



**ANDHRA UNIVERSITY**  
**COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2017**  
**for Andhra University**

**AUCET-2017**



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## **Prof. G. NAGESWARA RAO**

**VICE-CHANCELLOR, ANDHRA UNIVERSITY,  
CHAIRMAN, ADVISORY COMMITTEE, AUCET-2017**

### **SCHEDULE OF AUCET-2017**

**Cost of Application : Rs.600/- (Rs.500/- for SC / ST / PHC)**

Commencement of Submission of online Applications	08-03-2017
Last date for submission of online Applications	15-04-2017
Last Date for submission of online Applications with late fee of Rs.1000/-	25-04-2017
Upload of complaints from the candidates regarding the online Applications	16-04-2017 to 27-04-2017
Downloading Hall-Tickets from website	29.04.2017
Commencement of Entrance Test (Tentative)	06-05-2017 to 08-05-2017
Date of Publication of Results	18-05-2017

## ANDHRA UNIVERSITY COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2017 (AUCET - 2017)

### ADMISSION INFORMATION BROCHURE

#### I. GENERAL:

1. Directorate of Admissions, Andhra University, Visakhapatnam invites applications from eligible candidates for admission through Andhra University Common Entrance Test (AUCET)-2017 into various Science, Arts, Engineering and Law Courses offered in Campus Colleges of Andhra University (AU), Visakhapatnam, P.G. Centres, and Colleges affiliated to AU offering P.G. Courses for the academic year 2017-2018.
2. Candidates who have already passed their qualifying degree examination or who have appeared / are appearing for the final examination in 2017 only are eligible for AUCET-2017. Candidates qualified in advanced supplementary examinations of 2017 are also eligible.
3. Candidates seeking admission into various courses of study for which tests are conducted should appear for AUCET-2017. Eligibility criteria for different courses and Tests to be conducted are given in Appendix-I.
4. Candidates from other recognised Universities are considered for admission into PG Arts and Science courses only if they possess a three year Bachelor Degree of 10+2+3 or 12+3 or 11+1+3 pattern, with the prescribed minimum percentage of marks, unless otherwise specified. Candidates who acquired Bachelor Degree by Distance Education without 10+2+3 pattern are also eligible for admission into P.G. Courses, subject to submission of residence certificate.
5. Bachelor Degrees of B.A./B.Sc./B.Com./B.A.Litt. and B.L. from Universities other than AP should be recognised by the respective Universities as equivalent thereto.
6. The requirement for admission into all Science and Engineering Courses offered by these universities is a minimum aggregate of 50% marks in Group Subjects (Part II) of the qualifying examination unless or otherwise specified. For SC and ST candidates, a minimum aggregate of 45% marks in group subjects (Part II) is sufficient.
7. The requirement for Arts, Commerce and Law courses is generally a pass in the appropriate qualifying degree, except for M.Sc. Anthropology for which the requirement is a minimum aggregate of 50% marks in group subjects (Part-II) in the qualifying examination and for SC & ST candidates, a minimum aggregate of 45% marks in the group subjects. The requirement for M.Ed course is a pass with a minimum aggregate of 50% marks in B.Ed. (45% for SC & ST Candidates).
8. ALLOWING A CANDIDATE FOR AUCET-2017 DOES NOT GUARANTEE A RIGHT OF ADMISSION INTO THE COURSE OF STUDY. A candidate must satisfy the eligibility criteria as given in Appendix-I. Candidates allowed to take the entrance test and subsequently getting seats by furnishing false information are liable for prosecution and cancellation of seats without notice. The decision of the admitting authority is final.
9. Candidates who have already completed one P.G. course (Professional or Non-Professional) will not be provided hostel accommodation and will not be considered for any type of scholarship whatsoever, as per G.O.s. in force. As per Govt of A.P. Social Welfare (Edn) Department Memo No. 10537 / SW. Edn. 2/2011 dated. 01.11.2011: **The Maximum eligible age for obtaining scholarship in respect of SC, ST and BC is 34 years and in respect of EBC / Minorities / Disabled is 30 years for PG and above courses.**
10. Candidates who have already studied a P.G. course are not eligible to write the test leading to admission into the same course. Such candidates are liable for disciplinary action.
11. The concerned University reserves the right to fill or not to fill the seats earmarked for a particular course on administrative reasons. All admissions are purely provisional and the concerned University reserves the right to cancel the admission at any stage. Further, it also reserves the right to run or not to run a particular course depending on the number of candidates joined in it. **A minimum of 10 candidates or 50% of sanctioned strength of seats for a course which ever is less should join in any course under Self Finance or Payment streams to run the course.**
12. The candidates seeking admission into the courses offered without entrance test should also apply online against this notification.
13. **MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION IN ALL P.G. COURSES EXCEPT LANGUAGES OFFERED WILL BE IN ENGLISH. HENCE THE CANDIDATES SHALL WRITE THEIR SUBSEQUENT EXAMINATIONS AFTER ADMISSION IN ENGLISH ONLY.**
14. All disputes pertaining to AUCET-2017 shall fall within the courts jurisdiction of Visakhapatnam only.

## II HOW TO APPLY:

- 1) **SUBMISSION OF FILLED IN APPLICATIONS THROUGH ONLINE** : Applications should be submitted through online only.

### Online Submission

For online submission, visit the Website [www.audoa.in](http://www.audoa.in), [www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/doa](http://www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/doa). A candidate has to pay Rs. 600/- (Rs.500/- for SC/ST/PHC) (Plus Bank charges applicable for the mode of payment selected) as Registration and Application Processing Fee (and late fee if applicable) by opting any of the following modes of payments: (a) Andhra Bank / State Bank of India Challan (b) Debit / Credit Card / Net Banking. After filling the online Application form with the required details, verify all the details carefully and press Submit button. Filled in Application Form will be generated that contains Application number along with filled details. Take print out of filled in Online Application Form. Use the Application number for future correspondence till the admission process is completed.

### The following information must be kept ready for filling the details Online submission

- a. Select the eligible courses.
- b. Hall-Ticket Number of Qualifying Examination.
- c. Percentage of marks and year of Passing of Qualifying Examination, if Passed.
- d. Date of Birth as per SSC records.
- e. Caste in case of SC/ST/BC candidates.
- f. PH/NCC/ NSS/SPORTS /CAP etc.
- g. Parental Income Upto One lakh or up to Two lakhs or more than Two Lakhs (rupees)
- h. Study or Residence (from M.R.O) or relevant certificate for proof of local status.

**Note** : The above original certificates are to be submitted during the Counseling for Admission

### 2) GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The University reserves the right to reject the application of a candidate at any stage, if a) the application is incomplete. b) the candidate fails to satisfy the prescribed eligibility conditions. c) false or incorrect information is furnished.
2. Any change whatsoever, including that of caste/community status or category, shall not be permitted to be made in the filled in application once it is received by the University. No correspondence will be entertained in this regard. Upload of complaints will be allowed during April 16 - 27, 2017.
3. The Director, DOA is not responsible for non-submission of application with in the notified date and time for any reason whatsoever.
4. The candidate should PRESERVE THE AUCET HALL TICKET to produce at the time of test and later at the time of admission into the course.
5. For NCC/ NSS / Sports categories the certificates obtained in qualifying examination alone are considered.
6. The candidates need not apply again for admission into University Colleges, P.G. Centres, and Colleges affiliated to AU.
7. **INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS WILL BE SUMMARILY REJECTED.**

## III HALL-TICKETS :

1. Candidates should download the Hall-Tickets from the University website : [www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/doa](http://www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/doa) or [www.audoa.in](http://www.audoa.in) and attend the examination.

## IV TEST CENTRES :

1. **AUCET-2017 will be conducted at the following Test Centres:**  
**1. VISAKHAPATNAM 2. SRIKAKULAM 3. VIZIANAGARAM 4. KAKINADA**  
**5. RAJAHMUNDRY 6. ELURU 7. VIJAYAWADA 8. GUNTUR**
2. Candidate should mention the Centre code and name of his / her choice of Test Centre in Online Application Form. Candidates applying for more than one test are advised to opt for the same Centre as there is a likelihood of clash of dates and timings. Requests for change of Test Centre and Subject opted by the candidate in the Application Form will not be considered under any circumstances.
3. **When the number of registered candidates for any test is below 200, the test will be conducted at Visakhapatnam centre only.**
4. Andhra University reserves the right to: (i) allot a Centre other than the candidate's choice, (ii) conduct or not to conduct any test and (iii) cancel a Test/Test - Centre based on the number of candidates opted for the Test / Test Centre.

5. When the number of applications is less than the number of seats for any test , the test will not be conducted and admissions will be made based on the marks obtained in qualifying degree.

#### **V TEST PROCEDURE :**

1. The Syllabi for the entrance test can be had from Andhra University **websites [www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/doa](http://www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/doa) & [www.audoa.in](http://www.audoa.in)**
2. Candidates shall come to the Examination hall at least half-an hour before the commencement of the Test.
3. Candidates will not be allowed into the examination hall without hall-ticket or after the commencement of the Test. They will not be allowed to leave the examination hall before the stipulated time.
4. Calculators, pagers, cell phones, books, papers, logarithm tables, slide-rule or any other calculating aids are NOT ALLOWED into the Examination hall.
5. Candidates should answer on the candidate specific ( with candidate name, Hall Ticket Number and photo) OMR ANSWER SHEET only.
6. The Chief Superintendent of the test centre can take disciplinary action on candidates involved in indiscipline, malpractice, impersonation, etc., and the answer scripts of such candidates will not be valued.

#### **VI RANK :**

1. All candidates appeared for the Entrance Test will be awarded AUCET-2017 test-wise Ranks as per marks secured in the test appeared.
2. In case of a tie between candidates securing the same mark in a test, the order of merit will be decided on the basis of date of birth of the candidate with priority to older candidate.
3. Candidate has to download Rank Card from the website only.
4. **There is no provision for revaluation or personal verification of the answer sheet.**

#### **VII ADMISSION INFORMATION:**

1. Admission shall be based on the **AUCET-2017** Rank, subject to the fulfillment of eligibility criteria as given in Appendix- I. For courses, colleges and number of seats **Appendix - II & Appendix - III** may be referred.
2. The admission schedule will be made available in the websites.
3. Information regarding college-wise, course-wise and reservation category-wise seat distribution and fee structure will be made available by the respective Universities after declaration of **AUCET-2017** results on the respective web sites (**[www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/doa](http://www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/doa)**).
4. At the time of certificate verification at helpline centres candidates should produce the following original certificates in support of the qualification and reservations claimed in the application for verification.
  - (i) AUCET-2017 Rank Card & Hall Ticket.
  - (ii) Degree / Provisional Pass Certificate.
  - (iii) Consolidated Marks statement of the Qualifying Examination.
  - (iv) Transfer and Conduct Certificate from the institution where the candidate last studied. Candidates who have completed / studied already or discontinued and seeking admission to second PG or professional course should submit TC relating to first PG course only. Duplicate TC relating to UG / PG degree should be accompanied by proper evidence of loss of original TC, Police complaint with not tracable and Affidavit. Candidates submitting false TC are liable for cancellation of seat at any stage and are liable for prosecution. (Admission will not be given if TC of the institution where the candidate studied last is not submitted)
  - (v) Migration Certificate (for other Universities)
  - (vi) Date of Birth Certificate (SSC/Matriculation or equivalent Certificate).
  - (vii) Study Certificates for the last seven years or Residence Certificate for preceding seven years of the qualifying examination.
  - (viii) Intermediate original certificate.
  - (ix) Integrated Community Certificate issued by the competent authority in case of SC/ST/BC/EBC/ Minority candidates.
  - (x) Valid latest income certificate issued by M.R.O./ Thasildar if fee concession is claimed (the validity of income certificate is four years from the date of issue) or White ration card (GO.M.S.No.186 dt.26.5.2015)
  - (xi) 4 recent passport size Photos.
  - (xii) Candidates opting for admission under NCC/Sports/CAP/PH/NSS quota shall produce relevant original certificate, in addition to the above.
  - (xiii) Discharge certificate and service certificate of the parent in case of children of armed personal.

- (xiv) Physical fitness certificate from an Asst. Civil Surgeon.
- (xv) One set of Photostat copies of all the above certificates.
- 5. After verification of the Certificates, at the helpline centre, the candidate will get all his/her Original certificates back except TC, CC and Migration certificate. The receipt of original certificates shall be given to the candidate.
- 6. **The cases of pending revaluation will not be considered.**
- 7. The concerned University reserves the right to deny entry into AUCET-2017. If the University finds the antecedents of the candidates are bad subsequent to the appearance of AUCET-2017, his/her rank can be cancelled and the candidate can be denied admission into any course under AUCET-2017 or admission can be cancelled even if admission is given.
- 8. **All the admissions are purely provisional and the University reserves the right to cancel the admission at any stage.**
- 9. **Guidelines for Admission:**
  - a) The conversion of reserved / special category seats into other category will not be made in the first phase counseling.
  - b) The student has to select the course of study through web options.
  - c) Candidates who did not claim their reservation / special category at the time of submission of their applications will also be allowed under that particular category subject to production of original certificates.
  - d) If seats under Other States quota in M.Sc. Agricultural Biotechnology, M.Sc. Coastal Aquaculture and Marine Biotechnology, M.Sc. Space Physics are not filled they shall be converted to seats under open category.
  - e) **Cancellation of seats : Cancellation of seats will be made with 90% refund of total fee prescribed before completion of first phase of counseling and 80% refund of the total fee prescribed before completion of second phase counseling and with no fee refund after second phase of counseling.**

#### 10. RESERVATION OF SEATS:

Admission into various courses of study shall be made on the basis of AUCET-2017 Rank and eligibility criteria subject to the rule of reservation as detailed below:

##### A. LOCAL CANDIDATES:

In every course of study and category (explained in the following section B) 85% of the available seats are reserved in favour of the Local Candidates from the districts of Srikakulam, Vizianagaram, Visakhapatnam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Krishna, Guntur and Prakasam belonging to Andhra University area.

- 1. A candidate shall be regarded as a local candidate in relation to a local area (AU/OU/SVU);
  - 1.1 If he/she has studied in an educational institution or educational institutions in such local area for a period of not less than four consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he/she appeared or first appeared in the relevant qualifying examination as the case may be; OR
  - 1.2 Where, during the whole or any part of the four consecutive academic years in which he/she appeared, or first appeared in the relevant qualifying examination, he/she has not studied in any educational institutions, if he/she resided in that local area for a period of not less than four years immediately preceding the date of commencement of the relevant qualifying examination in which he/she appeared, or first appeared, as the case may be.
- 2. A candidate who is not regarded as local candidate under clause (1.1) above in relation to any local area shall be regarded as a local candidate of AU/OU/SVU.
  - 2.1 If he/she has studied in the educational institutions in the state for a period of not less than seven consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he/she appeared or first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination as the case may be, be regarded as a local candidate in relation to (i) Such local area where he/she has studied for the maximum period out of the period of seven years; or (ii) Where the period of his/her study in two or more local areas is equal, such local area where he/she studied last in such equal periods;
  - 2.2 If during the whole or any part of the seven consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he/she appeared or first appeared for the relevant qualifying examinations, he/she not studied in the educational institutions, in any local area, but has resided in the State during the whole of the said period of seven years, be regarded as a local Candidate in relation to (i) Such local area where he/she has resided for the maximum period out of the said period of seven years; or

- (ii) Where the period of his/her residence in two or more local areas is equal, such local area where he she has resided last in such periods.
3. The remaining 15% seats can be competed by the categories mentioned below:
- All candidates defined as "Locals" of Andhra University area, and
  - The following categories of candidates who are defined as "Non-locals" for the present purpose: (i) All candidates, who are locals for Osmania and Sri Venkateswara University areas. (ii) Candidates who have resided in the State of Andhra Pradesh for a total period of ten years, excluding periods of study outside the State; or either of whose parents have resided in the State for a period of ten years excluding periods of employment outside the State. (iii) Candidates who are spouses/children of those in the employment of the State or Central Government, Public Sector Corporations, Local Bodies, Universities, Educational Institutions recognised by the Government and similar State or quasi Government Institutions within the State. A Certificate to that effect from the Head of the Institution or Department should be enclosed. (G.O.No.646 dated : 10.07.1979)

#### **B. OTHER CATEGORIES OF RESERVATION:**

The allocation of percentage of seats as detailed below is as per G.O.M.S.No.184, Education (EC-2) Department, dt. 20-8-1993, and G.O.M.S.No.116 SW(CV-1) dt. 10-12-1999 as amended up to date:

- Scheduled Castes (SC):15%; Scheduled Tribes (ST): 6%; Listed Backward Classes (BC: 29%, A-7%, B-10%, C-1%, D-7% and E-4%).
- NCC: 1%; Sports: 0.5%; Children of Armed Forces Personnel (CAP): 2% of seats be filled by horizontal method of reservation. This reservations is applicable for local candidates only.
- PH: 3% of seats be filled by following horizontal method of reservation. In the absence of suitable PH candidates in the respective categories, these seats will be filled-in with other candidates of the same category. This reservation is applicable for local candidates only.
- 33.33% of the seats in each course shall be **reserved in favour of women** candidates in each category. This rule of reservation shall not be applicable if women candidates selected on merit in each category form 33.33% or more of the seats therein. In the absence of eligible women candidates in categories of SC, ST, BC Groups A, B, C, D, E, CAP, NCC, PH and Sports, those seats will be filled in with men candidates of the same category. (G.O.M.S.no.184, dt. 20-8-1993);
- The number of seats reserved under various categories shall be calculated on the total seats available in the respective units given below as per the existing rules of the respective universities: If there is any fraction in the calculation of seats under reservation for various categories, it should be rounded off to the nearest number without affecting the sanctioned strength.
  - All Science courses offered by respective University Campus Colleges and P.G.Centres are taken as one unit each.
  - All Science courses offered by all colleges under the Government and Private managements affiliated to AU are taken as one unit each.
  - All Arts courses offered by campus colleges and PG Centres of the respective Universities are taken as one unit each.
  - All Arts Courses offered by all colleges under the Government and Private managements affiliated to AU are taken as one unit each.
  - 5 -year Integrated M.A./M.Sc. Programmes offered in AU Campus colleges are taken as one unit each.
  - M.Sc. Applied Chemistry and M.Sc. Computer Science Courses offered in A.U. Engineering College are taken as one unit and M.Sc. Computer Science Courses offered in affiliated college are taken as one unit.
- 1% supernumerary seats in each course are available in A.U. Campus to candidates belonging to AU NSS candidates. The selection of the candidates for the NSS categories will be made under the following three categories i.e., A, B, C.

**"A" Grade :** The volunteer should fulfill the Tasks and Targets of two years service along with Special Camp participation and represented the Nation in the International Event in NSS activities OR recipient of Indira Gandhi National NSS Award OR participant in the Republic Day Parade Camp in New Delhi.

**"B" Grade :** The volunteer should fulfill the Tasks and Targets of Two years service along with Special Camp participation and participated in the National Integration Camp. Pre-R.D. Camp,

Inter-Collegiate Camp, Youth Leadership Training Camp winners of the district, University Youth Festivals, recipients of District/University level NSS Best Service Awards.

**“C” Grade :** The volunteer should fulfill the Tasks and Targets of two years service and participation in the Special Camping Programme.

- (g) 5% supernumerary seats in each course are available in Campus colleges of the participating Universities to candidates belonging to Other States. To consider a candidate under **Other States** category, the candidate should have studied in any state other than A.P. and be a native of a place outside A.P.
- (h) 15% supernumerary seats are available in Campus colleges of the participating Universities Colleges to **Foreign students** in each course as per the D.O.No.F.1-30/94 (CPP-11) of UGC subject to their eligibility. Such candidates need not appear for the Entrance Test. Their applications will be considered under separate fee structure applicable to foreign students.

