VU

CE: CIVIL ENGINEERING

Duration: Three Hours Maximum Marks: 100

Read the following instructions carefully.

- This question paper contains 16 pages including blank pages for rough work. Please check all pages and report discrepancy, if any.
- 2. Write your registration number, your name and name of the examination centre at the specified locations on the right half of the Optical Response Sheet (ORS).
- 3. Using HB pencil, darken the appropriate bubble under each digit of your registration number and the letters corresponding to your paper code.
- 4. All questions in this paper are of objective type.
- 5. Questions must be answered on the ORS by darkening the appropriate bubble (marked A, B, C, D) using HB pencil against the question number on the left hand side of the ORS. For each question darken the bubble of the correct answer. In case you wish to change an answer, erase the old answer completely. More than one answer bubbled against a question will be treated as an incorrect response.
- 6. There are a total of 65 questions carrying 100 marks.
- 7. Questions Q.1 Q.25 will carry 1-mark each, and questions Q.26 Q.55 will carry 2-marks each.
- 8. Questions Q.48 Q.51 (2 pairs) are common data questions and question pairs (Q.52, Q.53) and (Q.54, Q.55) are linked answer questions. The answer to the second question of the linked answer questions depends on the answer to the first question of the pair. If the first question in the linked pair is wrongly answered or is un-attempted, then the answer to the second question in the pair will not be evaluated.
- Questions Q.56 Q.65 belong to General Aptitude (GA). Questions Q.56 Q.60 will carry 1-mark each, and questions Q.61 - Q.65 will carry 2-marks each. The GA questions will begin on a fresh page starting from page 12.
- Un-attempted questions will carry zero marks.
- 11. Wrong answers will carry **NEGATIVE** marks. For Q.1 Q.25 and Q.56 Q.60. % mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. For Q.26 Q.51 and Q.61 Q.65, % mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. The question pairs (Q.52, Q.53), and (Q.54, Q.55) are questions with linked answers. There will be negative marks only for wrong answer to the first question of the linked answer question pair i.e. for Q.52 and Q.54, % mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. There is no negative marking for Q.53 and Q.55.
- Calculator (without data connectivity) is allowed in the examination hall.
- 13. Charts, graph sheets or tables are NOT allowed in the examination hall-
- 14. Rough work can be done on the question paper itself. Additionally, blank pages are provided at the end of the question paper for rough work.

CE IM6

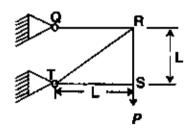
Q.1 - Q.25 carry one mark each.

- Q.1 The $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin\left[\frac{2}{3}x\right]}{x}$ is
 - (A) $\frac{2}{3}$
- **(B)** 1
- (C) $\frac{3}{2}$
- (D) ∞
- Q.2 Two coins are simultaneously tossed. The probability of two heads simultaneously appearing is
 - (A) 1/8
- (B) $\frac{1}{6}$
- (C) 1/4
- (D) $\frac{1}{2}$

Q.3 The order and degree of the differential equation

$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 4\sqrt{\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^3 + y^2} = 0$$
 are respectively

- (A) 3 and 2
- (B) 2 and 3
- (C) 3 and 3
- (D) 3 and 1
- Q.4 Two people weighing W each are sitting on a plank of length L floating on water at $\frac{L}{4}$ from either end. Neglecting the weight of the plank, the bending moment at the centre of the plank is
 - (A) $\frac{WL}{8}$
- (B) $\frac{WL}{16}$
- (C) $\frac{WL}{32}$
- (D) zero
- Q.5 For the truss shown in the figure, the force in the member QR is



- (A) zero
- (B) $\frac{P}{\sqrt{2}}$
- (C) P
- (D) $\sqrt{2}P$
- Q.6 The major and minor principal stresses at a point are 3 MPa and -3 MPa respectively. The maximum shear stress at the point is
 - (A) zero
- (B) 3 MPa
- (C) 6 MPa
- (D) 9 MPa
- Q.7 The number of independent elastic constants for a linear elastic isotropic and homogeneous material is
 - (A) 4
- (B)3
- (C) 2
- (D) 1
- Q.8 The effective length of a column of length L fixed against rotation and translation at one end and free at the other end is
 - (A) 0.5 L
- (B) 0.7 L
- (C) 1.414 L
- (D) 2L

As per Indian standard code of practice for prestressed concrete (IS:1343-1980) the minimum 0.9grades of concrete to be used for post-tensioned and pre-tensioned structural elements are respectively

- (A) M20 for both
- (B) M40 and M30
- (C) M15 and M20
- (D) M30 and M40.

