# MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

3-YEAR FULL-TIME PROGRAMME

RULES, REGULATIONS AND COURSE CONTENTS

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE FACULTY OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES UNIVERSITY OF DELHI DELHI-110007 2009

# UNIVERSITY OF DELHI EXAMINATION BRANCH

Date July 20<sup>th</sup> 2009

# **COURSE: MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS**

# **Check List of New Course Evaluation for AC Consideration**

S.No.	Parameters	Status
1	Affiliation	
2	Programme Structure	
3	Codification of Papers	
4	Scheme of Examinations	
5	Pass percentage	
6	Promotion Criteria	
7	Division Criteria	
8	Qualifying Papers	
9	Span Period	
10	Attendance Requirements	
11	Course Content for each papers	
12	List of Readings	

# MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

## 3-YEAR FULL-TIME PROGRAMME

## 1. AFFILIATION

The proposed programme shall be governed by the Department of Computer Science, Faculty of Mathematical Sciences, University of Delhi, Delhi-110007.

# 2. PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

The Master of Computer Application Programme is divided into three parts as under. Each part will consist of two semesters to be known as Semester-1 and Semester-2.

		Semester-1	Semester-2
Part-I	First Year	Semester-I	Semester-II
Part-II	Second Year	Semester-III	Semester-IV
Part-III	Third Year	Semester- V	Semester- VI

## 3. CODIFICATION OF PAPERS

The schedule of papers prescribed for various semesters shall be as follows:

**Part-I Semester I** 

Course No.	Title	L-T-P*	Credits	Total Marks
MCA 101	Object Oriented Programming	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 102	Systems Programming	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 103	Statistical Techniques	3 - 1 - 0	4	100
MCA 104	Computer Systems Architecture and	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
	Lab.			
EL1	One elective out of the following	3 - 1 - 0/	4/5	100
	i) MCA 105 (a) - Economics	* * *		
	ii) MCA 105 (b) - Organizational			
	Behavior			
	iii) Outside Department Elective			
	(preferably Department of			
	Mathematics, Statistics and Operational			
	Research)			
MCA 106#	Technical Communication	0 - 0 - 0	0	100

<sup>#</sup> Qualifying Paper

# **Part-I Semester II**

Course No.	Title	L – T – P*	Credits	Total Marks
MCA 201	Data Structures and File Processing	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 202	Discrete Mathematics	3 - 1 - 0	4	100
MCA 203	Computer Graphics	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 204	Data Communication and Computer	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
	Networks			

EL2	One elective out of the following	3 - 1 - 0/	4/5	100
	i) MCA 205 – Fundamentals of	* * *		
	Accounting and Finance			
	ii) Outside Department Elective			
	(preferably Department of Mathematics,			
	Statistics and Operational Research)			

# **Part-II Semester III**

Course No.	Title	L – T – P*	Credits	Total Marks
MCA 301	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3 - 1 - 0	4	100
MCA 302	Software Engineering	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 303	Database Systems	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 304	Automata Theory	3 - 1 - 0	4	100
MCA 305	Operating Systems	3 - 0 - 2	4	100

# **Part-II Semester IV**

Course No.	Title	L – T – P*	Credits	Total Marks
MCA 401	Compiler Design	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 402	Information Security	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 403	Network Programming	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
EL3	Elective within the Department	* * *	4	100
EL4	Elective within the Department	* * *	4	100

Students shall register for the electives amongst those offered by the Department from time to time, out of the following list

# List of Department Electives for Part-II Semester IV

MCA 404	Data Base Applications	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 405	Advanced Operating Systems	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 406	Electronic Commerce	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 407	Numerical Computing	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 408	Computational Linguistics	3 - 0 - 2	4	100

# Part-III Semester V

Students shall register for at least 20 credits amongst those electives offered by the Department from time to time out of the following list:

# List of Electives for Part-III Semester V

Course No.	Title	L-T-P*	Credits	Total Marks
MCA 501	Modeling & Simulation	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 502	Visual Programming	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 503	Data Mining	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 504	Computational Intelligence	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 505	Artificial Intelligence	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 506	Digital Image Processing & Multi- media	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 507	Neural Networks	3 - 0 - 2	4	100

MCA 508	Combinatorial Optimization	3 - 1 - 0	4	100
MCA 509	Software Quality Assurance & Testing	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 510	Machine Learning	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 511	Embedded Systems	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 512	Cryptography	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 513	Programming Paradigms	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 514	Database Systems and Implementation	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 515	Human Resource Management	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 516	XML and Databases	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
MCA 517	Satellite and Mobile Communication	3 - 0 - 2	4	100
	Networks			

<sup>\*</sup> L – T – P: Lectures - Tutorials - Practical

### **Part-III Semester VI**

MCA 601 Project – 20 Credits

### 4. SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS

- (i) English shall be the medium of instruction and examination.
- (ii) Examination shall be conducted at the end of each semester as per the academic calendar notified by the University of Delhi.
- (iii) The scheme of evaluation shall be as follows:

Performance of the students will be evaluated based on a comprehensive system of continuous evaluation. For each course, there shall be two minor tests, assignments/practical & laboratory work and an end-semester examination: (Minor Test I, Minor Test II, Assignments/practical & laboratory work - 50% weightage; End-semester examination - 50% weightage). The implementation of the evaluation process would be monitored by a Committee to be constituted by the Department at the beginning of each academic year. For each course, the duration of written examination for end semester examination paper shall be two hours.

As regards project work (Paper MCA601) the scheme of evaluation shall be as follows:

The project in sixth semester shall carry 500 marks distributed as follows:

(a) Mid-semester evaluation 30% weightage

(b) End-semester evaluation

(i) Dissertation 30% weightage(ii) Viva-voce 40% weightage

End semester evaluation will be carried out by internal and external examiners. Each student shall carry out the project in the Department/Organization/Institution as approved by the Department under the supervision of a teacher assigned by the Department. When a student is assigned to an Organization/Institution for project work, the Department shall also appoint a supervisor from within the Organization/Institution.

<sup>\* \* \*</sup> As per the elective offered by the concerned Department.

(iv) Examination for courses shall be conducted only in the respective odd and even semesters as per the Scheme of Examinations. Regular as well as Ex-Students shall be permitted to appear/re-appear/improve in courses of odd semesters only at the end of odd semesters and courses of even semesters only at the end of even semesters.

### 5. PASS PERCENTAGE

In order to pass a course, a student must secure at least 40% marks in the end semester examinations and 40% marks in the internal assessment. Minimum marks for passing the examination in each semester shall be 45% in aggregate of a semester.

## 6. PROMOTION CRITERIA

**SEMESTER TO SEMESTER:** Students shall be required to fulfill the Part to Part Promotion Criteria. Within the same Part, students shall be allowed to be promoted from a Semester to the next Semester, provided she/he has passed at least half of the courses of the current semester.

# **PART TO PART:**

<u>I to II:</u> Admission to Part-II of the Programme shall be open to only those students who have successfully passed at least 75% papers out of papers offered for the Part-I courses comprising of Semester-I and Semester-II taken together. However, he/she will have to clear the remaining papers while studying in Part-II of the Programme.

<u>II to III:</u> Admission to Part-III of the Programme shall be open to only those students who have successfully passed all the courses of Part-I (including aggregate marks requirements of 45%) and at least 50% papers out of papers offered for the Part-II courses comprising of Semester-III and Semester-IV taken together. However, he/she will have to clear the remaining papers while studying in Part-III of the Programme.

### 7. DIVISION CRITERIA

Successful candidates will be classified on the basis of the combined results of Part-I, Part-II and Part-III examinations as follows:

(i) First Division
60% or more marks in the aggregate
(ii) Second Division
50% or more marks but less than

(II) Second Division 50% of more marks but less than

60% marks in the aggregate

(iii) Pass All others

# 8. QUALIFYING PAPERS MCA 106

### 9. SPAN PERIOD

No student shall be admitted as a candidate for the examination for any of the Parts/Semesters after the lapse of five years from the date of admission to the Part-I/Semester I of the MCA.

# 10. ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENT

No student shall be considered to have pursued a regular course of study unless he/she is certified by the Head of the Department of Computer Science, University of Delhi, to have attended 75% of the total number of lectures, tutorials and seminars conducted in each semester, during his/her course of study. Provided that he/she fulfils other conditions the Head, Department of Computer Science may permit a student to the next semester who falls short of the required percentage of attendance by not more than 10 per cent of the lectures, tutorials and seminars conducted during the semester.

### 11. COURSE CONTENT FOR EACH PAPER

# Part I Semester I

### MCA 101: OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

**Programming Concepts**: Algorithm and its characteristics, pseudo code / flowchart, program, identifiers, variables, constants, primitive data types, expressions, structured data types, arrays, compilers & interpreters

**Statements**: Assignment statement, if then else statements, switch statement, looping statements- while, do while, for, break, continue, input/output statements, functions/procedures

**Object Oriented Concepts**: Abstraction, encapsulation, objects, classes, methods, constructors, inheritance, polymorphism, static and dynamic binding, overloading,

**Program Development**: Object oriented analysis, design, unit testing & debugging, system testing & integration, maintenance.

