

**PARLIAMENT OF INDIA**  
**(JOINT RECRUITMENT CELL)**

**PRELIMINARY EXAM FOR POST OF SECURITY ASSISTANT GRADE-II IN LOK SABHA SECRETARIAT**

**26<sup>th</sup> FEBRUARY, 2012**

**GENERAL KNOWLEDGE & CURRENT AFFAIRS; GENERAL ENGLISH AND MENTAL ABILITY**

**INSTRUCTIONS :** (i) Write your Roll No. and other details in the appropriate columns of the OMR answer sheet. (ii) Mark the correct answer by fully darkening/blackening the circle. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose only one response for each question. Use blue or black Ball Pen only to mark your response. (iii) The answer once marked in Ball Pen cannot be changed. (iv) All questions carry equal marks. (v) There will be NO negative marking for the wrong answers.

**Time: 2 hours**

**Marks: 200**

**PART - A : GENERAL KNOWLEDGE & CURRENT AFFAIRS**

1. The name of the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi islands was changed to Lakshadweep by an Act of Parliament in (A) 1970 (B) 1971 (C) 1972 (D) 1973
2. The members of the Panchayat are (A) nominated by the district officer (B) elected by the electorates of the respective territorial constituencies (C) nominated by local self-government minister of the state (D) nominated by the block development organisation
3. The power to decide an election petition is vested in the (A) Parliament (B) Supreme Court (C) High Courts (D) Election Commission
4. The present Lok Sabha is the (A) 9<sup>th</sup> Lok Sabha (B) 10<sup>th</sup> Lok Sabha (C) 14<sup>th</sup> Lok Sabha (D) 15<sup>th</sup> Lok Sabha
5. The preamble says that the state in India will assure the dignity of the individual. The constitution seeks to achieve this object by guaranteeing (A) equal fundamental rights to each citizen (B) the right to adequate means of livelihood to each individual (C) just and humane conditions of work to each individual (D) equal wages for equal work to each individual irrespective of sex
6. The President can dissolve the Lok Sabha on (A) advice of the prime Minister (B) advice of the Chief Justice of India (C) recommendation of Lok Sabha (D) recommendation of Rajya Sabha
7. Preamble enshrines the ideals of liberty, equality and fraternity – ideals inspired by the (A) Russian Revolution (B) Irish Revolution (C) French Revolution (D) US Constitution
8. The minimum number of members that must be present to hold the meeting of the Lok Sabha is (A) one-fourth of the total membership (B) one-tenth of the total membership of the House (C) 50 per cent strength of the Lok Sabha (D) at least 100 members
9. The Parliament enjoys legislative power over subjects in (A) the union list only (B) the concurrent list only (C) both union and concurrent lists (D) all the three lists, viz. union list, state list and the concurrent list
10. The phrase 'bicameral legislature' means (A) a single assembly (B) an elected legislature (C) a legislature consisting of a lower and an upper chamber (D) parliamentary system of government
11. The power of Supreme Court of India to decide the dispute between the centre and states falls under its (A) advisory jurisdiction (B) appellate jurisdiction (C) original jurisdiction (D) constitutional jurisdiction
12. In the last one decade, which one among the following sector has attracted the highest foreign direct investment inflows into India? (A) Chemicals other than fertilizers (B) services sector (C) Food processing (D) Telecommunication
13. Devaluation of a currency means (A) reduction in the value of a currency vis-à-vis major internationally traded currencies (B) permitting the currency to seek its worth in the international market (C) fixing the value of the currency in conjunction with the movement in the value of a basket of pre-determined currencies (D) fixing the value of currency in multilateral consultation with the IMF, the World Bank and major trading partners
14. One of the reasons for India's occupational structure remaining more or less the same over the years has been that (A) investment pattern has been directed towards capital intensive industries (B) productivity in agriculture has been high enough to induce people to stay with agriculture (C) ceiling on land holdings have enabled more people to own land and hence their preference to stay with agriculture (D) people are largely unaware of the significance of transition from agriculture to industry for economic development.