### **C. PROCEDURE FOR ADMISSION TO RESERVED SEATS:**

- (i) SC, ST and LBC (A, B, C, D, E) seats will be filled as per the order of merit (Rank) in each category.
- (ii) In case of special reservation, University will constitute expert committees with competent authorities and they will fix the priority.
- (iii) Candidates seeking admission under Sports, PH, NCC, CAP and NSS are directed to appear before admission committee along with all original certificates in support of their claim for verification . The admissions are based on the order of priority fixed by the panel of experts and subject to availability of seats in the particular course / college, as per the rules mentioned in Admission Information Brochure AUCET-2017. **Only local candidates are eligible for admission under NCC, PH, CAP, NSS and Sports categories.**

### **11. GENERAL REGULATIONS DURING STUDY OF THE COURSE:**

- a) As per the UGC guidelines all Candidates admitted into various courses of study are required to put in a minimum of 75% of class room attendance. Candidates not securing a minimum of 75% attendance should repeat the course. The name of a student who continuously remains absent for a period of 10 days from the date of admission without valid reason and intimation to the concerned Head of the Department shall be removed from the rolls.
- b) Candidates admitted into full-time (day) courses should not undertake any assignment /employment or study of any other course simultaneously (except evening diploma course where he/she has to get no objection certificate) and any violation leads to cancellation of admission.
- c) Payment of residential scholarships in respect of eligible students of all reserved categories is conditional on their putting a minimum attendance of 75% in the college in each quarter. If the candidate puts in less than 75% of attendance for valid reasons, he/she shall be paid scholarship in proportion to the attendance. Those who are absent themselves without valid reasons will not be paid any scholarship.
- d) Examinations shall be conducted at the end of each Semester. No supplementary examination will be conducted.
- e) **RAGGING** in any form by any student will make him/her liable for expulsion/punishment as per A.P. Ragging Act 26 of 1997 and subsequent Supreme Court verdict.
- f) Only **limited Hostel Accommodation** is available. Hostel admission is subject to the rules in force from time to time. Candidates under self-finance category will be considered for hostel accommodation subject to availability of seats only after accommodating students under regular category, with a different Hostel fee structure.



**APPENDIX-I:**

**COURSES OFFERED AND ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR ADMISSION**

(All P.G. Courses are of two years duration unless & otherwise specified)

Admissions shall be made based on rank obtained in Entrance Exam in AUCET-2017

Test Code	Test Name	Course Code	Course Name	Eligibility
101	<b>LIFE SCIENCES</b>	10101	M.Sc. Biochemistry	B.Sc./B.Sc. (Vocational) Chemistry/Biochemistry as one of the three subjects (as main wherever applicable) and B.Sc. (Vocational) with Food Science & Quality Control.
		10102	M.Sc. Biotechnology	B.Sc./B.Sc. (Vocational) with any two of the following subjects: Biotechnology, Biochemistry, Botany, Zoology, Chemistry, Microbiology, Environmental Sciences, Human Genetics, Fisheries, Aquaculture and Mathematics, B.Sc. (Vocational) with Food Science & Quality Control.
		10103	M.Sc. Agricultural Biotechnology offered in Department of Botany	B.Sc./B.Sc. (Vocational) with any two of the following subjects: Botany, Biotechnology, Microbiology, Biochemistry, Horticulture, Agriculture, Forestry, Genetics, Chemistry, Environmental Sciences, Seed Technology, Zoology, B.Sc. (Vocational) with Food Science and Quality Control. or 4 years B.Sc. (Agriculture).
		10104	M.Sc. Horticulture & Landscape Management	
		10105	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences	B.Sc. / B.Sc. (Vocational) with Chemistry and any two of the Life Science Subjects as Optionals. B.E.M / B.Sc.(Ag) / B.Sc. (Vocational) with Food Science & Quality Control.
		10106	M.Sc. Foods, Nutrition & Dietetics	B.Sc. with any life science subject as one of the subjects in Part-II. B.Sc. Home Science, B.Sc. (Vocational) Food Science & Quality Control and B.Sc. with Nutrition as one of the subjects.
		10107	M.Sc. Botany	B.Sc. Botany with any other two science subjects including vocational subjects.
		10108	M.Sc. Human Genetics	B.Sc. with any three of the following subjects: Botany, Zoology, Chemistry, Biochemistry, Genetics, Human Genetics, Biotechnology, Microbiology and Medical Lab Tech.

Test Code	Test Name	Course Code	Course Name	Eligibility
101	LIFE SCIENCES	10109	M.Sc. Marine Biology and Fisheries	B.Sc./B.Sc. Vocational Zoology (as main wherever applicable) and any other two science subjects.
		10110	M.Sc. Coastal Aquaculture & Marine Biotechnology	
		10111	M.Sc. Marine Biotechnology	
		10112	M.Sc. Zoology	
		10113	M.Sc. Microbiology	B.Sc./B.Sc. (Vocational) with a combination of any two of the following subjects: Microbiology, Biochemistry, Botany, Zoology, Chemistry, Human Genetics, Environmental Sciences, Home Science, Dairy Sciences, Fisheries, App. Nutrition, Nutrition & Dietetics, Biotechnology, Medical Lab Technology, Public Health, Nursing, Plant Protection, Agriculture and Horticulture, Forestry, B.Sc. Agriculture, B.Sc. Home Science.
		10114	M.Sc. Fishery Science	B.Sc. Zoology (as main wherever applicable) and any other two science subjects / B.Sc. with Aquaculture, Fisheries and Industrial Fisheries.
		10115	M.Sc. Home Science (2years Self-finance) regular course offered in St. Joseph's Coll for Women(A), VSP	10+2+3 with Food and Nutrition / Food Technology or Composite/General Home Science at B.Sc. level / B.Sc. with Chemistry and Life Sciences.
102	PHYSICAL SCIENCES	10201	M.Sc. Physics	B.Sc. with Physics (as main wherever applicable), Mathematics and any other non-biological science subject.
		10202	M.Sc. Space Physics	
		10203	M.Sc. Nuclear Physics	
		10204	M.Sc.(Tech.) Geophysics (3 years duration)	
		10205	M.Sc. Marine Geophysics	
		10206	M.Sc. Meteorology	
		10207	M.Sc. Physical Oceanography	B.Sc. with Physics and Mathematics.
		10208	M.Sc. Electronics (Instrumentation) - AUCST	B.Sc., with Electronics (as main wherever applicable), Mathematics and any other subject. B.Sc. Mathematics, Physics and any other subject with P.G. Diploma in Electronics, P.G. Diploma in Instrumentation.

Test Code	Test Name	Course Code	Course Name	Eligibility	
103	<b>MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES</b>	10301	M.Sc. Applied Mathematics	B.Sc. Mathematics and Physics (as main wherever applicable) or B.Sc. Mathematics with Physical Sciences in Intermediate or 10+2 level.	
		10302	M.A./M.Sc. Mathematics	B.A/B.Sc. Mathematics (as main wherever applicable)	
		10303	M.Sc. Statistics	B.Sc./B.A with both Statistics and Mathematics.	
		10304	M.Sc. Statistics with Computer Science offered in department of Statistics		
		10305	M.Sc. Computer Science - (2 year Evening Course) offered in A.U. College of Engineering.	(i) To have passed intermediate examination of state of A.P. with Mathematics as a course of study at 10+2 level; and (ii) Three year B.Sc. degree programme with Mathematics and computer science / Three year B.C.A. degree programme recognized by AU	
104	<b>CHEMICAL SCIENCES</b>	<b>M.Sc. Chemistry with the following specializations</b>			B.Sc. /B.Sc. (Vocational) with Chemistry/Applied Chemistry as one of the subjects.
		10401	Analytical Chemistry	B.Sc. /B.Sc. (Vocational) with Chemistry/Applied Chemistry as one of the subjects.	
		10402	Bio-Inorganic Chemistry		
		10403	Environmental Chemistry		
		10404	Inorganic Chemistry		
		10405	Chemistry and Analysis of Foods, Drugs & Water		
		10406	Organic Chemistry		
		10407	Marine Chemistry		
		10408	Nuclear Chemistry		
		10409	Physical Chemistry	B.Sc. /B.Sc. (Vocational) with Chemistry / Applied Chemistry and Mathematics & Physics as the other two subjects.	
10410	M.Sc. Applied Chemistry - offered in Department of Engineering Chemistry - AUCE(A)	B.Sc. /B.Sc. Vocational Chemistry / Applied Chemistry / Industrial Chemistry (as main wherever applicable) as one of the subjects.			
105	<b>GEOLOGY</b>	10501	M.Sc. Geology	B.Sc. with Geology (as main wherever applicable) with any other two subjects.	
		10502	M.Sc. Tech. Applied Geology (3years duration)	B.Sc. Geology (as Main wherever applicable) with any two of the following subjects; Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Mineral beneficiation and Materials Handling.	

Test Code	Test Name	Course Code	Course Name	Eligibility
<b>201</b>	<b>HUMANITIES &amp; SOCIAL SCIENCES</b>	20101	M.Com.	B.Com. (Including vocational and restructured courses), B.B.M.
		20102	M.Com. - PGC-A.U -VZM	
		20103	M.A. Applied Economics	B.A. with Economics as one of the subjects.
		20104	M.A. Economics	
		20105	M.A. Ancient History & Archaeology	B.A. with History or B.A.(O.L.) with History or B.F.A
		20106	M.A. History	B.A with .History or B.A.(O.L) or B.A.L.
		20107	M.H.R.M.	Any graduate degree Recognized by AU.
		20108	Journalism & Mass Communication.	
		20109	M.S. Mass Communication & Media Studies	
		20110	M.A. (H.R.D.) - Offered in Law College.	
		20111	M.L.I.Sc.	
		20112	M.A. Philosophy	
		20113	M.A./M.Sc. Anthropology offered in Department of Anthropology	
		20114	M.A. Sociology	1) Any Social Science/Humanities graduate degree, recognized by Andhra University. 2) Any graduate degree with sociology as one of the subjects, recognized by Andhra University.
		20115	M.A. Psychology	(i) 50% seats to B.A./B.Sc. course with psychology as one of the paper or specialization. (ii) 50% seats to any other degree Recognized by Andhra University. (iii) Any unfilled seats in any category may be filled by other category.

Test Code	Test Name	Course Code	Course Name	Eligibility
201	HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SCIENCES	20116	M.A. Political Science	a) 50% seats to students from graduates of Political Science or Public Administration. (b) 50% seats to students from graduates of any other course. (c) Any unfilled seats in any category may be filled by other category.
		20117	M.A. Political Science - VZM	
		20118	M.A. Public Administration	
		20119	M.Ed. (I.A.S.E) (2 years duration)	B.Ed./ B.A. Ed/ B.Sc.Ed./ B.E.I.Ed / D.Ed. with graduation / B.E. & B.Tech. (Recognized by NCTE/RCI with aggregate of 50% marks (Subject to NCTE recognition.)
		20120	M.Ed. (2 years duration)	
		20121	M.Ed. - PGC - AU- VZM (2 years duration)	
		20122	M.A. Social Work	B.A. Social Work / Social Sciences as one of the subjects / B.Sc./ B.C.A. / B.Com./B.A.L./B.F.A./ B.B.M.
		20123	M.P.Ed	B.P.Ed. of this University or B.P.Ed. or B.P.E. of any other University recognized as equivalent there to.
		20124	Adult & Continuing Education	(i) 50% Any graduate in Arts (ii) 50% Any other graduate. (iii) Any unfilled seats in any category may be filled by other category.
		20125	M.A. Yoga & Consciousness	Any graduate with PG Diploma in Yoga of Andhra University or any reputed Yoga institute in India recognized by A.U.
202	ENGLISH	20201	M.A. English	B.A.(special English) /B.A. /B.Sc. /B.Com./ B.A.(OL)/ B.F.A./B.A.L.(with Part-I General English for a minimum of 200 marks).
		20202	M.A. English - PGC-AU-VZM	
203	TELUGU	20301	M.A. Telugu	B.A./B.Com./B.Sc./ with Telugu as a subject of study or B.A.(OL) or Bhasha praveena with Part I Telugu of B.A. or B.Com. or Bhasha Praveena with P.O.L.

## SCIENCE COURSES

(Admissions will be made based on merit in the qualifying degree marks)

Test Code	Test Name	Course Code	Course Name	Eligibility
151	GEOGRAPHY	15101	M.Sc. Geography- B.A Stream	B.A. with Geography as one of the subjects.
		15102	M.Sc. Geography B.Sc. Stream	B.Sc. with any three science subjects. <b>Note : The unfilled seats in one stream shall be filled by the available candidates from the other stream.</b>
152	ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCE	15201	M.Tech. Atmospheric Science (2-Year Course)	M.Sc. in Meteorology (or) M.Sc. in Physical Oceanography, M.Sc. in Physics & Mathematics (or) Applied Mathematics
153	OCEAN SCIENCES	15301	M.Tech. Ocean Sciences (2-Year Course)	
154	PETROLEUM EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION	15401	M.Tech. Petroleum Exploration & Production (2-Year Course)	<p><b>Geo Sciences Stream :</b> (M.Sc./M.Sc.(Tech) Geology, Marine Geology, Applied Geology, Geo Informatics, Geophysics, Marine Geophysics and B.Tech. Geo Sciences, Geo Informatics Engineering or equivalent )</p> <p><b>Engineering Stream :</b> (B.Tech. Chemical / Mechanical / Petroleum / Applied Petroleum / Petrochemical / Engineering or equivalent).</p> <p><b>Note :</b> If the seats in one category are not filled, they can be filled from other category.</p>

## ARTS COURSES

(Admissions will be made based on merit in the qualifying degree marks)

Test Code	Test Name	Course Code	Course Name	Eligibility
251	<b>SANSKRIT</b>	25101	M.A. Sanskrit	B.A./B.Sc./B.Com with Sanskrit or Vidya Praveena with P.O.L. or Bhasha Praveena with P.O.L. or B.A. (OL) with Sanskrit or Senior P.G.Diploma in Sanskrit.
252	<b>WOMEN STUDIES</b>	25201	M.A. Women Studies	Any graduate degree recognised by AU.
253	<b>PGDCRS</b>	25301	PG Diploma in Co-operation & Rural Studies (One year)	
254	<b>HINDI</b>	25401	M.A. Hindi	Any bachelor degree in Arts, Science or Commerce with Hindi as one of the subjects or any bachelor degree in Arts, Science or Commerce without Hindi as one of the subjects, but with a diploma such as Sahitya Ratna, Bhasha Praveena or Vidwan or Equivalent to that.
255	<b>B.F.A.</b>	25501	B.F.A. (4 years duration)	A pass in higher secondary course (H.S.C.) 10+2 pattern or Intermediate examination or its equivalent / 10+3 years Diploma.
256	<b>M.F.A.</b>	25601	M.F.A. (Sculpture) (2 years duration)	B.F.A. (Sculpture)
			M.F.A. (Painting) (2 years duration)	B.F.A. (Painting)
			M.F.A. (Print Making) (2 years duration)	B.F.A. (Print Making)

Test Code	Test Name	Course Code	Course Name	Eligibility
257	DANCE	25701	M.A. Dance (Self-Finance)	<p>i) Candidates with B.A. Dance Kuchipudi / Bharatanatyam.</p> <p>ii) Any degree with Natyavisarada or Govt. Diploma course in Dance</p> <p>iii) Any degree with 4 years Govt. Certificate Course in Kuchipudi / Bharata Natyam.</p> <p>iv) Any degree with Audition grade in Doordarshan in Dance</p>
258	MUSIC	25801	M.A. Music	<p>i) Candidates with B.A. Music or B.Music</p> <p>ii) Candidate of Any degree with a diploma or 4year certificate course in Music, iii) Any graded artist in AIR in Carnatic Classical Music with any degree.</p>
259	M.Ed SPECIAL EDUCATION (VI)	25901	M.Ed Special Education (VI) (2 years duration)	B.Ed Special Education (VI) with aggregate 50% marks (as per RCI norms)

# Seats will be filled on all India basis.



## M.Sc. 5-YEAR INTEGRATED PG PROGRAMMES

Test Code	Test Name	Course Code	Course Name	Eligibility
<b>551</b>	<b>5-YEAR INTEGRATED M.Sc. GEOLOGY</b>	55101	M.Sc. 5-Year Integrated course in Geology (B.Sc + M.Sc) - offered in Department of Geology - AUCST	A pass in Intermediate with Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry (MPC) / Biology, Physics, Chemistry (BiPC) or equivalent as recognized by Board of Intermediate Education, Andhra Pradesh with a minimum of 50% marks. In case of SC/ST candidates a minimum pass with 45% marks in the qualifying examination is sufficient.
<b>552</b>	<b>5-YEAR INTEGRATED M.Sc. CHEMISTRY (APPLIED CHEMISTRY)</b>	55201	5-Year Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry (Applied Chemistry) - offered in Department of Engineering Chemistry - AUCE(A)	A pass in Intermediate with Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry (MPC) / Biology, Physics, Chemistry (BiPC) or equivalent as recognized by Board of Intermediate Education, Andhra Pradesh with a minimum of 50% marks. In case of SC/ST candidates a minimum pass with 45% marks in the qualifying examination is sufficient.

\* The students admitted in 5-Year Integrated courses can avail exit option after the completion of 3 years course period. They will be given B.Sc. degree.

**COURSES OFFERED IN Dr. B.R.AMBDEDKAR UNIVERSITY, SRIKAKULAM**  
**SCIENCE COURSES ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR ADMISSION**  
 (All P.G. Courses are of two years duration unless & otherwise specified)  
 Admissions shall be made based on rank obtained in Entrance Exam in AUCET-2017

Test Code	Test Name	Course Code	Course Name	Eligibility
101	LIFE SCIENCES	10151	M.Sc. Biotechnology	B.Sc./B.Sc. (Vocational) with any two of the following subjects: Biotechnology, Biochemistry, Botany, Zoology, Chemistry, Microbiology, Environmental Sciences, Human Genetics, Fisheries, Aquaculture and Mathematics, B.Sc. (Vocational) with Food Science & Quality Control.
		10152	M.Sc. Zoology– Affiliated colleges of BRAU, SKLM	B.Sc./B.Sc. Vocational Zoology (as main wherever applicable) and any other two science subjects.
102	PHYSICAL SCIENCES	10153	M.Sc.(Tech.) Geophysics	B.Sc. with Physics (as main wherever applicable), Mathematics and any other non-biological science subject.
		10174	M.Sc. Physics	
		10154	M.Sc. Physics – Affiliated colleges of BRAU, SKLM	
103	MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES	10155	M.A./M.Sc. Mathematics	B.A/B.Sc. Mathematics (as main wherever applicable)
104	CHEMICAL SCIENCES	10156	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	B.Sc. /B.Sc. (Vocational) with Chemistry/Applied Chemistry as one of the subjects.
		10157	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry– Affiliated colleges of BRAU, SKLM	
		10158	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	
		10159	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry– Affiliated colleges of BRAU, SKLM	
105	GEOLOGY	10160	M.Sc. Geology	B.Sc. with Geology (as main wherever applicable) with any other two subjects.

**COURSES OFFERED IN Dr. B.R.AMBDEDKAR UNIVERSITY, SRIKAKULAM**  
**ARTS COURSES ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR ADMISSION**

(All P.G. Courses are of two years duration unless & otherwise specified)

Admissions shall be made based on rank obtained in Entrance Exam in AUCET-2017

Test Code	Test Name	Course Code	Course Name	Eligibility
201	<b>HUMANITIES &amp; SOCIAL SCIENCES</b>	10161	M.Com	B.Com. (Including vocational and restructured courses), B.B.M.
		10162	M.Com – Affiliated colleges of BRAU, SKLM	
		10163	M.A. Economics	B.A. with Economics as one of the subjects.
		10164	M.A. Economics– Affiliated colleges of BRAU, SKLM	
		10165	M.L.I.Sc.	Any graduate degree Recognized by AU.
		10166	M.A. Politics– Affiliated colleges of BRAU, SKLM	a) 50% seats to students from graduates of Political Science or Public Administration. (b) 50% seats to students from graduates of any other course. (c) Any unfilled seats in any category may be filled by other category.
		10167	M.Ed.	B.Ed./ B.A. Ed/ B.Sc.Ed./ B.E.I.Ed / D.Ed. with graduation / B.E. & B.Tech. (Recognized by NCTE/RCI with aggregate of 50% marks (Subject to NCTE recognition.)
		10168	M.Ed. – Affiliated colleges of BRAU, SKLM	
		10169	M.A. Social Work	B.A. Social Work / Social Sciences as one of the subjects / B.Sc./ B.C.A. / B.Com./B.A.L./B.F.A./ B.B.M.
		10170	M.A. Social Work– Affiliated colleges of BRAU, SKLM	
10171	M.A. Rural Development	B.A. with Rural Development or Economics or Social work or Sociology or Statistics or Public Administration as one of the subjects or B.Com., B.B.M., or PGDCRS or B.Sc. (Agri) from a recognized University.		
202	<b>ENGLISH</b>	10172	M.A. English	B.A.(special English) /B.A. /B.Sc. /B.Com./ B.A.(OL)/ B.F.A./B.A.L.(with Part-I General English for a minimum of 200 marks).
203	<b>TELUGU</b>	10173	M.A. Telugu	B.A./B.Com./B.Sc./ with Telugu as a subject of study or B.A.(OL) or Bhasha praveena with Part I Telugu of B.A. or B.Com. or Bhasha Praveena with P.O.L.

