# Syllabus M.Sc. (Geology)



Department of Geology Ravenshaw University, Cuttack-753003

Semester I		· · · · · ·		
Paper No	Paper	Paper	Marks	Credits
*	code		50	
1	MG 1.1	Physical Geology	50	4
II	MG 1.2	Global Tectonics and Structural	50	4
		Geology		
III	MG 1.3	Advanced Mineralogy	50	4
IV	MG 1.4	Geochemistry	50	4
V (Lab.)	MG 1.5	Mineralogy and Structural Geology	100	8
Semester I	ĺ	•	•	•
VI	MG 2.6	Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology	50	4
VII	MG 2.7	Sedimentary Geology	50	4
VIII	MG 2.8	Stratigraphy and Quaternary	50	4
		Geology		
IX	MG 2.9	Micropalaeontology and	50	4
		Oceanography		
X (Lab.)	MG 2.10	Petrology	100	8
Semester I	II			
XI	MG 3.11	Ore Geology	50	4
XII	MG 3.12	Geoinformatics	50	4
XIII	MG.3.13	Hydrology and River Engineering	50	4
XIV	MG 3.14	Environmental Geology*	50	4
XV (Lab.)	MG.3.15	Hydrology and Remote Sensing	100	8
Semester I	V		•	•
XVI	MG.4.16	Isotope Geology and	50	4
		Instrumentation		
XVII	MG 4.17	Coal Geology	50	4
XVIII	MG.4.18	Petroleum Geology and Pipeline	50	4
		Engineering		
XIX	MG 4.19	Energy Resources and Climate	50	4
		Change		
XX	MG.4.20	Project and seminar presentation	100	8
			1200	96

M. Sc Geology Syllabus (2012-2013 Admission Batch)

Inter disciplinary paper

# M.Sc. GEOLOGY FIRST SEMESTER

Theory		FIRST SEMESTER			
	MG 1.1	Physical Geology	Full Mark: 50	4 Credits	
	Unit I:	<i>Understanding the earth</i> sedimentation, igneous an Reconstructing Geologic hi	<i>dynamics</i> - Exploring solar ad metamorphic activity; G story through relative dating.	system, Processes of eologic Time Scale,	
	Unit II:	<i>Physical geology-</i> Origin o waves (Crust, Mantle, Core	f earth, Exploring the interior , Discontinuities)	of Earth with seismic	
	Unit III:	<i>Volcanism and Earthqua</i> products, Types of volcan Causes of earth quake, Class	<i>kes</i> -Causes and formation of one of the operation of the	of volcano, Volcanic bes of seismic waves, gnitude of earthquake	
	Unit IV:	<i>Geomorphology</i> - Weather Underground water, Glacie	ng, Erosion, Geological act r, Drainage systems and patte	ions of River, Wind, rns.	
	MG 1.2 Unit I:	<b>Global Tectonics and Stru</b> <i>Geotectonics-</i> Plate Tector The driving mechanism convergent, divergent, Palaeontologic, Stratigraph	<b>Ictural Geology Full Mark</b> tics (The mosaic of plates, F of plate tectonics; Types Conservative), Continental ic, Palaeomagnetic etc. evider	<b>: 50 4</b> Credits Rates of plate motion, of plate boundary- drift (Geometric, nces)	
	Unit II:	<i>Geodynamics-</i> Theory of I Mid-oceanic ridges, island	sostasy, Geomagnetism and arcs, Canyaons and fans of th	Sea floor spreading, e sea.	
	Unit III: Unit IV	<b>Rock deformation, orient</b> between stress and strain significance of unconformi <i>Lineation, foliation and</i> relation to major structure their geological significance	<i>ution and fold-</i> Elements of Mechanism of Folding and ties <i>ioint-</i> Lineation and foliation s; Joint— geometry and class e.	deformation, relation d Faulting, geological n and their types and sification of joints and	
	MG 1.3	Advanced Mineralogy	Full Mark :50	4 Credits	
	Unit I:	<i>X- ray mineralogy-</i> Na interference of x-ray wav cell parameters, d-values powder diffraction and pattern	ture of x-rays; interaction es; diffraction by a row of at intensity of diffraction, sin dentification of minerals fr	of x-rays and atoms; toms, planes of atoms; gle crystal diffraction, om power diffraction	
	Unit II:	<i>Silicate Minerals-</i> Structu physical and optical cha groups (Olivine, Garnet, F	re of silicate minerals. Study or racter of following rock for yroxene, Amphibole, Mica, F	of structure, chemistry, rming silicate mineral feldspar, and Quartz).	
	Unit III:	<i>Non-silicates and Gemsto</i> Gemstones	nes- Carbonates, Evaporites,	Sulphates, Phosphates,	
	Unit IV:	<i>Mineral Chemistry</i> - Unit lines and planes in crysta coordination number, cryst	cells, parameters and crystal l, Miller indices, zones and tal irregularities, atomic subst	llographic axes, points zone axis, ionic radii, itution	