15. States earn maximum revenue through  
(A) land revenue (B) custom revenue (C) commercial taxes (D) excise duties on intoxicants
16. Debenture holders of a company are its  
(A) shareholders (B) creditors (C) debtors (D) directors
17. Excise duty is a tax levied on the  
(A) import of goods (B) export of goods (C) production of goods (D) sale of goods
18. Which of the following is the first Indian private company to sign an accord with Government of Myanmar for oil exploration in two offshore blocks in that country?  
(A) Reliance Energy (B) Essar Oil (C) GAIL (D) ONGC
19. Revenue of the state governments are raised from the following sources, except  
(A) entertainment tax (B) expenditure tax (C) agricultural income tax (D) land revenue
20. The banks are required to maintain a certain ratio between their cash in the hand and total assets. This is called  
(A) Statutory Bank Ratio (SBR) (B) Statutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR)  
(C) Central Bank Reserve (CBR) (D) Central Liquid Reserve (CLR)
21. Redistribution policies geared to reduce economic inequalities include  
(A) progressive tax policies (B) land reforms  
(C) rural development policies (D) All of these
22. In India, which one among the following formulates the fiscal policy?  
(A) Planning Commission (B) Ministry of Finance  
(C) Finance Commission (D) The Reserve Bank of India
23. Which of the following societies has instituted an award for an outstanding parliamentarian?  
(A) Jamanlal Bajaj Foundation (B) Institute of Constitutional and Parliamentary Studies  
(C) G.B. Pant Memorial Society (D) R.D. Birla Smarak Kosh
24. The first recipient of Rajiv Gandhi's 'Khel Ratna' award is  
(A) Vishwanathan Anand (B) Leander Peas (C) Kapil Dev (D) Limba Ram
25. Arjuna Award is given for  
(A) Exceptional service in emergency (B) Bravery on battlefield  
(C) Outstanding performance in sports (D) Exceptional service in slum dwellers
26. Under an agreement with which of the following countries did Subhas Chandra Bose organize the Indian soldiers, taken as prisoners by the Axis Powers, into the Azad Hind Fauj?  
(A) China (B) Germany (C) Italy (D) Japan
27. Todarmal was associated with  
(A) music (B) literature (C) land revenue reforms (D) law
28. The title given by the British Government to Mahatma Gandhi which he surrendered during the non-cooperation movement was  
(A) Hind Kesari (B) Kaiser-e-Hind (C) Rai Bahadur (D) Rt. Honorable
29. Tipu sultan was the ruler of  
(A) Hyderabad (B) Madurai (C) Mysore (D) Vijayanagar
30. Under whose leadership was the all India Muslim League set up?  
(A) Mohammed Ali Jinnah (B) Sayyid Ahmed Khan (C) Aga Khan (D) None of the above
31. Who wrote the famous book - 'We the people'?  
(A) T.N. Kaul (B) J.R.D. Tata (C) Khushwant Singh (D) Nani Palkhivala
32. Which of the following is NOT written by Munshi Premchand?  
(A) Gaban (B) Godan (C) Guide (D) Manasarovar
33. The lead character in the film 'The Bandit Queen' has been played by  
(A) Rupa Ganguly (B) Seema Biswas (C) Pratiba Sinha (D) Shabana Azmi
34. Which of the following books has been written by Vikram Seth?  
(A) My God Died Young (B) Islamic Bomb (C) Look Back in Anger (D) A Suitable Boy
35. Who is the writer of 'Swamy and Friends'?  
(A) Munshi Premchand (B) Raman (C) Max Muller (D) R.K. Narayan
36. The author of controversial book 'Lajja' is a citizen of  
(A) Pakistan (B) Indonesia (C) Bangladesh (D) India
37. The book 'Satanic Verses' was written by  
(A) Gunnar Myrdal (B) William Golding (C) Salman Rushdie (D) Agatha Christie
38. The original name of 'Mahabharata' is  
(A) Katha Saritsagar (B) Jai Samhita (C) Brihat Katha (D) Rajatarangini
39. The refineries Mathura, Digboi and Panipat are set up by  
(A) Indian Oil Corporation Ltd. (B) Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd.  
(C) Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd. (D) Crude Distillation unit of Madras Refineries Ltd.
40. The state having a largest area of forest cover in India is  
(A) Arunachal Pradesh (B) Haryana (C) Madhya Pradesh (D) Assam
41. The only state in India that produces saffron is  
(A) Assam (B) Himachal Pradesh (C) Jammu & Kashmir (D) Meghalaya

42. The oldest mountains in India are  
(A) Aravalis (B) Vindhyas (C) Satpuras (D) Nilgiri hills
43. Which of the following types of soil are mostly confined to river basins and coastal plains of India  
(A) Alluvial soils (B) Black soils (C) Laterite soils (D) Red soils
44. Which country has the largest coast line?  
(A) USA (B) Australia (C) Canada (D) India
45. Who was known as Iron man of India?  
(A) Govind Ballabh Pant (B) Jawaharlal Nehru (C) Subhas Chandra Bose (D) Sardar Vallabhai Patel <sup>bn</sup>
46. Professor Amartya Sen is famous in which of the fields?  
(A) Biochemistry (B) Electronics (C) Economics (D) Geology
47. Who declared that his ultimate aim was to wipe every tear from every eye?  
(A) Rajendra Prasad (B) Sardar Patel (C) Jawaharlal Nehru (D) Mahatma Gandhi
48. Which among the famous danseuses is not an exponent of the Odissi dance style?  
(A) Sanjukta Panigrahi (B) Madhavi Mudgal (C) Sonal Man Singh (D) Yamini Krishnamurthy
49. Fire temple is the place of worship of which of the following religions?  
(A) Taoism (B) Judaism (C) Zoroastrianism (Parsi Religion) (D) Shintoism
50. Who was the first Indian Chief of Army Staff of the Indian Army?  
(A) Gen. K.M. Cariappa (B) Vice-Admiral R.D. Katari  
(C) Gen. Maharaja Rajendra Singhji (D) None of these
51. Rabindranath Tagore's 'Jana Gana Mana' has been adopted as India's National Anthem. How many stanzas of the said song were adopted?  
(A) Only the first stanza (B) The whole song  
(C) Third and Fourth stanza (D) First and Second stanza
52. 'Teacher's Day' is observed on which date?  
(A) September 5 (B) January 30 (C) November 14 (D) October 2
53. How much time are professional Golf Tour players allotted per shot?  
(A) 45 seconds (B) 25 seconds (C) 1 minute (D) 2 minutes
54. Which player has scored the most runs in a single Test innings?  
(A) Graham Gooch (B) Matthew Hayden (C) Brian Lara (D) Agarkar
55. Which city is called the city of lakes in India?  
(A) Cochin (B) Udaipur (C) Bangalore (D) Kolkata
56. What is the number of squares on a chess board  
(A) 72 (B) 64 (C) 81 (D) 48
57. Which of the gas is not known as green house gas?  
(A) Methane (B) Nitrous oxide (C) Carbon dioxide (D) Hydrogen
58. The hardest substance available on earth is  
(A) Gold (B) Iron (C) Diamond (D) Platinum
59. The element common to all acids is  
(A) Hydrogen (B) Carbon (C) Sulphur (D) oxygen
60. Who is the Minister of Environment and Forests of India?  
(A) Jairam Ramesh (B) Anand Sharma (C) Dayanidhi Maran (D) Jayanti natarajan
61. The battle of Kalinga proved to be the deciding point in the life of  
(A) Kautilya (B) Ashoka (C) Samudragupta (D) Alexander
62. A Kabaddi team usually has  
(A) six players (B) nine players (C) eleven players (D) seven players
63. Open Market Operation is a part of  
(A) Income Policy (B) Fiscal Policy (C) Credit Policy (D) Labour Policy
64. The Himalayan mountain system belongs to which of the following?  
(A) Volcanic mountains (B) Residual mountains  
(C) Block mountains (D) Fold mountains
65. The official mascot for the 2011 Cricket World Cup was  
(A) Shera (B) Zakumi (C) stumpy (D) Panda
66. Baseball is the national game of which country?  
(A) USA (B) Australia (C) Canada (D) Brazil
67. Which of the following is not an Indian Company?  
(A) Essar Group (B) L & T (C) Suzlon Energy (D) Arcelor Mittal
68. From which year did the 11<sup>th</sup> Five Year Plan start?  
(A) 2006 (B) 2007 (C) 2008 (D) 2009
69. Kyat is the currency of which country?  
(A) Japan (B) South Korea (C) North Korea (D) Myanmar
70. The Head of Government of Pakistan is known as  
(A) Sadr-e-Riyasat (B) Mughal-e-Azam (C) Quaid-e-Azam (D) Wazir-e-Azam