- 1. Cay Horstmann, Computing Concepts with Java Essentials ( $5^{th}$  ed.), John Wiley & Sons, 2006
- 2. Bruce Eckel, **Thinking in Java**, Pearson Education, 2006.
- 3. H. Schildt, **Java 2: The Complete Reference** (5<sup>th</sup> ed.), Tata McGraw Hill, 2002
- 4. Richard Johnson, **An Introduction to Java Programming and Object-Oriented Application Development,** Thomson Learning, 2006
- 5. Cay S. Horstmann & Gary Cornell, **Core Java Volume I** (7<sup>th</sup> ed.), Sun Microsystems Press Java Series, 2006
- 6. H.M. Deitel and P.J. Deitel, **Java-How to Program** (7<sup>th</sup> ed.), Prentice Hall, 2006
- 7. Daniel Liang, **Introduction to Java Programming** (5<sup>th</sup> ed.), Prentice Hall, 2005
- 8. J.A. Slack, Programming and Problem Solving with Java, Thomson Learning, 1999

9. B.Stroupstrup: C++ Programming, The C++ Programming Language, Addison Wesley, 2004.

### MCA 102: SYSTEMS PROGRAMMING

**Assembly Language Programming**: Data representation, Instruction formats, addressing techniques, Flow control, Segments – Data Segment, Code Segment, Stack Segment, Procedures, Input/ Output, Interrupts and Program development in 8086.

**Assembler**: macro processor, macros, calls, parameters, expansion, design of two-pass assembler.

**Loaders and Linkers**: Loading schemes, design of absolute and direct linking loaders.

### Readings

- 1. Yu-Cheng Gibson and Glenn A. Liu, Microcomputer Systems: The 8086-8088 Family, Architecture, Programming, and Design, Prentice-Hall Inc., NJ, 2000
- 2. Barry B. Brey, **The Intel Microprocessors: 8086/8088, 80186, 80286, 80386, 80486, Pentium, Pentium Pro, and Pentium II, Pentium III, Pentium 4** (7<sup>th</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall, 2005
- 3. Peter Abel, **IBM PC Assembly Language and Programming** (5<sup>th</sup> ed.), Pearson Education, 2001
- 4. J.R. Levine, **Linkers and Loaders**, The Morgan Kaufmann Series in Software Engineering and Programming, 1999
- 5. S. Chattopadhyay, **System Software**, Prentice-Hall of India, 2007

# **MCA 103: STATISTICAL TECHNIQUES**

**Probability**: Basic concepts & definitions (Classical & Axiomatic definition), random variable, probability density function, probability mass function, distribution function and their properties, mathematical expectation, conditional expectation, moment generating function, Characteristic Function, Chebyshev's inequality.

Various discrete and continuous probability distributions: Uniform (continuous and discrete), Binomial, Negative Binomial, Poisson, Exponential, Erlang, Gamma, Normal,  $\chi^2$ , t-distribution and F-distribution, Bivariate normal distribution (Marginal and Conditional distributions), weak Law of Large Numbers, Central Limit Theorem. Simple random sampling with and without replacement, Random number generation using inverse transformation technique (exponential distribution, gamma distribution)

**Statistical Testing and Estimation Techniques**: Properties of good estimator- unbiasedness, consistency, sufficiency, completeness, efficiency; Minimum variance unbiased estimators, Cramer Rao Inequality, Method of Maximum likelihood, method of Moments, Confidence Intervals for mean, variance and proportions. Large sample tests for mean and proportion,  $\chi^2$  test for goodness of fit, Tests based on t and F-distributions.

**Correlation and Regression**: Least square method for curve fitting, multiple regression (three variables only), Partial and multiple Correlation (for three variables only).

- 1. V.K Rohtagi and A.K. Saleh, **An Introduction to Probability and Statistics** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), John Wiley & Sons, 2005
- 2. A.M. Goon, M.K. Gupta and T.S. Dasgupta, **Fundamentals of Statistics** (7<sup>th</sup> ed.), Vol. I, The World Press Pvt. Ltd., 2000
- 3. R.V. Hogg and A.T. Craig, **Introduction to Mathematical Statistics**, Macmillan Publishing Co. Inc., 1978
- 4. Neil A. Weiss, **Introductory Statistics** (7<sup>th</sup> ed.), Pearson Education, 2007
- 5. A.M. Goon, M.K. Gupta and T.S. Dasgupta, **An Outline of Statistical Theory** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Vol. II, The World Press Pvt. Ltd., 2000

# MCA 104 COMPUTER SYSTEMS ARCHITECTURE and LAB

**Basic Building Blocks**: Boolean logic and Boolean algebra, tri-state logic; flip-flops, counters, shift registers, adders, substractor, encoders, decoders, multiplexors, demultiplexors

**Register Transfer and Micro Operations**: Bus and memory transfers, arithmetic, logic shift micro operations; basic computer organization: common bus system, instruction formats, instruction cycle, interrupt cycle, input/output configuration, CPU organization, register organization, stack organization, micro programmed control unit RISC architecture; microprocessor architecture.

**Memory Unit**: Primary memory, secondary memory, associative memory, sequential access, direct access storage devices.

**Input-Output Architecture**: Input/Output devices; data transfer schemes - programmed I/O and DMA transfer; data transfer schemes for microprocessors.

# **Readings**

- 1. M. Morris Mano, Computer System Architecture (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Prentice –Hall of India, 2007.
- 2. W. Stallings, Computer Organization and Architecture: Designing for Performance (7<sup>th</sup> ed.), Pearson Education, 2006
- 3. A.S. Tanenbaum, **Structured Computer Organization** (4<sup>th</sup> ed.), Prentice–Hall of India, 1999.
- 4. J.P. Hayes, **Computer Architecture and Organization** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1988.

### MCA 105 (a) PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS

**Demand and Supply:** Concept of demand, determinants of individual and market demand functions, elasticity of demand – price, income and cross elasticities, concept of supply, determinants of individual and market supply functions, elasticity of supply, Equilibrium price.

**Production:** Production function in short run – law of variable proportion, production function in the long run – isoquants, isocosts, ridge lines, returns to scale; producer's equilibrium – optimum combination of inputs to (i) maximize output – given cost and (ii) minimize cost – given output (least - cost combination of inputs).

Cost function – short run costs, long run average cost, long run marginal cost. Reasons of 'U' shape of short and long run cost curves, economies and diseconomies of scale.

**Market Structure:** Price and output determination under perfect competition and monopoly. Comparison between perfect competition and monopoly with respect to Efficiency.

**Factor Pricing** - Demand and supply of factors of production, pricing of a single variable factor under perfect competition and monopoly; modern theory of rent, quasi-rent.

**Macroeconomics:** Meaning of macroeconomics, Keynesian theory of determination of income and employment in the three sector economy, multiplier analysis, IS-LM model of equilibrium income and interest rate. Meaning and objectives of fiscal and monetary policies.

# **Readings**

- 1. Case, Karl. E. and Fair, **Principles of Economics** (6th ed.), Pearson Education, 2002.
- 2. Lipsey and Chrystal, **Economics** (10th ed.), Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2004.
- 3. Pindyck, Rubinfeld and Mehta, **Microeconomics** (1st Indian reprint), Pearson Education, 2005.
- 4. R.Dornbush, S.Fisher and R. Startz, **Macroeconomics**, (9<sup>th</sup> edition), McGraw-Hill, 2003.
- 5. A.Koutsoyiannis **Modern Microeconomics**, (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition) Aditya Books, 1979.

### MCA 105 (b) ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

**Organization Behavior**: Introduction to Organization Behavior: Historical roots of Organizational Behavior, Fundamental concepts, Nature, Emerging trends in the organizational behavior, Limitation of Organization Behavior, Challenges & Opportunities for Organization Behavior

**Motivation**: Importance of motivation at work, approaches to motivation, content theories, process theories, motivation and its effects, McGreoger theory X and Y, Maslow's need hierarchy, Herzberg's two factor theory, Vroom expectancy theory, OB modification.

**Power and Politics**: Definition and nature of Power, Types of Power, Contingencies of Power, Organizational Politics, Where does it occur, Types of political activity, Political strategies for power acquisition in modern organization, Coping with organizational politics. Empowerment. Organizational politics and its effects, Organizational politics and ethics.

**Conflicts and negotiation**: What is conflict? Historical perspective behind conflict or approaches to conflict, Nature and type of conflict, Conflict Processes, Interpersonal Conflict Management Styles, Levels of conflict, Perceptual Errors Responsible For conflict, Consequences of conflict, coping strategies, Negotiation, strategies, processes, issues on negotiation.

**Communication and feedback**: Transactional analysis, Johari window, job analysis and job design: issues, techniques and methodology.

**Stress**: Nature of stress, causes, and consequences, Individual differences in resistance to stress, techniques of managing stress.

