

Mechanical Engineering

कोड / Code: OP16

पुस्तिका में पृष्ठों की संख्या /

Number of Pages in Booklet: 32

पुस्तिका में प्रश्नों की संख्या /

Number of Questions in Booklet: 200

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Mechanical Engineering

समय / Time : 3 घंटे / Hours

पूर्णांक / Maximum Marks : 100

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

3. Only one answer is to be given for each question.

If more than one answers are marked, it would be treated as wrong answer.

5. Each question has four alternative responses marked serially as 1, 2, 3, 4. You have to darken only one circle or bubble indicating the correct answer on the Answer Sheet using BLUE BALL POINT PEN.

6. 1/3 part of the mark(s) of each question will be deducted for each wrong answer. (A wrong answer means an incorrect answer or more than one answers for any question. Leaving all the relevant circles or bubbles of any question blank will not be considered as wrong answer.)

7. The candidate should ensure that Series Code of the Question Paper Booklet and Answer Sheet must be same after opening the envelopes. In case they are different, a candidate must obtain another Question Paper of the same series. Candidate himself shall be responsible for ensuring this.

8. Mobile Phone or any other electronic gadget in the examination hall is strictly prohibited. A candidate found

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निर्देश

- 1. सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए ।
- सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं ।
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न का केवल एक ही उत्तर दीजिए।

एक से अधिक उत्तर देने की दशा में प्रश्न के उत्तर को गलत माना जाएगा !

- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं, जिन्हें क्रमशः 1, 2, 3, 4 अंकित किया गया हैं। अभ्यर्थी को सही उत्तर निर्दिष्ट करते हुए उनमें से केवल एक गोले अथवा बबल को उत्तर-पत्रक पर नीले वॉल पाइंट पेन से गहरा करना है ।
- प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए प्रश्न अंक का 1/3 भाग काटा जायेगा। गलत उत्तर से तात्पर्य अशुद्ध उत्तर अथवा किसी भी प्रश्न के एक से अधिक उत्तर से है । किसी भी प्रश्न से संबंधित गोले या बबल को खाली छोड़ना गलत उत्तर नहीं माना जायेगर।
- प्रश्न-पत्र पुरितका एवं उत्तर पत्रक के लिफाफे की सील खोलने पर परीक्षार्थी यह सुनिश्चित कर लें कि उसके प्रश्न-पत्र पुरितका पर वहीं सीरीज अंकित है जो उत्तर पत्रक पर अंकित है। इसमें कोई भिन्नता हो तो वीक्षक से प्रश्न-पत्र की ही सीरीज वाला दूसरा प्रश्न-पत्र का लिफाफा प्राप्त कर लें। ऐसा न करने पर जिम्मेदारी अध्यर्थी की होगी।

मोबाईल फोन अथवा इलेक्ट्रोनिक यंत्र का परीक्षा हॉल में प्रयोग पूर्णतया वर्णित हैं। यदि किसी अप्यर्थी के पास ऐसी कोई वर्णित सामग्री मिलती है तो उसके विरुद्ध आयोग द्वारा नियमानुसार कार्येवाही की जायेगी।

कृपया अपना रोल नम्बर ओ.एम.आर. पत्रक पर सावधानी पूर्वक सही भरें। गलत अथवा अपूर्ण रोल नम्बर भरने पर 5 अंक कुल प्राप्तांकों में से अनिवार्य रूप से काटे जाएंगे।

चेतावनी : अगर कोई अभ्यर्थी नकल करते पकड़ा जाता है या उसके पास से कोई अनिधकृत सामग्री पाई जाती है, तो उस अभ्यर्थी के विरुद्ध पुलिस में प्राथमिकी दर्ज कराई जायेगी और आर. पी. ई. (अनुचित साधनों की रोकथाम) अधिनियम, 1992 के नियम 3 के तहत कार्यवाही की जायेगी। साथ ही आयोग ऐसे अध्यर्थी को भविष्य में होने वाली आयोग की समस्त परीक्षाओं से विवर्जित कर सकता है।

OP16 A]

[Contd...

1	The mechanism used in internal combustion engine is			
	(1) crank mechanism	(2) slider mechanism		
	(3) slider crank mechanism	(4) circular mechanism		
2	The rectilinear motion of a pisto	on is converted into rotary motion by		
	(1) piston	(2) piston rod		
	(3) crank	(4) connecting rod		
3	Dynamics of machines deals wi	th		
	(1) relative motion between pa	rts neglecting the consideration of forces		
	(2) forces acting on the parts	of machine		
	(3) apparatus for applying med	chanical power		
	(4) number of interrelated part	ts each having a definite motion		
4	In a kinematic chain the minimu	m number of kinematic pairs required is		
	(1) one	(2) two		
	(3) three	(4) four		
5	In simple harmonic motion the	acceleration is proportional to		
	(1) displacement			
	(2) linear velocity			
	(3) angular velocity	• •		
	(4) rate of change of angular	velocity		
6	Two parallel shafts, the distance	between whose axes is small and variable		
	may be connected by			
	(1) gear drive	(2) universal joint		
	(3) knuckle joint	(4) Oldham's coupling		
_				
7	In an automobile the power is through	transmitted from gear box to differential		
	(1) knuckle joint	(2) universal joint		
	(3) Hooke's joint	(4) bevel gears		
OP	16_A]	2 [Contd		