भारत की संसद  
(संयुक्त गर्ती प्रकोष्ठ)

लोक सभा सचिवालय में सुरक्षा सहायक ग्रेड-II के पद के लिये प्रारम्भिक परीक्षा  
26 फरवरी, 2012

सामान्य ज्ञान और सामयिक मामले; सामान्य अंग्रेजी और मानसिक क्षमता

निर्देश : (i) ओ एम आर उत्तर पुस्तिका के समुचित कॉलम में रोल नम्बर तथा अन्य विवरण लिखें (ii) सही उत्तर को चिह्नित करने के लिये सम्बन्धित गोले को पूरी तरह काला करें। यदि आपकी राय में एक से अधिक उत्तर सही प्रतीत हों, तो भी उसी को चिह्नित करें जिसे आप सर्वश्रेष्ठ मानते हैं। अर्थात् प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिये एक ही उत्तर चुनें। उत्तर चिह्नित करने के लिये केवल नीले या काले बालपेन का उपयोग करें (iii) बालपेन से चिह्नित उत्तर को बदला नहीं जा सकता (iv) सभी प्रश्नों के लिये समान अंक हैं (v) गलत उत्तर के लिये कोई नैगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं होगी (vi) किसी भी प्रकार का संदेह होने पर अंग्रेजी संस्करण देखें।

समय : 2 घंटे

अंक : 200

भाग-क : सामान्य ज्ञान और सामयिक मामले

- निम्नलिखित में से किस वर्ष के संसदीय अधिनियम के द्वारा जकार्दाव भिनिकोंय और अमीनदीवी आईलैंड्स का नाम बदलकर लक्षद्वीप रखा गया था : (क) 1970 (ख) 1971 (ग) 1972 (घ) 1973
- पंचायतों के सदस्य -  
(क) जिला अधिकारी द्वारा नाम निर्देशित होते हैं या (ख) सम्बद्ध क्षेत्रीय निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों के मतदाताओं द्वारा निर्वाचित होते हैं या (ग) स्थानीय स्वशासी सरकार के राज्यमंत्री द्वारा नाम निर्देशित होते हैं या (घ) खण्ड विकास संगठन द्वारा नाम निर्देशित होते हैं
- निम्नलिखित में से किसमें निर्वाचन याचिका पर निर्णय लेने की शक्ति निहित है  
(क) संसद (ख) उच्चतम न्यायालय (ग) उच्च न्यायालय (घ) चुनाव आयोग
- वर्तमान लोकसभा : (क) 9 वीं लोकसभा है या (ख) 10 वीं लोकसभा है या (ग) 14 वीं लोकसभा है या (घ) 15 वीं लोकसभा है
- भारतीय संविधान की उद्देशिका में कहा गया है कि सरकार प्रत्येक व्यक्ति के आत्म सम्मान की सुरक्षा को सुनिश्चित करेगी। हमारा संविधान निम्नलिखित में से किसकी गारंटी द्वारा इस लक्ष्य को प्राप्त करना चाहता है : (क) प्रत्येक नागरिक को समान मौलिक अधिकार (ख) प्रत्येक व्यक्ति को जीवन यापन के पर्याप्त साधनों का अधिकार (ग) प्रत्येक व्यक्ति को काम करने के लिये औचित्य पूर्ण और मानवीय वातावरण (घ) प्रत्येक व्यक्ति के लिये लिंग के आधार पर विभेद का प्रतिषेध करते हुये समान काम के लिये समान पारिश्रमिक
- निम्नलिखित में से किस आधार पर राष्ट्रपति लोक सभा का विघटन कर सकता है : (क) प्रधानमंत्री के परामर्श पर (ख) भारत के मुख्य न्यायमूर्ति के परामर्श पर (ग) लोक सभा की सिफारिश पर (घ) राज्य सभा की सिफारिश पर
- निम्नलिखित में से किन आदर्शों से प्रेरित होकर हमारे संविधान की उद्देशिका में स्वतंत्रता, समानता और बंधुत्व के आदर्शों को समाहित किया गया है : (क) रूसी क्रांति (ख) आयरिश क्रांति (ग) फ्रांसीसी क्रांति (घ) संयुक्त राज्य अमरीका का संविधान
- लोक सभा की बैठक के लिये न्यूनतम सदस्यों की संख्या निम्नलिखित में से क्या है : (क) कुल सदस्यता का एक चौथाई (ख) कुल सदस्यता का दसवां भाग (ग) लोकसभा की सदस्यता का पचास प्रतिशत (घ) कम से कम सौ सदस्य
- निम्नलिखित में से किन विषयों पर संसद विधायी शक्ति से युक्त है : (क) केवल केन्द्र सूची (ख) केवल समवर्ती सूची (ग) केन्द्र और समवर्ती सूची दोनों (घ) सभी तीनों सूची अर्थात् केन्द्र सूची, राज्य सूची और समवर्ती सूची
- निम्नलिखित में से द्विकक्षीय विधानपालिका से क्या अभिप्राय है : (क) एकल विधान सभा (ख) निर्वाचित विधान पालिका (ग) निम्न और उच्च कक्ष से युक्त विधान पालिका (घ) शासन की संसदीय प्रणाली
- निम्नलिखित में से किसके अन्तर्गत केन्द्र और राज्यों के बीच विवाद पर निर्णय लेने के लिये भारत के उच्चतम न्यायालय को शक्ति प्राप्त है : (क) परामर्शी अधिकारिता (ख) अपीलीय अधिकारिता (ग) मूल अधिकारिता (घ) संवैधानिक अधिकारिता
- पिछले एक दशक के दौरान निम्नलिखित में से भारत के किस औद्योगिक क्षेत्र में सबसे ज्यादा विदेशी प्रत्यक्ष निवेश हुआ है (क) उर्वरक के अतिरिक्त रसायन (ख) सेवा क्षेत्र (ग) खाद्य संसाधन (घ) दूर संचार
- मुद्रा के अवमूल्यन का निम्नलिखित में से क्या अभिप्राय है : (क) प्रमुख अंतरराष्ट्रीय व्यापार मुद्रा की तुलना में किसी मुद्रा के मूल्य में कटौती (ख) किसी मुद्रा को अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय बाजार में अपने मूल्य का पता लगाने की अनुमति देना (ग) पूर्व निर्धारित मुद्राओं के बास्केट के मूल्य में गतिशीलता की तुलना में किसी मुद्रा के मूल्य को निश्चित करना (घ) अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय मुद्रा कोष, विश्व बैंक तथा प्रधान व्यापारिक भागीदारों से बहुपक्षीय परामर्श कर किसी मुद्रा के मूल्य को निश्चित करना
- निम्नलिखित में से किन कारणों से भारत में व्यावसायिक ढाँचा कई वर्षों से लगभग एक जैसा ही रहा है (क) रूजी अध्वारित उद्योगों में ही अधिकतम निवेश हुआ है (ख) कृषि क्षेत्र में विकास होने के कारण अधिकतर लोग कृषि क्षेत्र में ही बने रहे हैं (ग) भूमि धारण की अधिकतम सीमा निश्चित होने के कारण ज्यादा से ज्यादा लोग भू-स्वामी बन सके हैं जिसके कारण वे कृषि क्षेत्र को तरजीह देते हैं (घ) आर्थिक विकास के लिये आम जनता कृषि से उद्योग की ओर बढ़ने की महत्ता के बारे में बहुत कम जागरूक है

41. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा ऐसा राज्य है जिसमें केसर की पैदावार होती है  
(क) असम (ख) हिमाचल प्रदेश (ग) जम्मू और कश्मीर (घ) मेघालय
42. भारत में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी पर्वत श्रृंखला सबसे प्राचीन है  
(क) अरावली (ख) विन्ध्य (ग) सतपुड़ा (घ) नीलगिरी
43. निम्नलिखित में से किस प्रकार की मृदा नदी बेसिन और समुद्र तटीय मैदानों में ही होती है  
(क) कछारी (ख) काली (ग) लेटराइट (घ) लाल
44. किस देश का समुद्र तट सबसे लम्बा है : (क) संयुक्त राज्य अमरीका (ख) आस्ट्रेलिया (ग) कनाडा (घ) भारत
45. निम्नलिखित में से किन्हें भारत के लौह पुरुष के रूप में जाना जाता था  
(क) गोविन्द वल्लभ पंत (ख) जवाहर लाल नेहरू (ग) सुभाष चंद्र बोस (घ) सरदार वल्लभ भाई पटेल
46. प्रोफेसर अमर्त्य सेन निम्नलिखित में से किस क्षेत्र में सुविख्यात हैं  
(क) जैव रसायन (ख) इलेक्ट्रॉनिक्स (ग) अर्थशास्त्र (घ) भूविज्ञान
47. निम्नलिखित में से किसने इस बात की घोषणा की थी कि उनका परम लक्ष्य 'हर आँख से हर आँसू की बूँद पोंछना है'  
(क) राजेन्द्र प्रसाद (ख) सरदार पटेल (ग) जवाहर लाल नेहरू (घ) महात्मा गांधी
48. निम्नलिखित में से कौन ओडिशी नृत्य शैली की सुविख्यात नृत्यांगना नहीं हैं  
(क) संयुक्ता पाणिग्रही (ख) माधवी मुद्गल (ग) सोनल मानसिंह (घ) यामिनी कृष्णामूर्ति
49. निम्नलिखित में से किस धर्म में अग्नि मंदिर को पूजा स्थली माना जाता है  
(क) ताओइज्म (ख) जूडाइज्म (ग) जौराफ़ीयनिज्म (पारसी धर्म) (घ) शिन्तौइज्म
50. भारतीय सेना का पहला भारतीय सेनाध्यक्ष कौन था  
(क) जरनल के. एम. करियप्पा (ख) वाइस-एडमिरल आर. सी. कटारी (ग) जरनल महाराजा राजेन्द्र सिंह जी (घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं
51. भारतीय राष्ट्रगान के रूप में रविन्द्र नाथ टैगोर के 'जन गण मन' को अपनाया गया है। उक्त गान के कितने पैरा अपनाये गये हैं  
(क) केवल पहला पैरा (ख) पूरा गीत (ग) तीसरा और चौथा पैरा (घ) पहला और दूसरा पैरा
52. निम्नलिखित में से किस तारीख को शिक्षक दिवस के रूप में मनाया जाता है  
(क) 5 सितम्बर (ख) 30 जनवरी (ग) 14 नवम्बर (घ) 2 अक्टूबर
53. प्रोफेशनल गोल्फ टूर खिलाड़ी को प्रत्येक शॉट के लिये निम्नलिखित में से कितना समय दिया जाता है  
(क) 45 सैकेण्ड (ख) 25 सैकेण्ड (ग) 1 मिनट (घ) 2 मिनट
54. निम्नलिखित में से किस खिलाड़ी ने एकल टेस्ट पारी में अधिकतम रन बनाये हैं  
(क) ग्राहम गूच (ख) मैथ्यू हैडन (ग) ब्रायन लारा (घ) अगरकर
55. भारत के निम्नलिखित में से किस नगर को झीलों का नगर कहते हैं : (क) कोच्चि (ख) उदयपुर (ग) बंगलौर (घ) कोलकाता
56. शतरंज के बोर्ड में से निम्नलिखित में से कितने खाने होते हैं : (क) 72 (ख) 64 (ग) 81 (घ) 48
57. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी गैस 'ग्रीन हाउस गैस' के रूप में जानी जाती है  
(क) मिथेन (ख) नाइट्रस आक्साइड (ग) कार्बन डाईआक्साइड (घ) हाइड्रोजन
58. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा पदार्थ कठोरतम होता है : (क) सोना (ख) लोहा (ग) हीरा (घ) प्लेटिनम
59. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सभी अम्ल में समान रूप से पाया जाता है : (क) हाइड्रोजन (ख) कार्बन (ग) गंधक (घ) आक्सीजन
60. निम्नलिखित में से कौन भारत का पर्यावरण और वन मंत्री हैं  
(क) जयराम रमेश (ख) आनन्द शर्मा (ग) दयानिधि मारन (घ) जयन्ती नटराजन
61. निम्नलिखित में से किसके जीवन में कलिंग युद्ध ने निर्णायक भूमिका निभाई थी  
(क) कौटिल्य (ख) अशोक (ग) समुद्रगुप्त (घ) सिकंदर
62. कबड्डी के दल में आमतौर पर निम्नलिखित में से कितने खिलाड़ी होते हैं : (क) 6 (ख) 9 (ग) 11 (घ) 7
63. ओपन मार्केट आपरेशन निम्नलिखित में से किसका भाग है : (क) आयात नीति (ख) वितीय नीति (ग) ऋण नीति (घ) श्रम नीति
64. निम्नलिखित में से किससे हिमालय पर्वत श्रृंखला सम्बद्ध है : (क) वॉलकेनिक (ख) रेजिड्यूअल (ग) ब्लॉक (घ) फोल्ड
65. निम्नलिखित में से कौन 2011 क्रिकेट विश्वकप का शुभंकर है : (क) शोरा (ख) जाकूमी (ग) स्टम्पी (घ) पाण्डा
66. निम्नलिखित में से किस देश का राष्ट्रीय खेल बेसबॉल है : (क) संयुक्त राज्य अमरीका (ख) आस्ट्रेलिया (ग) कनाडा (घ) ब्राजील
67. निम्नलिखित में से कौनसी कम्पनी भारतीय नहीं है  
(क) एस्सार ग्रुप (ख) एल एण्ड टी (ग) सूज़लॉन एनर्जी (घ) आरसेलर मित्तल
68. निम्नलिखित में से किस वर्ष से 11 वीं पंचवर्षीय योजना की शुरुआत हुई थी  
(क) 2006 (ख) 2007 (ग) 2008 (घ) 2009
69. निम्नलिखित में से किसी देश की मुद्रा क्या है  
(क) जापान (ख) साउथ कोरिया (ग) नॉर्थ कोरिया (घ) म्यांमार
70. निम्नलिखित में से किस नाम से पाकिस्तान सरकार का मुख्य पदाधिकारी जाना जाता है  
(क) सदर-ए-रियासत (ख) मुगल-ए-आज़म (ग) कायद-ए-आज़म (घ) वज़ीर-ए-आज़म