A solid circular shaft of diameter d and length L is fixed at one end and free at the other end. A torque T is applied at the free end. The shear modulus of the material is G. The angle of twist at the free end is

- (A) $\frac{16TL}{\pi d^4 G}$ (B) $\frac{32TL}{\pi d^4 G}$ (C) $\frac{64TL}{\pi d^4 G}$ (D) $\frac{128TL}{\pi d^4 G}$

In a compaction test, G, w, S and e represent the specific gravity, water content, degree of saturation and void ratio of the soil sample, respectively. If γ_e represents the unit weight of water and y, represents the dry unit weight of the soil, the equation for zero air voids line is

- (A) $\gamma_d = \frac{G\gamma_w}{1 + Se}$ (B) $\gamma_d = \frac{G\gamma_w}{1 + Gw}$ (C) $\gamma_d = \frac{Gw}{e + \gamma_w S}$ (D) $\gamma_d = \frac{Gw}{1 + Se}$

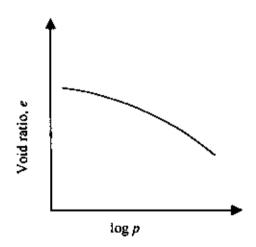
Q.12 A fine grained soil has liquid limit of 60 and plastic limit of 20. As per the plasticity chart, according to IS classification, the soil is represented by the letter symbols

- (A) CL
- (C) CH
- (D) CL-ML

0.13 Ouick sand condition occurs when

- (A) the void ratio of the soil becomes 1.0.
- (B) the upward seepage pressure in soil becomes zero
- (C) the upward seepage pressure in soil becomes equal to the saturated unit weight of the soil
- (D) the upward seepage pressure in soil becomes equal to the submerged unit weight of the soil

Q.14 The e-log p curve shown in the figure is representative of



- (A) Normally consolidated clay
- (C) Under consolidated clay
- (B) Over consolidated clay
- (D) Normally consolidated clayey sand

				•		
Q.15	If σ_h , σ_v , σ_h and σ_v represent the total horizontal stress, total vertical stress, effective horizontal stress and effective vertical stress on a soil element, respectively, the coefficient of earth pressure at rest is given by					
	(A) $\frac{\sigma_h}{\sigma_v}$	(B) $\frac{\dot{\sigma_h}}{\dot{\sigma_v}}$	(C) $\frac{\sigma_v}{\sigma_h}$	(D) $\frac{\sigma_{\nu}}{\sigma_{h}}$		
Q .16	A mild-sloped channel in the channel are	is followed by a steep-	sloped channel. The pr	ofiles of gradually varied flow		
	(A) M ₃ , S ₂	(B) M ₃ , S ₃	(C) M ₂ , S ₁	(D) M ₂ , S ₂		
Q.17	The flow in a rectangular channel is subcritical. If width of the channel is reduced at a certain section, the water surface under no-choke condition will					
	(A) drop at a downstrea (C) rise at an upstream:		(B) rise at a downstre (D) not undergo any o			
Q.18	The correct match of Group-I with Group-II is					
	Group-I P. Evapotranspiration Q. Infiltration R. Synthetic unit hydre S. Channel Routing (A) P-1, Q-3, R-4, S-2 (C) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2	Group-IJ 1. Penman n 2. Snyder's ograph 3. Muskingu 4. Horton's	nethod method im method			
Q.19	Group-I gives a list of devices and Group-II gives the list of uses.					
	Group-1 P. Pitot tube Q. Manometer R. Venturimeter S. Anemometer The correct match of G	Group-II 1. measuring pressu 2. measuring velocit 3. measuring air and 4. measuring discharoup-II with Group-II	y of flow in a pipe I gas velocity rge in a pipe			
	(A) P-1, Q-2, R-4, S-3		(B) P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4			
	(C) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3		(D) P-4, Q-1, R-3, S-2	2		
Q.20		value and low inorg		noisture content, high organic sost effective and sustainable		
	(A) Composting (C) Incineration		(B) Dumping in sea (D) Landfill			
Q.21		its, India, the day time		es, 2000, of the Ministry of level limits in ambient air for		