8	inversions would be					
	(1)	L	(2)	L/2		
	(3)	L+1	(4)	L+2		
9	Cam	size depends upon				
	(1)	pitch circle	(2)	base circle		
	(3)	prime circle	(4)	outer circle		
10	Corio	olis component is encountered	in	4.		
	(1)	slider crank mechanism	(2)	four bar chain mechanism		
	(3)	quick return mechanism	(4)	circular mechanism		
11	Idler	pulley is used for				
	(1)	maintaining belt tension				
	(2)	changing direction of rotation	l			
	(3)	for stopping motion frequently	y			
	(4)	for running during idling per	iods	only		
12	Slip	in belt drive is				
	(1) loss of power					
	(2) difference between velocities of two pulleys					
	(3) difference between angular velocities of two pulleys					
	(4) difference between linear speed of the rim of pulley and the belt on it					
13	The	pulley in a belt drive acts as				
	(1)	rolling pair	(2)	sliding pair		
	(3)	turning pair	(4)	cylindrical pair		
14	Sum	of the tensions when the bel	t is 1	running on the pulley is		
	(1)	less than initial tension				
	(2)	more than initial tension				
	(3)	more than twice initial tension	on			
	(4)	half of initial tension				

	(1) control the engine speed				
	(2)	maintain the speed of eng	gine cons	stant	
	(3) store energy and give up whenever required				
	(4)	adjust variation of speed	by varyir	ng the input to the engine	
16	Rop	e brake dynamometer uses			
	(1)	oil as lubricant	(2)	water as lubricant	
	(3)	grease as lubricant	(4)	no lubricant	
17	The	brake commonly used on	train bog	gies is	
	(1)	internal expanding	(2)	band brake	
	(3)	band and block brake	(4)	shoe brake	
18		ver transmitted by belt is ma pared to centrifugal tension		hen maximum tension in the belt	
	(1)	2 times	(2)	3 times	
	(3)	4 times	(4)	5 times	
19	The	ratio of number of teeth ar	d pitch c	ircle diameter in a gear is called	
	(1)	pitch	(2)	circular pitch	
	(3)	diametral pitch	(4)	module	
20	Gea	r train in which the first and le	ast gear a	re on the same axis is known as	
	(1)	simple gear train	(2)	compound gear train	
	(3)	epicyclic gear train	(4)	reverted gear train	
21	Criti	ical speed of shaft depends	on		
	(1)	mass	(2)	stiffness	
	(3)	mass and stiffness	(4)	mass, stiffness and eccentricity	
22		simum magnitude of the un line of stroke is known as	balanced	force in a line perpendicular to	
	(1)	swaying couple	(2)	hammer blow	
	(3)	unbalanced force	(4)	resultant force	
OP1	[6_A]		4	[Contd	

15 Function of a governor is to

23	Usually following fraction of reciprocating masses is balanced in case of reciprocating engines				
	(1)	full	(2)	half	
	(3)	one-quarter	(4)	two-thirds	
24	If da	imping factor in a vibrating sys	stem i	s unity, then the system will be	
	(1)	not damped	(2)	highly damped	
	(3)	under damped	(4)	critically damped	
25	A vi	brating beam has following de	egrees	of freedom	
	(1)	0	(2)	1	
	(3)	2	(4)	3	
26	In a	damped vibration system, the	damp	oing force is proportional to	
	(1)	displacement	(2)	velocity	
	(3)	acceleration	(4)	applied force	
27	Whic	ch of the following effects is	more	dangerous for a ship	
	(1)	rolling	(2)	waving	
	(3)	pitching	(4)	steering	
28	For	steady state forced vibrations,	phase	e lag at resonance condition is	
	(1)	0 degree	(2)	45 degree	
	(3)	90 degree	(4)	180 degree	
29	The	rate of decay of oscillations	is kno	own as	
	(1)	logarithmic decrement	(2)	critical damping	
	(3)	damping coefficient	(4)	transmissibility	
30	In f	orced vibrations, magnitude of	damı	ping force at resonance equals	
	(1)	inertia force	(2)	impressed force	
	(3)	infinity	(4)	spring force	
OPI	[6_A]	5		[Contd	

31	For a heat engine operating on Carnot cycle, the work output is 25% of heat rejected to the sink. The thermal efficiency of the engine would be
	(1) 10% (2) 20%
	(3) 30% (4) 50%
32	Three engines A, B and C operating on Carnot cycle respectively use air, steam and helium as the working fluid. If all the engines operate within the same high and low temperature limits, then which engine will have the highest efficiency?
	(1) Engine A
	(2) Engine B
	(3) Engine C
	(4) All engines will have the same efficiency
33	In a four stroke cycle engine, the four operations suction, compression, expansion and exhaust are completed in the number of revolutions of crankshaft equal to
	(1) 1 (2) 2
	(3) 3 (4) 4
34	In a four stroke cycle S.I. engine the camshaft runs at
	(1) same speed as crankshaft
	(2) half the speed of crankshaft
	(3) twice the speed of crankshaft
	(4) any speed irrespective of crankshaft speed
35	The ratio of brake power to indicated power of an I.C. engine is called
	(1) mechanical efficiency (2) thermal efficiency
	(3) volumetric efficiency (4) relative efficiency
36	Specific fuel consumption of a diesel engine as compared to that for petrol engine is
	(1) lower
	(2) higher
	(3) same for same power output
	(4) may be lower or higher
OP	[Contd