## PART - B : GENERAL ENGLISH

### I. Choose the word opposite in meaning to the given word..

- |                   |                 |                 |                   |                    |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 71. Sophisticated | (A) rustic      | (B) rural       | (C) civil         | (D) domestic       |
| 72. Transparent   | (A) translucent | (B) vague       | (C) blind         | (D) opaque         |
| 73. Odious        | (A) familiar    | (B) pleasant    | (C) insignificant | (D) cacophony      |
| 74. Wavering      | (A) straight    | (B) tight       | (C) strong        | (D) poor           |
| 75. Deserter      | (A) sympathizer | (B) favourite   | (C) flatterer     | (D) loyalist       |
| 76. Flamboyant    | (A) excited     | (B) quiet       | (C) angry         | (D) multi-coloured |
| 77. Frugal        | (A) charitable  | (B) extravagant | (C) generous      | (D) gaudy          |
| 78. Antithesis    | (A) similarity  | (B) quiet       | (C) different     | (D) regular        |
| 79. Wholesome     | (A) robust      | (B) rough       | (C) weak          | (D) hard           |
| 80. Morose        | (A) harmless    | (B) decent      | (C) cheerful      | (D) unusual        |

### II. Out of the options given, choose the one nearest in meaning to the given word.

- |                  |                 |                          |                  |                             |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 81. Proscribe    | (A) allow       | (B) prescribe            | (C) banish       | (D) advance                 |
| 82. Doleful      | (A) mournful    | (B) bright               | (C) jovial       | (D) colourful               |
| 83. Upheaval     | (A) outcome     | (B) slow change          | (C) upward turn  | (D) radical change          |
| 84. Culinary     | (A) creative    | (B) to do with cookery   | (C) delicious    | (D) fragrant                |
| 85. Incision     | (A) event       | (B) indecisiveness       | (C) dispute      | (D) cut                     |
| 86. Propriety    | (A) right       | (B) nearness             | (C) decorum      | (D) estate                  |
| 87. Expertise    | (A) experience  | (B) skill                | (C) smartness    | (D) art of expressing       |
| 88. Obliterate   | (A) to blot out | (B) slow down            | (C) block up     | (D) decline                 |
| 89. Hypothetical | (A) methodical  | (B) based on supposition | (C) double faced | (D) to do with superstition |
| 90. Skip         | (A) overlook    | (B) introduce            | (C) insert       | (D) notice                  |

### III. Out of the four alternatives given below, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words.

- |                                           |                |                   |                  |                  |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 91. Opposed to great or sudden change     | (A) static     | (B) revolutionary | (C) conservative | (D) evolutionary |
| 92. A person who is pure and clean        | (A) immaculate | (B) neat          | (C) clean        | (D) irrevocable  |
| 93. Words inscribed on a tomb             | (A) lyric      | (B) epitaph       | (C) honour       | (D) memento      |
| 94. A place where everything is perfect   | (A) heaven     | (B) platoon       | (C) cosmos       | (D) utopia       |
| 95. A writer who steals ideas from others | (A) plagiarist | (B) copier        | (C) editor       | (D) translator   |