## APPENDIX-II

### SYLLABI FOR ENTRANCE TESTS IN SCIENCE, ARTS, COMMERCE & ENGINEERING

#### 101 - LIFE SCIENCES

Total Marks : 100

- Cell Biology** : Ultrastructure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell, Structure and function of cell organelles. Cell division - Mitosis and Meiosis. Chromosomes structure, Karyotype.
- Genetics** : Mendelian principles, Gene Interaction, Linkage and Crossing over, Sex determination, Sex linkage, Mutations - Genic and chromosomal (Structural and numerical); Chromosomal aberrations in humans. Recombination in prokaryotes transformation, conjugation, transduction, sexduction. Extra genomic inheritance.
- Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering** : Structure of eukaryotic gene, DNA and RNA structure, DNA replication in pro and eukaryotes, Transcription and translation in pro and eukaryotes, genetic code. Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes, Principles of recombinant DNA technology. DNA vectors, Transgenesis. Applications of genetic engineering.
- Biotechnology** : Plant and animal cell culture, cloning, Fermentors types and process, Biopesticides, biofertilizers, Bioremediation, Renewable and non - renewable energy resources, Non-conventional fuels.
- Biomolecules** : Carbohydrates, proteins, amino acids, lipids, vitamins and porphyrins. Enzymes - classification and mode of action, enzyme assay, enzyme units, enzyme inhibition, enzyme kinetics, Factors regulating enzyme action.
- Immunology** : Types of immunity, cells and organelles of immune system, Antigen - antibody reaction. Immunotechniques, Hypersensitivity, Vaccines.
- Techniques** : Microscopy - Light and Electron, Centrifugation, Chromatography, Eletrophoresis, Calorimetric and Spectrophotometric techniques, Blotting techniques, PCR, DNA finger printing.
- Ecology, Environment and Evolution** : Theories and evidences of organic evolution, Hardy - Weinberg law. Components of an ecosystem, Ecological pyramids, Biogeochemical cycles, Ecological adaptations. Climatic and edaphic and biotic factors. Ecological sucesion - Hydrosere and xerosere, Natural resources, Biodiversity, current environmental issues, Environmental pollution, Globla warming and climate change.
- Physiology** : Structure and function of liver, kidney and heart, composition of blood, blood types, blood coagulation, Digestion and absorption, Endocrinology, Muscle and Nervous system.
- Metabolism** : Metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, aminoacids and nucleic acids. Biological oxidation and bioenergetics.
- Animal Science** : Biology of invertebrates and chordates, Embryology of chordates, Classification of marine environment - Physical and chemical parameters, Marine, estuarine, reservoir and riverine fisheries, Cultivation of fin and shell fish. Culture practices.
- Plant Science** : Classification of cryptogams and phanerogams. General characteristics of taxonomic groups at class and family level Water relations and mineral nutrition of plants, Plant growth regulators, Ethnobotany and medicinal plants, Biology of plant seed, Photosynthesis.
- Microbiology** : Microbes - Types, distribution and biology. Isolation and cultivation of bacteria and virus. Staining techniques. Bacterial growth curve, Microbial diseases - food and water borne, insect borne, contact diseases in humans. Microbial diseases in plants - by bacteria, fungi and virus, Plant microbe - interactions.
- Nutrition** : Biological value of proteins, protein malnutrition, disorders, Chemistry and physiological role of vitamins and minerals in living systems.

#### 102 - PHYSICAL SCIENCES

Total Marks : 100

##### Electricity, Magnetism and Electronics

##### 1. Electrostatics

Gauss law and its applications-Uniformly charged sphere, charged cylindrical conductor and an infinite conducting sheet of charge. Deduction of Coulmb's law from Gauss law Mechanical force on a charged conductor Electric potential - Potential due to a charged spherical conductor, electric field strength from the electric dipole and an infinite line of charge. Potential of a uniformly charged circular disc.

## 2. Dielectrics

An atomic view of dielectrics, potential energy of a dipole in an electric field. Polarization and charge density, Gauss's law for dielectric medium- Relation between D,E, and P. Dielectric constant, susceptibility and relation between them. Boundary conditions at the dielectric surface. Electric fields in cavities of a dielectric-needle shaped cavity and disc shaped cavity.

## 3. Capacitance

Capacitance of concentric spheres and cylindrical condenser, capacitance of parallel plate condenser with and without dielectric. Electric energy stored in a charged condenser - force between plates of condenser, construction and working of attracted disc electrometer, measurement of dielectric constant and potential difference.

## 4. Magnetostatics

Magnetic shell - potential due to magnetic shell - field due to magnetic shell -equivalent of electric circuit and magnetic shell - Magnetic induction (B) and field (H) -permeability and susceptibility - Hysteresis loop.

## 5. Moving charge in electric and magnetic field

Hall effect, cyclotron, synchrocyclotron and synchrotron - force on a current carrying conductor placed in a magnetic field, force and torque on a current loop, Biot -Savart's law and calculation of B due to long straight wire, a circular current loop and solenoid.

## 6. Electromagnetic induction

Faraday's law -Lenz's law - expression for induced emf - time varying magnetic fields -Betatron -Ballistic galvanometer - theory - damping correction - self and mutual inductance, coefficient of coupling, calculation of self inductance of a long solenoid -toroid - energy stored in magnetic field - transformer - Construction, working, energy losses and efficiency.

## 7. Varying and alternating currents

Growth and decay of currents in LR, CR and LCR circuits - Critical damping. Alternating current relation between current and voltage in pure R,C and L-vector diagrams -Power in ac circuits. LCR series and parallel resonant circuit - Q-factor. AC & DC motors-single phase, three phase (basics only).

## 8. Maxwell's equations and electromagnetic waves : A review of basic laws of electricity and magnetism - displacement current - Maxwell's equations in differential form - Maxwell's wave equation, plane electromagnetic waves -Transverse nature of electromagnetic waves, Poynting theorem, production of electromagnetic waves (Hertz experiment).

## 9. Basic Electronics

Formation of electron energy bands in solids, classification of solids in terms of forbidden energy gap. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Fermi level, continuity equation - p-n junction diode, Zener diode characteristics and its application as voltage regulator. Half wave and full wave, rectifiers and filters, ripple factor (quantitative) - p n p and n p n transistors, current components in transistors, CB,CE and CC configurations - transistor hybrid parameters - determination of hybrid parameters from transistor characteristics -transistor as an amplifier - concept of negative feed back and positive feed back -Barkhausen criterion, RC coupled amplifier and phase shift oscillator (qualitative).

## 10. Digital Principles

Binary number system, converting Binary to Decimal and vice versa. Binary addition and subtraction (1's and 2's complement methods). Hexadecimal number system. Conversion from Binary to Hexadecimal - vice versa and Decimal to Hexadecimal vice versa.

Logic gates: OR,AND,NOT gates, truth tables, realization of these gates using discrete components. NAND, NOR as universal gates, Exclusive - OR gate,De Morgan's Laws - statement and proof, Half and Full adders. Parallel adder circuits.

## Modern Physics

1. **Atomic Spectra** Introduction - Drawbacks of Bohr's atomic model - Sommerfeld's elliptical orbits -relativistic correction (no derivation). Stern & Gerlach experiment Vector atom model and quantum numbers associated with it. L-S and j-j coupling schemes. Spectral terms, selection rules, intensity rules. Spectra of alkali atoms, doublet fine structure. Alkaline earth spectra, singlet and triplet fine structure. Zeeman Effect, Paschen-Back Effect and Stark Effect

2. **Molecular Spectroscopy:** Types of molecular spectra, pure rotational energies and spectrum of diatomic molecule, determination of internuclear distance. Vibrational energies and spectrum of diatomic molecule.

Raman effect, Classical theory of Raman effect. Experimental arrangement for Raman effect and its applications.

- 3. Quantum Mechanics Inadequacy of classical Physics: (Discussion only)** Spectral radiation - Planck's law. Photoelectric effect - Einstein's photoelectric equation. Compton's effect (quantitative) experimental verification. Stability of an atom - Bohr's atomic theory. Limitations of old quantum theory.
- 4. Matter Waves:** de Broglie's hypothesis - wavelength of matter waves, properties of matter waves. Phase and group velocities. Davisson and Germer experiment. Double slit experiment. Standing de Broglie waves of electron in Bohr orbits.
- 5. Uncertainty Principle:** Heisenberg's uncertainty principle for position and momentum ( $x$  and  $p_x$ ), Energy and time ( $E$  and  $t$ ). Gamma ray microscope. Diffraction by a single slit. Position of electron in a Bohr orbit. Particle in a box. Complementary principle of Bohr.
- 6. Schrodinger Wave Equation:** Schrodinger time independent and time dependent wave equations. Wave function properties - Significance. Basic postulates of quantum mechanics. Operators, eigen functions and eigen values, expectation values. Application of Schrodinger wave equation to particle in one and three dimensional boxes, potential step and potential barrier.
- 7. Nuclear Physics Nuclear Structure:** Basic properties of nucleus - size, charge, mass, spin, magnetic dipole moment and electric quadrupole moment. Binding energy of nucleus, deuteron binding energy, p-p and n-p scattering (concepts), nuclear forces. Nuclear models - liquid drop model, shell model.
- 8. Alpha and Beta Decays:** Range of alpha particles, Geiger - Nuttall law, Gammow's theory of alpha decay. Geiger - Nuttall law from Gammow's theory. Beta spectrum - neutrino hypothesis, Fermi's theory of p-decay (qualitative).
- 9. Nuclear Reactions:** Types of nuclear reactions, channels, nuclear reaction kinematics. Compound nucleus, direct reactions (concepts). **Nuclear Detectors** - GM counter, proportional counter, scintillation counter, Wilson cloud chamber and solid state detector

### **Solid State Physics**

- 10. Crystal Structure:** Crystalline nature of matter. Crystal lattice, Unit Cell, Elements of symmetry. Crystal systems, Bravais lattices. Miller indices. Simple crystal structures (S.C., BCC, CsCl, FCC, NaCl diamond and Zinc Blends)
- 11. X-ray Diffraction:** Diffraction of X-rays by crystals, Bragg's law, Experimental techniques - Laue's method and powder method.
- 12. Nanomaterials:** Introduction, Nan particles, metal nanoclusters, semiconductor nanoparticles, carbon clusters, carbon nanotubes, quantum nanostructures - nanodot, nanowire and quantum well. Fabrication of quantum nanostructures.
- 13. Bonding in Crystals:** Types of bonding in crystals - characteristics of crystals with different bindings. Lattice energy of ionic crystals - determination of Madelung constant for NaCl crystal, calculation of Born coefficient and repulsive exponent. Born - Haber cycle.
- 14. Magnetism:** Magnetic properties of dia, para and ferromagnetic materials. Langevin's theory of paramagnetism. Weiss' theory of ferromagnetism - Concepts of magnetic domains, antiferromagnetism and ferrimagnetism ferrites and their applications.
- 15. Superconductivity:** Basic experimental facts - zero resistance, effect of magnetic field, Meissner effect, persistent current, Isotope effect Thermodynamic properties, specific heat, entropy. Type I and Type II superconductors. Elements of BCS theory-Cooper pairs. Applications. High temperature superconductors (general information)

### **Thermodynamics and Optics**

#### **1. Kinetic theory of gases:**

Introduction - Deduction of Maxwell's law of distribution of molecular speeds, Experimental verification Toothed Wheel Experiment, Transport Phenomena - Viscosity of gases - thermal conductivity - diffusion of gases.

#### **2. Thermodynamics:**

Introduction - Reversible and irreversible processes - Carnot's engine and its efficiency -Carnot's theorem - Second law of thermodynamics, Kelvin's and Clausius statements -Thermodynamic scale of temperature - Entropy, physical significance - Change in entropy in reversible and irreversible processes - Entropy and disorder - Entropy of universe - Temperature- Entropy (T-S) diagram - Change of entropy of a perfect gas- change of entropy when ice changes into steam.

### 3. Thermodynamic potentials and Maxwell's equations:

Thermodynamic potentials - Derivation of Maxwell's thermodynamic relations -Clausius-Clayperon's equation - Derivation for ratio of specific heats - Derivation for difference of two specific heats for perfect gas. Joule Kelvin effect - expression for Joule Kelvin coefficient for perfect and Vanderwaal's gas.

### 4. Low temperature Physics:

Introduction - Joule Kelvin effect - liquefaction of gas using porous plug experiment. Joule expansion - Distinction between adiabatic and Joule Thomson expansion -Expression for Joule Thomson cooling - Liquefaction of helium, Kapitza's method -Adiabatic demagnetization - Production of low temperatures - Principle of refrigeration, vapour compression type. Working of refrigerator and Air conditioning machines. Effects of Chloro and Fluro Carbons on Ozone layer; applications of substances at low-temperature.

### 5. Quantum theory of radiation:

Black body-Ferry's black body - distribution of energy in the spectrum of Black body -Wein's displacement law, Wein's law, Rayleigh-Jean's law - Quantum theory of radiation - Planck's law - deduction of Wein's law, Rayleigh-Jeans law, from Planck's law -Measurement of radiation - Types of pyrometers - Disappearing filament optical pyrometer - experimental determination - Angstrom pyroheliometer - determination of solar constant, effective temperature of sun.

### 6. Statistical Mechanics:

Introduction to statistical mechanics, concept of ensembles, Phase space, Maxwell-Boltzmann's distribution law, Molecular energies in an ideal gas, Bose-Einstein Distribution law, Fermi-Dirac Distribution law, comparison of three distribution laws, Black Body Radiation, Rayleigh-Jean's formula, Planck's radiation law, Weins Displacement, Stefan's Boltzmann's law from Plancks formula. Application of Fermi-Dirac statistics to white dwarfs and Neutron stars.

### 7. The Matrix methods in paraxial optics:

Introduction, the matrix method, effect of translation, effect of refraction, imaging by a spherical refracting surface. Imaging by a co-axial optical system. Unit planes. Nodal planes. A system of two thin lenses.

### 8. Aberrations:

Introduction - Monochromatic aberrations, spherical aberration, methods of minimizing spherical aberration, coma, astigmatism and curvature of field, distortion. Chromatic aberration - the achromatic doublet - Removal of chromatic aberration of a separated doublet.

### 9. Interference:

Principle of superposition - coherence - temporal coherence and spatial coherence -conditions for Interference of light **Interference by division of wave front:** Fresnel's biprism - determination of wave length of light. Determination of thickness of a transparent material using Biprism -change of phase on reflection - Lloyd's mirror experiment.**Interference by division of amplitude:** Oblique incidence of a plane wave on a thin film due to reflected and transmitted light (Cosine law) - Colours of thin films - Non reflecting films - interference by a plane parallel film illuminated by a point source - Interference by a film with two non-parallel reflecting surfaces (Wedge shaped film) - Determination of diameter of wire-Newton's rings in reflected light with and without contact between lens and glass plate, Newton's rings in transmitted light (Haidinger Fringes) - Determination of wave length of monochromatic light - Michelson Interferometer - types of fringes - Determination of wavelength of monochromatic light, Difference in wavelength of sodium  $\text{O}^2$  lines and thickness of a thin transparent plate.

**10.Diffraction:** Introduction - Distinction between Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction:- Diffraction due to single slit and circular aperture - Limit of resolution - Fraunhofer diffraction due to double slit - Fraunhofer diffraction pattern with N slits (diffraction grating) Resolving Power of grating - Determination of wave length of light in normal and oblique incidence methods using diffraction grating.Fresnel diffraction:- Fresnel's half period zones - area of the half period zones -zone plate - Comparison of zone plate with convex lens - Phase reversal zone plate - diffraction at a straight edge - difference between interference and diffraction.

**11.Polarization :** Polarized light : Methods of Polarization, Polarization by reflection, refraction, Double refraction, selective absorption , scattering of light - Brewsters law - Malus law – Nicol prism polarizer and analyzer - Refraction of plane wave incident on negative and positive crystals (Huygen's explanation) - Quarter wave plate, Half wave plate -Babinet's compensator - Optical activity, analysis of light by Laurent's half shade polarimeter.

**12. Laser, Fiber Optics and Holography** : Lasers: Introduction - Spontaneous emission - Stimulated emission - Population inversion . Laser principle - Einstein coefficients - Types of Lasers - He-Ne laser -Ruby laser - Applications of lasers.Fiber Optics : Introduction - Optical fibers - Types of optical fibers - Step and graded index fibers - Rays and modes in an optical fiber - Fiber material - Principles of fiber communication (qualitative treatment only) and advantages of fiber communication. Holography: Basic Principle of Holography - Gabor hologram and its limitations, Holography applications.

### **Mechanics and Waves and Oscillations**

- 1. Vector Analysis** : Scalar and vector fields, gradient of a scalar field and its physical significance. Divergence and curl of a vector field and related problems. Vector integration, line, surface and volume integrals. Stokes, Gauss and Greens theorems- simple applications.
- 2. Mechanics of Particles** : Laws of motion, motion of variable mass system, motion of a rocket, multi-stage rocket, conservation of energy and momentum. Collisions in two and three dimensions, concept of impact parameter, scattering cross-section, Rutherford scattering
- 3. Mechanics of rigid bodies** : Definition of Rigid body, rotational kinematic relations, equation of motion for a rotating body, angular momentum and inertial tensor. Eulers equation, precession of a top, Gyroscope, precession of the equinoxes
- 4. Mechanics of continuous media** : Elastic constants of isotropic solids and their relation, Poisson's ratio and expression for Poisson's ratio in terms of  $\gamma$ ,  $n$ ,  $k$ . Classification of beams, types of bending, point load, distributed load, shearing force and bending moment, sign conventions, simple supported beam carrying a concentrated load at mid span, cantilever with an end load
- 5. Central forces** : Central forces - definition and examples, conservative nature of central forces, conservative force as a negative gradient of potential energy, equation of motion under a central force, gravitational potential and gravitational field, motion under inverse square law, derivation of Kepler's laws, Coriolis force and its expressions.
- 6. Special theory of relativity** : Galilean relativity, absolute frames, Michelson-Morley experiment, Postulates of special theory of relativity. Lorentz transformation, time dilation, length contraction, addition of velocities, mass-energy relation. Concept of four vector formalism.
- 7. Fundamentals of vibrations** : Simple harmonic oscillator, and solution of the differential equation- Physical characteristics of SHM, torsion pendulum, - measurements of rigidity modulus , compound pendulum, measurement of 'g', combination of two mutually perpendicular simple harmonic vibrations of same frequency and different frequencies, Lissajous figures
- 8. Damped and forced oscillations** : Damped harmonic oscillator, solution of the differential equation of damped oscillator. Energy considerations, comparison with undamped harmonic oscillator, logarithmic decrement, relaxation time, quality factor, differential equation of forced oscillator and its solution, amplitude resonance, velocity resonance
- 9. Complex vibrations** : Fourier theorem and evaluation of the Fourier coefficients, analysis of periodic wave functions-square wave, triangular wave, saw-tooth wave
- 10. Vibrations of bars** : Longitudinal vibrations in bars- wave equation and its general solution. Special cases (i) bar fixed at both ends ii) bar fixed at the mid point iii) bar free at both ends iv) bar fixed at one end. Transverse vibrations in a bar- wave equation and its general solution. Boundary conditions, clamped free bar, free-free bar, bar supported at both ends, Tuning fork.
- 11. Vibrating Strings** : Transverse wave propagation along a stretched string, general solution of wave equation and its significance, modes of vibration of stretched string clamped at both ends, overtones, energy transport, transverse impedance
- 12. Ultrasonics** : Ultrasonics, properties of ultrasonic waves, production of ultrasonics by piezoelectric and magnetostriction methods, detection of ultrasonics, determination of wavelength of ultrasonic waves. Velocity of ultrasonics in liquids by Sear's method. Applications of ultrasonic waves.