OP	16_A]	7 [Contd					
	(3) calorific value rating	(4) volatility of fuel					
	(1) cetane number rating	(2) octane number rating					
43	Ignition quality of fuels for p	etrol engines is determined by					
	(4) increasing cooling water	temperature					
	(3) increasing inlet air tempe						
	(2) retarding spark advance						
	(1) increasing compression ra	atio					
42	Knocking in petrol engines ge						
	(4) maximum power speed of						
	(3) maximum volumetric efficiency speed of engine						
	(2) maximum speed of engin						
71	(1) minimum speed of engin						
41	Torque developed by the engin	ne is maximum at					
	(3) 1-3-2-4	(4) 1-3-4-2					
	(1) 1-2-3-4	(2) 1-4-3-2					
40	In a 4-cylinder petrol engine t						
	(3) 1000 to 2000 volts	(4) 20000-25000 volts					
	(1) 6 to 12 volts	(2) 100 to 200 volts					
39	Voltage developed to strike spa	ark in the spark plug is in the range					
	(4) any fuel-air ratio will do						
	(2) weak fuel-air ratio is nee(3) chemically correct fuel-air	· .					
	(1) rich fuel-air ratio is need						
38							
	(3) 16 to 20	(4) 21 to 30					
	(1) 8 to 10	(2) 10 to 15					
3 7	Compression ratio of diesel eng	gines is in the range of					

44	In a	automobile engines a thermostat is provided for	
	(1)	regulating the temperature of suction air	
	(2)	regulating the temperature of lubrication oil	
	(3)	controlling the temperature of the cooling system	
	(4)	regulating the temperature of exhaust gases	
45	The	dynamo in an automobile	
	(1)	converts mechanical energy into electrical energy	
	(2)	continually recharge the battery	
	(3)	acts as a reservoir of electrical energy	
	(4)	supplies electric power	
46	Wha	t is wheel base of a vehicle ?	
	(1)	it is width of tyres	
	(2)	it is distance between front tyres	
	(3)	it is distance between front and rear axles	
	(4)	it is extreme length of the vehicle	
47	Stoic	chiometric ratio is	
	(1)	chemically correct air-fuel ratio by volume	
	(2)	chemically correct air-fuel ratio by weight	
	(3)	theoretical mixture of air for complete combustion	
	(4)	actual ratio of air to fuel for maximum efficiency	
48	Duri	ng idling a petrol engine requires	
	(1)	rich mixture	
	(2)	lean mixture	
	(3)	chemically correct mixture	
	(4)	variable mixture	
49	An a	air-fuel ratio 8 will have	
	(1)	chemically correct air (2) excess fuel	
	(3)	excess air (4) any of the above	
OP1	6_A]	8	[Contd

50	Purpose of supercharging an engine is to						
	(1)	increase power output of engine					
	(2)	reduce specific fuel consumption					
	(3)	reduce noise of engine					
	(4)	improve cooling of cylinders					
51		order to achieve maximum possible fuel economy the design the will be affected are	features				
	(1)	volumetric efficiency (2) compression ratio					
	(3)	method of charging (4) atomization					
52		same power output and same compression ratio four stroke Scompared to two stroke engine has	I. engine				
	(1)	higher fuel consumption					
	(2)	lower thermal efficiency					
	(3)	higher thermal efficiency					
	(4)	higher exhaust temperature					
53	The will	ermal efficiency of standard Otto cycle for a compression to	ratio 5.5				
	(1)	20% (2) 35.4%					
	(3)	47.5% (4) 50%					
54	In s	spark ignition engines, knocking tendency is reduced by					
	(1)	reduction of compression ratio					
	(2)	advancing ignition timing					
	(3)	increasing exhaust temperature					
	(4)	adding dope like tetra ethyl lead to the fuel					
55	Hig	ghest useful compression ratio is the compression ratio at	which				
	(1)	engine can be safely operated					
	(2)	engine gives maximum thermal efficiency					
	(3)	engine operates smoothly					
	(4)	detonation first becomes audible					
OP	OP16_A] 9 [Contd						

56	Efficiency of a jet engine is higher at						
	(1)	lower altitude	(2)	higher altitude			
	(3)	low speed	(4)	high speed			
57	Turl	oo-charger is used					
	(1)	in gas turbines for compressi	ion of	f air			
	(2)	for supercharging diesel engi-	ne				
	(3)	in jet propulsion units					
	(4)	in rockets for producing air	fuel r	nixture			
58	For cycle	the same maximum pressure a	and h	eat input, the most efficient			
	(1)	Brayton	(2)	Otto			
	(3)	Diesel	(4)	Dual			
59	capa	cities, sizes and systems are to Id be	be co	nt manufacturers having different ompared, the common parameter			
	• •	engine cylinder diameter	• •	brake power			
	(3)	mean effective pressure	(4)	weight of engine			
60		n naturally aspirated engine, pressure inside cylinder at the end of suction stroke is					
	(1)	(1) less than atmospheric					
	(2)	same as atmospheric					
	(3)	more than atmospheric					
	(4)	depends on atmospheric cond	litions				
61	In a	ball bearing, a ball is subject	ed to				
	(1)	compressive stress	(2)	tensile stress			
	(3)	shear stress	(4)	cyclic stress or fatigue			
62	Resi	stance to fatigue of a material	is m	easured by			
	(1)	Young's modulus	(2)	modulus of rigidity			
	(3)	elastic limit	(4)	endurance limit			

63		ence of material should be c		
	` '	shock load	(2)	constant load
	(3)	fluctuating load	(4)	wear and tear
64	Which	n process will improve the fa	atigue	life of a part ?
	(1)	shot peening	(2)	electroplating
	(3)	chemical coating	(4)	polishing
65	While	e designing a shaft, pulley an	nd key	for a system
	(1)	shaft is the weakest member	•	
	(2)	pulley is the weakest member	er	
	(3)	key is the weakest member		
	(4)	all are designed for equal st	rength	1
66	In ca	se of brittle materials, the thec	ory of	elastic failure generally applied is
	(1)	maximum principal stress th	eory	
	(2)	maximum shear stress theory	y	·
	(3)	maximum strain theory		
	(4)	maximum total strain energy	theor	ry -
67		maximum efficiency of a screve of friction 30° will be	v jack	provided with square threads and
	(1)	25%	(2)	33%
	(3)	40%	(4)	50%
68		n large quantities of bolts are ified in terms of	to be	purchased the quantity is usually
	(1)	number	(2)	volume
	(3)	weight	(4)	packets
69	Oldł	nam's coupling is used to con	nnect	two shafts which
	(1)	have lateral misalignment		
	(2)	have two axes intersecting		
	(3)	have lateral movements dur	ring po	ower transmission
	(4)	changes axes during power	trans	mission
OP	16_A}	1	1	[Contd