### IV. Each question consists of an idiom followed by four explanations. Choose the answer which is most suitable.

- |                             |                                        |                                                   |                                                 |                                            |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| 96. A pipe dream            | (A) a day dream                        | (B) a hope or plan that will never come true      | (C) an unending dream                           | (D) a nightmare                            |
| 97. Bandy words with        | (A) argue                              | (B) oratory                                       | (C) speech enthusiast                           | (D) linguistic acumen                      |
| 98. To strain every nerve   | (A) to spoil relationship              | (B) get away                                      | (C) to try one's utmost                         | (D) to take ill                            |
| 99. A wild goose chase      | (A) a wise decision                    | (B) useless search                                | (C) timely action                               | (D) delayed action                         |
| 100. Crocodile tears        | (A) pretended sadness                  | (B) a weeping sign                                | (C) mild regret                                 | (D) very gloomy                            |
| 101. The green eyed monster | (A) the creature of the sea            | (B) an animal with green eyes                     | (C) personal jealousy                           | (D) to get into trouble                    |
| 102. To end in smoke        | (A) to die of cancer caused by smoking | (B) to end without providing any practical result | (C) to die in a burning house choked with smoke | (D) to risk everything in a single venture |
| 103. Face the music         | (A) get finished                       | (B) get reprimanded                               | (C) feel sorry                                  | (D) listen to the music                    |
| 104. A snake in the grass   | (A) an unreliable person               | (B) a hidden enemy                                | (C) low and mean                                | (D) cowardly and brutal                    |
| 105. To pick holes          | (A) to find some reason to fight       | (B) to cut some part of an item                   | (C) to destroy something                        | (D) to criticize someone                   |

### V. Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions.

- |                                                           |           |          |             |             |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-------------|-------------|
| 106. Ramesh's mind was attuned _____ music.               | (A) at    | (B) to   | (C) with    | (D) on      |
| 107. I have a distaste _____ publicity.                   | (A) for   | (B) to   | (C) of      | (D) against |
| 108. Pawan's story is devoid _____ truth.                 | (A) from  | (B) to   | (C) of      | (D) through |
| 109. Shyam has no control _____ his temper.               | (A) over  | (B) in   | (C) at      | (D) after   |
| 110. _____ the whole, I like the book very much.          | (A) at    | (B) from | (C) on      | (D) in      |
| 111. A steady mind triumphs _____ difficulties            | (A) in    | (B) over | (C) at      | (D) with    |
| 112. I brought him _____ with great difficulty.           | (A) about | (B) in   | (C) round   | (D) up      |
| 113. Keep clear _____ wicked boys.                        | (A) of    | (B) from | (C) out     | (D) with    |
| 114. It is dangerous to go _____ the enemy's camp.        | (A) in    | (B) into | (C) through | (D) by      |
| 115. She was a devoted wife and looked _____ her husband. | (A) after | (B) for  | (C) upon    | (D) at      |

VI. Fill in the blanks with the most appropriate form of the verb from the options.

116. Unless he \_\_\_\_\_ smoking his health will not improve.  
(A) does not give up (B) gave up (C) gives up (D) has given up
117. If he \_\_\_\_\_ hard, he will succeed.  
(A) will work (B) works (C) worked (D) has worked
118. I \_\_\_\_\_ all that is possible, the rest is up to you.  
(A) do (B) have not done (C) have done (D) does
119. I am not well today, I \_\_\_\_\_ fever.  
(A) have (B) am having (C) will have (D) none of these
120. It \_\_\_\_\_ since morning.  
(A) rains (B) is raining (C) rained (D) has been raining

VII. Choose the word or phrase which completes each sentence best.

121. The mounting pressure was so overwhelming that he ultimately \_\_\_\_\_ to her wish.  
(A) agreed in (B) cowed in (C) gave in (D) yielded in
122. She \_\_\_\_\_ in the crowd because of her height.  
(A) stood by (B) stood off (C) stood up (D) stood out
123. He tames animals because he \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) is fond of them (B) hates them (C) is afraid of them (D) wants to set them free.
124. The doctor warned him that unless he gave up smoking, he \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) would not suffer (B) would not recover (C) would be fine (D) would soon recover
125. The stenographer is very efficient. He is \_\_\_\_\_ to his firm.  
(A) a credit (B) a blessing (C) an asset (D) a boon
126. An eighteen years old is \_\_\_\_\_ to vote in the election as per the Constitution of India  
(A) old enough (B) as old enough (C) enough old (D) enough old as
127. Not until a monkey is several years old \_\_\_\_\_ to exhibit signs of independence from its mother.  
(A) it begins (B) does it begin (C) and begin (D) beginning
128. The United States is \_\_\_\_\_ that there are five time zones.  
(A) much big (B) too big (C) so big (D) very big
129. It costs a lot of money to have a tooth \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) filling (B) filled (C) to fill (D) fill
130. The sales of Jules Verne's book continue to \_\_\_\_\_ like a runaway balloon.  
(A) flit (B) advance (C) revive (D) soar

VIII. Each question has four parts, one of which has an error, find out the part which contains the error.

131. (A) This was one of the reason (B) why the industry flourished  
(C) in such rich countries (D) as Japan and Korea
132. (A) He is one of the employees (B) who was given a bonus  
(C) and the only one of the employees (D) who was promoted
133. (A) We did (B) the job as good as  
(C) we could; however it did not (D) turn out to be satisfactory
134. (A) A wise (B) and experienced manager will assign  
(C) a job to whomever (D) is best qualified.
135. (A) The reason her and her friend (B) decided to take the bus  
(C) instead of the train was that there was (D) an announcement about the cancellation of several trains.
136. (A) Between you and I (B) I am convinced that  
(C) this painting by Neetu shows (D) greater artistry than that of Reshma.
137. (A) Since we live in a money-oriented society (B) the average individual  
(C) cares little about (D) solving anyone's else problem.
138. (A) A gang of armed thieves (B) has raided  
(C) the house of Mr. Gupta (D) late last night
139. (A) The present day (B) industrial trend is  
(C) in the direction of (D) automation and less people.
140. (A) The standard of living in India (B) is still lower  
(C) than most of the (D) other developed countries.