## **103 - MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES**

**Total Marks : 100**

### **LINEAR ALGEBRA AND VECTOR CALCULUS**

#### **Linear Algebra**

**Marks : 80**

Vector spaces, General properties of vector spaces, Vector subspaces, Algebra of subspaces, linear combination of vectors. Linear span, linear sum of two subspaces, Linear independence and dependence of vectors, Basis of vector



space, Finite dimensional vector spaces, Dimension of a vector space, Dimension of a subspace. Linear transformations, linear operators, Range and null space of linear transformation, Rank and nullity of linear transformations, Linear transformations as vectors, Product of linear transformations, Invertible linear transformation.

The adjoint or transpose of a linear transformation, Sylvester's law of nullity, characteristic values and characteristic vectors, Cayley- Hamilton theorem, Diagonalizable operators. Inner product spaces, Euclidean and unitary spaces, Norm or length of a vector, Schwartz inequality, Orthogonality, Orthonormal set, complete orthonormal set, Gram - Schmidt orthogonalisation process.

### **Multiple integrals and Vector Calculus**

Multiple integrals : Introduction, the concept of a plane, Curve, line integral- Sufficient condition for the existence of the integral. The area of a subset of, Calculation of double integrals, Jordan curve, Area, Change of the order of integration, Double integral as a limit, Change of variable in a double integration.

Vector differentiation. Ordinary derivatives of vectors, Space curves, Continuity, Differentiability, Gradient, Divergence, Curl operators, Formulae involving these operators. Vector integration, Theorems of Gauss and Stokes, Green's theorem in plane and applications of these theorems.

### **Abstract Algebra & Real Analysis**

#### **GROUPS :**

Binary operations- Definitions and properties, Groups—Definition and elementary properties, Finite groups and group composition tables, Subgroups and cyclic subgroups. Permutations—Functions and permutations, groups of permutations, cycles and cyclic notation, even and odd permutations, The alternating groups. Cyclic groups - Elementary properties, The classification of cyclic groups, sub groups of finite cyclic groups. Isomorphism - Definition and elementary properties, Cayley's theorem, Groups of cosets, Applications, Normal subgroups - Factor groups, Criteria for the existence of a coset group, Inner automorphisms and normal subgroups, factor groups and simple groups, Homomorphism- Definition and elementary properties, The fundamental theorem of homomorphisms, applications.

#### **RINGS:**

Definition and basic properties, Fields, Integral domains, divisors of zero and Cancellation laws, Integral domains, The characteristic of a ring, some non - commutative rings, Examples, Matrices over a field, The real quaternions, Homomorphism of Rings - Definition and elementary properties, Maximal and Prime ideals, Prime fields.

#### **REAL NUMBERS:**

The Completeness Properties of R, Applications of the Supremum Property.

Sequences and Series - Sequences and their limits, limit theorems, Monotonic Sequences, Sub-sequences and the Bolzano-Weirstrass theorem, The Cauchy's Criterion, Properly divergent sequences, Introduction to series, Absolute convergence, test for absolute convergence, test for non-absolute convergence. Continuous Functions-continuous functions, combinations of continuous functions, continuous functions on intervals, Uniform continuity.

#### **DIFFERENTIATION AND INTEGRATION:**

The derivative, The mean value theorems, L'Hospital Rule, Taylor's Theorem. Riemann integration - Riemann integral, Riemann integrable functions, Fundamental theorem.

#### **DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS & SOLID GEOMETRY**

##### **Differential equations of first order and first degree**

Linear differential equations; Differential equations reducible to linear form; Exact differential equations; Integrating factors; Change of variables; Simultaneous differential equations; Orthogonal trajectories.

##### **Differential equations of the first order but not of the first degree:**

Equations solvable for p; Equations solvable for y; Equations solvable for x; Equations that do not contain x (or y); Equations of the first degree in x and y - Clairaut's equation.

##### **Higher order linear differential equations**

Solution of homogeneous linear differential equations of order n with constant coefficients. Solution of the non-homogeneous linear differential equations with constant coefficients by means of polynomial operators. Method of undetermined coefficients; Method of variation of parameters; Linear differential equations with non-constant coefficients; The Cauchy-Euler equation

##### **System of linear differential equations:**

Solution of a system of linear equations with constant coefficients; An equivalent triangular system. Degenerate Case:  $p_1(D) p_4(D) - p_2(D) p_3(D) = 0$ .

## **SOLID GEOMETRY**

### **The Plane**

Equation of plane in terms of its intercepts on the axis, Equations of the plane through the given points, Length of the perpendicular from a given point to a given plane, Bisectors of angles between two planes, Combined equation of two planes, Orthogonal projection on a plane.

### **The Line:**

Equations of a line, Angle between a line and a plane, The condition that a given line may lie in a given plane, The condition that two given lines are coplanar, Number of arbitrary constants in the equations of a straight line. Sets of conditions which determine a line, The shortest distance between two lines. The length and equations of the line of shortest distance between two straight lines, Length of the perpendicular from a given point to a given line, Intersection of three planes, Triangular Prism.

### **The Sphere:**

Definition and equation of the sphere, Equation of the sphere through four given points, Plane sections of a sphere. Intersection of two spheres; Equation of a circle. Sphere through a given circle; Intersection of a sphere and a line. Power of a point; Tangent plane. Plane of contact. Polar plane, Pole of a plane, Conjugate points, Conjugate planes; Angle of intersection of two spheres. Conditions for two spheres to be orthogonal; Radical plane. Coaxial system of spheres; Simplified form of the equation of two spheres.

### **Cones, Cylinders and conicoids:**

Definitions of a cone, vertex, guiding curve, generators. Equation of the cone with a given vertex and guiding curve. Enveloping cone of a sphere. Equations of cones with vertex at origin are homogenous. Condition that the general equation of the second degree should represent a cone. Condition that a cone may have three mutually perpendicular generators Intersection of a line and a quadric cone. Tangent lines and tangent plane at a point. Condition that a plane may touch a cone. Reciprocal cones. Intersection of two cones with a common vertex. Right circular cone. Equation of the right circular cone with a given vertex, axis and semi-vertical angle. Definition of a cylinder. Equation to the cylinder whose generators intersect a given conic and are parallel to a given line, Enveloping cylinder of a sphere. The right circular cylinder. Equation of the right circular cylinder with a given axis and radius.

The general equation of the second degree and the various surfaces represented by it; Shapes of some surfaces. Nature of Ellipsoid. Nature of Hyperboloid of one sheet.

### **Statistics:**

**Marks : 20**

Descriptive Statistics, primary and secondary data. Importance of moments, central and non-central moments, and their interrelationships, Sheppard's corrections for moments for grouped data. Conditional, probability and independence of events. Boole's inequality and Bayes' theorem. Functions of random variables, Probability mass function and probability density function. Distribution function and its properties. Transformation of one-dimensional random variable, bi-variate random variable, bi-variate distribution. Joint marginal and conditional distributions. Mathematical expectation of a function of a random variable, Moment generating function, cumulative generating function, probability generating function and characteristic function and Chebyshe's and Cauchy-Schwartz's inequalities and their applications. Weak law of large numbers and central limit theorem. Uniform, Bernoulli, Binomial, Poisson, Negative binomial, Geometric and Hyper-geometric distributions. Rectangular and Normal distributions. Exponential, Gamma, Beta of two kinds and Cauchy distributions. Principal of least squares, simple linear regression and correlation versus regression, properties of regression coefficients. Population, parameter, random sample, statistics, sampling distribution and standard error. Sampling distribution properties of  $X^2$ ,  $t$  and  $F$  distributions. Bias and mean square error of an estimate. Criteria of good estimator-consistency, unbiasedness, efficiency and sufficiency, Neyman's Factorization theorem, Maximum likelihood (ML), interval estimation, confidence intervals. Tests of significance based on  $X^2$ ,  $t$  and  $F$ . Non-parametric tests. Types of sampling : i) SRSWE and SRSWOR (ii) Stratified random sampling with proportional and Neyman allocation. (iii) Systematic sampling. ANOVA, Gauss-Markoff linear model, Cochran's theorem, Analysis of Completely Randomized Design (C.R.D), Randomized Block Design (R.B.D), Latin Square Design (C.R.D).

**INORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

- 1. s-block elements:** General characteristics of groups I & II elements, diagonal relationship between Li & Mg, Be & Al.
- 2. p-block elements:**
  - General characteristics of elements of groups 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17
  - Group – 13: Synthesis and structure of diborane and higher boranes ( $B_4H_{10}$  and  $B_5H_9$ ), boron-nitrogen compounds ( $B_3N_3H_6$  and BN)
  - Group – 14: Preparation and applications of silanes and silicones, graphitic compounds.
  - Group – 15: Preparation and reactions of hydrazine, hydroxylamine, phosphazenes.
  - Group – 16: Classifications of oxides based on (i) Chemical behaviour and (ii) Oxygen content.
  - Group – 17: Inter halogen compounds and pseudo halogens
- 3. Organometallic Chemistry :** Definition and classification of organometallic compounds, nomenclature, preparation, properties and applications of alkyls of 1, 2 and 13 group elements.
- 4. Chemistry of d-block elements:** Characteristics of d-block elements with special reference to electronic configuration, variable valence, magnetic properties, catalytic properties and ability to form complexes. Stability of various oxidation states and e.m.f. Comparative treatment of second and third transition series with their 3d analogues. Study of Ti, Cr and Cu trends in respect of electronic configuration and reactivity of different oxidation states.
- 5. Chemistry of f-block elements:** Chemistry of lanthanides – electronic structure, oxidation states, lanthanide contraction, consequences of lanthanide contraction, magnetic properties, spectral properties and separation of lanthanides by ion exchange and solvent extraction methods. Chemistry of actinides – electronic configuration, oxidation states, actinide contraction, position of actinides in the periodic table, comparison with lanthanides in terms of magnetic properties, spectral properties and complex formation.
- 6. Theories of bonding in metals:** Valence bond theory, Explanation of metallic properties and its limitations, Free electron theory, thermal and electrical conductivity of metals, limitations, Band theory, formation of bands, explanation of conductors, semiconductors and insulators.
- 7. Metal carbonyls and related compounds –** EAN rule, classification of metal carbonyls, structures and shapes of metal carbonyls of V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co and Ni. Metal nitrosyls and metallocenes (only ferrocene).
- 8. Coordination Chemistry:** IUPAC nomenclature, bonding theories – review of Werner's theory and Sidgwick's concept of coordination, Valence bond theory, geometries of coordination numbers 4-tetrahedral and square planar and 6-octahedral and its limitations, crystal field theory, splitting of d-orbitals in octahedral, tetrahedral and square-planar complexes – low spin and high spin complexes – factors affecting crystal-field splitting energy, merits and demerits of crystal-field theory. Isomerism in coordination compounds – structural isomerism and stereo isomerism, stereochemistry of complexes with 4 and 6 coordination numbers.
- 9. Spectral and Magnetic Properties of Metal Complexes:** Electronic absorption spectrum of  $[Ti(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$  ion. Types of magnetic behavior, spin-only formula, calculation of magnetic moments, experimental determination of magnetic susceptibility – Gouy method.
- 10. Reactivity of metal complexes:** Labile and inert complexes, ligand substitution reactions –  $S_N1$  and  $S_N2$ , substitution reactions of square planar complexes – Trans effect and applications of trans effect.
- 11. Stability of Metal Complexes:** Thermodynamic stability and kinetic stability, factors affecting the stability of metal complexes, chelate effect, determination of composition of complex by Job's method and mole ratio method.
- 12. Hard and soft acids bases (HSAB):** Classification, Pearson's concept of hardness and softness, application of HSAB principles – Stability of compounds / complexes, predicting the feasibility of a reaction.
- 13. Bioinorganic Chemistry:** Essential elements, biological significance of Na, K, Mg, Ca, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn and chloride ( $Cl^-$ ). Metalloporphyrins – hemoglobin, structure and function, Chlorophyll, structure and role in photosynthesis.

## ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

**1. Structural theory in Organic Chemistry** : Types of bond fission and organic reagents (Electrophilic, Nucleophilic, and free radical reagents including neutral molecules like  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  &  $\text{AlCl}_3$  ). Bond polarization : Factors influencing the polarization of covalent bonds, electro negativity – inductive effect. Application of inductive effect (a) Basicity of amines (b) Acidity of carboxylic acids (c) Stability of carbonium ions. Resonance or Mesomeric effect, application to (a) acidity of phenol, and (b) acidity of carboxylic acids. Hyper conjugation and its application to stability of carbonium ions, Free radicals and alkenes, carbanions, carbenes and nitrenes. Types of Organic reactions : Addition – electrophilic, nucleophilic and free radical. Substitution – electrophilic, nucleophilic and free radical. Elimination- Examples (mechanism not required).

### 2. Acyclic Hydrocarbons

**Alkanes**– IUPAC Nomenclature of Hydrocarbons. Methods of preparation: Hydrogenation of alkynes and alkenes, Wurtz reaction, Kolbe's electrolysis, Corey- House reaction. Chemical reactivity – inert nature, free radical substitution mechanism. Halogenation example- reactivity, selectivity and orientation.

**Alkenes** – Preparation of alkenes (a) by dehydration of alcohols (b) by dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides (c) by dehalogenation of 1,2 dihalides (brief mechanism), Saytzev's rule. Properties: Addition of hydrogen – heat of hydrogenation and stability of alkenes. Addition of halogen and its mechanism. Addition of HX, Markonikov's rule, addition of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , HOX,  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  with mechanism and addition of HBr in the presence of peroxide (anti – Markonikov's addition ). Oxidation – hydroxylation by  $\text{KMnO}_4$  ,  $\text{OsO}_4$ , peracids (via epoxidation ) hydroboration, Dienes – Types of dienes, reactions of conjugated dienes – 1,2 and 1,4 addition of HBr to 1,3 – butadiene and Diel's – Alder reaction.

**Alkynes** – Preparation by dehydrohalogenation of dihalides, dehalogenation of tetrahalides, Properties; Acidity of acetylenic hydrogen (formation of Metal acetylides). Preparation of higher acetylenes, Metal ammonia reductions Physical properties. Chemical reactivity – electrophilic addition of  $\text{X}_2$ , HX,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (Tautomerism), Oxidation with  $\text{KMnO}_4$ ,  $\text{OsO}_4$ , reduction and Polymerisation reaction of acetylene.

**3. Alicyclic hydrocarbons (Cycloalkanes)** : Nomenclature, Preparation by Freund's methods, heating dicarboxylic metal salts. Properties – reactivity of cyclopropane and cyclobutane by comparing with alkanes, Stability of cycloalkanes – Baeyer's strain theory, Sachse and Mohr predictions and Pitzer's strain theory. Conformational structures of cyclobutane, cyclopentane, cyclohexane.

**4. Benzene and its reactivity** : Concept of resonance, resonance energy. Heat of hydrogenation, heat of combustion of Benzene, mention of C-C bond lengths and orbital picture of Benzene. Concept of aromaticity – aromaticity (definition), Huckel's rule – application to Benzenoid (Benzene, Naphthalene) and Non – Benzenoid compounds (cyclopropenyl cation, cyclopentadienyl anion and tropylium cation) Reactions – General mechanism of electrophilic substitution, mechanism of nitration. Friedel Craft's alkylation and acylation. Orientation of aromatic substitution – Definition of ortho, para and meta directing groups. Ring activating and deactivating groups with examples (Electronic interpretation of various groups like  $\text{NO}_2$  and Phenolic). Orientation of (i). Amino, methoxy and methyl groups (ii). Carboxy, nitro, nitrile, carbonyl and Sulfonic acid groups. (iii). Halogens (Explanation by taking minimum of one example from each type).

**5. Polynuclear Hydrocarbons** - Structure of naphthalene and anthracene (Molecular Orbital diagram and resonance energy) Any two methods of preparation of naphthalene and reactivity. Reactivity towards electrophilic substitution. Nitration and sulfonation as examples.

**6. Halogen compounds** : Nomenclature and classification of alkyl (into primary, secondary, tertiary), aryl, aralkyl, allyl, vinyl, benzyl halides. Chemical Reactivity, formation of  $\text{RMgX}$  Nucleophilic aliphatic substitution reaction-classification into  $\text{S}_{\text{N}}1$  and  $\text{S}_{\text{N}}2$ . Energy profile diagram of  $\text{S}_{\text{N}}1$  and  $\text{S}_{\text{N}}2$  reactions. Stereochemistry of  $\text{S}_{\text{N}}2$  (Walden Inversion)  $\text{S}_{\text{N}}1$  (Racemisation). Explanation of both by taking the example of optically active alkyl halide – 2-bromobutane. Ease of hydrolysis – comparison of alkyl, benzyl, allyl, vinyl and aryl halides.

**7. Hydroxy compounds** : Nomenclature and classification of hydroxy compounds. Alcohols: Preparation with hydroboration reaction, Grignard synthesis of alcohols. Phenols: Preparation i) from diazonium salt, ii) from aryl sulphonates, iii) from cumene. Physical properties- Hydrogen bonding (intermolecular and intramolecular). Effect of hydrogen bonding on boiling point and solubility in water. Chemical properties:

- acidic nature of phenols.
- formation of alkoxides/phenoxides and their reaction with RX.
- replacement of OH by X using  $\text{PCl}_5$ ,  $\text{PCl}_3$ ,  $\text{PBr}_3$ ,  $\text{SOCl}_2$  and with HX/ $\text{ZnCl}_2$ .
- esterification by acids ( mechanism).

- e. dehydration of alcohols.
- f. oxidation of alcohols by  $\text{CrO}_3$ ,  $\text{KMnO}_4$ .
- g. special reaction of phenols: Bromination, Kolb-Schmidt reaction, Riemeier-Tiemann reaction, Fries rearrangement, azocoupling. Identification of alcohols by oxidation with  $\text{KMnO}_4$ , ceric ammonium nitrate, Lucas reagent and phenols by reaction with  $\text{FeCl}_3$ . Polyhydroxy compounds: Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement.
- 8. Carbonyl compounds** : Nomenclature of aliphatic and aromatic carbonyl compounds, structure of the carbonyl group. Synthesis of aldehydes from acid chlorides, synthesis of aldehydes and ketones using 1,3-dithianes, synthesis of ketones from nitriles and from carboxylic acids. Physical properties: absence of hydrogen bonding, keto-enol tautomerism, reactivity of carbonyl group in aldehydes and ketones. Nucleophilic addition reaction with a)  $\text{NaHSO}_3$ , b)  $\text{HCN}$ , c)  $\text{RMgX}$ , d)  $\text{NH}_2\text{OH}$ , e)  $\text{PhNHNH}_2$ , f) 2,4-DNPH, g) Alcohols-formation of hemiacetal and acetal. Halogenation using  $\text{PCl}_5$  with mechanism. Base catalysed reactions: a) Aldol, b) Cannizzaro reaction, c) Perkin reaction, d) Benzoin condensation, e) Haloform reaction, f) Knoevenagel reaction. Oxidation of aldehydes- Baeyer-Villiger oxidation of ketones. Reduction: Clemmensen reduction, Wolf-Kishner reduction, MPV reduction, reduction with  $\text{LiAlH}_4$  and  $\text{NaBH}_4$ . Analysis of aldehydes and ketones with a) 2,4-DNT test, b) Tollen's test, c) Fehling test, d) Schiff test, e) Haloform test (with equation).
- 9. Carboxylic acids and derivatives** : Nomenclature, classification and structure of carboxylic acids. Methods of preparation by a) hydrolysis of nitriles, amides and esters. b) carbonation of Grignard reagents. Special methods of preparation of aromatic acids by a) oxidation of side chain. b) hydrolysis by benzotrichlorides. c) Kolbe reaction. Physical properties: Hydrogen bonding, dimeric association, acidity- strength of acids with examples of trimethyl acetic acid and trichloroacetic acid. Relative differences in the acidities of aromatic and aliphatic acids. Chemical properties: Reactions involving H, OH and COOH groups- salt formation, anhydride formation, acid chloride formation, amide formation and esterification (mechanism). Degradation of carboxylic acids by Huns-Diecker reaction, decarboxylation by Schmidt reaction, Arndt-Eistert synthesis, halogenation by Hell-Volhard- Zelinsky reaction. Derivatives of carboxylic acids: Reaction of acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, acid amides, esters (mechanism of the hydrolysis of esters by acids and bases).
- 10. Active methylene compounds** : Acetoacetic esters: preparation by Claisen condensation, keto-enol tautomerism. Acid hydrolysis and ketonic hydrolysis. Preparation of a) monocarboxylic acids. b) dicarboxylic acids. Reaction with urea Malonic ester: preparation from acetic acid. Synthetic applications: Preparation of a) monocarboxylic acids (propionic acid and n-butyric acid). b) dicarboxylic acids (succinic acid and adipic acid). c)  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated carboxylic acids (crotonic acid). Reaction with urea.
- 11. Exercises in interconversion**
- 12. Nitrogen compounds**
- 13. Nitro hydrocarbons**: Nomenclature and classification – nitro hydrocarbons – structure. Tautomerism of nitroalkanes leading to aci and keto form. Preparation of Nitroalkanes. Reactivity – halogenation, reaction with HONO (Nitrous acid), Nef reaction and Mannich reaction leading to Michael addition and reduction. Amines (Aliphatic and Aromatic): Nomenclature, Classification into 1<sup>o</sup>, 2<sup>o</sup>, 3<sup>o</sup> Amines and Quarternary ammonium compounds. Preparative methods -1. Ammonolysis of alkyl halides 2. Gabriel synthesis 3. Hoffman's bromamide reaction (mechanism). 4. Reduction of Amides and Schmidt reaction. Physical properties and basic character – Comparative basic strength of Ammonia, methyl amine, dimethyl amine, trimethyl amine and aniline – comparative basic strength of aniline, N-methylaniline and N,N-dimethyl aniline (in aqueous and non-aqueous medium), steric effects and substituent effects. Use of amine salts as phase transfer catalysts. Chemical properties: a) Alkylation b) Acylation c) Carbylamine reaction d) Hinsberg separation e) Reaction with Nitrous acid of 1<sup>o</sup>, 2<sup>o</sup>, 3<sup>o</sup> (Aliphatic and aromatic amines). Electrophilic substitutions of Aromatic amines – Bromination and Nitration. oxidation of aryl and 3<sup>o</sup> Amines. Diazotization Cyanides and isocyanides: Nomenclature (aliphatic and aromatic) structure. Preparation of cyanides from a) Alkyl halides b) from amides c) from aldoximes. Preparation of isocyanides from Alkyl halides and Amines. Properties of cyanides and isocyanides, a) hydrolysis b) addition of Grignard reagent iii) reduction iv) oxidation.