**Leadership**: Concept and style, Fiedler's contingency mode, path-goal theory, leadership effectiveness.

# Readings

- 1. Narender. K. Chadha, **Perspectives in Organizational Behavior**, Galgotia Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007
- 2. F. Luthans, Organizatonal Behavior (9th ed.), McGraw-Hill companies Inc., 2002
- 3. J. Greenberg, R.A. Baron, **Behavior in Organizations** (8th ed.), Pearson Education Inc., 2005
- 4. Steven L. McShane, Mary Ann VanGlinow, **Organizational Behavior**, Tata McGraw Hill Company Ltd., 2001

### MCA 106 TECHNICAL COMMUNICATION

Language and communication: speech and writing, functions and features of linguistic communication

**Interpersonal and business communication**: message structure and message rewriting, effective textual strategies - clarity, conciseness, consistency and coherence.

Format and content: style and persuasion; argumentation; document summarization.

**Technical writing**: scientific and technical writing; formal and informal writing; report, handbook, manual, letter, memorandum, notice, agenda, and minutes.

**Report writing**: topic, assumptions, hypothesis, overview, analysis and discussion, conclusion, appendices, references.

# Readings

- 1. Victoria Fromkin, Robert Rodman and Nina Hyams, **An Introduction to Language** (7<sup>th</sup> ed.), Thomson Learning, 2002
- 2. Leech Thomas, **How to prepare, stage, and deliver winning presentations** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), American Management Association, 2004
- 3. Carol M. Lehman, Deborah Daniel Dufrene and Debbie D. Dufrene, **Business Communication** (14<sup>th</sup> ed.), South-Western Educational Pub, 2004
- 4. H.A. Murphy, H.W. Hildebrandt and J.P. Thomas, **Effective Business Communication** (7<sup>th</sup> ed.), McGraw-Hill, New York, 1997
- 5. J. Anderson and M.E. Poole, **Assignment and Thesis Writing** (4<sup>th</sup> ed.), John Wiley and Sons, 2001

# Part I Semester II

### MCA 201: DATA STRUCTURES AND FILE PROCESSING

Basic Data Structures: Abstract data structures- stacks, queues, linked lists and binary trees.

**Sets**: Dictionary implementation, use of priority queues, hashing, binary trees, balanced trees, sets with merge-find operations.

**Searching**: Internal and external searching, use of hashing and balancing techniques.

**Memory Management**: Garbage collection algorithms for equal sized blocks, storage allocation for objects with mixed size, buddy systems.

**Physical Devices**: Characteristics of storage devices such as disks and tapes, I/O buffering.

**Basic File System Operations**: Create, open, close, extend, delete, read-block, write-block, protection mechanisms.

**File Organizations**: Sequential, indexed sequential, direct, inverted, multi-list, directory systems, Indexing using B-tree, B+tree and their variants, hashing – hash function, collision handling methods, extendible hashing.

## **Readings**

- 1. M.T. Goodrich, R. Tamassia and D. Mount, **Data Structures and Algorithms in C++**, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2004
- 2. T.H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R.L. Rivest and C. Stein, **Introduction to Algorithms** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2006
- 3. M.J. Folk, B. Zoellick and G. Riccardi, **File Structures: An Object Oriented Approach With C++** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Addison- Wesley, 1997.
- 4. Robert L. Kruse and A.J. Ryba, **Data structures and program design in C++**, Prentice-Hall, Inc., NJ, 1998
- 5. B.Stroupstrup, The C++ Programming Language, Addison Wesley, 2004
- 6. D.E.Knuth, **Fundamental Algorithms**, Vol. I, Addison Wesley, 1997

### MCA 202: DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

**Overview**: Counting, pegion-hole principle, generating functions, recurrence relations, linear recurrence relations with constant coefficients, homogenous solutions, particular solutions, total solutions, solution by the method of generating functions.

**Growth of Functions**: Asymptotic notations, monotonicity, comparison of standard functions - floors and ceilings, polynomials, exponentials, logarithms and factorials, summations: summation formulas and properties, bounding summations, approximation by integrals.

**Graph Theory**: Basic terminology, multigraphs and weighted graphs, paths and circuits, searching techniques: BFS, DFS and their applications, shortest paths in weighted graphs, Eulerian paths and circuits, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Traveling Salesperson problem, planar graphs, trees and rooted trees, prefix codes, minimal spanning trees, cut sets, directed graphs.

**Mathematical Logic**: Propositions, connectives, conditionals and biconditionals, well formed formulas, tautologies, equivalence of formulas, duality law, normal forms, inference theory for propositional calculus; predicate calculus: predicates, free and bound variables, inference theory of predicate calculus.

Introduction to algebraic structures groups, lattices and boolean algebra.

### **Readings**

1. C.L. Liu, Elements of Discrete Mathematics, McGraw-Hill Pub. Co., 1977

- 2. D.E. Knuth, **The Art of Computer Programming** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Vol. 1, Addison Wesley, 1997
- 3. R.L. Graham, D.E. Knuth, O. Patashnik, **Concrete Mathematics** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Addison-Wesley, 1994.

#### MCA 203: COMPUTER GRAPHICS

**Development of computer Graphics**: Raster Scan and Random Scan graphics storages, displays processors and character generators, colour display techniques, interactive input/output devices.

**Points, lines and curves**: Scan conversion, line-drawing algorithms, circle and ellipse generation, conic-section generation, polygon filling anti aliasing.

**Two-dimensional viewing**: Co-ordinate systems, linear transformations, line and polygon clipping algorithms.

**Fractals**: Generation, Classification and Dimension. Some basic fractal images- Koch curve, Spearpinski triangle, Mandelbort and Julia sets. Applications.

**Three-dimensional concepts**: 3-D representations, transformations, perspective and parallel projections, spline curves and surfaces, Quadtree and Octree data structures. Hidden Surface and hidden - line removal algorithms, Shading models and colour models for solid objects.

## **Readings**

- 1. D. Hearn and M.P. Baker, Computer Graphics (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Prentice–Hall of India, 2004
- 2. J.D. Foley, A van Dam, S.K. Feiner and J.F.Hughes, **Computer Graphics: Principals and Practices** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Addison-Wesley, MA, 1990
- 3. D.F. Rogers, **Procedural Elements in Computer Graphics** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), McGraw Hill Book Company, 2001
- 4. D.F. Rogers and A.J. Admas, **Mathematical Elements in Computer Graphics** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), McGraw Hill Book Company, 1990

### MCA 204 DATA COMMUNICATION AND COMPUTER NETWORKS

**Data Communication**: Theoretical basis of data communication; analog and digital signals; asynchronous and synchronous transmission; data encoding and modulation, techniques, broadband and baseband transmission; pulse code modulation, bandwidth, channel, baud rate of transmission; multiplexing; transmission medium; transmission errors - error handling mechanisms.

**Network Classification and Data Communication Services**: Local Area Networks, Wide Area Network, wireless network, internetworking;

**Network Reference Models**: Layered architectures, protocol hierarchies, interface and services: ISO-OSI reference model, TCP/IP reference model; internet protocol stacks.

**Datalink Layer Functions and Protocols**: Framing, error-control, flow -control; sliding window protocol; HDLC; Data link layer of internet.

**Medium Access Sublayer**: CSMA/CD protocol, switched and fast Ethernet, IEEE standards for LAN.

**Network functions and protocols**: Switching mechanism: Circuit switching, message switching, packet switching, routing and congestion control, TCP/IP protocol architecture.

**Network Applications**: File transfer protocol, electronic mail, World Wide Web.

# **Readings**

- 1. A.S. Tanenbaum, Computer Networks (4<sup>th</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2003
- 2. Behrouz Forouzan and S.C. Fegan, **Data Communications and Networking**, McGraw Hill, 2006
- 3. W. Tomasi, **Introduction to Data Communications and Networking**, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 4. S. Haykin, **Digital Communications**, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2005
- 5. P.C. Gupta, **Data Communications and Computer Networks**, Prentice-Hall of India, 2006
- 6. L. L. Peterson and B. S. Davie, **Computer Networks: A Systems Approach** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Morgan Kaufmann, 2003
- 7. William Stallings, **Data and Computer Communications** (8<sup>th</sup> ed.), Pearson Education, 2007

### MCA 205: FUNDAMENTALS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCE

**Accounting:** Overview of Accounting using Computers.

**Basics of Financial Accounting**: Theory base- GAAP; practical base, account process, drafting of financial statement.

Corporate Accounting: Accounting for equity shares / debentures and drafting of financial statement as per company act -1956

**Financial Statement Analysis**: Ratios, common size statements and comparative financial statements

**Basics of Cost Accounting**: Material, labour, overheads, absorption, activity based costing, marginal Costing, including C-V-P Analysis.

**Financial Management**: Value maximization objective, strategic financial decisions, present value concept, concept of return, risk and value, Long term Investment decision.