	(4)	shear stress on flank		
	(3)	creep stress		
	(2)	compressive stress in bending		
	(1)	tensile stress in bending		
75	Lew	is equation in gears is used to ev	aluate	
	(1)	criteria is strength of any one of	the tee	
	(4)	any one of the two may be take criteria is strength of any one of		9
	(2)	gear is the determining factor	n sa da	tommining frates
	(1)	pinion is the determining factor		
		gn point of view		
74		en both pinion and gear are made o	f the san	ne material, then from the
	(3)	elastic materials (4)	plastic	materials
	(1)	ductile materials (2)	brittle	materials
73	Shea	ar stress theory is applicable to		
	(4)	compound epicyche gear train		
	(3) (4)	epicyclic gear train compound epicyclic gear train		
	(2)	compound gear train		
	(1)	simple gear train		
72		utomobile gear box has		
	()		31	. 5
		double helical gears (4)		d gears
	(I)	spur gears (2)		l gears
71	Gea	rs used for non-intersecting perper	dicular :	shafts are
	(4)	in case of cross belt drives only	•	
	(3)	to prevent belt from running off	^	ley
	(2)	to prevent belt joint from damage	ging the	belt surface
	(1)	to reduce belt friction		

Crowning of flat pulleys is generally done

76		When a nut is tightened by placing washer below it, the bolt will be abjected to following type of loads				
	(1)	compression	(2)	tension		
	(3)	shear	(4)	combined load		
77	Resil	ience of a bolt may be increa	sed b	у		
	(1)	increasing its length				
	(2)	increasing its shank diameter				
	(3)	increasing diameter of thread	ed po	rtion		
	(4)	increasing head size				
78		aring efficiency of a riveted joint	is 60	%, then ratio of pitch to diameter		
	(1)	0.2	(2)	0.3		
	(3)	0.4	(4)	0.5		
79	Fact	or of safety in design is the	ratio (of		
	(1)	yield stress/working stress				
	(2)	tensile stress/working stress				
	(3)	compressive stress/working s	tress			
	(4)	bearing stress/working stress				
80	A b	ooiler plate thickness is 20 mm	n. Th	e rivet diameter will be		
	(1)	10 mm	(2)	20 mm		
	(3)	30 mm	(4)	40 mm		
81		ich of the following steel key i shing ?	s usua	ally strong in failure by shear and		
	(1)	rectangular	(2)	square		
	(3)	circular	(4)	flat		
82	Thi	ck cylinders are designed by				
	(1)	Lame's equation				
	(2)	calculating radial stress whi	ch is	uniform		
	(3)	thick cylinder theory				
	(4)	thin cylinder theory				
OF	P16_A] 1	3	[Contd		

ð	s Siee	ve or mutt coupling is de	esigned as	a	
	(1)	thin vessel	(2)	thick vessel	
	(3)	solid shaft	(<u>4</u>)	hollow shaft	
o	of The				
•		most important dimension		•	
	(1)	inside diameter	(2)	height	
	(3)	pitch diameter	(4)	thread size	
. 8	5 Bolts	s are designed on the bas	sis of		
	(1)	direct tensile stress	(2)	direct shear stress	
	(3)	direct compressive stress	(4)	direct bearing stress	
8	6 Dian	neter of washer is general	ily taken		
	(1)	equal to nut size			
	(2)	less than nut size			
	(3)	bigger than nut size			
	(4)	any size irrespective of	nut size		
8	7 Whic	th of the following is a	permanent	fastening ?	
	(1)	bolts	(2)	keys	
•	(3)	screws	(4)	rivets	
8	8 The	function of a washer is t	0		
	(1)	provide cushioning effect	:		
	(2)	provide bearing area			
	(3)	absorb shocks and vibrat	tions		
	(4)	provide smooth surface i	n place of	f rough surface	
8	9 Gear	box is used			
	(1)	to produce torque			
	(2)	for speed reduction			
	(3)	to obtain variable speeds	.		
	(4)	to increase efficiency of	system		
O	P16_A]		14		[Contd

90	Spring	g driven watches and clock	cs utiliz	e		
	(1)	involute gears	(2)	cycloid gears		
	(3)	epicycloid gears	(4)	straight rack gears		
91	Econo	omizer is used in a steam	power	plant to heat		
	(1)	air	(2)	feed water		
	(3)	flue gases	(4)	steam		
92	In a	two stage gas turbine plar	nt with	intercooling and reheating	ıg ·	
	(1)	both work ratio and therr	nal effic	iency improve		
	(2)	work ratio improves but	thermal	efficiency decreases		
•	(3)	thermal efficiency improve	s but w	ork ratio decreases		
	(4)	both work ratio and therr	nal effic	decrease		
93	In ca	nse of impulse steam turbin	ne there	is		
	(1)	enthalpy drop in fixed an	d movii	ng blades		
	(2)	enthalpy drop only in mo	ving bla	ades	-	
	(3)	enthalpy drop in nozzles				
	(4)	no enthalpy drop				
94	In h	ydraulic reaction turbine, fi	ınction	of the draft tube is to		
	(1)	increase the flow rate				
	(2)	reduce water hammer effe				
	(3)	convert kinetic energy of expansion in divergent pa		to potential energy by	a gradual	
	(4)	increase efficiency of the	turbine			
95	Fran	cis turbine is usually used	for			
	(1)	low head installation upto				
	(2)	medium head installation	from 3	0 m to 180 m		
	(3)	high head installation about	ove 180	m		
	(4)	for all heads				
OF	P16_A]		15		[Contd	