MG 1.4	Geochemistry Full Mark : 50	4 Credits	
Unit I:	<i>Nature and Composition of Earth-</i> Cosmic ab geochemical differentiation of earth, Geoche Lithosphere	undance of elements, Primary mistry of hydrosphere and	
Unit II:	<i>Fundamentals of Geochemistry-</i> Geochemical classifications of elements, distribution of trace elements in rocks, Lunar rocks		
Unit III:	Geochemical Cycle- Geochemical cycle of n phosphorus	trogen, sulphur, carbon and	
Unit IV:	<b>Phase Equilibria-</b> Crystallisation of Unicomponent and Bi-component Magma, Eutectic, Solid Solution (Ab-An Series), Incongruent Melting, Ternary Magma (Di-Ab-An), mineralogical phase rule and its application		
Practical MG 1.5	Mineralogy and Structural Geology	Full Mark: 100 8 Credits	

#### SECOND SEMESTER

MG 2.6 Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology Full Mark: 50 4 Credits

Theory

- Unit I: *Introductory Igneous Petrology-* Texture of Igneous Rocks, Bowen's Reaction Principle, Differentiation and Assimilation, Magmatism and Tectonics, IUGS Classification of Igneous Rocks
- Unit II: *Petrography and Petrogenesis-* Petrography and Petrogenesis of Granite, Pegmatite, Basalt, Andesite, Ultrabasics, Anorthosite, Alkaline rocks, Carbonatite, Kimberlite
- Unit III: *Metamorphic Petrology* Types and agents of metamorphism, Metamorphic Zones, Grade and facies, ACF & AKF diagrams, Phase rule, Metasomatism, Metamorphic differentiation. Paired metamorphic belt,
- Unit IV: *Petrography-* Regional and contact metamorphism of pelites, arenites, carbonates and igneous rocks. Petrogenetic aspects of various rock suites of India like Gneisses, Schist, Quartzite, Slate, Marble, Khondalite, & Charnockite, Migmatites

# MG 2.7 Sedimentary Geology Full Mark: 50 4 Credits

- Unit I: *Fundamentals of Sedimentary Petrology* Texture & Structure of Sedimentary Rocks, Diagenesis, Heavy Minerals and their significance, Classification of sedimentary rocks, Sedimentary environment
- Unit II: *Sedimentary Petrography-* Genetic classification of sandstones and limestones, petrography of shale, conglomerate and breccia
- Unit III: *Applied Sedimentology*-Tectonics and sedimentation, cyclicity of sediments, Mechanical analysis of rocks, Sedimentary facies, study of provenance, palaeogeographic and palaeoenvironment reconstruction
- Unit IV: Sequence Stratigraphy and Basin Analysis Concept and principles of sequence stratigraphy, Mechanism of sedimentary basin formation; Basin Stratigraphy, sedimentary basins of India
- MG 2.8 Stratigraphy and Quaternary Geology Full Mark :50 4 Credits
- Unit I: *Principles of stratigraphy* Principle of Stratigraphy, Stratigraphic correlation, Standard stratigraphic time scale and their Indian equivalence, Code of Stratigraphic Nomenclature, Stratigraphy and geology of Orissa
- Unit II: *Pre-Cambrian Geology* General character, Stratigraphy, structure, lithology and economic resources of Dharwar, Singhbhum, Cuddapah, Vindhyan
- Unit III: *Palaeozoic and Mesozoic Stratigraphy-* General character, Stratigraphy, structure, lithology, economic resources and fossil contents Gondwana Supergroup, Triassic of Spiti, Jurassic of Kutch, Cretaceous of Trichinopoly
- Unit IV: *Cenozoic Stratigraphy* General character, Stratigraphy, structure, lithology, economic resources and fossil content of type areas of Tertiary of Assam and Siwalik, Deccan Trap, Quaternary landforms