- 1. Bhabatosh Banerjee, **Cost Accounting: Theory and Practice** (12th ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2006.
- 2. Ashish K. Bhattacharya, **Principles and Practice of Cost Accounting** (3rd ed), Prentice-Hall of India.
- 3. P.C. Tulsian, **Financial Accounting**, Pearson Education, 2006
- 4. D.C Bose, Fundamentals of Financial Management, Prentice-Hall of India, 2006
- 5. R.J. Bodhanwala, **Understanding and Analyzing Balance Sheets using Excel Worksheet**, Prentice-Hall of India, 2005

# **Part II Semester III**

### MCA 301: DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

**Introduction:** RAM model, O(log n) bit model.

**Review of data structures:** Balanced trees, Mergeable sets.

**Algorithm Design Techniques:** Iterative techniques, Divide and conquer, dynamic programming, greedy algorithms.

**Searching and Sorting Techniques:** Review of elementary sorting techniques-selection sort, bubble sort, insertion sort; more sorting techniques-quick sort, heap sort, merge sort, shell sort; external sorting.

Lower bounding techniques: Decision Trees, Adversaries.

**String Processing:** KMP, Boyre-Moore, Robin Karp algorithms.

**Introduction to randomized algorithms:** Random numbers, randomized Qsort, randomly Built BST

**Number Theoretic Algorithms:** GCD, Addition and Multiplication of two large numbers, polynomial arithmetic, Fast-Fourier Transforms.

**Graphs:** Analysis of Graph algorithms Depth-First Search and its applications, minimum Spanning Trees and Shortest Paths.

**Introduction to Complexity Theory:** Class P, NP, NP-Hard, NP Completeness.

### **Introduction to Approximation Algorithms**

## **Readings**

- 1. T.H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R.L. Rivest and C. Stein, **Indtroduction to Algoritms**, Prentice-Hall of India, 2006.
- 2. J. Kleinberg and E. Tardos, Algorithms Design, Pearson Education, 2006.
- 3. S.Baase, Computer algorithms: Introduction to Design and Analysis, Addison Wesley, 1999.
- 4. A.V. Levitin, **Introduction to the Design and Analysis of algorithms**, Pearson Education, 2006.

### MCA 302: SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

**Software Engineering**: The software crisis, principles of software engineering, programming-in-the-small vs. programming-in-the-large

**Software process**: The software lifecycle, the waterfall model and variations, risk-driven approaches, introduction to evolutionary and prototyping approaches, agile process models, system classifications

**Project management**: Relationship to lifecycle, project planning, project control, project organization, risk management, cost models, configuration management, version control, quality assurance, metrics

**Software requirements**: Requirements analysis, functional and non-functional requirements elicitation, analysis tools, requirements definition, requirements specification, static and dynamic specifications, requirements review.

**Software design**: Design for reuse, design for change, design notations, design evaluation and validation

**Implementation and Maintenance**: Programming standards and procedures, modularity, data abstraction, static analysis, unit testing, integration testing, regression testing, verification and validation, tools for testing, fault tolerance, The maintenance problem, the nature of maintenance, planning for maintenance

### Readings

- 1. R.S. Pressman, **Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach** (6<sup>th</sup> ed.), McGraw-Hill, 2006
- 2. P. Jalote, **An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Narosa Publishing House, 2005
- 3. K.K. Aggarwal and Y. Singh, **Software Engineering** (revised 2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), New Age International Publishers, 2006
- 4. I. Sommerville, **Software Engineering** (6<sup>th</sup> ed.), Pearson Education, 2004
- 5. Douglas Bell, **Software Engineering for Students** (4<sup>th</sup> ed.), Addison-Wesley, 2005.
- 6. R. Mall, Fundamentals of Software Engineering (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2006

## MCA 303: DATABASE SYSTEMS

**Basic Concepts**: Data modeling for a database, abstraction and data integration, three level architecture of a DBMS, overview of relational, network, hierarchical data models.

Database Design: Entity Relationship model, Extended Entity Relationship model

**Relational Model & Relational Data Manipulations**: Relation, conversion of ER diagrams to relations, integrity constraints, relational algebra, relational domain & tuple calculus

Structured Query Language: DDL, DML, Views, Embedded SQL,

**Relational Database Design Concepts**: Functional dependencies, determining keys, normalization-1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, BCNF, 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup>, lossless join and dependency preserving decomposition

Advanced Database Concepts: Security and recovery, Concurrency Control in databases

- 1. A. Silberschatz, H. Korth and S. Sudarshan, **Database System Concepts** (5<sup>th</sup> ed.), McGraw Hill, 2006
- 2. R. Elmasri and S. B. Navathe, **Fundamentals of Database Systems** (4<sup>th</sup> ed.), Addison Wesley, 2006
- 3. R. Ramakrishnan and J. Gehrke, **Database Management Systems** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), McGraw Hill, 2005
- 4. Philip Lewis, Arthur Berstein and Michael Kifer, **Databases and Transaction Processing-An application oriented approach**, Addison Wesley, 2002
- 5. P. Rob and C. Coronel, **Database Systems: Design, Implementation, and Management** (7<sup>th</sup> ed.), Thomson Learning, 2006.
- 6. S.K. Singh, **Database Systems Concepts, Design and Applications**, Pearson Education 2006.

### MCA 304: AUTOMATA THEORY

**Introduction**: Alphabets, strings, and languages.

**Finite Automata and Regular Languages**: Deterministic and non-deterministic finite automata, regular expressions, regular languages and their relationship with finite automata, pumping lemma and closure properties of regular languages.

**Context Free Grammars and Pushdown Automata**: Context free grammars (CFG), parse trees, ambiguities in grammars and languages, pushdown automaton (PDA) and the language accepted by PDA, deterministic PDA, Non- deterministic PDA, properties of context free languages; normal forms, pumping lemma, closure properties, decision properties.

**Turing Machines**: Turing machine as a model of computation, programming with a Turing machine, variants of Turing machine and their equivalence.

**Undecidability**: Recursively enumerable and recursive languages, undecidable problems about Turing machines: halting problem, Post Correspondence Problem, and undecidability problems about CFGs.

### Readings

- 1. J. E. Hopcroft, R. Motwani, and J. D. Ullman, **Introduction to Automata Theory**, **languages**, and **computation** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Addison-Wesley, 2001
- 2. H.R. Lewis, C.H. Papadimitriou, C. Papadimitriou, **Elements of the Theory of Computation** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall, NJ, 1997
- 3. J.A. Anderson, **Automata Theory with Modern Applications**, Cambridge University Press, 2006.

#### MCA 305: OPERATING SYSTEMS

**Introduction**: Operating System as a resource manager, operating system classification, system calls, traps, architectures for operating systems.

**Device Management**: Goals of I/O software, Design of device drivers.

**Processor Management**: Process overview, process states and state transition, multi-programming, multi-tasking, levels of schedulers and scheduling algorithms. Process

Synchronization - Critical section and mutual exclusion problem, classical synchronization problems, deadlock prevention. Multithreading

**Memory Management**: Classical memory management techniques, paging, segmentation, virtual memory.

**File Management**: Overview of file management system, disk space management, directory structures. Protection domains, access control lists, protection models.

### **Readings**

- 1. A.S. Tanenbaum, **Modern Operating Systems** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2008.
- 2. William Stallings, **Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles** (5<sup>th</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2006.
- 3. Gary Nutt, Operating Systems: A Modern Approach (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Addison Wesley, 2004
- 4. D.M. Dhamdhere, **Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007

# **Part II Semester IV**

#### MCA 401: COMPILER DESIGN

**Lexical and Syntactic Analysis**: Review of regular languages, design of a lexical analyzer generator, context free grammars, syntactic analysis - design of top down and bottom up parsers.

**Syntax directed translation**: Top down and bottom up approaches, data types, mixed mode expression; subscripted variables, sequencing statement, subroutines and functions: parameters called by address, by name and by value, subroutines with side effects.

Code generation, machine dependent and machine independent optimization techniques.

### Readings

- 1. A..V. Aho, R. Sethi and J. D. Ullman, Compilers: Principles, Techniques, and Tools (US edition), Addison Wesley, 1986.
- 2. A. Holub, Compiler Design in C, Prentice-Hall of India, 2006
- 3. R. Mak, Writing Compilers and Interpreters (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), John Wiley & Sons, 1996.
- 4. D. Galles, **Modern Compiler Design**, Pearson Education, 2007
- 5. S. Chattopadhyay, **Compiler Design**, Prentice-Hall of India, 2005

### MCA 402: INFORMATION SECURITY

**Overview of Security**: Protection versus security; aspects of security–data integrity, data availability, privacy; security problems, user authentication, Orange Book.

**Security Threats**: Program threats, worms, viruses, Trojan horse, trap door, stack and buffer overflow; system threats- intruders; communication threats- tapping and piracy.

**Cryptography**: Substitution, transposition ciphers, symmetric-key algorithms-Data Encryption Standard, advanced encryption standards, public key encryption - RSA; Diffie-Hellman key exchange, ECC cryptography, Message Authentication- MAC, hash functions.

**Digital signatures**: Symmetric key signatures, public key signatures, message digests, public key infrastructures.

**Security Mechanisms**: Intrusion detection, auditing and logging, tripwire, system-call monitoring;

## **Readings**

- 1. W. Stallings, **Cryptography and Network Security Principles and Practices** (4<sup>th</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2006
- 2. C. Pfleeger and SL Pfleeger, **Security in Computing** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2007
- 3. D. Gollmann, Computer Security, John Wiley and Sons, NY, 2002
- 4. J. Piwprzyk, T. Hardjono and J. Seberry, **Fundamentals of Computer Security**, Springer-Verlag Berlin, 2003
- 5. J.M. Kizza, Computer Network Security, Springer, 2007
- 6. M. Merkow and J. Breithaupt, **Information Security: Principles and Practices**, Pearson Education, 2006.