96	Over	all efficiency of a thermal	power p	lant is equal to	
	(1)	Rankine cycle efficiency			
	(2)	Carnot cycle efficiency			
	(3)	Regenerative cycle efficie	ncy		
	(4)	Boiler efficiency x turbine	e efficien	cy x generator efficien	ncy
97	Press	sure on two sides of impu	lse wheel	of a steam turbine	
	(1)	is same			
	(2)	is different			
	(3)	increases from one side to	o the oth	ner side	
	(4)	decreases from one side t	to the otl	her side	
98	In ca	ase of reaction steam turbi	ne		
	(1)	there is enthalpy drop bo	th in fixe	ed and moving blades	
	(2)	there is enthalpy drop on	ly in fixe	ed blades	
	(3)	there is enthalpy drop on	ly in mo	ving blades	
	(4)	there is no enthalpy drop			
99	ln a	gas turbine plant, a regen	erator inc	creases	
	(1)	work output	(2)	pressure ratio	
	(3)	thermal efficiency	(4)	all of the above	
400	_				
100	-	ating charges for same pov	-		
	(1)	gas turbine plant	(2)	hydroelectric plant	
	(3)	thermal plant	(4)	nuclear plant	
101	Lood	factor of a power station	ia naual	lv.	
101		•			
	(1)	equal to unity	(2)	less than unity	
	(3)	more than unity	(4)	zero .	
102	Wate	r hammer is developed in			
	(1)	penstock	(2)	draft tube	
	(3)	turbine	(4)	surge tank	
OBt	, ,		, ,		IC cost 3
OP16	_A		16		[Contd

103		mal efficiency of a gas turbine e plant is	e plan	t as compared to diesel
	(1)	higher	(2)	lower
	(3)	same	(4)	un-predictable
104	Depr	eciation charges are high in c	ase of	${f f}$
10.	(1)	thermal plant	(2)	diesel plant
	(3)	hydroelectric plant	(4)	gas turbine plant
105	In a	two stage gas turbine plant,	reheat	ing after first stage
105	(1)	decrease thermal efficiency		
	(2)	increases thermal efficiency		
	(3)	does not affect thermal effic	iency	
	(4)	none of the above		
	(,)			
106	For	the safety of a steam boiler	the nu	umber of safety valves fitted are
	(1)	One	(2)	Two
	(3)	Three	(4)	Four
107	Loa	d centre in a power station is	;	
	(1)	centre of coal fields		
	(2)	centre of maximum load of	equip	oments
	(3)	centre of gravity of electrica	al load	1
	(4)	centre of power station		
108	In s	steam nower station, the choic	ce of	high temperature steam is for
140	(1)	increasing the efficiency of		
	(2)	increasing the efficiency of		
	(3)	increasing the efficiency of		
	(4)	increasing the overall efficient		
109	Cor	npounding of steam turbine is	s done	e for
	(1)	reducing the work done		
	(2)	increasing the rotor speed		
	(3)			
	(4)			
OP) 16 A	_	17	[Contd

	_			
110	Dive	ersity factor is always		
	(1)	equal to unity (2	2)	less than unity
	(3)	more than unity (4	4)	zero
			÷	
111	High	h load factor indicates that		
	(1)	cost of generation per unit pow	er/	is increased
	(2)	total plant capacity is utilized f	or 1	most of the time
	(3)	total plant capacity is not prope	erly	utilized for most of the time
	(4)	load on the plant is high		
112	CAN	NDU reactor uses		
	(1)	only fertile material		
	(2)	highly enriched uranium		
	(3)	natural uranium as fuel and heav	ΛV	vater as moderator and coolant
	(4)	plutonium as fuel	', '	rates as moderator and coolant
		F		
113	Fast	breeder reactors are best suited	for	India because of
	(1)	large thorium deposits		
	(2)	large uranium deposits		
	(3)	large plutonium deposits		
	(4)	all of the above		
114	Thor	rmal shielding is provided to		
117	(1)	protect the walls of the reactor	fro	m radiation damage
	(2)	prevent meltdown of the core of		-
	(3)	protect the operating personnel		-
	(4)	all of the above	()	r exposure to radiation
	(,)	an of the above		
115	The	function of a moderator in a nuc	lear	reactor is to
	(1)	slow down the fast moving elec-	tror	ns
	(2)	speed up the slow moving elect	rons	S
	(3)	start the chain reaction		