#### 14. Heterocyclic Compounds

- 15.** Introduction and definition: Simple 5 membered ring compounds with one hetero atom Ex. Furan. Thiophene and pyrrole. Importance of ring system – presence in important natural products like hemoglobin and chlorophyll. Numbering the ring systems as per Greek letter and Numbers. Aromatic character – 6- electron system (four-electrons from two double bonds and a pair of non-bonded electrons from the hetero atom). Tendency to undergo substitution reactions. Resonance structures: Indicating electron surplus carbons and electron deficient hetero atom. Explanation of feebly acidic character of pyrrole, electrophilic substitution at 2 or 5 position, Halogenation, Nitration and Sulphonation under mild conditions. Reactivity of furan as 1,3-diene, Diels Alder reactions (one example). Sulphonation of thiophene purification of Benzene obtained from coal tar). Preparation of furan, Pyrrole and thiophene from 1,4,- dicarbonyl compounds only, Paul-Knorr synthesis, structure of pyridine, Basicity – Aromaticity – Comparison with pyrrole – one method of preparation and properties – Reactivity towards Nucleophilic substitution reaction – chichibabin reaction.
- 16. Carbohydrates** : Monosaccharides: All discussion to be confined to (+) glucose as an example of aldo hexoses and (-) fructose as example of ketohexoses. Chemical properties and structural elucidation: Evidences for straight chain pentahydroxy aldehyde structure (Acetylation, reduction to n-hexane, cyanohydrin formation, reduction of Tollen's and Fehling's reagents and oxidation to gluconic and saccharic acid). Number of optically active isomers possible for the structure, configuration of glucose based on D-glyceraldehyde as primary standard (no proof for configuration is required). Evidence for cyclic structure of glucose (some negative aldehydes tests and mutarotation). Cyclic structure of glucose. Decomposition of cyclic structure (Pyranose structure, anomeric Carbon and anomers). Proof for the ring size (methylation, hydrolysis and oxidation reactions). Different ways of writing pyranose structure (Haworth formula and chair conformational formula). Structure of fructose: Evidence of 2 – ketohexose structure (formation of penta acetate, formation of cyanohydrin its hydrolysis and reduction by HI to give 2-Carboxy-n-hexane). Same osazone formation from glucose and fructose, Hydrogen bonding in osazones, cyclic structure for fructose (Furanose structure and Haworth formula). Interconversion of Monosaccharides: Aldopentose to aldo hexose – eg: Arabinose to D-Glucose, D-Mannose (Kiliani - Fischer method). Epimers, Epimerisation – Lobry de Bruyn van Ekenstein rearrangement. Aldohexose to Aldopentose eg: D-glucose to D-arabinose by Ruff's degradation. Aldohexose (+) (glucose) to ketohexose (-) (Fructose) and Ketohexose (fructose) to aldohexose (Glucose)
- 17. Amino acids and proteins** : Introduction: Definition of Amino acids, classification of Amino acids into alpha, beta, and gamma amino acids. Natural and essential amino acids – definition and examples, classification of alpha amino acids into acidic, basic and neutral amino acids with examples. Methods of synthesis: General methods of synthesis of alpha amino acids (specific examples – Glycine, Alanine, valine and leucine) by following methods: a) from halogenated carboxylic acid b) Malonic ester synthesis c) strecker's synthesis. Physical properties: Optical activity of naturally occurring amino acids: L-configuration, irrespective of sign rotation, Zwitterion structure – salt like character - solubility, melting points, amphoteric character, definition of isoelectric point. Chemical properties: General reactions due to amino and carboxyl groups – lactams from gamma and delta amino acids by heating peptide bond (amide linkage). Structure and nomenclature of peptides and proteins.
- 18. Mass Spectrometry:** Basic principles – Molecular ion / parent ion, fragment ions / daughter ions. Theory – formation of parent ions. Representation of mass spectrum. Identification of parent ion, (M+1), (M+2), base peaks (relative abundance 100%) Determination of molecular formula – Mass spectra of ethylbenzene, acetophenone, n-butyl amine and 1- propanol.

#### PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

- 1. Gaseous state** : Compression factors, deviation of real gases from ideal behavior. Van der Waal's equation of state. P-V Isotherms of real gases, Andrew's isotherms of carbon dioxide, continuity of state. Critical phenomena. The van der Waal's equation and the critical state. Relationship between critical constants and van der Waal's constants. The law of corresponding states and reduced equation of states. Joule Thomson effect. Liquefaction of gases: i) Linde's method and ii) Claude's method.
- 2. Liquid state** : Intermolecular forces, structure of liquids (qualitative description). Structural differences between solids, liquids and gases. Liquid crystals, the mesomorphic state. Classification of liquid crystals into Smectic and Nematic. Differences between liquid crystal and solid/liquid. Application of liquid crystals as LCD devices.
- 3. Solid state** : Symmetry in crystals. Law of constancy of interfacial angles. The law of rationality of indices. The law of symmetry. Definition of lattice point, space lattice, unit cell. Bravais lattices and crystal systems. X-ray diffraction and crystal structure. Bragg's law. Determination of crystal structure by Bragg's method and the powder method. Indexing of planes and structure of NaCl and KCl crystals. Defects in crystals. Stoichiometric

and non-stoichiometric defects. Band theory of semiconductors. Extrinsic and intrinsic semiconductors, n- and p-type semiconductors and their applications in photo electrochemical cells.

4. **Solutions** : Liquid-liquid - ideal solutions, Raoult's law. Ideally dilute solutions, Henry's law. Non-ideal solutions. Vapour pressure – composition and vapour pressure-temperature curves. Azeotropes-HCl-H<sub>2</sub>O, ethanol-water systems and fractional distillation. Partially miscible liquids-phenol-water, trimethylamine-water, nicotine-water systems. Effect of impurity on consolute temperature. Immiscible liquids and steam distillation. Nernst distribution law. Calculation of the partition coefficient. Applications of distribution law.
5. **Colloids and surface chemistry** : Definition of colloids. Solids in liquids(sols), preparation, purification, properties -kinetic,optical,electrical. Stability of colloids, Hardy-Schulze law, protective colloid. Liquids in liquids (emulsions) preparation, properties, uses. Liquids in solids (gels) preparation, uses. Adsorption: Physical adsorption, chemisorption. Freundlich, Langmuir adsorption isotherms. Applications of adsorption
6. **Phase rule** : Concept of phase, components, degree of freedom. Derivation of Gibbs phase rule. Phase equilibrium of one component – water system. Phase equilibrium of two-component system, solid-liquid equilibrium. Simple eutectic diagram of Pb-Ag system, desilverisation of lead. Solid solutions- compound with congruent melting point- (Mg-Zn) system, compound with incongruent melting point – NaCl- water system. Freezing mixtures.
7. **Dilute solutions** : Colligative properties. Raoult's law, relative lowering of vapour pressure, its relation to molecular weight of non-volatile solute. Elevation of boiling point and depression of freezing point. Derivation of relation between molecular weight and elevation in boiling point and depression in freezing point. Experimental methods of determination. Osmosis, osmotic pressure, experimental determination. Theory of dilute solutions. Determination of molecular weight of non-volatile solute from osmotic pressure. Abnormal Colligative properties. Van't Hoff factor, degree of dissociation and association.
8. **Electrochemistry** : Specific conductance, equivalent conductance, measurement of equivalent conductance. Variation of equivalent conductance with dilution. Migration of ions, Kohlrausch's law. Arrhenius theory of electrolyte dissociation and its limitations. Ostwald's dilution law. Debye-Huckel-Onsagar's equation for strong electrolytes (elementary treatment only). Definition of transport number, determination by Hittorf's method. Application of conductivity measurements-determination of dissociation constant ( $K_a$ ) of an acid, determination of solubility product of sparingly soluble salt, conductometric titrations. Types of reversible electrodes- the gas electrode, metal-metal ion, metal-insoluble salt and redox electrodes. Electrode reactions, Nernst equation, single electrode potential, standard Hydrogen electrode, reference electrodes, standard electrode potential, sign convention, electrochemical series and its significance. Reversible and irreversible cells, conventional representation of electrochemical cells. EMF of a cell and its measurements. Computation of cell EMF. Applications of EMF measurements, Calculation of thermodynamic quantities of cell reactions (DG, DH and K). Determination of pH using quinhydrone electrode, Solubility product of AgCl. Potentiometric titrations.
9. **Chemical kinetics** : Rate of reaction, factors influencing the rate of a reaction-concentration, temperature, pressure, solvent, light, catalyst. Experimental methods to determine the rate of reaction. Definition of order and molecularity. Derivation of rate constants for first, second, third and zero order reactions and examples. Derivation for time half change. Methods to determine the order of reactions. Kinetics of complex reactions (first order only): opposing reactions, parallel reactions, consecutive reactions and chain reactions. Effect of temperature on rate of reaction, Arrhenius equation, concept of activation energy. Theories of reaction rates-collision theory-derivation of rate constant for bimolecular reaction. The transition state theory (elementary treatment).
10. **Photochemistry** : Difference between thermal and photochemical processes. Laws of photochemistry-Grothus-Draper's law and Stark-Einstein's law of photochemical equivalence. Quantum yield. Ferrioxalate actinometry. Photochemical hydrogen- chlorine, hydrogen-bromine reaction. Jablonski diagram depicting various processes occurring in the excited state, qualitative description of fluorescence, phosphorescence, non-radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing). Photosensitized reactions- energy transfer processes (simple example)
11. **Thermodynamics** : The first law of thermodynamics-statement, definition of internal energy and enthalpy. Heat capacities and their relationship. Joule's law-Joule-Thomson coefficient. Calculation of w, q, dU and dH for the expansion of perfect gas under isothermal and adiabatic conditions for reversible processes. State function. Temperature dependence of enthalpy of formation-Kirchoff's equation. Second law of thermodynamics. Different Statements of the law. Carnot cycle and its efficiency. Carnot theorem. Thermodynamic scale of temperature. Concept of entropy, entropy as a state function, entropy changes in cyclic, reversible, and

irreversible processes and reversible phase change. Calculation of entropy changes with changes in V & T and P&T. Entropy of mixing inert perfect gases. Entropy changes in spontaneous and equilibrium processes. The Gibbs (G) and Helmholtz (A) energies. A & G as criteria for thermodynamic equilibrium and spontaneity-advantage over entropy change. Gibbs equations and the Maxwell relations. Variation of G with P, V and T.

## Chemistry and Industry

### Physico Chemical methods of analysis

#### 1. Separation techniques

1. Solvent extraction: Principle and process, Batch extraction, continuous extraction and counter current extraction. Application – Determination of Iron (III)
2. Chromatography: Classification of chromatography methods, principles of differential migration adsorption phenomenon, Nature of adsorbents, solvent systems, R<sub>f</sub> values, factors effecting R<sub>f</sub> values.
  - a. Paper Chromatography: Principles, R<sub>f</sub> values, experimental procedures, choice of paper and solvent systems, developments of chromatogram – ascending, descending and radial. Two dimensional chromatography, applications.
  - b. Thin layer Chromatography (TLC): Advantages. Principles, factors effecting R<sub>f</sub> values. Experimental procedures. Adsorbents and solvents. Preparation of plates. Development of the chromatogram. Detection of the spots. Applications.
  - c. Column Chromatography: Principles, experimental procedures, Stationary and mobile Phases, Separation technique. Applications
  - d. High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC): Principles and Applications.
  - e. Gas Liquid Chromatography (GLC): Principles and Applications

2. **Spectrophotometry** : General features of absorption – spectroscopy, Beer-Lambert's law and its limitations, transmittance, Absorbance, and molar absorptivity. Single and double beam spectrophotometers. Application of Beer-Lambert law for quantitative analysis of

1. Chromium in K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>
2. Manganese in manganous sulphate Iron (III) with thiocyanate.

#### 3. Molecular spectroscopy

- (i) **Electronic spectroscopy**: Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with molecules and types of molecular spectra. Potential energy curves for bonding and antibonding molecular orbitals. Energy levels of molecules (σ, δ, n) . Selection rules for electronic spectra. Types of electronic transitions in molecules effect of conjugation. Concept of chromophore.
- (ii) **Infra red spectroscopy** : Energy levels of simple harmonic oscillator, molecular vibration spectrum, selection rules. Determination of force constant. Qualitative relation of force constant to bond energies. Anharmonic motion of real molecules and energy levels. Modes of vibrations in polyatomic molecules. Characteristic absorption bands of various functional groups. Finger print nature of infrared spectrum.
- (iii) **Raman spectroscopy** : Concept of polarizability, selection rules, pure rotational and pure vibrational Raman spectra of diatomic molecules, selection rules.
- (iv) **Proton magnetic resonance spectroscopy (<sup>1</sup>H-NMR)** Principles of nuclear magnetic resonance, equivalent and non-equivalent protons, position of signals. Chemical shift, NMR splitting of signals – spin-spin coupling, coupling constants. Applications of NMR with suitable examples – ethyl bromide, ethanol, acetaldehyde, 1,1,2-tribromo ethane, ethyl acetate, toluene and acetophenone.
- (v) **Spectral interpretation** : Interpretation of IR, UV-Visible, <sup>1</sup>H-NMR and mass spectral data of the following compounds 1. Phenyl acetylene 2. Acetophenone 3. Cinnamic Acid 4. para-nitro aniline.

## Drugs, formulations, pesticides and green chemistry

### 1. Drugs

1. Introduction: Drug, disease (definition), Historical evolution, Sources – Plant, Animal synthetic, Biotechnology and human gene therapy
2. Terminology: Pharmacy, Pharmacology, Pharmacophore, Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics (ADME, Receptors – brief treatment) Metabolites and Anti metabolites.
3. Nomenclature: Chemical name, Generic name and trade names with examples
4. Classification: Classification based on structures and therapeutic activity with one example each.
5. Synthesis: Synthesis and therapeutic activity of the following drugs., L-Dopa, Chloroquin, Omeprazole, Albuterol and ciprofloxacin.



6. Drug Development: Pencillin, Separation and isolation, structures of different pencillins
7. HIV-AIDS: Immunity – CD-4 cells, CD-8 cells Retrovirus, replication in human body. Investigation available, prevention of AIDS. Drugs available – examples with structures: PIS: Indinavir (Crixivan), Nelfinavir (Viracept), NNRTIS: Efavirenz (Susrtiva), Nevirapine (Viramune) NRTIs: Abacavir (Ziagen), Lamivudine (EpiVir, 3TC) Zidovudine (Retravir, AZT, ZDV)
8. Monographs of drugs: Eg Paracetamol, Sulpha methoxazole (Tablets)

## 2. Formulations

1. Need of conversion of drugs into medicine. Additives and their role (brief account only)
2. Different types of formulations

## 3. Pesticides

1. Introduction to pesticides – types – Insecticides, Fungicides, Herbicides, Weedicides, Rodenticides plant growth regulators, Pheromones and Hormones. Brief discussion with examples, Structure and uses.
2. Synthesis and present status of the following.  
DDT, BHC, Malathion, Parathion, Endrin, Baygon, 2,4-D and Endo-sulphon

## 4. Green Chemistry

**Introduction:** Definition of green Chemistry, need of green chemistry, basic principles of green chemistry

**Green synthesis:** Evaluation of the type of the reaction i) Rearrangements (100% atom economic), ii) Addition reaction (100% atom economic), Pericyclic reactions (no by-product).

Selection of solvent:

- i) Aqueous phase reactions ii) Reactions in ionic liquids iii) Solid supported synthesis iv) Solvent free reactions (solid phase reactions)
- ii) Green catalysts: i) Phase transfer catalysts (PTC) ii) Biocatalysts

### Microwave and Ultrasound assisted green synthesis:

1. Aldol condensation
2. Cannizzaro reaction
3. Diels-Alder reactions
4. Strecker synthesis
5. Willaimson synthesis
6. Dieckmann condensation

### Macromolecules, materials Science and catalysis

1. **Macromolecules** : Classification of polymers, chemistry of polymerization, chain polymerization, step polymerization, coordination polymerization – tacticity. Molecular weight of polymers-number average and weight average molecular weight, degree of polymerization, determination of molecular weight of polymers by viscometry, Osmometry and light scattering methods. Kinetics of free radical polymerization, derivation of rate law. Preparation and industrial application of polyethylene, PVC, Teflon, polyacrylonitrile, terelene and Nylon66. Introduction to biodegradability.
2. **Materials science** : Superconductivity, characteristics of superconductors, Meissner effect, types of superconductors and applications. Nanomaterials- synthetic techniques, bottom-up-sol-gel method, top-down-electro deposition method. Properties and applications of nano-materials. Composites-definition, general characteristics, particle reinforce and fiber reinforce composites and their applications.
3. **Catalysis** Homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis, comparison with examples. Kinetics of specific acid catalyzed reactions, inversion of cane sugar. Kinetics of specific base catalyzed reactions, base catalyzed conversion of acetone to diacetone alcohol. Acid and base catalyzed reactions- hydrolysis of esters, mutarotation of glucose. Catalytic activity at surfaces. Mechanisms of heterogeneous catalysis. Langmuir-Hinshelwood mechanism. Enzyme catalysis: Classification, characteristics of enzyme catalysis. Kinetics of enzyme catalyzed reactions-Michaelis Menton law, significance of Michaelis constant ( $K_m$ ) and maximum velocity ( $V_{max}$ ). Factors affecting enzyme catalysis- effect of temperature, pH, concentration and inhibitor. Catalytic efficiency. Mechanism of oxidation of ethanol by alcohol dehydrogenase.

### GENERAL CHEMISTRY

1. **Atomic Structure and elementary quantum mechanics** : Blackbody radiation, Planck's radiation law, photoelectric effect, Compton effect, de Broglie's hypothesis, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. Postulates of quantum mechanics. Schrodinger wave equation and a particle in a box, energy levels, wave functions and probability densities. Schrodinger wave equation for H-atom. Separation of variables, Radial and angular functions, hydrogen like wave functions, quantum numbers and their importance.