### MCA 403 NETWORK PROGRAMMING

**Overview of TCP/IP. Protocol**: Distinction between Transmission Control Protocol and User Data gram Protocol, well-known and empirical Port, connection oriented and connectionless services.

**Socket interface**: Distinction between socket and connection, socket address structure, socket system calls.

Client Server Interaction: Connection-oriented client-server interaction, connection-less client server interaction, interactive and concurrent server, multiprocessor server and-multi-threaded server design concepts.

**Application Development**: Design of file transfer protocol, remote log-in protocol etc., using socket interface

## **Readings**

- 1. W. Richard Stevens, **Unix Network Programming**, Prentice-Hall of India, 1990
- 2. Bill Rieken and Lyle Weiman, Adventures in UNIX Network Applications Programming, John Wiley & Sons, 1992.

### MCA 404 DATABASE APPLICATIONS

**Application Design and Development:** User interfaces and tools, web interfaces to Databases

Web Fundamentals: HTML, static vs.dynamic web pages, client (Javascript/VB) and server side scripting (JSP/ASP/PHP/VB), web servers and sessions, two level & three level architecture,

**Real Life Application Development using Popular DBMS**: SQL, procedures & functions, exception handling, triggers, large objects, user defined data types, collection types, bulk loading of data

**Query Optimization**: Query Processing, query tree, query plans, measures of query cost, estimates of basic operations, equivalent relational algebra expressions, evaluation of expressions

**Authorizations in SQL**: System and user privileges, granting & revoking privileges, roles, authorization on views, functions and procedures, limitations of SQL authorizations, audit trails

**Application Security**: Encryption techniques, digital signatures & digital certificates

# **Readings**

- 1. A. Silberschatz, H. Korth and S. Sudarshan, **Database System Concepts** (5<sup>th</sup> ed.), McGraw Hill, 2006
- 2. J. Morrison, M. Morrison and R. Conrad, Guide to Oracle 10g, Thomson Learning, 2005
- 3. Loney and Koch, Oracle 10g The Complete Reference, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006
- 4. David Flanagan, JavaScript: The Definitive Guide, O'Reilly Media, 2006
- 5. Marty Hall, Larry Brown, and Yaakov Chaikin, Core Servlets and Javaserver Pages: Core Technologies, Vol. 2 (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Sun Microsystems Press, 2006.
- 6. S.K.Singh, **Database Systems Concepts, Design and Applications**, Pearson Education 2006.

#### MCA 405 ADVANCED OPERATING SYSTEMS

Study of contemporary popular operating systems. Detailed design of the following modules of an Operating system will be covered:

**Process and Processor Management:** Scheduling schemes, Interprocess communication, threads

**File Management**: Interface between file systems and IOCS, directory structures, allocation of disk space, file protection, file system reliability

I/O Management: I/O system, I/O strategies, buffering.

**Memory Management:** Swapping, demand paging, segmentation

- 1. Maurice J. Bach, **Design of the UNIX Operating System**, Prentice Hall, 1986
- 2. Gary Nutt, **Kernel Projects for Linux**, Addison Wesley, 2001
- 3. William Stallings, **Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles** (5<sup>th</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2006.

4. D.M. Dhamdhere, **Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007

### MCA 406 ELECTRONIC COMMERCE

**Building Blocks of Electronic Commerce**: Introduction, internet and networking technologies, Internet and network protocols, web server scalability, software technologies for building E-commerce applications, distributed objects, object request brokers, component technology, web services, web application architectures, BizTalk framework Compliant Server

**Security of E-commerce transactions**: Review of cryptographic tools, authentication, signatures, observers, anonymity, privacy, traceability, key certification, management and escrow

**Payment protocols and standards**: Smart card, e-cash, e-wallet technologies, electronic money and electronic payment systems, business models for electronic commerce, electronic marketplaces, auctions and other market mechanisms, design of auctions, optimization algorithms for marketplaces, multi-agent systems.

Global eCommerce and Law: Cyber law in India. Comparative evaluation of Cyber laws of certain countries.

### Readings

- 1. E.M. Awad, **Electronic Commerce From Vision to Fulfillment** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2006
- 2. P.T. Joseph, **E-Commerce An Indian Perspective**, Prentice-Hall of India, 2007
- 3. Scott Bonneau, Tammy Kohl, Jeni Tennison, Jon Duckett and Kevin Williams, **XML Design Handbook**, Wrox Press Ltd., 2003.
- 4. Michael Cheshar, Ricky Kaura, and Peter Linton, **Electronic Business and Commerce**, Springer, 2003.
- 5. W.J. Pardi, XML in Action: Learn to quickly create dynamic, data-driven sites with the Web's hottest new technology, Prentice Hall of India, 1999.
- 6. P. Weill and M.R. Vitale, **Place to Space: Migrating to eBusiness Models**, Harvard Business School Press, 2001.
- 7. D. Whiteley, **eCommerce: Strategy, Technologies and Applications**, Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, 2001.
- 8. M. Fitzgerald, **Building B2B Applications with XML: A Resource Guide**, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 2001

#### MCA 407 NUMERICAL COMPUTING

**Solution to Transcendental and Polynomial Equations**: Iterative methods, bisection method, secant method, Newton-Raphson method, fixed point iteration, methods for finding complex roots.

Matrices and Linear System of Equations: LU decomposition method for solving systems of equations, Symmetric positive definite matrices and least square approximation, iterative algorithms for linear equations.

**Interpolation**: Polynomial interpolation, Newton-Gregory, Stirling's, Bessel's and Lagrange's interpolation formula, Newton's divided differences interpolation formulae.

**Curve fitting**: B-spline and Approximation: Fitting linear and non-linear curves, weighted least square approximation, method of least square for continuous functions.

**Numerical Differentiation and Integration**: Numerical differentiation and errors in numerical differentiation, Newton-Cotes formulae, trapezoidal rule, Simpson's rule, Gaussian integration.

Numerical Solutions of Ordinary Differential Equations: Picard's and Taylor's series, Euler's and Runge-Kutta (RK) methods, Predictor-corrector's, Milne-Simpson's, Adams-Bashford, Adams-Moulton methods.

**Finite Element Method**: Boundary value problems, Rayleigh and Galerkin methods of approximation, applications.

# **Readings**

- 1. K.E. Atkinson, W. Han, Elementary Numerical Analysis, 3rd Edition, Wiley, 2003
- 2. C. Xavier, S. S. Iyengar, **Introduction to Parallel Algorithms** (Wiley Series on Parallel and Distributed Computing, Wiley-Interscience, 1998
- 3. A. Kharab, R.B.Guenther, **An Introduction to Numerical Methods: A MATLAB Approach** (1<sup>st</sup> ed.), Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2001.
- 4. B. Bradie, A Friendly Introduction to Numerical Analysis, Pearson Education, 2007
- 5. S.R. Otto and J.P. Denier, **An Introduction to Programming and Numerical Methods** in MATLAB, Springer, 2005
- 6. M.K. Jain, S.R.K. Iyengar and R.K. Jain, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation (7<sup>th</sup> ed.), New Age International Publishers, 2007

### MCA 408 COMPUTATIONAL LINGUISTICS

**Man-Machine Interface**: Concept of Artificial Intelligence (AI), information system and information processing, concept of formal language, Natural Language (NL) and real language, natural language as man-machine interface.

**Natural Language Processing**: Basic characteristic of NL, knowledge representation, level of representation in NL, function of natural language.

**Computational Linguistics**: Relationship between linguistics and NLP, computational models for phonology, unphology, lexicography, syntax, semantics and discourse.

**Processes and Methods**: Pursuing applications – machine translation, information retrieval, information extraction, natural language in multimodal and multimedia systems, computer assisted language learning, multilingual on-line natural language processing.

- 1. A.M. Andrew, Artificial Intelligence. Kent: Abacus Press, 1983.
- 2. R., Grishman, Computational Linguistics, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1986.
- 3. G. Keith, and M. Glover, **Primary Language Learning with Microcomputers.** London: Croom Helm, 1987.

- 4. S. Nirenburg, (ed) Machine Translation: I Theoretical and Methodological Issues. Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1987.
- 5. W.A. Sedlow, and S.Y. Sedlow, (eds.) **Computer in Language Research,** Hillsdale: N.S. Lawrence Erlbawn, 1979.

# Part III Semester V

### MCA 501 MODELING AND SIMULATION

**Systems and environment**: Concept of model and model building, model classification and representation, Use of simulation as a tool, steps in simulation study.

