| Computer Knowledge |
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| 1. Restarting a computer which is already running is referred to as |
| (1) booting |
| (2) starting |
| (3) rebooting |
| (4) second-starting |
| (5) None of these |
| 2. If you open a menu and then decide you don't want to select an option after all, click the |
| menu title again or press the key to close the menu. |
| (1) Shift |
| (2) Tab |
| (3) F1 |
| (4) Esc |
| (5) None of these |
| 3 provides process and memory management services that allow too more tasks, jobs |
| or programs to run simultaneously. |
| (1) Multitasking |
| (2) Multithreading |
| (3) Multiprocessing |
| (4) Multi computing |
| (5) None of these |
| 4. To make the number pad act as directional arrows, you pres the key. |
| (1) nun lock |
| (2) caps lock |
| (3) arrow lock |
| (4) shift |
| (5) None of these |
| 5. A computer cannot "boot" if it does not have the |
| (1) Computer |
| (2) Loader |
| (3) Operating System |
| (4) Assembler |
| (5) None of these |
| 6. A key that will erase information from the computer's memory and characters on the screen |
| |
| (1) edit |
| (2) delete key |
| (3) dummy out |
| (4) trust key |
| (5) pictures |
| 7. The primary goal of a computer system is to turn data in to |
| (1) ideas |
| (2) suggestions |
| (3) information |
| |
| (4) reports (5) pictures |
| (a) pictures |

| 8. To keep files organized, related documents are often stored in (also called directories) |
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| located on the storage medium. |
| (1) indexes |
| (2) labels |
| (3) folders |
| (4) programs |
| (5) homepages |
| 9. Terminal is |
| (1) a device to give power supply to the computer |
| (2) a point at which data enters of leaves the computer |
| (3) the last instruction in a program |
| (4) any input/output device |
| (5) None of these |
| 10. The computer abbreviation KB usually means |
| (1) Key Block |
| (2) Kernel Boot |
| (3) Kilo Byte |
| (4) Kit Bit |
| (5) None of these |
| 11. A series of statements exclaiming how the data is to be processed is called |
| (1) instruction |
| (2) compiler |
| (3) program |
| (4) interpreter |
| (5) None of these |
| 12. Computers that are portable and convenient for users who travel are known as |
| (1) supercomputers |
| (2) laptops |
| (3) minicomputers |
| (4) file servers |
| (5) None of these |
| 13. A computer's type, processor, and operating system define its |
| (1) brand |
| (2) size |
| (3) platform (4) speed |
| (5) format |
| 14 is process of dividing the disk into tracks and sectors. |
| (1) Tracking |
| (2) Formatting |
| (3) Crashing |
| (4) Allotting |
| (5) Dicing |
| 15. A Device that connects to a network without the use of cables is said to be |
| (1) distributed |
| (2) wireless |
| (3) centralized |
| (0) 00111411204 |

| (4) open source |
|--|
| (5) scattered |
| 16. A disk's content that is recorded at the time of manufacture and that cannot be changed or |
| erased by the user is |
| (1) memory-only |
| (2) write-only |
| (3) read-only |
| (4) run-only |
| (5) non-changeable |
| 17. Arithmetic operations |
| (1) involve matching one data item to another to determine if the first item is greater than, equal to, or |
| less than the other item. |
| (2) Sort data items according to standard, predefined criteria in ascending order or descending order |
| (3) use conditions with operator such as AND, OR, and NOT |
| (4) include addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division |
| (5) None of these |
| 18. Which of the following is not true? |
| (1) Chatting is like e-mail |
| (2) Chatting can only be done with a single person |
| (3) Chatting can involve multiple persons |
| (4) Chatting is an electronic dialogue |
| (5) None of these |
| 19. A keyboard is this king of device |
| (1) scanning |
| (2) black |
| (3) output |
| (4) input |
| (5) word processing |
| 20. A is hardware used to read disks. |
| (1) floppy disk |
| (2) hardware |
| (3) software |
| (4) disk drive |
| (5) CPU |
| 21. The is the brain of the computer. |
| (1) hardware |
| (2) hard disk |
| (3) CPU |
| (4) floppy disk |
| (5) keyboard |
| 22. Files deleted from the hard disk are sent to the |
| (1) Recycle Bin |
| (2) floppy disk |
| (3) clipboard |
| (4) motherboard |
| (5) None of these |

