GUIDELINES FOR AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES DURING THE ELEVENTH PLAN PERIOD (2007-2012)



UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

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UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

XI Plan Guidelines

Scheme of Autonomous College

1.Introduction

Highlighting the importance of autonomous colleges, the UGC document on the XI Plan profile of higher education in India clearly states that: "The only safe and better way to improve the quality of undergraduate education is to the link most of the colleges from the affiliating structure. Colleges with academic and operative freedom are doing better and have more credibility. The financial support to such colleges boosts the concept of autonomy." It is proposed to increase the number of autonomous colleges to spread the culture of autonomy, and the target is to make 10 per cent of eligible colleges autonomous by the end of the XI Plan period.

Need for Autonomy

The affiliating system of colleges was originally designed when their number in a university was small. The university could then effectively oversee the working of the colleges, act as an examining body and award degrees on their behalf. The system has now become unwieldy and it is becoming increasingly difficult for a university to attend to the varied needs of individual colleges. The colleges do not have the freedom to modernize their curricula or make them locally relevant. The regulations of the university and its common system, governing all colleges alike, irrespective of their characteristic strengths, weaknesses and locations, have affected the academic development of individual colleges. Colleges that have the potential for offering programmes of a higher standard do not have the freedom to offer them. The 1964-66 Education Commission pointed out that the exercise of academic freedom by teachers is a crucial requirement for development of the intellectual climate of our country. Unless such a climate prevails, it is difficult to achieve excellence in our higher education system. With students, teachers and management being co-partners in raising the quality of higher education, it is imperative that they share a major responsibility. Hence, the Education Commission (1964-66) recommended college autonomy, which, in essence, is the instrument for promoting academic excellence.

2. Objectives

- a. The National Policy on Education (1986-92) formulated the following objectives for autonomous colleges. An autonomous college will have the freedom to:
 - determine and prescribe its own courses of study and syllabi, and restructure and redesign the courses to suit local needs; and
 - prescribe rules for admission in consonance with the reservation policy of the state government;

- Evolve methods of assessment of students? performance, the conduct of examinations and notification of results;
- Use modern tools of educational technology to achieve higher standards and greater creativity; and
- Promote healthy practices such as community service, extension activities, projects for the benefit of the society at large, neighborhood programmes, etc.

b. Relationship with the parent university, the state government and other educational institutions:

Autonomous colleges are free to make use of the expertise of university departments and other institutions to frame their curricula, devise methods of teaching, examination and evaluation. They can recruit their teachers according to the existing procedures (for private and government colleges).

The parent university will accept the methodologies of teaching, examination, evaluation and the course curriculum of its autonomous colleges. It will also help the colleges to develop their academic programmes, improve the faculty and to provide necessary guidance by participating in the deliberations of the different bodies of the colleges.

The role of the parent university will be:

- To bring more autonomous colleges under its fold;
- To promote academic freedom in autonomous colleges by encouraging introduction of innovative academic programmes;
- To facilitate new courses of study, subject to the required minimum number of hours of instruction, content and standards;
- To permit them to issue their own provisional, migration and other certificates;
- To do everything possible to foster the spirit of autonomy;
- To ensure that degrees/diplomas/certificates issued indicate the name of the college;
- To depute various nominees of the university to serve in various committees of the autonomous colleges and get the feedback on their functioning; and
- To create separate wings wherever necessary to facilitate the smooth working of the autonomous colleges.

The state government will assist the autonomous colleges by:

- Avoiding, as far as possible, transfer of teachers, especially in colleges where academic innovation and reforms are in progress, except for need-based transfers;
- Conveying its concurrence for the extension of autonomy of any college to the Commission within the stipulated time of 90 days after receipt of the review committee report, failing which it will be construed that the state government has no objection to the college continuing to be autonomous; and
- Deputing nominees on time to the governing body of government colleges and other bodies wherever their nominees are to be included.
- All three stake holders, the parent University, the State Govt. and UGC have to play a very harmonious and pro active role as facilitators in letter and spirits.

c. <u>Conferring autonomous status:</u>

Autonomy granted to the Institution is Institutional and covers all the courses at U.G., P.G., Diploma, M.Phil. Level, which are being run by the Institution at the time of conferment of autonomous status. Also all courses introduced by the Institution after the conferment of autonomous status shall automatically come under the purview of autonomy. Partial autonomy cannot be given to any Institution.

