	2.4 MPa	(C)	3.6 MPa	(D)	4.8 MPa			
Set -	A				12				CE		

96.	In the treatment of 20,000 m <sup>3</sup> /day of water, the amount of chlorine used is 12 kg/day. The residual chlorine after 10 minutes contact is 0.25 mg/l. The chlorine demand in kg per day is										
	(A)	10	(B)	5	(C)	12	(	D) 7			
97.	The order of unit processes, rapid mixing(RM), flocculation(F), primary sedimentation(PS), secondary sedimentation(SS), chlorination(C) and rapid sand filtration(RSF) (first to last) commonly used in a convention water treatment plant is										
	(A)	PS→RSF-	$\rightarrow F \rightarrow RM$	I→SS→C	(B)	PS→F	→RM→F	RSF→SS	S→C		
	(C)	PS→F→S	SS→RSF-	$\rightarrow$ RM $\rightarrow$ C	(D)	PS→R	M→F→S	SS→RSI	-→C		
98.	MPN index is a measure of one of the following:										
	(A)	(A) Coliform bacteria				BOD <sub>5</sub>					
	(C)	Dissolved	oxygen o	content	(D)	Hardne	ess				
99.	Aeration of water is done to remove										
	(A)	(A) suspended impurities				colour					
		dissolved			(D)	dissolv	ed gases				
100.	Blue baby disease in children is caused by the presence of excess										
		chlorides			(B)	FU STATE OF					
	(C)	fluoride			(D)	lead					
101.	The	The water distribution mains are designed for									
		maximum			(B)	average	e hourly d	lemand			
	(C)	maximum	daily der	mand	(D)		e daily de	mand			
102.	The alkalinity and the hardness of a water sample are 250 mg/l and 350 mg/l as CaCO <sub>3</sub> , respectively. Then water has										
	(A)										
	(B)	B) 250 mg/l carbonate hardness and zero non-carbonate hardness									
	(C)	1 - '문'에서 로이크 회의 기업 및 - 15 - 12 및 1 및 1 및 1 및 1 및 1 및 1 및 1 및 1 및 1									
	(D)	(D) 250 mg/l carbonate hardness and 100 mg/l non-carbonate hardness									
103.	A co	A combined sewer is one which carries									
	(A)	(A) domestic sewage and storm water									
	(B)	(B) domestic sewage and industrial wastes									
	(C)	(C) domestic sewage and overhead flow									
	(D) domestic sewage, industrial wastes and storm water										
Set -	A				13					CE	

104.	The relationship between theoretical oxygen demand (TOD), biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) and chemical oxygen demand (COD) is given by										
		TOD>BOD				TOD>CO	D>BOD				
	7.100	COD>BOD				BOD>CO					
105.	Critical factors for the activated sludge treatment process are										
	(A) maximum hourly flow rate										
	(B)										
	(C)	maximum h	ourly fl	ow rate and ma	ximu	m daily org	anic load				
	(D)	(D) minimum hourly flow rate and minimum daily organic load									
106.	The main constituents of gas generated during the anaerobic digestion of the sludge are										
	(A)	carbon diox	ide and	methane							
	(B)	methane an	d ethane								
	(C)	carbon diox	ide and	carbon monox	ide						
	(D)	carbon mon	oxide a	nd nitrogen							
107.	Duri	During temperature inversion in the atmosphere, air pollutants tend to									
	(A)	accumulate	above in	nversion layer	(B)	accumulat	te below	inversion l	ayer		
	(C)	disperse late	erally		(D)	disperse v	ertically				
108.	Ozo	Ozone layer depletion is because of									
		hydrocarbo			(B)	carbon mo	onoxide				
	(C)	chlorofluro	carbons		(D)	carbon die	oxide				
109.	The	The presence of organic matter as the significant portion of a solid waste indicates its									
	suita	bility for				•					
		land filling			(B)	compostin	ng				
	(C)	incineration	Ē		(D)	pyrolysis					
110.											
				ne human ear is		- X - 2	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE				
	(A)	<90 dB	(B)	90 dB	(C)	94 dB	(D)	>94 dB			
111.	The rate of super elevation for a horizontal curve of radius 500 m in a national highway for a design speed of 100 kmph is										
	(A)	0.04	(B)	0.063	(C)	0.07	(D)	0.70			
112.											
	(A) Its penetration value is 8 mm										
	(B)	- 100 T - 100									
	(C)	its penetrati	on value	e is 8 to 10 mm	1						
	(D)	its penetrati	on value	e is 8 to 10 cm							
Set -	A				14				CE		