Continuous-time and Discrete-time systems: Laplace transform, transfer functions, state-space models, order of systems, z-transform, feedback systems, stability, observability, controllability. Statistical Models in Simulation: Common discrete and continuous distributions, Poisson process, empirical distributions

**Random Numbers**: Properties of random numbers, generation of pseudo random numbers, techniques of random number generation, tests for randomness, random variate generation using inverse transformation, direct transformation, convolution method, acceptance-rejection

**Design and Analysis of simulation experiments**: Data collection, identifying distributions with data, parameter estimation, goodness of fit tests, selecting input models without data, multivariate an time series input models, verification and validation of models, static and dynamic simulation output analysis, steady-state simulation, terminating simulation, confidence interval estimation, Output analysis for steady state simulation, variance reduction techniques

**Queuing Models**: Characteristics of queuing systems, notation, transient and steady-state behavior, performance, network of queues

**Large Scale systems**: Model reduction, hierarchical control, decentralized control, structural properties of large scale systems

- 1. Narsingh Deo, System Simulation with Digital Computer, Prentice Hall of India, 1999
- 2. Averill Law, Simulation Modeling and Analysis (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007
- 3. G. Gordan, **System Simulation** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Pearson Education, 2007.
- 4. A.F. Seila, V. Ceric and P. Tadikamalla, **Applied Simulation Modeling** (International Student Edition), Thomson Learning, 2004
- 5. Jerry Banks, **Handbook of Simulation: Principles, Methodology, Advances, Applications, and Practice**, Wiley Inter Science, 1998
- 6. J. Banks, J.S. Carson, B.L. Nelson, **Discrete Event System Simulation** (4<sup>th</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, , 2004
- 7. N.A. Kheir, **Systems Modeling and Computer Simulation**, Marcel Dekker, 1988.
- 8. B.P. Zeigler, T.G. Kim, and H. Praehofer, **Theory of Modeling and Simulation** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Academic Press, 2000.

### MCA 502 VISUAL PROGRAMMING

**Introduction**: Development in a visual programming environment to develop interactive programs using a graphical user interface, iconic systems and their specifications, messages and message passing/ events and event-handling in visual programming environment,

**Programming**: Programming with graphics devices, interaction with the user in event-based graphical environment, implementation of visual systems, different components and controls of visual system. Elementary data base usage.

**Project**: a programming project involving object-oriented design, user interface design and implementation, and coding to support the interface and database linkages. It can be an Internet application in a visual programming environment.

# Readings

- David I. Schneider, An Introduction to Programming using Visual Basic 2005 (6<sup>th</sup> ed.), Pearson Educations Inc., 2007
- 2. R. Brown, Visual Basic .NET Your visual blueprint for building versatile programs on the .NET Framework, Wiley Publishing, Inc., 2002
- 3. Anne Prince, Murach's Beginning Visual Basic .NET, Murach Publishing, 2003
- 4. T. Willis, J. Crossland and R. Blair, Beginning VB.NET 2003, Wrox Publication, 2004
- 5. Fred Barwell, et. al., **Professional VB.NET** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Wrox Publication, 2002
- 6. Paul Kimmel, Visual Basic .NET Unleashed, Sams Publishing, 2002

#### MCA 503 DATA MINING

**Overview**: The process of knowledge discovery in databases, predictive and descriptive data mining techniques, supervised and unsupervised learning techniques.

**Techniques of Data Mining**: Link analysis, predictive modeling, database segmentation, score functions for data mining algorithms, Bayesian techniques in data mining.

**Issues in Data Mining**: Scalability and data management issues in data mining algorithms, parallel and distributed data mining, privacy, social, ethical issues in KDD and data mining, pitfalls of KDD and data mining.

- 1. Margaret H. Dunham, **Data Mining: Introductory and Advanced Topics**, 2002
- 2. Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber, **Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Morgan Kaufmann, 2006.
- 3. Arun Pujari, **Data Mining Techniques**, University Press, 2001
- 4. D. Hand, H. Mannila and P. Smyth, **Principles of Data Mining**, Prentice-Hall of India, 2006
- 5. G.K. Gupta, **Introduction to Data Mining with Case Studies**, Prentice-Hall of India, 2006

### MCA 504 COMPUTATIONAL INTELLIGENCE

**Fuzzy Logic Systems**: Notion of fuzziness, fuzzy modeling, operations on fuzzy sets, T-norms and other aggregation operators, basics of approximate reasoning, compositional rule of inference, fuzzy rule based systems, (Takagi-Sugeno and Mamdani-Assilian models), schemes of fuzzification, inferencing, defuzzificatin, fuzzy clustering, fuzzy rule based classifier

**Genetic Algorithms**: Genetic operators, building block hypothesis, evolution of structure, genetic algorithms based on tree and linear graphs, applications in science and engineering

**Artificial Neural Networks**: The neuron as a simple computing element, the perceptron, multilayer neural networks, accelerated learning in multilayer neural networks

**Rough Sets**: Information Systems, decision tables, indiscernibly relation, set approximation, approximation of family of sets, analysis of decision tables.

### **Readings**

- 1. K.H. Lee, First Course on Fuzzy Theory and Applications, Springer, 2005
- 2. D. E.Goldberg, Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization, and Machine Learning, Addison-Wesley, Reading, 1989
- 3. E. Alpaydin, **Introduction to Machine Learning**, Prentice-Hall of India, 2004.
- 4. J.Stepaniuk, Rough-Granular Computing in Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining, Springer, 2008

### MCA 505 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

**Introduction and Problem Solving**: Various definitions of AI, Introduction to AI applications and AI techniques, Production systems, control strategies, reasoning - forward & backward chaining

**Intelligent Agents**: Definitions of a rational agent, reflex, model-based, goal-based, and utility-based agents, the environment in which a particular agent operates

**Search and Game Playing**: Breadth first search, depth first search, iterative deepening, uniform cost search, hill climbing, simulated annealing, genetic algorithm search, heuristic search, Best first search, A\* algorithm, AO\* algorithm, Minmax & game trees, refining minmax, Alpha – Beta pruning, constraint satisfaction

**Knowledge Representation**: First order predicate calculus, resolution, unification, natural deduction system, refutation, logic programming, PROLOG, semantic networks, frame system, value inheritance, conceptual dependency, Ontologies

**Planning**: basic representation for planning, symbolic-centralized vs. reactive-distributed, partial order planning algorithm

**Uncertainty**: different types of uncertainty - degree of belief and degree of truth, various probability constructs - prior probability, conditional probability, probability axioms, probability distributions, and joint probability distributions, Bayes' rule, other approaches to modeling uncertainty such as Dempster-Shafer theory and fuzzy sets/logic

**Natural language processing**: component steps of communication, contrast between formal and natural languages in the context of grammar, parsing, and semantics

### Readings

- 1. S. Russell and P. Norvig, **Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Pearson Education, 2005.
- 2. Elaine Rich and Kelvin Knight, **Artificial Intelligence**, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.
- 3. Nils J Nilson, **Artificial Intelligence: A New Synthesis**, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers , Inc., San Francisco, California, 2000.
- 4. R. Akerkar, Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, Prentice-Hall of India, 2005
- 5. Dan W. Patterson, **Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems**, Prentice Hall of India, 2006.
- 6. Nils J. Nilson, Principles of Artificial Intelligence, Narosa Publishing House, 2001
- 7. Clocksin and C.S. Mellish, **Programming in PROLOG**, Narosa Publishing House, 2002.
- 8. Saroj Kaushik, Logic and Prolog Programming, New Age International Publisher, 2006

#### MCA 506 DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING AND MULTI-MEDIA

**Fundamental Steps in Image Processing**: Element of visual perception, a simple image model, sampling and quantization, some basic relationships between pixel, image geometry in 2D, image enhancement in the spatial domain.

**Introduction to spatial and frequency methods**: Basic gray level transformations, histogram equalization, local enhancement, image subtraction, image averaging, basic spatial, filtering, smoothing spatial filters, sharpening spatial filters.

**Introduction to the fourier transformation**: Discrete fourier transformation, fast fourier transformation, filtering in the frequency domain, correspondence between filtering in the spatial and frequency domain smoothing frequency-domain filters, sharpening frequency-domain filters, homomorphic filtering, dilation and erosion, opening and closing, hit-or-miss transformation.

**Some basic morphological algorithms**: Line detection, edge detection, gradient operator, edge linking and boundary detection, thresholding, region-oriented segmentation, representation schemes like chain codes, polygonal approximations, boundary segments, skeleton of a region, recognition and interpretation patterns and pattern classes, decision-theoretic methods, introduction to neural network.

**Introduction to Image Compression**: JPEG, MPEG, Wavelets, operating system issues in multimedia, real time OS issues, interrupt latency etc., network management issues Like QOS guarantee, resource reservation, traffic specification etc., security issues like digital watermarking, partial encryption schemes for video stream encryption.

Latest developments in field of multimedia like VOIP, video on demand and video conferencing.