PART (C) - Mental Ability

I. 3 words are given. The first two in each group are related in some way. Choose 4th word which is related to the 3rd word as one and two are related.

14 1. Ship : Water = train : \_\_\_\_\_

A. Path B. Road C. Passenger D. Track

14 2. Doctor : Patient = teacher : \_\_\_\_\_

A. Class B. Student C. School D. Lesson

14 3. Paper : Pen = blackboard : \_\_\_\_\_

A. Chalk B. Wood C. Class D. Cardboard

II. Complete the series :

14 4.  $1/5, 3/7, 6/11, 10/19, \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

A.  $15/35$  B.  $16/35$  C.  $17/35$  D.  $20/35$

14 5. A husband and wife have five married sons. Each of these had four children. How many members are there in the family?

A. 50 B. 40 C. 32 D. 36

14 6. In the word POLICY all the consonants are replaced by the previous letter and all the vowels are replaced by the next letter which letter will be second from the left end?

A. S B. M C. N D. None of these



14 7. Which letter will be fourth from the left end?

- A. C B. Q C. J D. None of these

14 8. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to the group?

- A. FH B. KM C. PR D. JM

14 9. If the digits of the number 5726489 are arranged in ascending order, how many digits will remain at the same position?

- A. One B. Two C. Three D. More than three

15 10. How many meaningful words can be made from the letters AEHT, using each letter only once?

- A. None B. One C. Two D. Three

III. Eight executives J, K, L, M, N, O, P, and Q are sitting around a circular table for a meeting. J is second to the right of P who is third to the right of K. M is second to the left of O who sits between P and J, L is not a neighbour of K or N.

15 1. Who is to the immediate left of L?

(a) Q

(b) O

(c) K

(d) None of these

15 2. Who is to the immediate left of K?

(a) N

(b) J

(c) Q

(d) Cannot be determined

13. Which of the following is the correct position of N?

- (a) Second to the right of K
- (b) To the immediate left of K
- (c) To the immediate right of M
- (d) To the immediate right of K

14. Who is third to the right of P?

- (a) L
- (b) J
- (c) Q
- (d) N

15. Which of the following groups of persons have the first person sitting between the other two?

- (a) PJO
- (b) OPJ
- (c) OPM
- (d) MPO

16. The positions of how many alphabets will remain unchanged if each of the alphabets in the word WORTHY is arranged in the alphabetical order from left to right.

- A. none
- B. One
- C. Two

D.Three

157. 'Writing' is to 'pen' in the same way as:

- A. singing is to music
- B. Stitching is to needle
- C. Dancing is to exercise
- D. Carpenter is to tools

IV.

A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting around a circular table facing the centre. Each one is born in a different year, that is, 1971, 1975, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1984, 1985 and 1990.

D is sitting second to the right of B. C is sitting third to the right of A. A and C were born before 1980. The only one born in 1984 is sitting exactly between A and B. E who is the eldest is not an immediate neighbour of A and D. H is older than only D. H is sitting second to the left of G. G is not the immediate neighbour of E. A is younger than C. B was born before F.

158. Who is the second eldest in the group?

- a. A
- b. C
- c. B
- d. G

159. Who is sitting third to the right of F

- a. A
- b. C
- c. B
- d. none of these

160. In which year was H born?

- a. 1975
- b. 1979
- c. 1980
- d. 1985

161. which of the following statements is true for B:

- a. B is sitting fourth to the right of H
- b. The one born in 1975 is the immediate left of B
- c. B is younger than H
- d. None is true

162. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the seating arrangement upon the information given above, thereby forming a group. Which one does not belong to the group?

- a. FH
- b. DB
- c. AC
- d. GH

163. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the seating arrangement upon the information given above, thereby forming a group. Which one does not belong to the group?

- a. DGAC
- b. FBGD
- c. ECBF
- d. BEGF

V. Find the correct alternative

164. Window is the glass pane as book is to

- a. novel
- b. page
- c. cover
- d. print

165. Cup is to coffee as bowl is to

- a. soup
- b. plate

c. spoon

d. dish

66. Reptile is to lizard as flower is to

a. stem

b. petal

c. rose

d. snake

67. Sponge is to porous as rubber is to

a. elastic

b. solid

c. massive

d. inflexible

68. Careful is to cautious as boastful is to

a. arrogant

b. joyful

c. humble

d. suspicious

69. Pride is to lion as shoal is to

a. teacher

b. student

c. fish

d. chair

70. Exercise is to gym as eating is to

a. food

b. dieting

- c. fitness
- d. restaurant

171. Oar is to boat as foot is to

- a. running
- b. skateboard
- c. shoes
- d. jumping

172. An **Informal Gathering** occurs when a group of people get together in a casual, relaxed manner. Which situation below is the best example of an Informal Gathering?

- a. The book club meets on the first Thursday evening of every month.
- b. After finding out about his promotion, Ashok and a few coworkers decide to go out for a meal after work.
- c. Ishita sends out 25 invitations for the marriage she is giving for her sister.
- d. Whenever she eats at a restaurant, Ashok seems to always meet Ankita.

173. A **Guarantee** is a promise or assurance that attests to the quality of a product that is either (1) given in writing by the manufacturer or (2) given verbally by the person selling the product. Which situation below is the best example of a Guarantee?

- a. Ajay purchases a DVD player with the highest consumer ratings in its category.
- b. The salesperson advises Shabnam to be sure that she buys an air conditioner with a guarantee.
- c. The local auto body shop specializes in refurbishing and selling used cars.
- d. Vandana buys a used digital camera from her coworker who says that she will refund Vandana's money if the camera's performance is not of the highest quality.

174. A **Tiebreaker** is an additional contest or period of play designed to establish a winner among tied contestants. Which situation below is the best example of a Tiebreaker?

- a. At halftime, the score is tied at 28.