(4) transfer heat produced inside the reactor to a heat exchanger

116	Fission chain reaction is pos		
	(1) fission produces the sar	me number of neutrons which are	absorbed
	(2) fission produces more	electrons than are absorbed	
	(3) fission produces less el	lectrons than are absorbed	
	(4) none of the above		
117	In a nuclear reactor the fun	ction of a reflector is to	
	(1) reduce the speed of th	ne neutrons	-
	(2) stop the chain reaction		
	(3) reflect the escaping ne	outrons back into the core	
	(4) all of the above		
		1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2	
118		commonly used moderator ?	
	(1) Graphite	(2) Sodium	
	(3) Deuterium	(4) any of the above	
119	In a pressurized water react	tor	
117	•	surized to work as moderator	
		the core of the reactor	
	• •	urized to prevent boiling of water	in the core
	(4) no moderator is used		•
	(1)		
120	The conversion ratio of a	breeder reactor is	
	(1) equal to unity	(2) more than unity	
	(3) less than unity	(4) none of the above	
121	The size of a lathe is exp	pressed by	
	(1) diameter of chuck		
	(2) maximum speed of c	chuck	
	(3) swing of lathe		
	(4) height of centres from	m ground	
Ωı	P16_A]	19	[Contd
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	(4)	error of judgement in reading	an c	observation
	(3)	ability of a measuring device to being measured	dete	ect small differences in a quantity
	(2)	agreement of the result of a m measured quantity	easur	ement with the true value of the
	(1)	repeatability of a measurement	•	
127		ision is		
	(.)	is about in lattice work to hold	Casi	ings
	` '	is used in lathe work to hold		_
	(3)	auxiliary chuck used on lathe		•
	(2)	cannot be otherwise a tapered gauge used for insp		
	(1)		eel s	shaft that supports works which
126	Αn	nandrel is		
	(3)	taper attachment	(4)	reamer
	(1)	compound rest	(2)	tailstock off set
125	Whi	ch method is used for turning	inter	nal tapers only ?
	(3)		(7)	ancau cutting
	(3)	finishing	(4)	- ~
147	(1)	plain turning	(2)	he the spindle speed will be least? taper turning
124	Ĭn u	which operation on a worknisses	n lati	ho the enimalis area I will be be us
	(3)	rack and pinion arrangement	(4)	half nut
	(1)	gear system	(2)	pulley drive
123	Pow	ver is transmitted by lead screw	to to	carriage through
	(4)	a thorough hole drilling throu	ıgn t	wo mating parts
	(3)	an opening in a mould into		•
	(2)	a blind hole	• • •	
	(1)	an eccentric hole		
	(1)			

122 A sprue hole is

		•
128	Accuracy	10
120	Accuracy	13

- (1) repeatability of a measuring process
- (2) error of judgement in recording an observation
- (3) ability of an instrument to reproduce same reading under identical situations
- (4) agreement of the result of a measurement with the true value of the measured quantity
- 129 Which one of the following measuring instruments is supposed to be most accurate
 - (1) micrometer

- (2) vernier caliper
- (3) vernier dial gauge
- (4) optical projector
- 130 Knurling is an operation
 - (1) of cutting smooth collars
 - (2) of under cutting
 - (3) of generally roughing the surface for hand grip
 - (4) done prior to screw cutting
- 131 Resistance wire strain gauge works on the principle
 - (1) that resistance changes in proportion to strain on material
 - (2) the resistance of wire changes with load
 - (3) that conductivity is directly proportional to load on member
 - (4) due to elongation length increases and diameter reduces, thereby resistance changes
- 132 A rotameter is used to measure
 - (1) rpm of engine
 - (2) rotation of shafts
 - (3) twist due to torque applied on shafts
 - (4) flow of liquids and gases
- 133 Hot wire anemometer is used to
 - (1) measure pressure of liquid
 - (2) measure velocity of air stream
 - (3) measure temperature of moving fluid
 - (4) measure thermal conductivity of solid

134	Prin	ncipal materials used in solderi	ing ar	·e	
	(1)	tin and lead	(2)	copper and tin	
	(3)	zinc and copper	(4)	copper and lead	
135	A 3	30 ton press means			
	(1)	gross weight of the press is	30 to	ons	
	(2)	weight of die is 30 tons			
	(3)	pressure exerted by slide is	30 to	ns	
	(4)	flywheel of the press weighs	30 t	tons	
136	Stee for	el balls are required in large quat the manufacture?	ntities	. Which process would ye	ou select
	(1)	turning on capstan or turret	lathe		
	(2)	turning on automatic lathe			
	(3)	cold heading			
	(4)	casting			
137	A ra	ack is a gear of			
	(1)	infinite pitch	(2)	infinite module	
	(3)	infinite diameter	(4)	infinite number of teet	h
138		ile of a gear tooth is to be checll ld you choose?	ked. V	Which one of the following	g device
	(1)	optical pyrometer	(2)	optical projector	
	(3)	bench micrometer	(4)	telescopic gauge	
139	Whic	ch of the following is a single	poin	t cutting tool ?	
	(1)	milling cutter	(2)	parting off tool	
	(3)	hacksaw blade	(4)	grinding wheel	
140	Swal	o is			
	(1)	a welding defect	(2)	a gear cutter	
	(3)	a tool used in foundry	(4)	a forging die	
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141	Tolerances are specified								
	(1)	to obtain desired fits							
	(2)	because it is not possible to	ecause it is not possible to manufacture a size exactly						
	(3)	to obtain high accuracy	o obtain high accuracy						
	(4)	to have proper allowance							
142		ch of the following is the most i	mport	ant characteristic of a measuring					
	(1)	precision	(2)	accuracy					
	(3)	repeatability	(4)	sensitivity					
143	A fi	eeler gauge is used to check							
1,0	(1)	radius	(2)	surface roughness					
	(3)	thickness of clearance	(4)	unsymmetrical shape					
	, ,								
144	Thic	ckness of light gauge sheet ste	el can	be best checked with a					
	(1)	finely divided steel scale							
	(2)	depth gauge							
	(3)								
	(4)	thickness measuring machine	fitted	with dial gauge					
145	Wh	ich of the following gives an id detect small variation in the in	dea al put si	oout the ability of the equipment gnal (quantity being measured)?					
	(1)	readability	(2)	accuracy					
	(3)	sensitivity	(4)	precision					
146	Th ma	e least count of a vernier calipe tching with 24 divisions of main	er hav scale (ing 25 divisions on vernier scale, (1 main scale division = 0.5 mm) is					
	(1)	0.001 mm	(2)	0.01 mm					
	(3)	0.02 mm	(4)	0.05 mm					
14'		block is used in workshop to		Care roughness					
		roundness of a cylindrical jo							
	(3)) dimensions of oval job	(4)	-					
O	P16_A	A] 2	3	[Contd					