| 23. What are the two parts of and E-mail address? | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| (1) User name and street address | | | |
| (2) Legal name and phone number | | | |
| (3) Initials and password | | | |
| (4) User name and domain name | | | |
| (5) None of these | | | |
| 24. A is often used to select or highlight. | | | |
| (1) icon | | | |
| (2) keyboard | | | |
| (3) hard disk | | | |
| (4) floppy disk | | | |
| (5) mouse | | | |
| 25. The copy command saves to | | | |
| (1) the desktop | | | |
| (2) the clipboard | | | |
| (3) printer | | | |
| (4) Microsoft Word | | | |
| (5) paste | | | |
| 26. Computer equipment itself is called | | | |
| (1) hardware | | | |
| (2) byte | | | |
| (3) mouse | | | |
| (4) software | | | |
| (5) default | | | |
| 27. Mr. X has no printer to print his report. He wants to take it to Mr. Y's computer because Mr. Y | | | |
| has a printer. Mr. X could save his report on a | | | |
| (1) hard drive | | | |
| (2) piece of paper | | | |
| (3) scanner | | | |
| (4) monitor | | | |
| (5) floppy disk | | | |
| 28. Removable disks are often called what? | | | |
| (1) floppies | | | |
| (2) hard drives | | | |
| (3) RAM drives | | | |
| (4) expansion cards | | | |
| (5) None of these | | | |
| 29. A is the general term of hardware not necessary to the basic function of the | | | |
| computer. | | | |
| (1) icon | | | |
| (2) bit | | | |
| (3) keyboard | | | |
| (4) printer | | | |
| (5) peripheral | | | |
| 30. Sending an E-mail is similar to | | | |
| (1) writing a letter | | | |

| (2) drawing a picture |
|---|
| (3) talking on the phone |
| (4) sending a package |
| (5) None of these |
| 31. What part of the computer stores programs and files for later use? |
| (1) RAM memory |
| (2) Hard drive |
| (3) Mother board |
| (4) Adapter board |
| (5) None of these |
| 32. If you are going to a site you use often, instead of having to type in the address every time |
| you should |
| (1) make a copy of it |
| (2) save it as a file |
| (3) memorise it |
| (4) bookmark it |
| (5) note it in your diary |
| 33. The most frequently used piece of hardware for inputting data is the |
| (1) keyboard |
| (2) floppy disk |
| (3) cursor |
| (4) software |
| (5) hardware |
| 34. What does a Browser do? |
| (1) Looks through magazines and books in the library |
| (2) Read material really fast |
| (3) It wastes you time |
| (4) It provides help menus |
| (5) It is software used to view web pages |
| 35. This is a permanent storage device |
| (1) floppy disk |
| (2) monitor |
| (3) RAM |
| (4) cache |
| (5) hard disk |
| 36. The may also be called the screen or monitor. |
| (1) printer |
| (2) scanner |
| (3) hard disk |
| (4) software |
| (5) information |
| 37. Something which has easily-understood instructions is said to be |
| (1) hyper |
| (2) icon |
| (3) information |
| (4) word processing |

| (5) user friendly | |
|-------------------|--|
| 38. The | _ setting are automatic and standard. |
| (1) icon | |
| (2) default | |
| (3) CPU | |
| (4) peripheral | |
| (5) user friendly | |
| 39. The | of a system includes the programs or instructions. |
| (1) peripheral | |
| (2) software | |
| (3) information | |
| (4) icon | |
| (5) hardware | |
| 40. Windows 95 | 5,Windows 98, are Windows NT are known as what? |
| (1) processors | |
| (2) domain name | es |
| (3) modems | |
| (4) operating sys | stems |
| (5) None of thes | e |