2. **Chemical Bonding** : Valence bond theory, hybridization, VB theory as applied to  $\text{ClF}_3$ ,  $\text{BrF}_5$ ,  $\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4$ ,  $\text{XeF}_2$ . Dipole moment – orientation of dipoles in an electric field, dipole moment, induced dipole moment, dipole moment and structure of molecules. Molecular orbital theory – LCAO method, construction of M.O. diagrams for homo-nuclear and hetero-nuclear diatomic molecules ( $\text{N}_2$ ,  $\text{O}_2$ ,  $\text{HCl}$ ,  $\text{CO}$  and  $\text{NO}$ ). Comparison of VB and MO theories.
3. **Stereochemistry of carbon compounds** : Molecular representations- Wedge, Fischer, Newman and Saw-Horse formulae. Stereoisomerism, Stereoisomers: enantiomers, diastereomers- definition and examples. Conformational and configurational isomerism- definition. Conformational isomerism of ethane and n-butane. Enantiomers: Optical activity- wave nature of light, plane polarised light, interaction with molecules, optical rotation and specific rotation. Chiral molecules- definition and criteria- absence of plane, center, and  $S_n$  axis of symmetry- asymmetric and dissymmetric molecules. Examples of asymmetric molecules (Glyceraldehyde, Lactic acid, Alanine) and dissymmetric molecules (trans -1,2-dichloro cyclopropane). Chiral centers: definition- molecules with similar chiral carbon (Tartaric acid), definition of mesomers- molecules with dissimilar chiral carbons (2,3-dibromopentane). Number of enantiomers and mesomers- calculation. D,L and R,S configuration for asymmetric and dissymmetric molecules. Cahn-Ingold-Prelog rules. Racemic mixture- racemisation and resolution techniques. Diastereomers: definition- geometrical isomerism with reference to alkenes- cis, trans and E,Z-configuration.
4. **General Principles of Inorganic qualitative analysis** : Solubility product, common ion effect, characteristic reactions of anions, elimination of interfering anions, separation of cations into groups, group reagents, testing of cations.
5. **Molecular symmetry** : Concept of symmetry in chemistry-symmetry operations, symmetry elements. Rotational axis of symmetry and types of rotational axes. Planes of symmetry and types of planes. Improper rotational axis of symmetry. Inversion centre. Identity element. The symmetry operations of a molecule form a group. Flow chart for the identification of molecular point group.
6. **Theory of quantitative analysis**
  - a) Principles of volumetric analysis. Theories of acid-base, redox, complexometric, iodometric and precipitation titrations, choice of indicators for these titrations.
  - b) Principles of gravimetric analysis: precipitation, coagulation, peptization, coprecipitation, post precipitation, digestion, filtration and washing of precipitate, drying and ignition, precipitation from homogenous solutions, requirements of gravimetric analysis.
7. **Evaluation of analytical data** . : Theory of errors, idea of significant figures and its importance, accuracy – methods of expressing accuracy, error analysis and minimization of errors, precision – methods of expressing precision, standard deviation and confidence limit.
8. **Introductory treatment to:**
  - a) Pericyclic Reactions Concerted reactions, Molecular orbitals, Symmetry properties HOMO, LUMO, Thermal and photochemical pericyclic reactions. Types of pericyclic reactions – electrocyclic, cycloaddition and sigmatropic reactions – one example each.
  - b) Synthetic strategies Terminology – Disconnection (dix), Symbol ( ), synthon, synthetic equivalent (SE), Functional group interconversion (FGI), Linear, Convergent and Combinatorial syntheses, Target molecule (TM). Retrosynthesis of the following molecules
    - 1) acetophenone 2) cyclohexene 3) phenylethylbromide
  - c) Asymmetric (Chiral) synthesis Definitions-Asymmetric synthesis, enantiomeric excess, diastereomeric excess. stereospecific reaction, definition, example, dehalogenation of 1,2-dibromides by  $\text{I}^-$ . stereoselective reaction, definition, example, acid catalysed dehydration of 1-phenylpropanol.

## 105 – GEOLOGY

**Total Marks : 100**

### Palaeontology, Indian Geology and Economic Geology

**Palaeontology : Definition** of palaeontology, conditions of fossilization, modes of preservation and uses of fossils. Phylum Echinodermata and Phylum Brachiopod, Phylum Mollusca and Phylum Arthropoda, Phylum Hemichordata, Phylum Coelenterata. Study of the following fossils with respect to their classification, morphology and geological distribution. Cidaris, Micraster, Holaster, Hemiaster, Terebratula, Spinifer, Rhynchonella, Productus, Turritella, Murex, Cypraea, Natica, Voluta, Pecten, Gryphaea, Arca, Cardita, Exogyra, Nautilus, Ammonoids, Belemnites, Calymene, Paradoxide, Corals and Graptolites. Plant fossils : Glossopteris, Gangam Operas, Ptylophyllum.

**Indian Geology : Definition** of stratigraphy, principles of stratigraphy, lithostratigraphy, standard geological timescale. Physiographic divisions of India with their stratigraphic and structural characteristics. Dharwar System,

Cuddapah System, Vindhyan System, Kurnool System and Gondwana System. Triassic of Spiti, Jurassic of Kutch, Cretaceous of Tiruchirapalli, Deccan Traps and their Age, Siwaliks with vertebrate fossils. Geology of Andhra Pradesh. Stratigraphic contacts – boundaries between Archaean and Proterozoic; and Cretaceous and Tertiary.

**Economic Geology : Definition** of Economic Geology, Global tectonics and metallogeny – mineral resources and mineral deposits, Importance of economic minerals and rocks, ore minerals, gangue minerals (gangue). Ore, industrial minerals, tenor and grade; Syngenetic deposits, epigenetic deposits. Classification of mineral deposits – Bateman's classification modified by Jenson. Processes of formation of mineral deposits; endogenous and exogenous processes. Study of ore deposits of gold, copper, lead, zinc, aluminium, iron, manganese, chromium, uranium and thorium with respect to their mineralogy, uses, mode of occurrence, origin and distribution in India. Distribution of industrial minerals in India for the following industries : abrasives, cement, ceramics, glass, fertilizers and chemicals, and insulators. Fossil fuels : Coal, its origin and types of coal – Coal deposits of India. Oil and Natural Gas : Origin, migration and entrapment and distribution in India, Use of micropaleontology in oil exploration, Gemstones and Dimensional Stones. Atomic minerals : Uraninite, pitchblende, coffenite; Beach sands : monazite, ilmenite, rutile, zircon and their uses. Mineral resources of Andhra Pradesh.

### **Petrology and Structural Geology**

**Nature and scope of Petrology** – Definition of rock, classification of rocks into igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic. Distinguishing features of the three types of rocks. **Igneous rocks** : Classification into plutonic, hypabyssal and volcanic rocks; Forms – Lava flows, intrusions, sills, laccolith, lopolith, dykes, ring dykes, cone sheets, volcanic necks, phacoliths and batholiths. Structures : vesicular, amygdaloidal, block lava, rhyolite, pillow lava, flow, jointing and sheet structures. Platy, columnar and prismatic structures. Textures – Definition of texture, micro-structure, devitrification. Allotriomorphic, hypidiomorphic, panidiomorphic, porphyritic, poikilitic, ophitic, intergranular, intersertal, trachytic, graphic and micro-graphic. Reaction structures – Corona, myrmekitic, orbicular, spherulitic, perlitic. Classification of igneous rocks – CIPW and Tyrrell tabular classification. Descriptive study of the following rocks types : granite, granodiorite, syenite, nepheline syenite, diorite, pegmatite, aplite, gabbro, anorthosite, peridotite, pyroxenite, dunite, dolerite, rhyolite, obsidian, trachyte, andesite and basalt. Composition and constitution of magma – Crystallization of magma, unicomponent and binary systems, eutectic and solid solutions. Origin of igneous rocks – Bowen's reaction principle, differentiation and assimilation.

**Sedimentary rocks:** Sources of sediments – mechanical and chemical weathering, modes of transportation, stratification. Sedimentary structures : types of bedding, surface marks, deformed bedding and solution structures. Classification of sedimentary rocks : Clastic – rudaceous, arenaceous, and argillaceous; Non-Clastic – calcareous, carbonaceous, ferruginous, phosphatic, and evaporates. Descriptive study of the following sedimentary rocks – conglomerate, breccia, sandstone, grit, arkose, greywacke, shale, limestone, and shelly limestone. **Metamorphic rocks:** Definition of metamorphism, agencies of metamorphism, types of metamorphism, grades and zones of metamorphism. Metamorphic minerals – stress and antistress minerals – Structures of metamorphic rocks – Cataclastic, maculose, schistose, granulose and gneissose. Textures of metamorphic rocks – crystalloblastic, palimpsest, xenoblastic and idioblastic. Classification of metamorphic rocks - concept of metamorphic facies. Cataclastic metamorphism of argillaceous and arenaceous rocks. Thermal metamorphism of argillaceous, arenaceous and calcareous rocks. Dynamothermal metamorphism of argillaceous, arenaceous and basic igneous rocks. Plutonic metamorphism, metasomatism and additive processes. Definition of anatexis and palingenesis. Descriptive study of the following metamorphic rocks : gneiss, schist, slate, phyllite, quartzite, marble, granulite, eclogite, amphibolite, migmatite, charnockite and khondalite.

**Structural Geology:** Definition of structural geology, aim and objectives of structural geology; Importance of study of structures, primary and secondary structures; Outcrops, attitude of beds; Strike, dip and apparent dip, and Use of clinometer. Primary structures. Folds – description, nomenclature and recognition in the field. Joints – geometrical and genetic classification. Faults – geometrical and genetic classification and recognition in the field. Effects of faults on the outcrops. Unconformities – definition, types, and recognition in the field. Distinguishing the faults from unconformities. Definitions of overlap, offlap, outlier, cleavage, schistosity, foliation and lineation.

### **Physical Geology, Crystallography and Mineralogy**

**Physical Geology** : General aspects, definition of geology – Basic assumptions of Geology – Its relationship with other sciences – Branches of geology – Aim and applications of Geology. **Earth as a planet** – Its shape, size, density – movements and their effects. Origin and age of the earth. Geological processes – exogenic and endogenic. Definition of weathering – types of weathering of rocks – physical and chemical. Definition of erosion and denudation, cycle of erosion, transportation and deposition, agents of erosion. **Rivers** : erosion, transportation and deposition of river (fluvial) cycle in different stages – Development of typical landforms by river erosion and

deposition. V-shaped valley, waterfall, alluvial fan, meander, ox-bow lake, flood plane, natural plane, peneplain and delta. Types of rivers. **Glaciers** : Definition of a glacier – types – development of typical landforms by glacial erosion and deposition – cirque, U-shaped valley – changing valley; Rocks – monadocks, morains, drum-line, kama, eskors and varves, characteristic features of glaciated regions. Groundwater : storage of ground water – porosity, permeability, aquifer, water table – zone of saturation, artesian well, spring, geysers – development of typical landforms by erosion and deposition by groundwater (Karst topography), sinkhole, cavern, stalactites and stalagmites. **Seas** : Offshore profile – landforms of sea – marine deposits and coral reefs. Lacustrine deposits, atmospheric circulation, weather and climatic changes, land-air-sea interaction. Earth's heat budget and global climatic changes. **Wind** : Development of characteristic features by winds (arid cycle), erosion and deposition – pedestal rock – mushroom topography – Inselberg – Ventifacts – locus and sand dunes. **Earth movements** : definition of diastrophism, epirogenic and orogenic movements – mountains, geosyncline. Basic concepts of isostasy, continental drift and plate tectonics. **Earthquakes** : causes, kinds of earthquake waves, mode of propagation, intensity of earthquakes, Richter's scale, seismograph and seismogram. Effects of earthquakes, earthquake zones, interior of the earth. **Volcanoes** : origin and products.

**Crystallography** : **Definition of crystal** – amorphous and crystalline states – morphology of crystals – face, edge, solid angle and interfacial angle. **Forms** : simple, combination, closed and open forms. **Symmetry** : Plane, axis, centre, crystallographic axes, parameters, indices, crystallographic notation – Parameter system of Weiss, Index system of Miller. **Classification** of Crystals into '7' systems. Morphological study of the following classes of symmetry : a) Cubic system – Normal (Galena) type, b) Tetragonal system – Zircon type, c) Hexagonal system – Beryl type, d) Trigonal system – Calcite type, e) Orthorhombic system – Barytes type, f) Monoclinic system – Gypsum type, and g) Triclinic system – Axinite type. **Twinning** in crystals – definition of twin, twin plane, twin axis and composition plane.

**Mineralogy** : **Definition of a mineral** – Classification of minerals into rock forming and ore forming minerals. Physical properties of minerals – colour, streak, play of colours, opalescence, asterism, transparency, luster, luminescence, fluorescence, form, hardness, tenacity, cleavage, parting, fracture, specific gravity, magnetic properties, electrical properties, pyro- and piezo-electricity. **Modes of mineral formation** : Occurrence and association of minerals. Chemical properties of minerals – isomorphism – solid solution – polymorphism – allotropy, pseudomorphism, radioactivity, silicate structure. **Descriptive Mineralogy** : Study of physical and chemical properties and mode of occurrence of the following mineral groups : Nesosilicate – Olivine, garnet and aluminium silicates; Sorosilicate – epidote; Cyclosilicate – beryl; Inosilicate – pyroxene and amphibole; Phyllosilicate – mica, hydrous magnesium silicate; Tectosilicate – feldspars, feldspathoids and quartz; Miscellaneous – staurolite, tourmaline, zircon, calcite, corundum and apatite. **Optical Mineralogy** : Optical properties of minerals – Isotropic and Anisotropic – Polarized light, refractive index – Double refraction, Uniaxial and Biaxial minerals – Nicol Prism and its construction, Concept of crossed nicols. Petrological (Polarizing) Microscope – Its mechanical and optical parts – behaviour of isotropic and anisotropic mineral between crossed nicols – extinction, pleochroism, interference colour. Optical properties of important minerals.

## **201 – HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SCIENCES**

**Total Marks : 100**

**Reasoning** : Analogy Test – Alphabet Series – Test of Direction Sense – Coding – Decoding test – Number series – Puzzle – Problem on Age Calculation – Blood Relations – Calendar – Decision Making – Number Series – Matrix – Mathematical Reasoning – Statement and Assumption – Statement and Arguments – Dice – Clock – Inserting the Missing Character – Clerical Aptitude – Word formation – Venn Diagram.

**Numerical Ability** : General aptitude with emphasis on logical reasoning, graphical analysis, analytical ability, quantitative comparisons, series formation, puzzles, etc. Time and distance - Time and work General arithmetic aptitude - Ratios, Percentage Increase/Decrease - Numerical Logic - Arithmetic Test - Numerical Reasoning - Data Interpretation - Numerical Estimation.

**General English** : Active/Passive Voice; Parts of Speech; Time, Tense and Aspect; Phrasal Verbs; Auxiliary verbs; Use of Shall, will, For, Since; Idioms and Phrases; Common Errors; Preposition; Synonyms and Antonyms; Precise Writing and Comprehension

**Current Affairs** : Current events of national and international importance. - History of India and Indian National Movement. - Indian and World Geography - Physical, Social, Economic Geography of India and the World. - Indian Polity and Governance - Constitution, Political System, Panchayati Raj, Public Policy. - Economic and Social Development Sustainable Development, Poverty, Inclusion, Demographics, Social Sector initiatives, etc. General issues on Environmental Ecology, Bio-diversity and Climate Change - that do not require subject specialization. General Science.

**202 – ENGLISH**

**Total Marks : 100**

1. Literary terms, Genres, Literary Movements and Trends, Critical concepts.
2. Verb, verb patterns and structures, phrasal verbs concord, Active and Passive Voice, Prepositions, Question tags, Articles, synonyms and antonyms, one word substitutes, Note taking, confusables.
3. Comprehension – unknown poem and passage, Letter writing, Idioms, and phrases.

**203 – TELUGU**

**Total Marks : 100**

**తెలుగు భాషా చరిత్ర - వ్యాకరణం :**

1. ద్రావిడ భాషలు - వ్యవహారాలు - ప్రాంతాలు.
2. ఆంధ్రం - తెలుగు - తెలుగు - పుట్టు పురోత్తరాలు - వాని వ్యాప్తి.
3. ప్రాచీనయుగ యుగ భాషా స్వరూపం.
4. ధ్వనుల మార్పులు : వర్ణ సమీకరణం, వర్ణ విభేదం, వర్ణ వ్యత్యయం, వర్ణ సామ్మం. తాలవ్యీంకరూణం, శ్వాసత - నాదత.
5. అర్థవిపలణామం : అర్థ సంకోచం, అర్థవ్యాకోచం, సభ్యోక్తి, మృదుాక్తి, అర్థగ్రామ్యత, లక్షణార్థాలు.
6. అన్యదేశ్యాలు
7. ఆదాన ప్రదానాలు
8. మాండలిక భేదాలు - పరిచయం. వ్యాకరణం, తెలుగు సాహిత్య చరిత్ర, సాహిత్య విమర్శ : 1. కావ్య ప్రకరణం, 2. రస ప్రకరణం, 3. రూపక ప్రకరణం, 4. ఆధునిక ప్రక్రియలు, 5. సాహిత్య విమర్శ - ప్రయోజనం.

**గద్య భాగం :**

1. గాలివాన - పాలగుమ్మి పద్మరాజు, 2. ఆకలి - ఆచార్య కొలకలూరి ఇనాత్, 3. నమ్ముకున్న నేల - ఆచార్య కేతు విశ్వనాథరెడ్డి.
  4. జైలు - పొట్లపల్లి రామారావు, 5. తెలుగు భాషా - ఆచార్య గుణ్ణర్లమూడి కృసాచారి, 6. వ్యక్తిత్వ వికాసం - ఆచార్య రాచపాళెం చంద్రశేఖర రెడ్డి, 7. మాధ్యమాలకు రాయడం - ఆచార్య ఎన్.జె.డి. చంద్రశేఖర్, 8. అభివ్యక్తి నైపుణ్యాలు - డా॥ పి.వి. సుబ్బారావు
- వ్యాకరణం : సంధులు, సమాసాలు, అలంకారాలు, చందస్సు.

**ప్రాచీన పద్య భాగం :**

1. గంగా శంతసుల కథ - నన్నయ, 2. మూషిక మార్జాల వృత్తాంతం - తిక్కన, 3. హంసీ చక్రవాక సంవాదం - అల్లసాని పెద్దన,
4. ఎఱుకత - తరిగొండ వెంగమాంబ, 5. వామనావతారము - పోతన, 6. శాలివాహన విజయము - కొఱవి గోపరాజు,
7. గ్రీష్మర్షువు - రాఘునాథనాయకుడు, ఆధునిక కవిత్వం : 1. మా కొద్దీ తెల్ల దొరతనము - గరిమెళ్ల సత్యనారాయణ,
2. మహాప్రస్థానం - శ్రీ శ్రీ..3. ముసాఫరులు - గుర్రం శాఘవ, 4. మేఘదూతము - పుట్లపల్లి నారాయణాచార్యులు,
8. మనిషి - అందెశ్రీ 9. రాయలసీమ - గంజి కేంద్రము - బెళ్ళూరి శ్రీనివాసమూర్తి, 10. వంటిల్లు - విమల

**MODEL QUESTION PAPER**

**GENERAL INFORMATION :**

1. For all Tests, the candidate has to answer 100 multiple choice questions in 90 minutes. Each question contains four alternative answers (a, b, c, d). The candidate must mark the answer on OMR Sheet and should not answer any where on the Test booklet.

**GENERAL MODEL PAPER**

**Time: 90 Min** **Max. marks: 100**

1. The Scattering cross section has dimension of  
(a) Volume (b) Area (c) Density (d) Length
2. In an irreversible process, the entropy of a system  
(a) Remains constant (b) Decreases (c) Increases (d) Becomes infinite
3. Table 'A' of Companies Act gives  
(a) A model minute book (b) A model form of balance sheet  
(c) A model memorandum of association (d) A model articles of association

**Note :** Test No.201 : M.P.Ed contains 100 questions (100 marks) to be answered in 90 minutes and another 100 marks will be given for meritorious sports certificates.