### Readings

1. Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E.Woods, **Digital Image Processing**, Prentice–Hall of India, 2002

- 2. William K. Pratt, **Digital Image Processing: PIKS Inside** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2001
- 3. Bernd Jahne, **Digital Image Processing**, (5<sup>th</sup> revised and extended edition), Springer, 2002
- 4. S. Annadurai and R. Shanmugalakshmi, **Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing**, Pearson Education, 2007
- 5. M.A. Joshi, **Digital Image Processing: An Algorithmic Approach**, Prentice-Hall of India, 2006
- 6. B. Chandra and D.D. Majumder, **Digital Image Processing and Analysis**, Prentice-Hall of India, 2007

### MCA 507 NEURAL NETWORKS

**Introduction**: Neuron as basic unit of Neurobiology, McCulloch-Pitts model, Hebbian Hypothesis; limitations of single-layered neural networks.

**Supervised Learning**: Single-layered neural networks, Hopfield-Little model, perceptron rules, Gradient-descent algorithms; Multi-layered neural networks: first order methods, back propagation algorithm, second order methods, RBF networks; Constructive algorithms: single-hidden layer algorithms, upstart algorithm, cascade correlation algorithm; Unsupervised Learning: competitive learning, competition through lateral inhibition.

**Kernel methods and support vector machines**: binary classification, multiclass classification, allowing for training errors: soft margin techniques; neural networks and temporal sequences: sequence recognition, sequence generation; applications.

# Readings

- 1. S. Haykin, **Neural Networks: A Comprehensive Foundation** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Prentice Hall, 1999
- 2. R.Rojas and J. Feldman, **Neural Networks: A Systematic Introduction** (1<sup>st</sup> ed.), Springer, 1996.
- 3. C.M. Bishop, **Neural Networks for Pattern Recognition**, Oxford University Press, 1995.
- 4. S.N. Sivanandam, S. Sumathi and S.N. Deepa, **Introduction to Neural Networks using MATLAB 6.0**, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006
- 5. B. Yegnanarayana, Artificial Neural Networks, Prentice-Hall of India, 2006

#### MCA 508 COMBINATORIAL OPTIMIZATION

**Introduction**: Optimization problems, neighborhoods, local and global optima, convex sets and functions, simplex method, degeneracy; duality and dual simplex algorithm, computational considerations for the simplex and dual simplex algorithms-Dantzig-Wolfe algorithms.

**Integer Linear Programming**: Cutting plane algorithms, branch and bound technique and approximation algorithms for traveling salesman problem.

**Graph Algorithms**: Primal-Dual algorithm and its application to shortest path, Math-flow problems (Ford and Fulkerson labeling algorithms, Dijkstra's algorithm, Ford-Warshall algorithms), networking labeling and digraph search, Max-flow problem, matching problem, bipartite matching algorithm, non-bipartite matching algorithms, weighted matching-hungarian

method for the assignment problem, non-bipartite weighted matching problem, efficient spanning tree algorithms, algorithm for matroid intersection problem.

### Readings

- 1. C.H. Papadimitriou and K. Steiglitz, Combinatorial Optimization: Algorithms and Complexity, Prentice-Hall of India, 2006
- 2. K. Lange, **Optimization**, Springer, 2004
- 3. Mokhtar S.Bazaraa, John J. Jarvis and Hanif D. Sherali, **Linear Programming and Network Flows**, John Wiley & Sons, 2004
- 4. H.A. Taha, Operations Research: An Introduction (8<sup>th</sup> ed.), Prentice Hall, 2006

# MCA 509 SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE AND TESTING

**Introduction**: Concept of Software quality, product and process quality, software quality metrics, quality control and total quality management, quality tools and techniques, quality standards.

**Designing software quality assurance system**: Statistical methods in quality assurance, fundamentals of statistical process control, process capability, Six-sigma quality.

**Testing**: Test strategies, test planning, functional testing, stability testing and debugging techniques

**Reliability**: Basic concepts, reliability measurements, predictions and management.

# **Readings**

- 1. N.S. Godbole, Software Quality Assurance: Principles and Practice, Narosa Publishing House, 2006
- 2. G.G. Schulmeyer and J. McManus (eds.), **Handbook of Software Quality Assurance** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Prentice Hall, 1999
- 3. G. O'Regan, A Practical Approach to Software Quality, Springer Verlag, 2002
- 4. Daniel Galin, **Quality Assurance: From theory to implementation**, Pearson Education Ltd., 2004
- 5. S.H. Kan, Metrics and Models in Software Quality Engineering (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Pearson Education Inc., 2003
- 6. J.D. McGregor and D.A. Sykes, A Practical Guide to Testing, Addison-Wesley, 2001
- 7. Glenford J. Myers, **The Art of Software Testing** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), John Wiley, 2004
- 8. D. Graham, E.V. Veenendaal, I. Evans and R. Black, **Foundations of Software Testing**, Thomson Learning, 2007

### MCA 510 MACHINE LEARNING

Overview and Introduction to Bayes Decision Theory: Machine intelligence and applications, pattern recognition concepts classification, regression, feature selection, supervised

class conditional probability distributions, Examples of classifiers bayes optimal classifier and error, learning classification approaches.

**Linear machines:** General and linear discriminants, decision regions, single layer neural network, linear separability, general gradient descent, perceptron learning algorithm, mean square criterion and widrow-Hoff learning algorithm; multi-Layer perceptrons: two-layers universal approximators, backpropagation learning, on-line, off-line error surface, important parameters.

**Learning decision trees:** Inference model, general domains, symbolic decision trees, consistency, learning trees from training examples entropy, mutual information, ID3 algorithm criterion, C4.5 algorithm continuous test nodes, confidence, pruning, learning with incomplete data

**Instance-based Learning:** Nearest neighbor classification, k-nearest neighbor, nearest neighbor error probability,

Machine learning concepts and limitations: Learning theory, formal model of the learnable, sample complexity, learning in zero-bayes and realizable case, VC-dimension, fundamental algorithm independent concepts, hypothesis class, target class, inductive bias, occam's razor, empirical risk, limitations of inference machines, approximation and estimation errors, Tradeoff.

Machine learning assessment and Improvement: Statistical model selection, structural risk minimization, bootstrapping, bagging, boosting.

**Support Vector Machines:** Margin of a classifier, dual perceptron algorithm, learning non-linear hypotheses with perceptron kernel functions, implicit non-linear feature space, theory, zero-Bayes, realizable infinite hypothesis class, finite covering, margin-based bounds on risk, maximal margin classifier.

# Readings

- 1. E. Alpaydin, Introduction to Machine Learning, Prentice Hall of India, 2006.
- 2. T. M. Mitchell, **Machine Learning**, McGraw-Hill, 1997.
- 3. C. M. Bishop, **Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning**, Springer, 2006.
- 4. R. O. Duda, P. E. Hart, and D.G. Stork, **Pattern Classification**, John Wiley and Sons, 2001.
- 5. Vladimir N. Vapnik, **Statistical Learning Theory**, John Wiley and Sons, 1998.
- 6. Shawe-Taylor J. and Cristianini N., Cambridge, **Introduction to Support Vector Machines**, University Press, 2000.

### MCA 511 EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

**Introduction to Embedded Systems**: Overview of embedded systems, features, requirements and applications of embedded systems, recent trends in the embedded system design, common architectures for the ES design, embedded software design issues, communication software, introduction to development and testing tools.

**Embedded System Architecture**: Basics of 8 – bit RISC microcontroller (PIC), block diagram, addressing modes, instruction set, timers, counters, stack operation, programming using PIC controller, basics of 32 – bit microprocessor (ARM), processor and memory organization, data operations, flow of control, pipelining in ARM, ARM bus (AMBA).

**Embedded Software**: Programming in embedded environment, Programming for microcontrollers such as Intel 8051 and PIC. Overview of Java 2 micro edition (J2ME), concept of a MIDLET, applications of J2ME in mobile communication.

**Interfacing and Communication Links**: Serial interfacing, real time clock, SPI / micro wire bus, I2C bus, CAN bus, PC parallel port, IRDA data link, PCI bus architecture.

**Operating Systems for Embedded Systems**: OS Fundamentals, processes and threads, context switching, scheduling issues, inter task communication, introduction to memory management, evaluating OS performance, real time operating systems, popular RTOS and their applications.

**Applications of Embedded Systems**: Industrial and control applications, networking and telecom applications, DSP and multimedia applications, applications in the area of consumer appliances, concept of smart home.

# Readings

- 1. Daniel W. Lewis, Fundamentals of Embedded Software, where C and assembly meet, Pearson Education 2001.
- 2. John B. Peatman, **Design with PIC Microcontrollers**, Pearson Education, 1997.
- 3. Robert B. Reese, **Microprocessors: From assembly language to C using PIC18Fxx2**, Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt Ltd. 2005.
- 4. Wayne Wolf, Computers as Components: Principles of Embedded Computing System Design, Elsevier Publication 2000.
- 5. Michael Juntao Yuan, Enterprise J2ME Developing Mobile Java Applications, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 6. Andrew N. Sloss, Dominic Symes, Chris Wright, **ARM System Developer's Guide Designing and Optimizing System Software**, Elsevier Publications, 2007.
- 7. A. Silberschatz, P.B.Galvin and G. Gagne, **Operating System Concepts** (6<sup>th</sup> ed.), John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2001
- 8. K.V.K.K.Prasad, Embedded/Real Time Systems: Concepts, Design and Programming, Dreamtech Press, New Delhi, India, 2003.