(B) 55 and 45

(D) 75 and 70

(A) 50 and 40

(C) 65 and 55

- Q.22 An air parcel having 40°C temperature moves from ground level to 500 m elevation in dry air following the "adiabatic lapse rate". The resulting temperature of air parcel at 500 m elevation will be
 - (A) 35°C
- (B) 38°C
- (C) 41°C
- (D) 44°C
- Q.23 Aggregate impact value indicates the following property of aggregates
 - (A) Durability
- (B) Toughness
- (C) Hardness
- (D) Strength
- Q.24 As per IRC: 67- 2001, a traffic sign indicating the Speed Limit on a road should be of
 - (A) Circular Shape with White Background and Red Border
 - (B) Triangular Shape with White Background and Red Border
 - (C) Triangular Shape with Red Background and White Border
 - (D) Circular Shape with Red Background and White Border
- Q.25 The local mean time at a place located in longitude 90° 40' E when the standard time is 6 hours and 30 minutes and the standard meridian is 82° 30' E is
 - (A) 5 hours, 2 minutes and 40 seconds
- (B) 5 hours, 57 minutes and 20 seconds
- (C) 6 hours and 30 minutes

(D) 7 hours, 02 minutes and 40 seconds

Q.26 - Q.55 carry two marks each.

Q.26 The solution to the ordinary differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} - 6y = 0$$
 is

(A)
$$y = c_1 e^{3x} + c_2 e^{-2x}$$

(B)
$$y = c_1 e^{3t} + c_2 e^{2t}$$

(C)
$$y = c_1 e^{-3\tau} + c_2 e^{2\tau}$$

(D)
$$y = c_1 e^{-3x} + c_2 e^{-2x}$$

Q.27 The inverse of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 3+2i & i \\ -i & 3-2i \end{bmatrix}$ is

(A)
$$\frac{1}{12} \begin{bmatrix} 3+2i & -i \\ i & 3-2i \end{bmatrix}$$

(B)
$$\frac{1}{12} \begin{bmatrix} 3-2i & -i \\ i & 3+2i \end{bmatrix}$$

(C)
$$\frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} 3+2i & -i \\ i & 3-2i \end{bmatrix}$$

(D)
$$\frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} 3-2i & -i \\ i & 3+2i \end{bmatrix}$$

Q.28 The table below gives values of a function F(x) obtained for values of x at intervals of 0.25.

Х	0	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.0
$\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})$	1	0.9412	0.8	0.64	0.50

The value of the integral of the function between the limits 0 to 1 using Simpson's rule is

- (A) 0.7854
- (B) 2.3562
- (C) 3.1416
- (D) 7.5000

Q.29 The partial differential equation that can be formed from

$$z = ax + by + ab$$
 has the form (with $p = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ and $q = \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$)

(A) z = px + qy

(B) z = px + pq

(C) z = px + qy + pq

- (D) z = qy + pq
- Q.30 A parabolic cable is held between two supports at the same level. The horizontal span between the supports is L. The sag at the mid-span is h. The equation of the parabola is $y = 4h\frac{x^2}{L^2}$, where x is the horizontal coordinate and y is the vertical coordinate with the origin at the centre of the cable. The expression for the total length of the cable is
 - (A) $\int_{0}^{L} \sqrt{1 + 64 \frac{h^2 x^2}{L^4}} dx$

(B) $2\int_{0}^{L/2} \sqrt{1+64\frac{h^3x^2}{L^4}} dx$

(C) $\int_{0}^{L/2} \sqrt{1 + 64 \frac{h^2 x^2}{L^4}} dx$

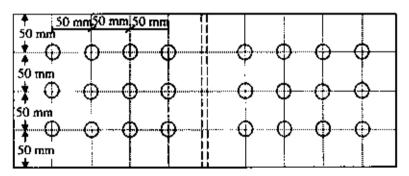
(D) $2\int_{0}^{L/2} \sqrt{1+64\frac{h^2x^2}{L^4}} dx$