- b. Mary and Megan have each scored three goals in the game.
- c. The referee tosses a coin to decide which team will have possession of the ball first.
- d. The Sharks and the Bears each finished with 14 points, and they are now battling it out in a five-minute overtime

VI. Read the following and answer the questions:

- (i) A, B, C, D, E, F and G are seven members standing in a row (not necessarily in the same order) facing north.
- (ii) C and B have as many members between them as G and C have between them.
- (iii) D, who is 3rd from the extreme left, is 3rd to the left of E.
- (iv) A and D are neighbors and F and C are neighbors.

75. Which of the following statements may be false?

- (a) A is the 3rd to the left of F
- (b) D is 3rd to the left of E
- (c) F is 3rd the right of A
- (d) B is 3rd to the left of C

76. Which of the following statements is true?

- a. C and E are neighbors
- b. E is to the immediate left of F
- c. A is to the immediate left of D
- d. C is to the immediate left of D

77. Who is at the extreme right?

- (a) Data inadequate
- (b) G
- (c) B
- (d) E

78. Which of the following given two pairs of neighbors?

- (a) A, C and D, C
- (b) A, B and E, G
- (c) D, C and E, F
- (d) C, F and C, E

79. What is the position of F?

- (a) Immediate to the right of E.
- (b) Third to the left of G

- (c) Immediate to the left of C
- (d) None of these

180. Four of the following five groups of letters are alike in some way while one is different. Find out which one is different.

- (a) ISLOJ
- (b) LUOQM
- (c) AKDGB
- (d) FPILG

VII

Read the following and answer the questions:

In a code language any letter which is immediately after or before a vowel in the English alphabet is substituted by that vowel and any vowel i.e. A, E, I, O and U is substituted by the letter immediately following that vowel in the English alphabet.

181. How can the word FEVERISH be written in that code language?

- (a) EDVDRJSI
- (b) EFUFRHSI
- (c) EFUFRJSI
- (d) EDUFRJSI

182. How can the word CONFEDERATION be written in that code language?

- (a) CPOGFEDRBUTPO
- (b) CPOEFEFRBUJPO
- (c) CNOEFEFRBUHNO
- (d) CONFFEDERATION

183. Four of the following five have similar relationship and hence form a group. Which one does not belong to the group?

- (a) BROTHER : DORVEHT
- (b) ENGLISH : GGNSIJ
- (c) ANOTHER : CONVEHT
- (d) BETWEEN : DTEZEEP

184. In an office having 55 employees men outnumber the women by 15. How many women are working in that office.

- (a) 30
- (b) 20
- (c) 40
- (d) 50

185. Reena traveled from point A to a distance of 10 feet east at point B. She then turned right and walked 3 feet. Again she turned right and walked 14 feet. How far is she from the starting point.



- (a) 4 feet
- (b) 5 feet
- (c) 24 feet
- (d) 25 feet

VIII

In the following question, two statements numbered I and II are given. There may be cause and effect relationship between the two statements. These two statements may be the effect of the same cause or independent causes. These statements may be independent causes without having any relationship. Read both the statements in question and mark your answer as

- (A) If statement I is the cause and statement II is its effect;
- (B) If statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect;
- (C) If both the statements I and II are independent causes; *and*
- (D) If both the statements I and II are effects of independent causes.

186. Statements:

- I. The prices of petrol and diesel in the domestic market have remained unchanged for the past few months.
  - II. The crude oil prices in the international market have gone up substantially in the last few months.
- a. Statement I is the cause and statement II is its effect
  - b. Statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect
  - c. Both the statements I and II are independent causes
  - d. Both the statements I and II are effects of independent causes

187. If the government decides to fund the agricultural subsidy program, national radio, and the small business loan program, what two other programs could they fund?

- a. harbor improvements and international airport

- b. harbor improvements and school music program
- c. hurricane preparedness and school music program
- d. hurricane preparedness and international airport

188. Find the statement that must be true according to the given information.

Vinu has a paper route. Each morning, he delivers 37 newspapers to customers in his neighborhood. It takes Vinu 50 minutes to deliver all the papers. If Vinu is sick or has other plans, his friend Ashok, who lives on the same street, will sometimes deliver the papers for him.

- a. Vinu and Ashok live in the same neighborhood.
- b. It takes Ashok more than 50 minutes to deliver the papers.
- c. It is dark outside when Vinu begins his deliveries.
- d. Ashok would like to have his own paper route.

189. Chander is twelve years old. For three years, he has been asking his parents for a dog. His parents have told him that they believe a dog would not be happy in an apartment, but they have given him permission to have a bird. Chander has not yet decided what kind of bird he would like to have.

- a. Chander's parents like birds better than they like dogs.
- b. Chander does not like birds.
- c. Chander and his parents live in an apartment.
- d. Chander and his parents would like to move from the apartment.

190. On weekends, Mr. Singh spends many hours working in his vegetable and flower gardens. Mrs. Singh spends her free time reading and listening to classical music. Both Mr. Singh and Mrs. Singh like to cook.

- a. Mr. Singh enjoys planting and growing vegetables.
- b. Mr. Singh does not like classical music.
- c. Mrs. Singh cooks the vegetables that Mr. Sanchez grows.

d. Mrs. Singh enjoys reading nineteenth century novels.

IX.

In these series, you will be looking at both the letter pattern and the number pattern. Fill in the correct answer in the blank

191. SCD, TEF, UGH, \_\_\_\_\_, WKL

- a. CMH
- b. UJI
- c. VD
- d. LT

192. FAG, GAF, HAI, IAH, \_\_\_\_\_

- a. JAK
- b. HAL
- c. HAK
- d. JAI

193. Which word does NOT belong with the others?

- a. inch
- b. ounce
- c. centimeter
- d. yard

194. Which word does NOT belong with the others?

- a. tire
- b. steering wheel
- c. engine
- d. car

195. Which word does NOT belong with the others?

- a. tulip
- b. rose
- c. bud
- d. daisy

196. Which word does NOT belong with the others?

- a. book
- b. index
- c. glossary
- d. chapter

X

Please complete the series by selecting from the options:

197



198



XI.

Which one of the given options will be next in the series:

199.



200.