**APPENDIX – III (A)**

**COURSEWISE STUDENT INTAKE IN SCIENCE COURSES OFFERED IN  
A.U. COLLEGE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY & ENGINEERING**

Test Code	Course Code	Name of the Course	Department	No. of Seats			
				R	SF	AIB	TOTAL
<b>101</b>	10101	M.Sc. Biochemistry	Biochemistry	16	14	---	30
	10102	M.Sc. Biotechnology	Biotechnology	---	30	---	30
	10103	M.Sc. Agricultural Biotechnology	Botany	---	20	4	24
	10104	M.Sc. Horticulture & Landscape Management		---	24	---	24
	10105	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences	Environmental Sciences	12	12	---	24
	10106	M.Sc. Foods, Nutrition & Dietetics	AUCST	---	40	---	40
	10107	M.Sc. Botany	Botany	46	16	---	62
	10108	M.Sc. Human Genetics	Human Genetics	16	14	---	30
	10109	M.Sc. Marine Biology and Fisheries	M.L.R	12	4	---	16
	10110	M.Sc. Coastal Aquaculture & Marine Biotechnology		---	12	5	17
	10111	M.Sc. Marine Biotechnology		---	16	---	16
	10112	M.Sc. Zoology	Zoology	42	12	---	54
	10113	M.Sc. Microbiology	Microbiology	---	36	---	36
	10114	M.Sc. Fishery Science	Zoology	---	36	---	36
<b>102</b>	10201	M.Sc. Physics	Physics	50	18	---	68
	10202	M.Sc. Space Physics		5	---	5	10
	10203	M.Sc. Nuclear Physics	Nuclear Physics	28	6	---	34
	10204	M.Sc.(Tech.) Geophysics	Geophysics	20	10	---	30
	10205	M.Sc. Marine Geophysics		10	5	---	15
	10206	M.Sc. Meteorology	Meteorology & Physical Oceanography	16	10	---	26
	10207	M.Sc. Physical Oceanography		16	10	---	26
	10208	M.Sc. Electronics (Instrumentation)	AUCST	---	60	---	60
<b>103</b>	10301	M.Sc. Applied Mathematics	Applied Mathematics	28	12	---	40
	10302	M.A./M.Sc. Mathematics	Mathematics	30	50	---	80
	10303	M.Sc. Statistics	Statistics	28	12	---	40
	10304	M.Sc. Statistics with Computer Science		---	20	---	20
	10305	M.Sc. Computer Science	Computer Science (Engg)	---	30	---	30

Test Code	Course Code	Name of the Course	Department	No. of Seats			
				R	SF	AIB	TOTAL
104	10401	Analytical Chemistry	Inorganic & Analytical Chemistry	12	6	---	18
	10402	Bio-Inorganic Chemistry		10	---	---	10
	10403	Environmental Chemistry		10	---	---	10
	10404	Inorganic Chemistry		12	---	---	12
	10405	Chemistry and Analysis of Foods, Drugs & Water	Organic Chemistry, F.D & Water	12	---	---	12
	10406	Organic Chemistry		12	6	---	18
	10407	Marine Chemistry	P.N.C.O	6	---	---	6
	10408	Nuclear Chemistry		8	---	---	8
	10409	Physical Chemistry		14	6	---	20
	10410	M.Sc. Applied Chemistry	Engineering Chemistry	10	20	---	30
105	10501	M.Sc. Geology	Geology	20	5	5	30
	10502	M.Sc. Tech. Applied Geology		20	5	5	30
151	15101	M.Sc. Geography- B.A Stream	Geography	12	4	---	16
	15102	M.Sc. Geography B.Sc. Stream		12	4	---	16
152	15201	M.Tech. Atmospheric Science	Meteorology & Physical Oceanography	5	10	---	15
153	15301	M.Tech. Ocean Sciences		5	10	---	15
154	15401(A)	M.Tech. Petroleum Exploration & Production (Geo Science Stream)	Delta Studies	---	19	---	19
	(B)	M.Tech. Petroleum Exploration & Production (Engineering Stream)		---	19	---	19
<b>M.Sc. 5 - YEAR INTEGRATED PG PROGRAMMES</b>							
551	55101	M.Sc. 5-Year Integrated course in Geology (B.Sc + M.Sc)	Geology	---	20	4	24
552	55201	5-Year Integrated M.Sc. Chemistry (Applied Chemistry)	Engineering Chemistry	---	30	---	30

Note : R - Regular, SF - Self-Finance, AIB - All India Basis.

**APPENDIX – III (B)**

**COURSEWISE STUDENT INTAKE IN ARTS COURSES OFFERED IN  
A.U. COLLEGE OF ARTS & COMMERCE, LAW & PG CENTRES**

Test Code	Course Code	Name of the Course	Department	No. of Seats			
				R	SF	AIB	TOTAL
201	20101	M.Com.	Commerce & Mgt. Std	60	---	---	60
	20102	M.Com.	(AU-PGC - VZM)	---	60	---	60
	20103	M.A. Applied Economics	Economics	30	10	---	40
	20104	M.A. Economics		50	10	---	60
	20105	M.A. Ancient History & Archaeology	History	10	10	---	20
	20106	M.A. History		30	20	---	50
	20107	M.A. Human Resource Management	M.H.R.M.	30	20	---	50
	20108	Journalism & Mass Communication.	M.J.M.C.	15	15	---	30
	20109	M.S. Mass Communication & Media Studies		---	30	---	30
	20110	M.A. Human rights & Duties	H.R.D.(Law college)	20	20	---	40
	20111	M.A. Library & Information Science	M.L.I.Sc.	30	10	---	40
	20112	M.A. Philosophy	Philosophy	30	---	---	30
	20113	M.A./M.Sc. Anthropology	Anthropology	24	---	---	24
	20114	M.A. Sociology	Sociology	23	7	---	30
	20115	M.A. Psychology	Psychology	12	12	---	24
	20116	M.A. Political Science	Politics & Public Administration	30	30	---	60
	20117	M.A. Political Science	(AU - PGC - VZM)	---	40	---	40
	20118	M.A. Public Administration	Politics & Public Administration	30	30	---	60
	20119	M.Ed. (I.A.S.E)	IASE	50	---	---	50
	20120	M.Ed.	Education	50	---	---	50
	20121	M.Ed.	(AU - PGC - VZM)	50	---	---	50
	20122	M.A. Social Work	Social Work	35	15	---	50
	20123	M.P.Ed	M.P.Ed	---	60	---	60
	20124	Adult & Continuing Education	Education	---	30	---	30
	20125	M.A. Yoga & Consciousness	Yoga & Consciousness	---	30	---	30
202	20201	M.A. English	English	30	20	---	50
	20202	M.A. English	(AU - PGC - VZM)	---	40	---	40
203	20301	M.A. Telugu	Telugu	40	20	---	60



**APPENDIX – III (B)**

Test Code	Course Code	Name of the Course	Department	No. of Seats			
				R	SF	AIB	TOTAL
251	25101	M.A. Sanskrit	Sanskrit	16	4	---	20
252	25201	M.A. Women Studies	Women Studies	20	---	---	20
253	25301	PG Diploma in Co-operation & Rural Studies	Economics	20	---	---	20
254	25401	M.A. Hindi	Hindi	40	10	---	50
255	25501	B.F.A.	Fine Arts	20	10	---	30
256	25601	M.F.A. (Sculpture)		---	10	---	10
		M.F.A. (Painting)		---	10	---	10
		M.F.A. (Print Making)		---	10	---	10
257	25701	M.A. Dance	Dance	---	10	---	10
258	25801	M.A. Music	Music	5	5	---	10
259	25901	M.Ed Special Education (VI)	Education	---	12	---	12

(AU - PGC - VZM) = Andhra university Post Graduate Centre, Vizianagaram

**APPENDIX – III (C)**

**COURSE - WISE STUDENT INTAKE (SELF-FINANCE SEATS) IN SCIENCE / ARTS COURSES OFFERED IN AFFILIATED COLLEGES \* As on date : 03.03.2017**

S. No	Coll. Code	Name of the College		Name of the Course	Intake Seats
1	101	Unity Degree College, Visakhapatnam	1	M.A. Social work	40
			2	M.H.R.M.	40
			3	M.A. English	40
2	102	A.M.A.L. College, Anakapalle (Aided)	1	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	30
			2	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			3	M.Com.	50
3	103	A.Q.J. College, Visakhapatnam	1	M.Sc. Biochemistry	30
			2	M.Sc. Microbiology	30
			3	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	30
			4	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
4	104	Aditya Degree College, Visakhapatnam.	1	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	30
			2	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			3	M.A. Telugu	40
5	105	B.V.K. College, Visakhapatnam.	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
6	107	Chaitanya College for WOMEN, Gajuwaka, Visakhapatnam	1	M.Sc. Zoology	30
			2	M.A./M.Sc. Mathematics	40
			3	M.Sc. Computer Science	40
			4	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			5	M.Com.	50
			6	M.H.R.M.	40
7	108	D.V.N. College, Anakapalle.	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
8	110	Dr. Lankapalli Bullaiah. College, Visakhapatnam	1	M.Sc. Biochemistry	30
			2	M.Sc. Biotechnology	30
			3	M.Sc. Microbiology	30
			4	M.A./M.Sc. Mathematics	40
			5	M.Sc. Computer Science	40
			6	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	30
			7	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			8	M.H.R.M.	40
			9	M.A. English	40

S. No	Coll. Code	Name of the College		Name of the Course	Intake Seats
9	111	Dr.V.S.Krishna Govt. College, Visakhapatnam	1	M.Sc. Biotechnology	30
			2	M.Sc. Botany	30
			3	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	30
			4	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			5	M.A. English	40
10	112	G.V.P. College, Visakhapatnam	1	M.Sc. Computer Science	40
			2	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			3	M.H.R.M.	40
11	113	Konatala Arts & Sci., Anakapalle.	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
12	115	MSRS.Sidhardha Deg. College, Visakhapatnam	1	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	30
			2	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
13	116	M.V.R. College, Gajuwaka, Visakhapatnam	1	M.Sc. Biochemistry	30
			2	M.Sc. Biotechnology	30
			3	M.Sc. Botany	30
			4	M.Sc. Microbiology	30
			5	M.Sc. Applied Mathematics	40
			6	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	30
			7	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
14	118	A.V.N. Deg. College, Visakhapatnam.	1	M.Com.	40
15	119	Poorna Sai Deg.College, Yellamanchili.	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
16	120	PRISM Degree College, Visakhapatnam.	1	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	30
			2	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
17	121	Pydah College, Visakhapatnam(Aided)	1	M.Sc. Statistics	40
			2	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			3	M.Com.	50
18	122	Raghu Deg. College, Dakamarri, Visakhapatnam.	1	M.Sc. Microbiology	30
			2	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
19	123	SVVP VMC Degree & PG College, Visakhapatnam.	1	M.A. Social Work	40
			2	M.Com.	40
20	124	Samata Degree College, Visakhapatnam	1	M.Sc. Computer Science	40
21	126	Sri Gowri Degree College, Visakhapatnam.	1	M.Com.	40
22	127	Sri Sai Srinivasa Degree college, Paravada, Visakhapatnam	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30

❖ Some of the courses and Intake may change. The final list of the courses and Intake shall be given at the time of counseling.

S. No	Coll. Code	Name of the College		Name of the Course	Intake Seats
23	128	St. Joseph`s Coll. for WOMEN, Visakhapatnam.	1	M.Sc. Home Science	40
			2	M.A./M.Sc. Mathematics	40
			3	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			4	M.A. English	40
24	129	T.S.R. & T.B.K. Degree College, Gajuwaka, Visakhapatnam	1	M.Sc. Botany	30
			2	M.Sc. Microbiology	30
			3	M.Sc. Zoology	30
			4	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	30
			5	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
25	130	Visakha Govt.Women`s Coll., Visakhapatnam.	1	M.Sc. Microbiology	30
			2	M.A. Psychology.	20
			3	M.A. Psychology.(others)	20
			4	M.A. Social Work	40
			5	M.A. English	40
26	132	S.V.V.P. Degree & PG College, R.R.V. Puram, Gopalapatnam, Visakhapatnam	1	M.Com.	40
27	133	Gonna College of Physical Education, Visakhapatnam	1	M.P.Ed.	80
28	301	A.G.L.M. Degree College, Vizianagaram.	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
29	304	M.R. College of Education, Vizianagaram.	1	M.Ed.	50
30	305	M.S.N. Degree and PG college, Thotapalem, Vizianagaram.	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			2	M.A. Social Work	40
			3	M.H.R.M.	40
31	306	M.R. P.G. College, Vizianagaram.	1	M.Sc. Biochemistry	30
			2	M.Sc. Biotechnology	30
			3	M.Sc. Microbiology	30
			4	M.Sc. Physics	30
			5	M.A./M.Sc. Mathematics	40
			6	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	30
			7	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			8	M.A. Economics	40
			9	M.A. History	40
			10	M.A. Social Work	40
			11	M.Com.	50
			12	M.H.R.M.	40
			13	M.A. English	40

S. No	Coll. Code	Name of the College		Name of the Course	Intake Seats
32	307	Maharshi Degree College, Gajapathinagaram, Vzm.	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			2	M.H.R.M.	40
33	308	Pragathi Deg. College, Kothavalasa, Vzm.	1	M.Sc. Applied Mathematics	40
			2	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			3	M.A. Social Work	40
			4	M.H.R.M.	40
34	309	Rajah R.S.R.K.R.R. College, Bobbili.	1	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	30
			2	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			3	M.A. English	40
35	310	Rangamudri Deg. College, Chilakapalli, Vzm.	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			2	M.A. Social Work	40
36	311	S.K. Degre College, Ayyannapeta, Vzm.	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			2	M.Com.	40
37	312	Sri Chaitanya Deg. College, Vizianagaram.	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
38	314	Sri Vivekananda Degree College, S.Kota, Vzm.	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			2	M.A. Social Work	40
			3	M.H.R.M.	40
39	316	Maharajah`s College, Vizianagaram	1	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	30
			2	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
40	317	Punyangiri Degree College, S.Kota	1	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	30
			2	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			3	M.A. Social Work	40
41	318	Vagdevi Degree College, Kothavalsa VZM	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
			2	M.H.R.M.	40
42	319	Sri Sai Deg College, siddarthnagar, VZM	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
43	320	Satya Deg college, thotapalem, VZM	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30
44	321	Maheswari College of Education, Bobbili, Vizianagaram	1	M.Ed.	50
45	322	Pragathi College of Physical Education, Kothavalasa, VZM	1	M.P.Ed.	40
46	323	Kodi Rama Murthy College of Physical Education	1	M.P.Ed.	80

**COURSE - WISE STUDENT INTAKE (SELF-FINANCE /MANAGEMENT) IN  
SCIENCE / ARTS COURSES OFFERED IN Dr.B.R.AMBEDKAR UNIVERSITY**

Test Code	Course Code	Name of the Course	Intake Seats		
			R	SF	TOTAL
101	10151	M.Sc. Biotechnology	24	6	30
102	10174	M.Sc. Physics	36	6	42
	10153	M.Sc. Geophysics	12	3	15
103	10155	M.Sc. Mathematics	32	8	40
104	10156	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	24	6	30
105	10160	M.Sc. Geology	12	3	15
201	10161	M.Com	32	8	40
201	10163	M.A. Economics	32	8	40
201	10165	M.L.I.Sc	32	8	40
201	10167	M.Ed.	32	8	40
201	10169	M.A. Social Work	32	8	40
201	10171	M.A. Rural Development	32	8	40
202	10172	M.A. English	32	8	40
203	10173	M.A. Telugu	32	8	40

**COURSE - WISE STUDENT INTAKE (SELF-FINANCE / MANAGEMENT) IN  
SCIENCE / ARTS COURSES OFFERED IN AFFILIATED COLLEGES OF  
Dr.B.R.AMBEDKAR UNIVERSITY**

S. No	Coll. Code	Name of the College		Name of the Course	Intake Seats		
					SF	Mgt	Total
1	201	Aditya Degree & P.G. College SKL	1	M.A. Social work	36	6	42
2	202	Chaitanya E.S. Degree& P.G. College, SKLM	1	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	36	6	42
			2	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	36	6	42
3	204	Gayathri College of Mg. Munaseb Peta SKLM	1	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	36	6	42
			2	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	36	6	42
			3	M.Sc. Physics	36	6	42
4	206	Govt. Degree& P.G. College, NarasannaPeta.	1	M.A. Economics	30	-	30
			2	M.A. Politics	30	-	30
			3	M.A. Telugu	30	-	30
5	207	Govt. Degree & P.G. College,(Men)SKLM	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30	-	30
			2	M.Com	40	-	40
			3	M.A. Telugu	40	-	40
6	208	Govt. Degree& P.G. College,(W)SKLM	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30	-	30
			2	M.Sc. Zoology	30	-	30
			3	M.A. Telugu	30	-	30
7	209	SSR Degree& PG College, Srikakulam	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30	3	33
8	212	Sun Degree& P.G College, SKLM	1	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	30	-	30
9	213	Vamsadhara Degree & P.G. College,Kotabommali	1	M.A. Social Work	40	-	40
10	214	Prajana College of Science and Arts, Kasibugga-Palasa	1	M.Com	40	-	40
11	215	Rangumudri M.Ed. College, Irruvada	1	M.Ed.	50	-	50
12	216	B.S & J.R M.Ed. College, Akkavaram-Tekkali	1	M.Ed.	50	-	50

**FEE STRUCTURE FOR SCIENCE / ARTS & COMMERCE / LAW / ENGINEERING COURSES  
OFFERED IN AU CAMPUS AND AFFILIATED COLLEGES FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2017-2018**

S. No	COURSE	REGULAR		SELF-FINANCE	
		* Eligible ST / SC / BC- A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)	* Eligible ST / SC / BC-A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)
1	M.Sc. Bio-inorganic Chemistry	2050	11000	-	-
2	M.Sc. Environmental Chemistry	2050	11000	-	-
3	M.Sc. Chemistry & Analysis Food, Drugs & Water	2050	11000	-	-
4	M.Sc. Marine Chemistry	2050	11000	-	-
5	M.Sc. Nuclear Chemistry	2050	11000	-	-
6	M.Sc. Space Physics	2050	11000	-	-
7	M.Sc. Geology	2050	11000	2050	14200
8	M.Sc. Tech Applied Geology	-	-	2050	14200
9	M.Tech. Atmospheric Science	2050	11000	2050	19100
10	M.Sc. Geography	2050	11000	2050	20200
11	M.Sc. Statistics	2050	11000	2050	20400
12	M.Sc. Applied Mathematics	2050	11000	2050	20400
13	M.Sc. Mathematics	2050	11000	2050	20400
14	M.Tech. Oceanic Sciences	2050	11000	2050	20400
15	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences	2050	11000	4000	24000
16	M.Sc. Horticulture & Landscape Management	-	-	4000	24000
17	M.Sc. Coastal Aquaculture & Marine Biotech.	-	-	4000	24000
18	M.Sc. Marine Biology & Fisheries	2050	11000	4000	24000
19	M.Sc. Marine Biotechnology	-	-	4000	24000
20	M.Sc. (Tech.) Geophysics	2050	11000	4000	24000
21	M.Sc. Marine Geophysics	2050	11000	4000	24000
22	M.Sc. Meteorology	2050	11000	4000	24000
23	M.Sc. Physical Oceanography	2050	11000	4000	24000
24	M.Sc. Fisheries Science	-	-	4000	24000
25	M.Sc. 5-Year Integrated Course in Geology	-	-	11500	31500
26	M.Sc. Botany	2050	11000	14400	34400
27	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	2050	11000	14400	34400
28	M.Sc. Inorganic Chemistry	2050	11000	14400	34400
29	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	2050	11000	14400	34400
30	M.Sc. Physical Chemistry	2050	11000	14400	34400

**SCIENCE COURSES**



S. No	COURSE	REGULAR		SELF-FINANCE	
		* Eligible ST / SC / BC- A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)	* Eligible ST / SC / BC-A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)
31	M.Sc. Nuclear Physics	2050	11000	14400	34400
32	M.Sc. Physics	2050	11000	14400	34400
33	M.Sc. Zoology	2050	11000	14400	34400
34	M.Sc. Home Science	-	-	14400	34400
35	M.Sc. Electronics (Instrumentation)	-	-	15100	35100
36	M.Sc. Statistics with Computer Science	-	-	15200	35200
37	M.Sc. Foods, Nutrition & Dietetics	-	-	15200	35200
38	M.Sc. Microbiology	-	-	22600	42600
39	M.Sc. Agricultural Bio-technology	-	-	30400	50400
40	M.Sc. Biochemistry	2050	11000	33100	53100
41	M.Sc. Biotechnology	-	-	33100	53100
42	M.Sc. Human Genetics	2050	11000	33100	53100
43	M. Tech. Petroleum Exploration & Production	-	-	67500	87500

#### R – Regular, SF – Self-Finance

**Note-1** SC, ST candidates (whose parental or guardian income is upto Rs. 2,00,000/-) and BC (A,B,C,D&E) and EBC candidates (whose parental or guardian income is upto Rs. 1,00,000/-) are eligible for sanction of tuition fee, special fee and examination fee put together to a maximum amount of Rs. 20,000/- by the respective SC / ST / BC welfare departments, Andhra Pradesh as per the existing rules. Candidates must pay the admission fee and caution deposit at the time of admission. The sanction of the above said fee is subject to approval by the respective state departments. Candidates will have to pay the full fee in case the respective state departments do not reimburse the above said amount.