148	The	term "traceability" in engineer	ing r	netrology is concerned with
	(1)	measuring machines	(2)	
	(3)	pneumatic comparators	(4)	optical instruments
149	The	term "allowance" in limits and	d fits	is usually referred to
	(1)	minimum clearance between	shaft	and hole
	(2)	maximum clearance between	shaft	and hole
	(3)	difference of tolerances of ho	ole ar	nd shaft
	(4)	difference between maximum	size	and minimum size of hole
150	Surfa	ace roughness on a drawing is	repr	esented by
	(1)	triangles	(2)	circles
	(3)	squares	(4)	
	. ,	•		
151	The	diameter of finished turned sh	aft ca	in best be checked with a
	(1)	combination set	(2)	slip gauge
	(3)	height gauge	(4)	micrometer screw gauge
152		mits and fits system, basic sha	ft sys	stem is one whose
	(1)	lower deviation is zero		
	(2)	upper deviation is zero		
	(3)	minimum clearance is zero		
	(4)	standard tolerance is zero		
153		desirable to handle the slip gar der to	ıges	with a cloth or chamois leather
	(1)	avoid injury to hands		·
	(2)	protect the surfaces of slip ga	uges	
	(3)	insulate them from the heat o	f the	hand
	(4)	ensure that the varnish applied	lon	gauges does not come out
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	(3)	wringing (4) slipping				
	(1)					
159		o slip gauges in precision measurement are joined by				
	` '	surface roughness (4) surface flatness				
		gear involute (2) thread profile				
158	Pro	filometer is an instrument used to measure	•			
	(4)	when both are combined in one gauge				
	(3)	both go and no go gauges				
	` '	no go gauge				
	(1)	go gauge				
157		r allowance is provided on				
	(4)	layout work and inspection				
	(3)	checking parallelism				
	(2)	checking flatness				
	(1)	checking straightness				
156	Univ	versal surface gauge is used for				
	` '	parallelism measurements				
	(3)	flatness measurements				
	(2)	angular measurements				
155	(1)	linear measurements				
155	Reve	el protractor is used for				
	(4)	interferrometry measurements				
-	(3)	testing of circularity				
	(2)	testing of parallelism				
	(1)) method of circular dividing				
	(1)	method of circular dividing				

154 Polygons in metrology are concerned with

OP1	6 Al	26		lContd.		
	(4)	effective organization				
	(3)	functional organization				
	(2)	line and staff organization				
	(1)	line organization				
165	Mos	Most popular type of organization used for civil engineering constructions is				
	(4)	inspection of final product				
	(3)	proper utilization of machines				
	` ′	proper utilization of man pow	ver			
	(1)	flow of material in the plant				
164	Routing prescribes the					
	(4)	effective use of machines				
	(3)	better utilization of man serv	ices			
	(2)	reducing waiting time or idle	time)		
	(1)	material handling				
163	Que	uing theory deals with problem	ıs of			
	(3)	material handling layout	(4)	value analysis		
	(1)	break even point analysis	(2)	production schedule		
162	Gnat	tt charts provide information al	bout			
	(-)	processing	(-)			
	. ,	probability	(4)	control		
101	(1)	quality	(2)	statistics		
161	Stati	istical quality control techniques	s are	hased on the theory of		
	(4)	check the outside diameter of	i wo	rkpieces		
	(3)	check the diameter of the ho		•		
	(2)	measure the diameter of the		-		
	(1)	•				
	(1)					

160 Plug gauges are used to

(1) improving present method and finding standard time (2) motivation of workers (3) improving production capability (4) improving production planning and control 167 Basic tool in work study is (1) graph paper (2) process chart (3) planning chart (4) stop watch 168 Material handling and plant location is analyzed by (1) Gnatt chart (2) bin chart (3) activity chart (4) travel chart 169 Which of the following layout is suited for mass production? (1) process layout (2) product layout (3) plant layout (4) functional layout 170 Graphical method, simplex method and transportation method are concerned with (1) break-even analysis (2) value analysis (3) linear programming (4) queing theory 171 Merit rating is the method of determining worth of (1) a job (2) an individual employee (3) a particular division in workshop (4) overall quality 172 Motion study involves analysis of (1) actions of operator (2) layout of work place (3) tools and equipments (4) all of the above 173 In which of the following layouts, the lines need to be balanced? (1) Process layout (2) product layout (3) plant layout (4) functional layout	166	Work study is concerned with					
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169 Which of the following layout is suited for mass production? (1) process layout (2) product layout (3) plant layout (4) functional layout 170 Graphical method, simplex method and transportation method are concerned with (1) break-even analysis (2) value analysis (3) linear programming (4) queing theory 171 Merit rating is the method of determining worth of (1) a job (2) an individual employee (3) a particular division in workshop (4) overall quality 172 Motion study involves analysis of (1) actions of operator (2) layout of work place (3) tools and equipments (4) all of the above 173 In which of the following layouts, the lines need to be balanced? (1) Process layout (2) product layout (3) plant layout (4) functional layout		(1)	Gnatt chart	(2)	bin chart		
(1) process layout (2) product layout (3) plant layout (4) functional layout 170 Graphical method, simplex method and transportation method are concerned with (1) break-even analysis (2) value analysis (3) linear programming (4) queing theory 171 Merit rating is the method of determining worth of (1) a job (2) an individual employee (3) a particular division in workshop (4) overall quality 172 Motion study involves analysis of (1) actions of operator (2) layout of work place (3) tools and equipments (4) all of the above 173 In which of the following layouts, the lines need to be balanced? (1) Process layout (2) product layout (3) plant layout (4) functional layout		(3)	activity chart	(4)	travel chart		
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(1) Process layout (2) product layout (3) plant layout (4) functional layout		` '		(4)	all of the above		
(1) Process layout (2) product layout (3) plant layout (4) functional layout	177	t In	which of the following layout	s, the	lines need to be balanced ?		
(3) plant layout (4) functional layout	1/3						
1Contd		` '		` '	•		
OP16 A] 27 [Conto	ΔT	, ,		7	[Contd		