# MCA 512 CRYPTOGRAPHY

**Elementary number theory**: Prime numbers, Fermat's and Euler's theorems, Testing for primality, Chinese remainder theorem, discrete logarithms.

**Finite fields**: Review of groups, rings and fields; Modular Arithmetic, Euclidean Algorithms, Finite fields of the form GF(p), Polynomial Arithmetic, Finite fields of the form GF(2").

**Data Encryption Techniques**: Algorithms for block and stream ciphers, private key encryption – DES, AES, RC4; Algorithms for public key encryption – RSA, DH Key exchange, KERBEROS, elliptic curve cryptosystems.

Message authentication and hash functions, Digital Signatures and authentication protocols, Public key infrastructure, Cryptanalysis of block and stream ciphers.

- 1. W. Stallings, **Cryptography and Network Security Principles and Practices** (4<sup>th</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2006.
- 2. C. Pfleeger and S.L. Pfleeger, **Security in Computing** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2007.
- 3. MY Rhee, Network Security, John Wiley and Sons, NY, 2002.

### MCA 513 PROGRAMMING PARADIGMS

**Overview**: Overview of programming languages, programming paradigms and models.

**Imperative Language**: Principles, data, flow of control, program, composition, examples of imperative languages.

**Object Oriented Paradigms**: Principles, classes, inheritance, class hierarchies, polymorphism, dynamic binding reference semantics -and their implementation.

**Functional Programming**: Principles, functions, lists, types and polymorphisms, higher-order functions, lazy evaluation, equations and pattern matching, program development in LISP, implementation of -LISP.

**Logic Programming**: Principles, Horn clauses and their execution, logical variables, relation, data structures, controlling the search order.

**Parallel Programming**: Principles of Parallelism, co-routines, communication and synchronization, parallel procedural and logic programming concepts and their implementation

# Readings

- 1. R.W. Sebesta, **Concepts of programming Languages** (4<sup>th</sup> ed.), Addison Wesley MA, 2000
- 2. T.W. Pratt, **Programming Languages: Design and Implementation** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.) Printice Hall, NJ, 2000
- 3. A.B. Tucker, R.E. Noonan, **Programming Languages: Principles and Paradigms** (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007.
- 4. L.B. Wilson, R.G. Clark, **Comparative Programming languages** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Pearson Education, 2001,
- 5. P.H. Winston and B.K.P. Horn, **LISP** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Pearson Education Asia, 2000

### MCA 514 DATABASE SYSTEMS AND IMPLEMENTATION

Overview of Database Management Concepts and models: Data Definition Language, Data Control Language, Storage management, Query Processing, Transaction Processing, Relational Model, Object Oriented Model and Object-Relational model.

**Storage Management and Data Representation**: Storage and access of data in secondary storage, Disk failures, Recovery from disk crashes-RAID levels 1 to 6. Representation of various data types, Fixed length/variable length data/record formats, Logical/physical addressing schemes, Pointer Swizzling, pinning/unpinning of records.

**Index Structures for Single Dimension searches**: Primary and secondary indexes, dense and sparse indexes, B+tree indexes, Hash indexes-linear and extensible hash indexes.

**Index Structures for Multidimensional searches**: Grid files, KD-trees, Quad trees, R-trees

**Query Processing and Optimization**: Query parsing, Algorithms and cost estimation for various operation - select, project, cross product, join, union, intersection, difference, and aggregate operations. Equivalent relational algebra expressions, generation of query plans and choice of query plan for query execution. Cost based and Heuristic based query optimization.

**Transaction Processing and Concurrency Control**: Concept of transaction, ACID properties, Serial and concurrent schedules, Serializability, testing for serializability, Lockbased protocols, Timestamp based protocols, deadlock handling

**Recovery**: Classification of failures, Log based recovery, shadow paging, buffer management

# Readings

- 1. Hector Garcia-Molina, Jeffrey D.Ullman and Jennifer Widom, **Database System Implementation**, Prentice Hall of India, 2005
- 2. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry Korth and S.Sudarshan, **Database System Concepts** (5<sup>th</sup> ed.), McGraw Hill, 2006
- 3. R. Elmasri and S. B. Navathe, **Fundamentals of Database Systems** (4<sup>th</sup> ed.), Addison Wesley, 2006
- 4. Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke, **Database Management Systems** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), McGraw Hill 2005.
- 5. Philip Lewis, Arthur Berstein and Michael Kifer, **Databases and Transaction Processing- An Application Oriented Approach**, Addison Wesley 2002.
- 6. Peter Rob and Carlos Coronel, **Database Systems: Design, Implementation, and Management** (7<sup>th</sup> ed.), Thomson Learning 2006.

### MCA 515 HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

**Human Resource Planning**: How HRP Relates to Organizational Planning or Strategic Planning, The need for Human Resource Planning, The Steps in Human Resource Planning Process, Situation Analysis, Environmental Scanning and Strategic Planning, Forecasting Human Resource Demands.

**Job Analysis and Job Design**: Purpose and uses of Job Analysis, Job Analysis Technique, Job Analysis – Methods of Data Collection, Job Design Approaches, Job Characteristic Approach to Job Design.

**The Recruitment Process**: Environmental Factors Affecting Recruitment Process, Recruitment Methods, Evaluating the Recruitment Process.

**The Selection Process**: Step in Selection Process (Techniques of Selection Process), Ethical Standards of Testing, Types of Interviews, Evaluation of the Selection Program.

**Training and Development**: The Functions of Training, Assessing Training Needs, Types of Training, Evaluation of Training and Development.

Career Planning and Development: Career Development, Career Management.

**Industrial Relations**: Characteristics of Industrial Relations, Significance of Harmonious Industrial Relations, Approaches to Industrial Relations, Factors Affecting Industrial Relations Strategy, Causes of Poor Industrial Relations, Effects of Poor Industrial Relations.

**Strategic Human Resource Management**: Strategic Human Resource Management, Strategic Planning, Need for Strategic Management, Benefits of Strategic Management, Dysfunctions of Strategic Management.

# Readings

- 1. David A. Dedecenezo, Stephen P. Robbins, **Personnel/ Human Resource Management** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 1990.
- 2. Adwin B. Flippo, **Personnel Management**, (Mcgraw Hill Series in Management).
- 3. F. R. David, Concept of Strategic Management. New York: Macmillan., 1993.
- 4. Narender. K. Chadha, **Human Resource Management: Issues, Challenges and Case Studies** (2<sup>nd</sup> revised ed.), Shri Sai Printographers, New Delhi, 2002.
- 5. Nirmal Singh. **Human Resource Management**, Galgotia Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.
- 6. B. Pattanayak, **Human Resource Management** (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2006.

#### MCA 516 XML and DATABASES

**Introduction to XML**: Representing data in XML, Element Content Model, Document Type Definition, XML schemas

**Presentation of XML documents on the web**: HTML, XHTML, CSS, XSLT, XSL-FO, XLinks, XPointers, XForms, Xpath

**Database Concepts**: Review of Relational, Object Relational and Object Oriented Database concepts

**Type of Documents**: Data-Centric Documents and Document Centric Documents

Mappings between traditional Databases and XML documents: Mapping Document Schemas to Database Schemas -Table-Based Mapping and Object-Relational Mapping, use of DOM, SAX and web enabled databases

**Query Languages**: Template Based Query languages and SQL Based Query Languages, XQuery

**Native XML databases**: Native XML Database Architectures, Storing Data in a Native XML Database, Retrieving Data from Native databases, Security, Transactions, Locking and Concurrency, Round-tripping

**Applications of XML & Databases**: Case Studies

- 1. Mark Greaves, **Designing XML Databases**, Prentice Hall, 2002.
- 2. Serge Abiteboul, Peter Buneman, Dan Suciu, **Data on the Web: From Relations to Semistructured Data and XML**, Morgan Kaufmann, 1999.
- 3. Akmal B. Chaudhri, Awais Rashid, Roberto Zicari, XML Data Management: Native XML and XML-Enabled Database Systems, Addison Wesley, 2005.
- 4. Kevin Williams, **Professional XML databases**, Wrox Publications, 2000.
- 5. Bhavani Thuraisingham, XML Databases and the Semantic Web, CRC Press 2002

### MCA 517 SATELLITE AND MOBILE COMMUNICATION NETWORKS

**Satellite Communication and Networks**: Geosynchronous satellite, low orbit satellite networks, polling, ALOHA, FDMA TDMA, CDMA, low orbit satellite for mobile communication, VSAT networks.

**Mobile Voice Communication and Networks**: Global Systems for Mobile communication (GSM), Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA).

**Mobile Data Communication and Networks**: High speed circuits switch data (HSCSD), GSM General Pocket Radio Service (GPRS), Third Generation Mobile Systems.

- 1. C.N. Thurwachter, Wireless Networking, Prentice-Hall of India, 2002.
- 2. A.S. Tanenbaum, Computer Networks (4<sup>th</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2003.
- 3. M. Richharia, **Mobile Satellite Communications: Principles & Trends**, Pearson Education, 2001.
- 4. Jochen Schiller, Mobile Communications, Pearson Education, 2000.