Autonomous status covers certificate, diploma, undergraduate, postgraduate and M. Phil. programmes offered in colleges that are autonomous and those seeking autonomous status. The parent university will confer the status of autonomy upon a college that is permanently affiliated, with the concurrence of the state government and the University Grants Commission. Once the autonomy is granted, the University shall accept the students of autonomous college for award of such degrees as are recommended by the autonomous college. The Act and Statutes of the universities ought to be amended to provide for the grant of autonomy to affiliated colleges. Before granting autonomy, the university will ensure that the management structure of the applicant college is adequately participatory and provides ample opportunities for academicians to make a creative contribution.

3.Target Group and Eligibility Target Group:

All Colleges under Section 2(f), aided, unaided, partially aided and self-financing which are or are not covered under 12(B) of the UGC Act are eligible to apply for autonomous status. This includes Engineering Colleges also.

CRITERIA FOR IDENTIFICATION OF INSTITUTIONS FOR GRANT OF AUTONOMY

- a. Academic reputation and previous performance in university examinations and its academic/co-curricular/extension activities in the past.
- b. Academic/extension achievements of the faculty.
- c. Quality and merit in the selection of students and teachers, subject to statutory requirements in this regard.
- d. Adequacy of infrastructure, for example, library, equipment, accommodation for academic activities, etc.
- e. Quality of institutional management. (f) Financial resources provided by the management/state government for the development of the institution.
- f. Responsiveness of administrative structure. (h) Motivation and involvement of faculty in the promotion of innovative reforms.
- g. Self Financing colleges can also apply for autonomy after they have completed minimum 10 years of existence. However, conferment of autonomy will not entitle them to receive autonomy grant. They will have to follow the same procedure as applicable to other colleges.
- h. Colleges that provide professional courses in Education, Engineering Technology Management and Physical Education, etc. will also be eligible to receive grants from the Commission. The sanction of such grants will depend on the size and stage of development of these colleges after attaining autonomous status.

4. Preparation prior to applying for autonomy:

Preparing a College for Autonomy:

There are several areas where proper preparation is necessary if college autonomy is to be implemented successfully. These are: faculty preparation, departmental preparation, institutional preparation, and preparation of students and the local community. Such multi-pronged preparation should be completed well before autonomy is sought and conferred upon a college so that no part of the college community is found unprepared for the new responsibility which it is called upon to shoulder.

Faculty Preparation:

It is essential to get the staff of the college involved in the thinking and planning processes from the very beginning. Seminars, workshops and consultations may be organised to make the staff familiar with the concept, objectives and rationale of autonomy. (This will help them have a sense of participation in decision making and motivate them to get involved in the entire exercise). This could form part of the academic calendar of the college.

Departmental Preparation :

An important responsibility of the department is that of designing suitable courses in the major and related subjects, introducing new courses of study, renaming obsolete courses by changing their content, updating existing courses to match the current state-of-the-art in each discipline, and preparing course materials and human resources.

These will be done in the light of the general objectives of autonomy and the specific objectives of the education institutions.

Common programmes to be adopted are:

- a. Semester pattern of study
- b. Continuous internal assessment
- c. Credit/grading system
- d. Student feedback
- e. Self-appraisal by teachers

Institutional Preparation:

Since an autonomous college is called upon to perform many of the functions that the university has hitherto performed, it must study the academic, administrative/management and financial implications of such a changeover and prepare itself to discharge its new functions efficiently.

5. Procedure for applying:

The UGC will invite proposals from eligible colleges seeking autonomous status, once in an academic year in September/October. The individual university can also send circulars asking the colleges to apply.

6. Procedure for approval by the UGC:

"The Commission further reviewed the present procedure for fresh proposal and resolved that an Expert Committee may be constituted for all fresh cases with representation of university and State Government nominees. The existing procedure of Screening Committee may be scraped and the Chairman may constitute Expert Committee for on the spot inspection for consideration of each proposal".

The university will notify the colleges concerned. Autonomy will be conferred initially for a period of six years.

7. Nature of Assistance:

<u>PATTERN OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE AND OTHER ENABLING</u> <u>PROVISIONS</u>

The Commission will provide assistance under this scheme to autonomous colleges to meet their additional and special needs.

- Guest/visiting faculty
- Orientation and re-training of teachers.
- o Re-designing courses and development of teaching/learning material
- Workshop and seminars
- Examination reforms
- o Office equipment, teaching aids and laboratory equipment
- o Furniture for office, classrooms, library and laboratories
- o Library equipment, books/journals
- Expenditure on meetings of the governing body and committees
- Honorarium to Controller of Examinations (full-time) not exceeding Rs. 8000/- p.m.
- o Accreditation (NAAC) fee
- Renovation and repairs not leading to construction of a new building
- Extension Activities

Following shall be the guiding principles for utilization of autonomy grant.