OP16	5_A]	28			[Contd	
	(4)	minimum cost required for co	mple	tion of project		
	(3)	maximum cost required for co	omple	etion of project		
	(2)	maximum time required for co	omple	etion of project		
	(1)	minimum time required for co	omple	etion of project		
179	Critical path of a network represents					
	(3)	exponential	(4)	Gaussian		
	(1)	normal	(2)	beta		
	distri	ibution			J	
178	178 Probability distribution of project completion in PERT follows fol				following	
	(4)	method study and job evaluat	ion			
	(3)	(3) time study and work measurement				
(2) method and time study						
(1) method study and work measurement						
177	177 Work study comprises following main techniques					
	(4)	aids to the decision maker				
	(3)	aids to determine cost implica	ations	s of project		
	(2)	decision making techniques				
-	(1)	techniques to determine proje	ct sta	atus		
176	PER	T and CPM are				
	(3)	three time estimate	(4)	four time estimate		
	(1)	one time estimate	(2)	two time estimate		
175	CPM has following time estimate					
	(4)	common stock held by the c	ompa	any		
	(3)	inventories				
	(2)	2) manufacturing plant and equipments				
	(1)	manufacturing plant				

174 Current assets include

180	Acco	ording to Pareto principle, and effective man is one who
	(1)	can manage his boss
	(2) can manage his subordinates	
	(3)	can manage his colleagues
	(4)	nick up vital from the trivial many things

181 According to McGregor's theory of management

- (1) all managers are complex in behaviour and it is difficult to get work done
- (2) X managers in a organization will not work and Y managers will work. The ratio X/Y depends on the organizational set up
- (3) the ratio X/Y is always 0.5 for any organization
- (4) X theory managers presume that the average human being has an inherent dislike of work and will avoid if it he can

182 A public sector undertaking

- is fully owned by public through shareholders
- (2) is jointly owned by private parties
- (3) is jointly owned by private parties and government
- (4) fully owned by government

183 F.W. Taylor introduced a system of working known as

- (1) line organization
- (2) line and staff organization
- (3) functional organization
- (4) effective organization

184 Salvaging means

- (1) writing off the assets
- (2) throwing away the assets
- (3) selling the assets
- (4) disposing off property which is no longer useful in present situation

185 Capital gains are

- (1) unanticipated increase in income
- (2) income through interest earned on investment
- (3) income on dividends received from companies
- (4) unanticipated changes in value of property relative to goods

186	In break even analysis the total cost consists of					
	(1) fixed cost					
	(2) variabl	e cost				
	(3) fixed cost + variable cost					
	(4) fixed (cost + variable cost +	profit	t .		
187	Bin cards are used in					
	(1) machin	e loading	(2)	accounts		
	(3) stores	•	(4)	preventive maintenance		
188	The financia	l position of a compa	ny is	considered to be sound if		
	(1) sufficie	nt funds are available	unde	r reserve and surplus		
	(2) compar	ny has declared good	diviđe	nds in the past		
	(3) sales a	re increasing				
	(4) gross p	profit is reasonable				
189	The law of	demands states that				
	(1) when prices rise demand rises					
	(2) when prices fall demand rises					
	(3) when i	(3) when income rise demand rises				
	(4) when income and prices rise demand rises					
190	The best source of revenue for states in India is					
	(1) sales ta	ıx	(2)	customs duty		
	(3) excise	duty	(4)	entertainment tax		
191	Indicate the group of persons who gain from inflation					
	(1) stock h	olders	(2)	bond holders		
	(3) debentu	re holders	(4)	fixed deposit holders		
192	Economic de	velopment of a countr	y dep	ends more on		
	(1) natural	resources	(2)	capital formation		
	(3) availabi	lity of market	(4)	entrepreneurs		

193	Performance of a company can be judged by its				
	(1) ¹	share capital	(2)	total production	
	(3)	number of employees	(4)	profits	
194	Durin	ng inflation			
	(1)	prices rise	` '	prices drop	
	(3)	prices remain unchanged	(4)	prices fluctuates heavily	
195	Budg	get is the major instrument of			
	(1)	fiscal policy	(2)	monetary policy	
	(3)	economic policy	(4)	export policy	
196	Deva	aluation affects imports by ma	king	it	
	(1)	costlier	(2)	cheaper	
	(3)	competitive	(4)	prohibitive	
197	Law	of demands correlates			
	(1)	quality and quantity	(2)	quality and price	
	(3)	quantity and price	(4)	price and profit	
198	The term "balance of trade" is associated with				
	(1)	_	•	taxation	
	(3)	gross profits of a company	(4)	budgeting	
199	Mixed economy is identified by				
	(1)	lack of competition			
	(2) coexistence of public and private sectors				
	(3)	vigorous competition			
	(4)	rising trend in prices			
200	00 Which of the following is not a feature of developed economy?				
	(1) predominance of industries				
	(2)	high per capita income			
	(3)	•			
	(4)	high rate of capital formation	on		
OP	16_A]	3	1	[Contd	

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