- MG 2.9 Micropalaeontology and Ocenography Full Mark :50 4 Credits Unit I: Foraminifera and Ostracods- Objective of micropalaeontology, microfossil groups; Foraminifera (test morphology, life style, food, symbiosis, life cycle, wall structure and composition, Chamber growth and development, Evolution of Foraminifera, General classification, Foraminiferal bioenvironmental indicators, Palaeoecological significance of Foraminifera, Distribution of planktonic foraminifera; Ostracods (morphology of the ostracod carapace, ontogeny, articulation, distribution and ecology of ostracods, ecological variables, applications of ostracods; classification, geological history of Ostracod)
- Unit II: *Coccolithophores and Diatom-*Coccolithophores (Introduction; Coccolith morphology; Coccolith Life-Style, Ecology and Reproduction; Coccoliths and Sedimentation; Geologic history of coccoliths); Diatoms (Introduction; living diatom, Cell contents of living diatom; Structure and morphology of a diatom [Diatom frustule; diatom symmetry planes; diatom ornamentation); Taxonomy; Growth and reproduction; Diatom distribution and ecology; Geologic record and evolution; Applications and importance of diatoms
- Unit III: **Palaeobotany and Palynology** Palynology (introduction, history of Palynology; method of study, applications), Gondwana flora (Glossopteris flora, Dicroidium flora, Ptillophyllum flora) and their significance.
- Unit IV: *Marine Geology*-Relief of ocean floor (Continental Shelf, Continental Slope, Continental Rise and Abyssal Plain), Marine sediments and their classification (Lithogenous, Biogenous, Hydrogenous, Cosmogenous), Sea floor mineral resources

Practical			
MG 2.10	Petrology	Full Mark: 100	8 Credits

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### THIRD SEMESTER

#### Theory MG 3.11 Ore Geology

#### Full Mark: 50 4Credits

- Unit I: *Ore genesis and ore deposits of India-* Ores and ore minerals, magmatic processes of mineralization, porphyry, skarn, hydrothermal mineralization, fluid inclusion. Mineralogy, Mode of Occurrence, Distribution, Origin and uses of Iron, Manganese, Bauxite, Chromite, Beach sands
- Unit II: *Mineral Exploration-* Geological, Geochemical & Geobotanical methods of prospecting, Exploration of mineral resources using Electrical, Magnetic, Gravity, Seismic and Radioactive methods
- Unit III: *Mineral Economics-* Methods of Ore reserve estimation, United Nations Framework Classification of Ore Reserve Estimation, Sampling, Quality Control, and National Mineral Policy
- **Unit IV:** *Mineral Engineering* Comminution, Crushing and operational features of Jaw crusher, Roll Crushers, Grinding -Ball Mill, Rod Mill, Size analysis, Gravity Separation, Jigging, Dense Media Separation, Tabling, Froth floatation, Magnetic and Electrostatic Separation

# MG 3.12GeoinformaticsFull Mark: 504Credits

- Unit I: *Concepts and Foundations of Remote sensing-* Energy sources and radiation principles, Energy interaction in the atmosphere, Energy interactions with earth surface features, An ideal remote sensing system, a real remote sensing system.
- Unit II: *Orbital characteristics of remote sensing satellites-* Types of platforms and sensors; resolution of sensors- spatial, spectral, radiometric and temporal. Remote sensing satellites in operation: LANDSAT, SPOT, IRS, their sensor characteristics and application.
- Unit III: **Thermal infrared radiation-** properties; Thermal radiation principles- radiant vs Kinetic temperature, Black body radiation, Interaction of thermal radiation with terrain elements, Fundamentals of microwave remote sensing, SLAR: system components, spatial resolution, Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR).
- Unit IV: *GIS* Objectives of Geographical Information Systems, components of GIS, conceptual models of spatial information- raster and vector data models, advantages and disadvantages of raster and vector data models, non spatial information and concept of database, database structures-hierarchical, network and relational, important features of relational database structure- primary and foreign keys.

# MG 3.13 Hydrology and River Engineering Full Mark :50 4 Credits

- Unit II: *Water Quality-* Quality of groundwater and quality criteria for different uses, Economic dimensions of water use, Monitoring of Drinking water quality, Augmentation and conservation of water resources, Waste water reuse systems, Organic and inorganic contamination of groundwater and their remedial measures
- Unit II: *Groundwater Recharge and Rainwater Harvesting-* Methods of Groundwater exploration, Artificial groundwater recharge, Rain water harvesting, Groundwater provinces of Orissa and India, saline water intrusion
- Unit III: *River Engineering, morphology and sediment transport-* Purposes of river engineering, River morphology, Physical characteristics, Channel configuration, meandering, bends, alluvial fans, deltas, banks erosions, channel geometry, Importance of bank erodability.
- Unit IV: *Planning and Management-* Planning and design, Surveys for river engineering, measurement of stream flow and sediments, dredging, Levees and associated flood control works
- MG 3.14 Environmental Geology Full Mark :50 4 Credits
- Unit I: *Natural disasters and management-* Drought, Flood, Cyclone, Tornado, Thunder storm
- Unit II: *Managing Geohazards* Earthquake, Land slide, Tsunami, Inundation of Coastlines
- Unit III: *Environmental Management* Environmental Impact of Mining, Disposal of industrial and radioactive waste, Mineral Conservation, Sustainable Mining,
- Unit IV: *Environmental Act* Salient features of The Water Act, 1974 (Area of Jurisdiction, Constitution of Pollution Control Broads, Power and Function of Central and State Boards); The Air Act, 1981 (Area of Jurisdiction, Constitution of Pollution Control Broads, Power and Function of Central and State Boards); The Water Cess Act, 1977, The Environment Protection Act, 1986 (Powers of Central Government)