- Autonomy grant cannot be used for creation of posts, payment of salary to any of the college staff, payment of honorarium (except clause [x] above) to existing staff, to meet normal college contingency requirement or to subsidies.
- Examination fee should be fixed so that income from fee can meet the expenditure on examinations and other staff appointed in examination cell.

• The ceiling of normal assistance will be as follows:

S. No.	Nature Of Institution	Amount of Grant in Rs.
a.	Only Under Graduate:	
	1. Arts/Science/Commerce – one faculty only	9,00,000/-
	2. Arts/science/commerce More than one faculty:	15,00,000/-
b.	Both Undergraduate and Postgraduate levels:	
	1.Single faculty	
	2.Multi-faculty	10,00,000/-
		20,00,000/-

8. Governance of an Autonomous College:

The college will have the following committees to ensure proper management of academic, financial and general administrative affairs.

The following are statutory bodies:

- Governing Body
- Academic Council
- o Board of Studies
- Finance Committee

(*The Governing Body is different from Trust Board/Board of Management/ Executive Committee/Management Committee).

The composition and functions of the above committees are given in **Annexure- III** to VII. The college will, in addition, have other non statutory committees such as the Planning and Evaluation Committee, Grievance Appeal Committee, Examination Committee, Admission Committee, Library Committee, Student Welfare Committee, Extra-Curricular Activities Committee and Academic Audit Committee.

Governing Body:

The constitution of this body will be according to the structure given in Annexure- III.

Academic Council:

The Academic Council will be solely responsible for all academic matters, such as, framing of academic policy, approval of courses, regulations and syllabi, etc. The Council will involve faculty at all levels and also experts from outside, including representatives of the university and the government. The decisions taken by the Academic Council will not be subject to any further ratification by the Academic Council or other statutory bodies of the university. The composition and functions of the Academic Council are given in **Annexure IV**.

Board of Studies:

The Board of Studies is the basic constituent of the academic system of an autonomous college. Its functions will include framing the syllabi for various courses, reviewing and updating syllabi from time to time, introducing new courses of study, determining details of continuous assessment, recommending panels of examiners under the semester system, etc. The composition and functions of the Board of Studies are given in **Annexure V**.

Finance Committee:

The Finance Committee will advise the Governing Body on financial matters and shall meet at least twice a year. The constitution and functions of the Finance Committee are given in **Annexure**.

9. Procedure for Monitoring/Evaluation and release of grant:

- The right of autonomy may not be conferred once and for all. It has to be continuously earned by the college. The status of autonomy will be granted initially for a period of six years.
- Each autonomous college will, with the approval of its Academic Council, formulate an appropriate mechanism to evaluate its academic performance, improvement of standards, and assess the extent and degree of success in the utilisation of autonomy. Self-evaluation will be made annually. In addition, there will be two external evaluations, the first after four years and the second after six years. The latter will determine the continuance or revocation of autonomous status.

"Instead of Joint Committee, only a Review Committee constituted by the Chairman, UGC with a few experts may visit the colleges to review the working of the autonomous colleges as under:-

- (1) **3** Experts out of which one shall be the Chairman.
- (2) One Nominee of the Affiliating University
- (3) UGC Officer (Member Secretary)

The UGC Review Committee may visit the college in between 5th and 6th year of autonomy. The University may send its own Review Committee consisting of its members, State Government nominee at least once during the tenure of the autonomy."

To avoid hardship to existing autonomous colleges, provision of 80% of the admissible grant will be released to such autonomous colleges by the Regional Offices as an "On Account" grant, in case the review of the autonomous colleges is delayed beyond the expiry of tenure of autonomy.

Also in the event of delay in the review report and renewal of autonomy, the college will continue to enjoy autonomy with the entitlements of benefits, fiscal or otherwise so conceived under the scheme, unless the government or parent university by a special order withholds such continuation.

In the event of the availability of evidence confirming decline in standards in an autonomous college, it shall be open to the UGC and the university to revoke the autonomous status of that college after careful scrutiny, and mutual consultation and due notification to the management. In such cases the students already admitted under the autonomous scheme would be allowed to complete the course under autonomous status. An autonomous college should get themselves accredited by the NAAC within a period of two years from the date of conferment/extension of autonomous status.