**Note-2** If the candidate does not get the sanction of the course fee amount from the Department of Social Welfare, Andhra Pradesh, he/she has to pay the prescribed course fee. The candidate has to give an undertaking at the time of admission to this effect.

**Note-3** Eligibility for Reimbursement of Tuition Fee (RTF) for Convener Quota of seats : All Students admitted by the Convener as Notified by the Government under the Quota meant for the convener shall be eligible for the Post Matric Scholarships (PMS Scheme). However, the Students admitted under Management Quota of seats or through Spot Admissions (i.e) left over seats of the Convener quota filled by the Management subsequently in the Institutional Spot Admissions will not be eligible for the PMS Scheme. (Vide Go.Ms.No. 66 SW-Edn., Department dated : 08-09-2010)

**Note-4** The existing fee structure is subject to change as per the G.O. to be issued by the Govt. of A.P. Variations, if any, will be adjusted after the G.O is issued.

**Note-5** Candidates have to pay study or tour / field work fee in the respective departments where they are part of the curriculum.

**Note-6** Special Fee Rs.1320/- which includes : Fresher's Day Celebrations Rs.150/-, College Day Celebration Rs.150/-, (Inter University fee (IUT) Rs.100/-, Library Fee Rs.200/-, Placement Fee Rs.100/-, Counseling Fee (employment bureau) Rs.50/-, Youth Festival Fee Rs.70/-, Medicine / Medical Inspection Fee Rs.100/-, Stationery Fee Rs.150/-, Audio-Visual Education Fee Rs.50/-, Poor Student aid fund Rs.100/-, Department association Fee Rs.100/-.

S. No	COURSE	REGULAR		SELF-FINANCE	
		* Eligible ST / SC / BC- A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)	* Eligible ST / SC / BC- A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)
1	M.Com.	1855	8800	-	-
2	M.Ed. Dept. of Education	1855	21000	-	-
3	M.Ed IASE	1855	21000	-	-
4	M.A. Philosophy	1855	8800	-	-
5	M.A./M.Sc. Anthropology	1855	8800	-	-
6	M.A. Women Studies	1855	8800	-	-
7	PGDCRS	1045	9900	-	-
8	M.A. Economics	1855	8800	1855	10500
9	M.A. Applied Economics	1855	8800	1855	10500
10	M.A. English	1855	8800	1855	10500
11	M.A. Hindi	1855	8800	1855	10500
12	M.A. History	1855	8800	1855	10500
13	M.A. Ancient History & Arch.	1855	8800	1855	10500
14	M.A. Political Science	1855	8800	1855	10500
15	M.A. Public Administration	1855	8800	1855	10500
16	M.A. Sanskrit	1855	8800	1855	10500
17	M.A. Sociology	1855	8800	1855	10500
18	M.A. Telugu	1855	8800	1855	10500
19	M.A. Dance	-	-	1855	10500
20	M.L.I.Sc.	1855	8800	1855	11900
21	M.A. Social Work	1855	8800	1855	11900
22	M.Com. Affiliated College (Aided)	-	-	1855	13100
23	M.A. Economics. Affiliated College (Aided)	-	-	1855	13100
24	MA. Adult & Continuing Education	-	-	1855	13100
25	M.A. Social Work, Affiliated Colleges (Aided)	-	-	1855	13100
26	M.A. Telugu, Affiliated Colleges (Aided)	-	-	1855	13100
27	M.J.M.C.	1855	8800	1855	14300
28	M.S. Mass Communication & Media Studies	-	-	1855	14300
29	M.A. Music	1855	8800	1855	14300
30	M.Com. Affiliated College (Unaided)	-	-	1855	15400
31	M.A. Economics. Affiliated College (Unaided)	-	-	1855	15400

**ARTS & COMMERCE / LAW COURSES**

S. No		COURSE	REGULAR		SELF-FINANCE	
			* Eligible ST / SC / BC- A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)	* Eligible ST / SC / BC- A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)
32	<b>ARTS &amp; COMMERCE / LAW COURSES</b>	M.A. English, Affiliated College, (Unaided)	-	-	1855	15400
33		M.A. History, Affiliated Colleges (Unaided)	-	-	1855	15400
34		M.A. Politics & Pub.Admn,Affi.Coll. (Unaided)	-	-	1855	15400
35		M.A. Social Work, Affiliated Colleges (Unaided)	-	-	1855	15400
36		M.A. Telugu, Affiliated Colleges (Unaided)	-	-	1855	15400
37		M.A. Human Rights & Duties	1855	8800	1855	16000
38		B.F.A.	1855	8800	1855	20000
39		M.A. Psychology	1855	8800	1855	20700
40		M.Ed Special Education (VI)	-	-	1855	21000
41		M.A. Yoga & Consciousness	-	-	6200	26200
42		M.F.A. Graphics	-	-	7900	27900
43		M.F.A. Printmaking	-	-	7900	27900
44		M.F.A. Sculpture	-	-	7900	27900
45		M.H.R.M.	1855	8800	7900	27900
46		M.H.R.M., Affiliated Colleges (Unaided)	-	-	7900	27900
47		M.Ed. Affiliated College (Unaided)	-	-	16800	36800
48		M.P.Ed.	-	-	16800	36800

**R – Regular, SF – Self-Finance**

Note-1 SC, ST candidates (whose parental or guardian income is upto Rs. 2,00,000/-) and BC (A,B,C,D&E) and EBC candidates (whose parental or guardian income is upto Rs. 1,00,000/-) are eligible for sanction of tuition fee, special fee and examination fee put together to a maximum amount of Rs. 20,000/- by the respective SC / ST / BC Welfare Departments, Andhra Pradesh as per the existing rules. Candidates must pay the admission fee and caution deposit at the time of admission. The sanction of the above said fee is subject to approval by the respective State Departments. Candidates will have to pay the full fee in case the respective State Departments do not reimburse the above said amount.

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Note-5 Candidates have to pay study or tour / field work fee in the respective Departments where they are part of the curriculum.

Note-6 Special Fee Rs.1320/- which includes : Fresher's Day Celebrations Rs.150/-, College Day Celebration Rs.150/-, (Inter University fee (IUT) Rs.100/-, Library Fee Rs.200/-, Placement Fee Rs.100/-, Conseling Fee (employment bureau) Rs.50/-, Youth Festival Fee Rs.70/-, Medicine / Medical Inspection Fee Rs.100/-, Stationery Fee Rs.150/-, Audio-Visual Education Fee Rs.50/-, Poor Student aid fund Rs.100/-, Department association Fee Rs.100/-.

S. No		COURSE	REGULAR		SELF-FINANCE	
			* Eligible ST / SC / BC- A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)	* Eligible ST / SC / BC- A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)
1	ENGG COURSES	5-Year Integrated Chemistry (Applied Chemistry)	-	-	11500	31500
2		M.Sc. Applied Chemistry	2050	11000	13500	33500
3		M.Sc. Computer Science	-	-	13500	33500

#### R – Regular, SF – Self-Finance

- Note-1 SC, ST candidates (whose parental or guardian income is upto Rs. 2,00,000/-) and BC (A,B,C,D&E) and EBC candidates (whose parental or guardian income is upto Rs. 1,00,000/-) are eligible for sanction of tuition fee, special fee and examination fee put together to a maximum amount of Rs. 20,000/- by the respective SC / ST BC welfare departments, Andhra Pradesh as per the existing rules. Candidates must pay the admission fee and caution deposit at the time of admission. The sanction of the above said fee is subject to approval by the respective State Departments. Candidates will have to pay the full fee in case the respective State Departments do not reimburse the above said amount.
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- Note-5 Candidates have to pay study or tour / field work fee in the respective Departments where they are part of the curriculum.
- Note-6 Special Fee Rs.1760/- which includes : Games & Athletics Fee Rs.200/-, Reading Room Fee Rs.100/-, Library Fee Rs.200/-, Medicine Fee Rs.100/-, Medical Inspection Fee Rs.50/-, Stationery Fees Rs.150/-, Audio Visual Education Fee Rs.50/-, Poor Student Aid Fund Rs.100/-, Inter-University Sports Rs.80/-, Dramatic Association Fee Rs.50/-, University Union Fee Rs.80/-, College Magazine Fee Rs.60/-, Departmental Association Fee Rs.100/-, Student Social Service League Rs.40/-, Fresher's Day Celebrations Rs.150/-, College Day Celebrations Rs.150/-, NCC Rs.50/-, NSS Rs.50/-.
- Note-7 In addition to the above the candidate has to pay Rs. 6000/- towards autonomous fee and Rs. 3000/- as accreditation fee in the College of Engineering.

**Dr. B.R. Ambedkar University & Affiliated Colleges Fee Structure of  
Science and Arts Courses for the Academic Year – 2017-2018**

S. No	COURSE	REGULAR		SELF-FINANCE		
		* Eligible ST / SC / BC- A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)	* Eligible ST / SC / BC-A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)	
1	<b>SCIENCE COURSES</b>	M.Sc. Biotechnology	3340	23340	13340	33340
2		M.Sc. Geo-Physics	1890	6960	3340	23340
3		M.Sc. Physics	3340	23340	13340	33340
4		M.Sc. Physics (in Affiliated colleges Un Aided)	---	---	15385	35385
5		M.Sc. Mathematics	1890	6960	1890	18340
6		M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	1890	6960	13340	33340
7		M.Sc. Organic Chemistry (in Affiliated colleges Un Aided)	---	---	15385	35385
8		M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry (in Affiliated colleges Un Aided)	---	---	15385	35385
9		M.Sc. Geology	1890	6960	3340	23340
10	<b>ARTS COURSES</b>	M.Com	1695	5275	1695	9145
11		M.Com (in Affiliated colleges Un Aided)	---	---	1695	14745
12		M.A. Economics	1695	5045	1695	9145
13		M.A. Economics (in Affiliated colleges Un Aided)	---	---	1695	14745
14		M.L.I.Sc.	1695	5045	1695	11145
15		M.Ed	1695	7500	1695	15000
16		M.A. Social Work	1695	5780	1695	9145
17		M.A. Social Work (in Affiliated colleges Un Aided)	---	---	1695	11245
18		M.A. Political Science (in Affiliated colleges Un Aided)	---	---	1695	11245
19		M.Ed. Education (in Affiliated colleges Un Aided)	---	---	20090	40090
20		M.A. Rural Development	1695	5045	1695	9145
21		M.A. English	1695	4935	1695	9145
22		M.A. Telugu	1695	4925	1695	9145
23		M.A. Telugu (in Affiliated colleges Un Aided)	---	---	1695	14745

SIDE II

### AUCET-2017 OMR ANSWER SHEET

OMR Sheet No. :

**SECTION I**

Hall Ticket Number :  
 Name :  
 Father's Name :  
 Date & Time :  
 Test Code & Name :  
 Centre :



**SECTION II**

### AUCET-2017 OMR ANSWER SHEET

<b>RESERVATION</b> <input type="checkbox"/> ST (1) SC (2) BC-A (3) BC-B (4) BC-C (5) BC-D (6) BC-E (7) OC (8)	<b>OTHER RESERVATION</b> <input type="checkbox"/> PH (9) CAP (10) NCC (11) SPORTS (12) NSS (13) UNIVERSITY EMPLOYEE CHILDREN'S SPOUSE YES (1) NO (2) <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>SERIES CODE</b> <input type="checkbox"/> (A)	<b>SUBJECT CODE</b> <input type="checkbox"/> (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (0)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Test Name</th> <th>Code No.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td colspan="2"><b>Science courses :</b></td></tr> <tr><td>Life Sciences</td><td>101</td></tr> <tr><td>Physical Sciences</td><td>102</td></tr> <tr><td>Mathematical Sciences</td><td>103</td></tr> <tr><td>Chemical Sciences</td><td>104</td></tr> <tr><td>Ecology</td><td>105</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2"><b>Arts courses:</b></td></tr> <tr><td>Humanities &amp; Social Sciences</td><td>201</td></tr> <tr><td>English</td><td>202</td></tr> <tr><td>Telugu</td><td>203</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Test Name	Code No.	<b>Science courses :</b>		Life Sciences	101	Physical Sciences	102	Mathematical Sciences	103	Chemical Sciences	104	Ecology	105	<b>Arts courses:</b>		Humanities & Social Sciences	201	English	202	Telugu	203	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; margin: 0 auto;"></div> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">Do not write anything in this box</p>
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**USE BLACK BALL POINT PEN ONLY**

#### ANSWERS (Use BLACK BALL POINT PEN only)

<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>1</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>13</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>14</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>15</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>16</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>17</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>18</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>19</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>21</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>22</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>23</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>24</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>25</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> </table>	1	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	2	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	3	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	4	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	5	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	6	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	7	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	8	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	9	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	10	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	11	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	12	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	13	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	14	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	15	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	16	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	17	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	18	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	19	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	20	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	21	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	22	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	23	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	24	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	25	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>26</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>27</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>28</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>29</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>30</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>31</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>32</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>33</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>34</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>35</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>36</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>37</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>38</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>39</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>40</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>41</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>42</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>43</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>44</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>45</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>46</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>47</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>48</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>49</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>50</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> </table>	26	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	27	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	28	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	29	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	30	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	31	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	32	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	33	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	34	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	35	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	36	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	37	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	38	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	39	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	40	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	41	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	42	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	43	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	44	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	45	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	46	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	47	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	48	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	49	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	50	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>51</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>52</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>53</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>54</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>55</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>56</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>57</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>58</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>59</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>60</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>61</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>62</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>63</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>64</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>65</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>66</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>67</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>68</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>69</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>70</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>71</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>72</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>73</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>74</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>75</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> </table>	51	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	52	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	53	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	54	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	55	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	56	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	57	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	58	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	59	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	60	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	61	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	62	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	63	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	64	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	65	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	66	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	67	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	68	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	69	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	70	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	71	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	72	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	73	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	74	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	75	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>76</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>77</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>78</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>79</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>80</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>81</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>82</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>83</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>84</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>85</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>86</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>87</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>88</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>89</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>90</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>91</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>92</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>93</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>94</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>95</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>96</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>97</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>98</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>99</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> <tr><td>100</td><td>(A)</td><td>(B)</td><td>(C)</td><td>(D)</td></tr> </table>	76	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	77	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	78	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	79	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	80	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	81	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	82	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	83	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	84	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	85	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	86	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	87	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	88	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	89	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	90	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	91	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	92	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	93	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	94	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	95	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	96	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	97	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	98	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	99	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	100	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
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For Andhra University  
OMR ANSWER SHEET

Hall Ticket Number

Question Paper Booklet No.

Signature of the Candidate

Signature of the Invigilator

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<p>1. DO NOT fold, tear, wrinkle, tie, staple, do any rough work or make any stray marks on the OMR Answer sheet.</p> <p>2. If the OMR Sheet or Question Paper Booklet is defective ask the invigilator to change it at the beginning of the Test.</p> <p>3. <b>Section -II</b> : Use <b>Black Ball Point Pen</b> only to fill the boxes ( <input type="checkbox"/> ) of Series code and subject Code and the circles (O) failing which your answer sheet will be invalidated.</p> <p>(i) EXAMPLE to fill the circles :</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Correct Method :                      Wrong Method :</p> <table style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td>●</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>d</td> <td>☒</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>d</td> </tr> <tr> <td>a</td><td>●</td><td>c</td><td>d</td> <td>a</td><td>☒</td><td>c</td><td>d</td> </tr> <tr> <td>a</td><td>b</td><td>●</td><td>d</td> <td>a</td><td>b</td><td>●</td><td>d</td> </tr> <tr> <td>a</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>●</td> <td>a</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>●</td> </tr> </table> <p>(ii) Mark your series code which is (A or B ) printed on your question booklet "at the appropriate place in the OMR sheet of Section II" with <b>Black Ball Point Pen</b> by darkening one relevant circle out of three given, failing which your answer sheet will be invalidated.</p> <p>If your Test Booklet Series is 'A' please fill as shown below.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">●    Ⓑ</p> <p>4. Please obtain the signature of the invigilator in the space provided, failing which your Answer sheet will be invalidated.</p>	●	b	c	d	☒	b	c	d	a	●	c	d	a	☒	c	d	a	b	●	d	a	b	●	d	a	b	c	●	a	b	c	●	<p>1. ఈ పత్రము పైన ఏదైన రద్దీ వర్క్ గాని, పత్రమును మడచటముగాని, గీతలు గీయడంగాని, చింపటంగాని, పెన్ చేయటం గాని చేయరాదు.</p> <p>2. OMR Sheet లో కాని Question Paper Booklet లో గాని లోపమున్నచో invigilator వద్ద నుంచి మరొక OMR Sheet ను లేదా Question Paper Booklet ను ప్రారంభంలోనే తీసుకోవండి.</p> <p>3. <b>Section-II</b>: లో సిరీస్ కోడ్ మరియు పట్టిక కోడ్ బాక్సులు ( <input type="checkbox"/> ) మరియు వృత్తములను (O) చింపడానికి వల్లని బాలిపోయింట్ పెన్ ను మాత్రమే ఉపయోగించవలెను. లేనిచో మీ సమాధాన పత్రము పరిశీలించబడదు.</p> <p>(i) వృత్తమును వల్లని బాలిపోయింట్ పెన్ తో చింపే విధానము.</p> <table style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td colspan="4">వృత్తమును సరిగా చింపుట</td> <td colspan="4">వృత్తమును తప్పుగా చింపుట</td> </tr> <tr> <td>●</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>d</td> <td>☒</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>d</td> </tr> <tr> <td>a</td><td>●</td><td>c</td><td>d</td> <td>a</td><td>☒</td><td>c</td><td>d</td> </tr> <tr> <td>a</td><td>b</td><td>●</td><td>d</td> <td>a</td><td>b</td><td>●</td><td>d</td> </tr> <tr> <td>a</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>●</td> <td>a</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>●</td> </tr> </table> <p>(ii) మీ ప్రశ్నాపత్రము పైన ముద్రించబడిన సిరీస్ కోడ్ ను (A లేదా B) మీ సమాధాన పత్రములోని Section -II లో కేటాయించబడిన స్థలములో గల మూడు వృత్తములలో ఒకటి వృత్తమును వల్లని బాలిపోయింట్ పెన్ తో బాగుగా రుద్ది చింపవలెను. అట్లులేనిచో మీ సమాధాన పత్రము పరిశీలించబడదు.</p> <p>మీ ప్రశ్నా పత్రము సిరీస్ కోడ్ A అయినచో ఈ క్రింది విధముగా చింపవలెను.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">●    Ⓑ</p> <p>4. మీ సర్వేక్షకుని (invigilator) యొక్క సంతకము మీ సమాధాన పత్రములో నిర్దేశించిన స్థలములో పొందండి. లేనిచో మీ సమాధాన పత్రము పరిశీలించబడదు.</p>	వృత్తమును సరిగా చింపుట				వృత్తమును తప్పుగా చింపుట				●	b	c	d	☒	b	c	d	a	●	c	d	a	☒	c	d	a	b	●	d	a	b	●	d	a	b	c	●	a	b	c	●
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## **Prof. K. RAJENDRA PRASAD**

**DIRECTOR, DIRECTORATE OF ADMISSIONS  
ANDHRA UNIVERSITY**

### **ADVISORY COMMITTEE, AUCET-2017**

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