MG 3.15 Hydrology, Remote Sensing and Ore Geology Full Mark :100 8 Credits

# Theory

# FOURTH SEMESTER

MG 4.16	Isotope Geology and Instr	umentation Full Mark :5	0 4 Credits
Unit I:	<i>Isotope Geochemistry</i> -Sta Carbon isotope, Hydrogen i	ble isotope: Oxygen is sotope, Strontium Isotope	otope, Sulphur isotope,
Unit II:	<i>Radioisotopes:</i> Uranium-T Rubidium-Strontium metho	horium-Lead Method, P d, Radiocarbon dating	otassium-Argon method,
Unit III:	<i>Instruments for Physic</i> Characterisation, Character Electron Microscopy, EDA	<i>ical Characterisation</i> - risation of Minerals usi X, EPMA	Need for Mineral ng Optical Microscopy,
Unit IV:	<i>Instruments for Chemic</i> geochemical analysis, High Chromatograph, AAS, ICP-	<i>al Characterisation -</i> precision analytical metho MS	Classical methods of ods using XRF, NAA, Ion
MG 4.17	Coal Geology	Full Mark :50	4 Credits
Unit I:	<i>Coal Petrology</i> - Definition, distribution of coal, stratigra	Formation of coal, varieties	es of coal, Origin and Indian
Unit II:	<i>Coal petrography</i> - Rank or analysis, Microscopic constitution	f coal, Coal Analysis; Pattern the coal coal	coximate analysis, Ultimate
Unit III:	<i>Industrial application of co</i> and gasification, undergroun methods	<i>al</i> - Coal carbonization, H nd coal gasification, Coal	lydrogenation, Liquification bed Methane, coal mining
Unit IV:	<i>Coal hazards and mitigatio</i> acid mine drainage, mine combustion of coal, environ coal ash, carbon sequestratio	<i>measures</i> - Environmen subsidence, groundwate mental impact of coal bas n.	ntal impact of coal mining, er inundation, spontaneous ed power plants, disposal of

- MG 4.18Petroleum Geology and Pipe Line EngineeringFull Mark : 504 CreditsUnit I:Fundamentals of petroleum geology-Origin, migration and entrapment of<br/>natural hydrocarbons, Mode of occurrence of petroleum, seepages, mud<br/>volcanoes, oil shale or kerogen shale, structural, stratigraphic and mixed traps;
- Unit II: *Petroleum Exploration and Petroleum Reservoir-* Methods of Petroleum Exploration, Nomenclature of reservoir; fragmental, chemical, miscellaneous reservoir rocks, well logs, marine and non-marine reservoir rocks, pore space, classification and origin of pore space, reservoir fluids; water, oil and gas; Reservoir Pressure: Measurement of pressure, sources of pressure, anomalous pressure, capillary pressure, Reservoir temperature; measurement of temperature, sources and effects of heat, Interface phenomenon, reservoir energy.
- Unit III: *Pipeline Engineering and Maintenance of pipelines* Engineering Considerations, equipment and methods required for successful planning, design, construction, operation. Methods and apparatus for the maintenance of oil pipelines. Corrosion Control on Oil Pipelines
- Unit IV: *Pipeline risk analysis:* Pipeline risk analysis, major accident prevention documents, pipeline integrity management systems, risk to environment and public (individual and societal risk); Causes of pipeline failure, Consequences of failure, Fire and Explosions, Gas Dispersion
- MG 4.19 Energy Resources and Climate Change Full Mark : 50 4 Credits
- Unit I: *Geothermal Energy and Nuclear Energy-* Origin and nature of geothermal energy, Geothermal fields of India, utilization of geothermal resources in India, Nuclear reactions (Nuclear fission and Nuclear fusion), Concept of Nuclear Reactor
- Unit II: Solar and Wind Energy- Use of solar energy, Direct and indirect harnessing of solar energy, Solar heating devices: Solar cooker (Boxtype solar cooker and Spherical reflector type of solar cooker), solar water heater, solar cells, Utilization of wind energy by different wind devices (wind mill pump; wind flour mill)
- Unit III: *Elements of Climatology* Thermal Structure & Composition of Atmosphere; Elements of Climate and weather; Jet stream and its influence on world weather; Air Mass, their classification and influence on world weather; Fronts (Front classification).
- Unit IV: *Climate Change-* Glacial periods, sea-level rise, effects of sea level rise, Rise of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere, green house gases, green house effect and global warming, Desertification

MG 4.20	<b>Project and Seminar Presentation</b>	Full Mark:100	8 Credits
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