Procedure for release of Autonomy Grant by UGC:

Following procedure is laid down for release of autonomy grant to Autonomous Colleges enjoying autonomy in the tenure period.

- 1. Autonomous College should hold meeting of Finance Committee in the month of April 1st week to take stock of the utilization of autonomy grant of previous year and to discuss the budget of for the autonomy grant of coming year. A detailed Blue Print of budget should be duly approved by the Finance Committee in this meeting.
- 2. Only those items should be included, which are admissible as per clause 7 of these guidelines. No expenditure other than these items shall be accepted for utilization.
- 3. The budget so prepared and approved by the Finance Committee will be submitted to the Governing Body for final approval, before 25th of April every year.
- 4. The budget duly approved by the Finance Committee and the Governing Body should be submitted to the concerned Regional Office of the UGC on or before 30th April. In case the meeting of the Governing Body is not held before 30th April due to unavoidable reasons, the Principal in the capacity of Member Secretary of Governing Body, may submit the budget to the concerned Regional Office of the UGC under approval of the Chairman of the Governing Body.

General matters starting of new courses:

An autonomous college is free to start diploma (undergraduate and postgraduate) or certificate courses without the prior approval of the university. Diplomas and certificates shall be issued under the seal of the college.

An autonomous college is free to start a new degree or postgraduate course with the approval of the Academic Council of the college. Such courses shall fulfill the minimum standards prescribed by the university/UGC in terms of number of hours, curricular content and standards, and the university shall be duly informed of such courses.

An autonomous college may rename an existing course after restructuring/redesigning it with the approval of the college Academic Council as per UGC norms. The university should be duly informed of such proceedings so that it may award new degrees in place of the old.

The university should have the right to review all new courses of an autonomous college. Where there is evidence of decline in standards or quality, the university may, after careful scrutiny, and in consultation with the UGC, either help modify them, wherever possible, or cancel such courses.

Award of Degrees through Parent University

The parent university will award degrees to the students evaluated and recommended by autonomous colleges. The degree certificates will be in a common format devised by the university. The name of the college will be mentioned in the degree certificate, if so desired. Autonomous colleges that have completed three terms can confer the degree under their title with the seal of the university.

10. Special features of an autonomous college:

Starting of New Courses

An autonomous college is free to start diploma (undergraduate and postgraduate) or certificate courses without the prior approval of the university. Diplomas and certificates shall be issued under the seal of the college.

An autonomous college is free to start a new degree or postgraduate course with the approval of the Academic Council of the college. Such courses shall fulfill the minimum standards prescribed by the university/UGC in terms of number of hours, curricular content and standards, and the university shall be duly informed of such courses.

An autonomous college may rename the existing course after restructuring/redesigning it with the approval of the college Academic Council as per UGC norms. **The new nomenclature should be as specified by UGC under section 22 of UGC Act.** The university should be duly informed of such proceedings so that it may award new degrees in place of the old. The university should have the right to review all new courses of an autonomous college. Where there is evidence of decline in standards or quality, the university may, after careful scrutiny, and in consultation with the UGC, either help modify them, wherever possible, or cancel such courses.

Procedure to introduce a new course by autonomous college:

Step 1

The concerned department of the college should conceive the idea of introducing new course and it should be well discussed in the Board of Studies of that subject. The Board of Studies will formulate the idea into a proposal with all necessary details such as objectives, eligibility, course content and fees structure. Such proposal will be forwarded to the Academic Council. The proposal will be in the shape of an ordinance.

Step 2

The Academic Council will discuss such proposal in its meeting and shall approve the proposal. In case the Council finds the proposal appropriate. The Academic Council shall have the right to send back the proposal to the Board of Studies for revision/modification or may reject the proposal giving suitable reasons. The proposal can be resubmitted to the Academic Council for reconsideration after the necessary modifications are made.

Step 3

The proposals approved by the Academic Council will ultimately be submitted to the Governing Body of the college for final approval and for permission to execute the proposal.

Step 4

Autonomous college shall send all proposal approved by the Governing Body of the college to the University for information.

University may ask clarification regarding the issues in the proposal from the college. The college is bound to give such clarification with an understanding that the university shall accept the students for award of degree under such newly proposed courses.

11. Meetings of the Statutory Bodies:

Introduction of a new course should be executed after due preparation and large scale participatory discussions.

• Preparation for a course to be introduced in the next academic session should start in the month of October of the preceding session with meetings of Board of Studies.