113.	The	position of	base cour	se in a flex	ible paver	nent is					
	(A) over the sub-base										
	(B) below the sub-base										
	(C) over the sub-grade but below the sub-base										
		over the v					needed				
114.	Traf	Traffic capacity is the									
	(A) ability of road way to accommodate traffic volume in terms of vehicles per hour										
	(B) number of vehicles occupying a unit length of road way at a given instant expressed										
		as vehicles/km									
	<ul> <li>(C) capacity of lane to accommodate the vehicles across the road</li> </ul>										
	(D)	(D) maximum attainable speed of vehicles									
115.	Who	n two road	e with two	a lana tuwa	way traf	Fig. aross n	t an unam	ntrolled inter	reaction the		
115.		number of					it an unco	ntroneu mei	section, the		
	(A)		(B)	100	(C)		(D)	32			
	(11)	7	(1)	10	(0)	44	(D)	32			
116.	The	plan of a su	irvey plot	ted to a sca	ale of 10 n	n to 1 cm is	s reduced	in such a wa	v that a line		
		The plan of a survey plotted to a scale of 10 m to 1 cm is reduced in such a way that a line originally 10 cm long now measures 9 cm. The area of the reduced plan is measured as 81									
	cm <sup>2</sup> .	The actual	area of th	e survey ir	n m <sup>2</sup> is						
	(A)	656	(B)	6561	(C)	1000	(D)	10,000			
***	m			CV AT		I CV D	G: 120	TD 10			
117.	The whole circle bearing of line AB is 50° and of line BC is 120°. The deflection angle at B from AB to BC is										
		50 <sup>0</sup>	(B)	700	(C)	110 <sup>0</sup>	(D)	1200			
	(A)	30	(B)	70	(C)	110	(D)	120			
118.	The	The rise and fall method of reduction of level readings provides arithmetic check on									
		(A) Intermediate sights only									
	7. (2.7)	(B) back sights and fore sights									
		(C) back sights, intermediate sights and fore sights									
		(D) back sights and intermediate sights									
119.	After fixing the plane table to the tripod, the main operations needed at each plane table										
	stati	station are 1. Levelling 2. Orientation 3. Centering									
	The correct sequence of these operations is										
	(A)	3, 1, 2	(B)	1, 3, 2	(C)	1, 2, 3	(D)	2, 3, 1			
120	D I	of a floor i	- 200 400	Staff ran	ling on th	a flagric t	605 m I	Panding on th	a staff hald		
120.	R.L of a floor is 200.490. Staff reading on the floor is 1.695 m. Reading on the staff held upside down against the bottom of the roof is 3.305 m. Height of the ceiling is										
		3.5 m		4.0 m		5.0 m	-	6.0 m			
	()		(0)		(-)		(-)				
						<u> </u>					
Set -	Λ				15				CE		
Set -	74				1.5				CE		

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#### SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



Set - A 16 CE

#### CIVIL ENGINEERING (CE) SET-A

Question No	Answer	Question No	Answer
1	D	61	C
2	A	62	D
2 3	C	63	В
4	D	64	D
5	В	65	В
6	C	66	В
7	A	67	D
8	D	68	В
9	A	69	В
10	A	70	A
11	A	71	A
12	C	72	D
13	C	73	C
14	A	74	C
15	D	75	C
16	C	76	A
17	В	77	D
18	В	78	В
19	A	79	A
20	D	80	В
21	В	81	В
22	В	82	D
23	D	83	D
24	C	84	В
25	D	85	A
26	В	86	В
27	C	87	D
28	В	88	В
29	D	89	A
30	D	90	В
31	C	91	A
32	C	92	D
33	A	93	A
34	A	94	В
35	В	95	C
36	A	96	D
37	C	97	D
38	В	98	A
39	В	99	D
40	C	100	В

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41	В	101	A
42	В	102	D
43	A	103	A
44	C	104	В
45	В	105	C
46	D	106	A
47	D	107	В
48	C	108	C
49	A	109	В
50	В	110	D
51	D	111	C
52	В	112	C
53	В	113	C
54	A	114	A
55	D	115	D
56	В	116	D
57	C	117	В
58	В	118	C
59	C	119	A
60	В	120	C