- Academic Council meeting should be held twice, once in the month of January to discuss proposals for the next academic session and again in the month of August to monitor status of newly introduced courses. Academic Council shall propose ways and means to maintain quality norms.
- Governing Body meetings should follow the meetings of Academic Council. In the month of August the Governing Body should pass the budget of the autonomous fund including the autonomy grant received from UGC.
- Finance committee should meet at least twice in a financial year. The meetings can be organized in the month of April and September of every year. The meeting in the month of April shall be the budget meeting for autonomy grant and in September in will be another budget meeting for autonomous fund created by the college through examination and other relevant fees.

12. Examination Cell & System

Autonomous College shall have an Examination Cell headed by Controller of Examination who will be a permanent faculty nominated by the Principal on the basis of potential of the person. The Principal of the college shall be the Chief Controller, Examinations.

The Controller of Examination will create his/her own team with the approval of the Principal of the College. The team shall consist of Deputy Controllers/Assistant Controllers, the number of persons to be nominated shall depend on the quantum of work in the Examination Cell. Teachers working in the college shall be nominated in the Examination Cell for a tenure of 3 years. They will continue doing their teaching work as scheduled by the college.

There shall be a team of Office Assistants, Computer Programmers, Data Entry Operators and other helpers in the Autonomous Cell.

Examination Cell will have appropriate printing unit also for printing of question papers and other relevant confidential material.

All part-time/full time functionaries of the Examination Cell shall be paid honorarium for the extra work being done by them apart from their usual work. Such honoraria shall be proposed by the Finance Committee and shall be approved by the Governing Body.

Governing Body may also approve appointment of full time office staff in the examination cell on contractual basis on the recommendation of Finance Committee. The salary of such staff will also be decided by the same mechanism.

There shall be continuous, comprehensive evaluation of students through internal and external examination. At least 2 internal examinations per semester and 1 semester ending examination should be conducted.

In order to motivate students to be free of rot learning, various mechanism of internal evaluation should be adopted such as group discussion, paper reading, home assignments and viva voce.

Remuneration for examination work should be decided by the finance committee and should be approved by the Governing Body. In no case it should be less than that paid by the parent university.

13. Award of Degrees:

Through Parent University

• The parent university will award degrees to the students evaluated and recommended by autonomous colleges. The degree certificates will be in a common format devised by the university. The name of the college will be mentioned in the degree certificate, if so desired.

14. Few General issues:

- All recruitments of teaching staff will be made by the Governing Body/state government in accordance with the policies laid down by the UGC and state government.
- Universities shall consider both internal and external assessment of students in autonomous colleges for admitting them to higher-level courses.
- Organization of special need-based short-term courses under the colleges department of continuing education may be an important activity of an autonomous college. Such courses ought to benefit the students of the college besides outsiders who may enroll for them.
- The time spent by teachers on projects and extension work shall be counted for reckoning their workload as prescribed by the Commission.
- An autonomous college should prepare a calendar for meetings of various bodies to ensure that the implementation of the recommendations made by them is not unduly delayed for reasons of non-convening of such meetings.
- A wide variety of courses may be evolved in modules so that students may opt for them according to their convenience. Such courses may help them acquire additional credits.
- Teacher evaluation in autonomous colleges may include periodical selfevaluation, institutional assessment of teacher performance, student feedback, research appraisal and other suitable forms of teacher appraisal.

- Autonomous colleges in a given region may form a consortium for mutual cooperation/collaboration in chosen areas such as management skills, national services, entrance examinations, services projects, intercollegiate/intra-collegiate sharing of expertise and human resources for teaching programmes.
- Credit system and credit transfer among colleges in general and autonomous college in particular may be suitably adopted.
- Autonomous colleges to be involved in recurrent academic innovative activities which are carefully designed keeping the interest of the students and quality of education at non compromising end.
- Autonomous colleges due to their permanent affiliation with the university need not apply for affiliation for new subjects at the time of introduction. Any new subject to be started by an autonomous college shall be covered under autonomous scheme.
- The Principal of the government autonomous college will be empowered to make purchases from UGC fund without prior approval/permission of the State Government.
- Autonomous college need not pay affiliation fees to the Parent University every year. One time fees can be paid at the time of conformant of autonomous status. Such fees can be decided by the Executive Council of the Parent University.
- The UGC will provide VSAT to each autonomous college for Internet connectivity.
- Autonomous colleges are free to institute medals for meritorious students. The value and other terms of reference may be decided with the approval of appropriate bodies in the college.



ANNEXURE I

FORMAT FOR SUBMISSION OF PROPOSAL FOR AUTONOMOUS STATUS

The proposal should be submitted to the UGC in the following format:

PART I: BACKGROUND OF THE INSTITUTION

PART II: SUPPLY OF INFORMATION BASED ON CRITERIA

1. Academic reputation and provisions (performance in university examinations and other academic activities)

- 2. Academic attainments of the staff.
- 3. Mode of selection of students and teachers.
- 4. Physical facilities, i.e., library, accommodation and equipment.
- 5. Institutional management.
- 6. Financial resources the management can provide for the development of the institution.
- 7. The responsiveness of the administrative structure to the views of staff and students.

8. Extent of freedom enjoyed by the staff for advanced scholarships, research and experimentation and involvement in educational innovation and reforms.

PART III: IMPLEMENTATION OF AUTONOMY

- Aims and objectives
- Management of the college
- Academic Council: Structure & functions
- Boards of Studies: Structure & functions
- Other committees
- Admission eligibility
- Curricular programme
- Student feedback
- -Internal assessment
- External assessment
- Financial implications
- Course contents
- Co-curricular and extra curricular activities

PART IV: BASIC INFORMATION:

- 1. Name of college:
- 2. Name of principal:
- 3. Telephone/fax/email:
- 4. Year of establishment:
- 5. Whether private/government/university maintained:
- 6. Year of grant of permanent affiliation:

7. Courses offered: U.G. P.G. M. Phil.

8. Student enrolment during last three years:

U.G. P.G. M. Phil.

9. Faculty strength category-wise:(Please enclose list of faculty with their qualifications/papers/books/monographs if published)

10. Administrative, laboratory and library staff:

11. Results during the last five years: percentage of :

	I st Division	2 nd Division	Overall Pass
UG			
PG			

12. Number of M.Phil./Ph.D.s produced during the last three years:

Subject	Year	M.Phill	Ph.D.

List of journals in the library:

List of major items of equipment in the college (costing more than Rs.50,000/-each):

13. Whether college has been accredited by NAAC, mention the rating

Signature of Registrar of Affiliating University (With Seal)

Signature of Principal



ANNEXURE II

PROFORMA FOR EXTENSION OF AUTONOMY

- 1. Name of college:
- 2. Name of principal:
- 3. Telephone/fax/email:
- 4. Year of establishment:
- 5. Whether private or government or university maintained:
- 6. Year of grant of permanent affiliation:
- 7. Courses offered:
- a. U.G.
- b. P.G.
- c. M.Phil.
- 8. Student enrolment during the last three years:
- a. U.G.
- b. P.G.
- c. M.Phil.

9. Faculty strength (category-wise): (Please enclose list of faculty with their qualifications/papers/books/ monographs if published)

- 10. Administrative, laboratory and library staff.
- 11. Results during the last six years; percentage of

	I st Division	2 nd Division	Overall Pass
UG			
PG			

12. Number of M.Phil. /Ph.D.s produced during the last three years:

Subject	Year	M.Phill	Ph.D.

13. List of journals in the library:

14. List of major items of equipment in the college (costing more thanRs.50,000/- each):

15. Physical facilities added during the last six years:

a. Accommodation:

b. Equipment c. Library

16. Academic Council:

a. Involvement of members of faculties of the college at all levels:

b. Whether the students are represented in the Academic Council and if so their contribution:

17. Board of Studies:

a. Please indicate how many Boards of Studies have been constituted:

b. Whether the Boards of Studies have external experts, including an expert nominated by the University:

18. Curriculum:

a. Whether annual or semester system is adopted:

b. Innovative aspects and experiments introduced by the college since obtaining autonomy:

c. Please give a note on curriculum development under autonomy:

19. Research activities:

a. Research programme/ research activities undertaken in the departments during the last five years:

b. Research activities/ programme on hand:

20. Evaluation/examination pattern:

a. Examination reforms if any introduced during the period of autonomy:

b. Question paper setting for final examinations [Internal/ External/ Combined].

c. Evaluation (completely internal/completely external/partly external and partly internal):

d. Proportional weightage of continuous internal assessment and final examination: (Also indicate break-up for assignments, tests, etc. for awarding continuous internal assessment)

e. Criteria for passing and classification:

f. Is a grading system adopted? If yes, indicate the method of awarding grades:

g. Is there any qualifying board to declare the results? If yes, indicate the constitution and function:

h. While declaring the results, is any moderation done? What are the criteria adopted for moderation?

i. Is there provision for improvement?

j. For practical examinations are the examiners internal or one external and one internal?

k. Has any question bank been set up? If yes, give the subject: l. Has a credit system been introduced?

21. Examination results (past six years, branch-wise):

- a. Number appeared:
- b. Number passed:
- c. Percentage of passes:
- d. Number passed in first class and with distinction:

22. Re-evaluations:

- Is there provision for re-evaluation?
- Fee for re-evaluation:

- Number applied for re-evaluation and number passed by such re-evaluation during the last five years:

23. Scope of getting admission into postgraduate courses and employment opportunities for the graduate coming out of college:

24. Expenditure a. Annual additional expenditure to the college (last six years):

- Salary to staff
- Stationery
- Remuneration for examiners, TA & DA for various authorities, etc.
- Equipment
- Other contingency expenditure, If any

b. Sources from which this expenditure is met: (last six years)

- Annual recurring and non-recurring grants available from the UGC, central government and state government:

- Grant from any other source
- Contribution by the Management

25. Has any evaluation of the autonomous functioning been made? If yes, give a summary of the outcome:

26. Whether college has been accredited by the NAAC. If yes, give the rating:

27. Whether the University has conducted the review as per the guidelines. If yes, please enclose the report.

28. Number of times meeting of Governing Board, Academic Council, Board of Studies, Finance Committee during the tenure of autonomous status. Date/Year.

29. Any other relevant details:

Signature of Registrar of Affiliating University (With Seal)

Signature of Principal



ANNEXURE III

RECOMMENDED COMPOSITION AND FUNCTIONS OF BOARD OF GOVERNING BODY

A. Constitution of Governing Body of Private Management Autonomous College

Number	Category	Nature
5 members	Management	Trust or management as per the constitution or byelaws, with the chairman or president/director as the chairperson.
2 members	Teachers of the college	Nominated by the Principal based on seniority.
1 member	Educationist or industrialist	Nominated by the management
1 member	UGC nominee	Nominated by the UGC
1 member	State government nominee	Academician not below the rank of professor or state government official of Directorate of Higher Education/State Council of Higher Education.
1 member	University nominee	Nominated by the university.
1 member	Principal of college	Ex-officio.

B. Constitution of Governing Body of Government Autonomous College

Number	Category	Nature
one of them	industrialist, professional	Nominated by the state government. Persons of proven academic interest with at least PG level qualification

2 members	Teachers of the college	Nominated by the Principal based on seniority.
1 member	Educationist or industrialist	Nominated by the Principal based on seniority for two years
1 member	UGC nominee	Nominated by the UGC
1 member	State government nominee	Nominated by the state government.
1 member	University nominee	Nominated by the university.
1 member	Principal of college	Ex-officio.

C. Constitution of Governing Body of University Constituent Autonomous

Number	Category	Nature
3 members, one of them to be chairperson	Educationist, industrialist, professional	Nominated by the university, persons of proven academic interest with at least PG level qualification.
2 members	Teachers of the college	Nominated by the Principal based on seniority.
1 member	State government nominee	Nominated by the state government.
1 member	University nominee	Nominated by the UGC
1 member	State government nominee	Nominated by the
1 member	Principal of college	Ex-officio.

Term: Two years, except for the UGC nominee whose term will be a full six years. Meeting: At least twice a year.

Functions:

Subject to the existing provision in the bye-laws of respective college and rules laid down by the state government, the governing body* of the above colleges shall have powers to:

- Fix the fees and other charges payable by the students of the college on the recommendations of the Finance Committee.

- Institute scholarships, fellowships, studentships, medals, prizes and certificates on the recommendations of the Academic Council

- Approve institution of new programmes of study leading to degrees and/or diplomas.

- Perform such other functions and institute committees, as may be necessary and deemed fit for the proper development, and fulfil the objectives for which the college has been declared as autonomous.

* Governing Body/Governing Board/Board of Management/Executive Committee/Management Committee, as may be named.



ANNEXURE IV

RECOMMENDED COMPOSITION OF THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL AND ITS FUNCTIONS IN AN AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE

I. Composition:

1. The principal (Chairman).

2. All the heads of department in the college.

3. Four teachers of the college representing different categories of teaching staff by rotation on the basis of seniority of service in the college.

4. Not less than four experts from outside the college representing such areas as Industry, Commerce, Law, Education, Medicine, Engineering etc., to be nominated by the Governing Body.

5. Three nominees of the university. 6. A faculty member nominated by the principal (member secretary).

II. Terms of Members:

The term of the nominated members shall be two years.

III. Meetings:

The principal shall convene a meeting of the Academic Council at least once a year.

IV. Functions:

Without prejudice to the generality of functions mentioned, the Academic Council will have powers to:

(a) Scrutinise and approve the proposals with or without modification of the Boards of Studies with regard to courses of study, academic regulations, curricula, syllabi and modifications

thereof, instructional and evaluation arrangements, methods, procedures relevant thereto etc., provided that where the Academic Council differs on any proposal, it will have the right to return the matter for reconsideration to the Board of Studies concerned or reject it, after giving reasons to do so.

(b) Make regulations regarding the admission of students to different programmes of study in the college.

(c) Make regulations for sports, extra-curricular activities, and proper maintenance and functioning of the playgrounds and hostels.

(d) Recommend to the Governing Body proposals for institution of new programmes of study.

(e) Recommend to the Governing Body institution of scholarships, studentships, fellowships, prizes and medals, and to frame regulations for the award of the same.

(f) Advise the Governing Body on suggestions(s) pertaining to academic affairs made by it.

(g) Perform such other functions as may be assigned by the Governing Body.



ANNEXURE V

RECOMMENDED COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD OF STUDIES AND ITS FUNCTIONS IN AN AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE

I. Composition:

1. Head of the department concerned (Chairman).

2. The entire faculty of each specialisation.

3. Two experts in the subject from outside the college to be nominated by the Academic Council.

4. One expert to be nominated by the vice-chancellor from a panel of six recommended by the college principal.

5. One representative from industry/corporate sector/allied area relating to placement.

6. One postgraduate meritorious alumnus to be nominated by the principal. The chairman, Board of Studies, may with the approval of the principal of the college, co-opt:

(a) Experts from outside the college whenever special courses of studies are to be formulated.

(b) Other members of staff of the same faculty.

II. Term

The term of the nominated members shall be two years.

III. Meeting

The principal of the college shall draw the schedule for meeting of the Board of Studies for different departments. The meeting may be scheduled as and when necessary, but at least once a year.

IV. Functions

The Board of Studies of a department in the college shall:

(a) prepare syllabi for various courses keeping in view the objectives of the college, interest of the stakeholders and national requirement for consideration and approval of the Academic Council;

(b) suggest methodologies for innovative teaching and evaluation techniques;

(c) suggest panel of names to the Academic Council for appointment of examiners; and

(d) coordinate research, teaching, extension and other academic activities in the department/college.



ANNEXURE VI

RECOMMENDED COMPOSITION OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND ITS FUNCTIONS IN AN AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE

I. Composition:

(a) The principal (Chairman).

(b) One person to be nominated by the Governing Body of the college for a period of two years.

(c) One senior-most teacher of the college to be nominated in rotation by the principal for two years. The Finance Committee will be an advisory body to the Governing Body, and will meet at least twice a year to consider:

(a) budget estimates relating to the grant received/receivable from UGC, and income from fees, etc. collected for the activities to undertake the scheme of autonomy; and

(b) audited accounts for the above.

Place: Date:

Signature:

Name:

Designation: (Principal)



ANNEXURE VII

PROGRESS REPORT OF COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

(To be furnished in duplicate by the principal of the college)

Progress Report for the Academic Year _____

- 1. Date when autonomy was first given by UGC:
- 2. Year in which last external evaluation was done
 - a. By managing society:
 - b. By university
- 3. Annual evaluation done by the college during the year under review
- 4. Number of courses modified, stopped or started during the year (Give names of courses):
- 5. If external evaluation done during the year, attach report:
- 6. Progress of expenditure:

ITEM	AVAILABLE FROM	RECEIVED	 UNSPENT BALANCE	REMARKS
Building Guest faculty Orientation of teachers Redesigning of courses Workshops/seminars Others Office/teaching Laboratory equipment Furniture Library Meeting of governing & other bodies				

Place

Date:

Signature:

Name:

Designation:

(Principal)



ANNEXURE VIII

UTILISATION CERTIFICATE

It is certified that the amount of Rs (Rupees) out	of the total
grant of Rs (Rupees	_) sanctioned to_		
by the University Grants Commission vide its letter nu	mber	dated	towards
under		scheme h	nas been
utilised for the purpose for which it was sanctioned an	d in accordance	with the terms	and
conditions as laid down by the Commission .			

If, as a result of check or audit objection, some irregularities are noticed at a later stage, action will be taken to refund, adjust or regularize the objected amount.

Signature

Principal with seal

Signature

Statutory Auditor of the College with seal/

Charted Accountant with seal

and Registration No.