Q.31 Given a function

$$f(x, y) = 4x^2 + 6y^2 - 8x - 4y + 8$$

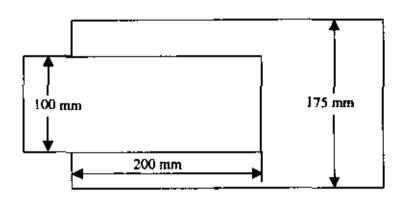
The optimal value of f(x, y)

- (A) is a minimum equal to 10/3
- (B) is a maximum equal to 10/3
- (C) is a minimum equal to 8/3
- (D) is a maximum equal to 8/3
- Q.32 A double cover butt riveted joint is used to connect two flat plates of 200 mm width and 14 mm thickness as shown in the figure. There are twelve power driven rivets of 20 mm diameter at a pitch of 50 mm in both directions on either side of the plate. Two cover plates of 10 mm thickness are used. The capacity of the joint in tension considering bearing and shear ONLY, with permissible bearing and shear stresses as 300 MPa and 100 MPa respectively is



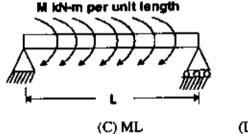
- (A) 1083.6 kN
- (B) 871.32 kN
- (C) 541.8 kN
- (D) 433.7 kN

Two plates, subjected to direct tension, each of 10 mm thickness and having widths of 100 mm and Q.33175 mm, respectively are to be fillet welded with an overlap of 200 mm. Given that the permissible weld stress is 110 MPa and the permissible stress in steel is 150 MPa, the length of the weld required using the maximum permissible weld size as per IS:800-1984 is



- (A) 245.3 mm
- (B) 229.2 mm
- (C) 205.5 mm
- (D) 194.8 mm

For the simply supported beam of length L, subjected to a uniformly distributed moment M kN-m per unit length as shown in the figure, the bending moment (in kN-m) at the mid-span of the beam

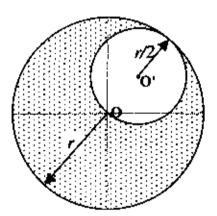


(A) zero

(B) M

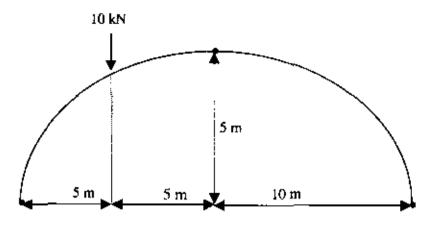
(D) M/L

A disc of radius r has a hole of radius $\frac{\pi}{2}$ cut-out as shown. The centroid of the remaining disc Q.35 (shaded portion) at a radial distance from the centre "O" is



- (A) $\frac{r}{2}$
- (B) $\frac{r}{3}$
- (C) $\frac{r}{6}$
- (D) $\frac{r}{8}$

Q.36 A three hinged parabolic arch having a span of 20 m and a rise of 5 m carries a point load of 10 kN at quarter span from the left end as shown in the figure. The resultant reaction at the left support and its inclination with the horizontal are respectively



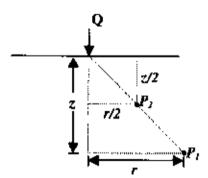
(A) 9.01 kN and 56.31°

(B) 9.01 kN and 33.69°

(C) 7.50 kN and 56.31°

(D) 2,50 kN and 33,69°

Q.37 The vertical stress at point P_I due to the point load Q on the ground surface as shown in figure is σ_c . According to Boussinesq's equation, the vertical stress at point P_2 shown in figure will be



- (A) $\sigma_{1/2}$
- (B) σ_ε
- (C) 2σ,
- (D) $4\sigma_{z}$
- Q.38 An open ended steel barrel of 1 m height and 1 m diameter is filled with saturated fine sand having coefficient of permeability of 10⁻² m/s. The barrel stands on a saturated bed of gravel. The time required for the water level in the barrel to drop by 0.75 m is
 - (A) 58.9 s
- (B) 75 s
- (C) 100 s
- (D) 150 s
- Q.39 The ultimate load capacity of a 10 m long concrete pile of square cross section 500 mm × 500 mm driven into a homogeneous clay layer having undrained cohesion value of 40 kPa is 700 kN. If the cross section of the pile is reduced to 250 mm × 250 mm and the length of the pile is increased to 20 m, the ultimate load capacity will be
 - (A) 350 kN
- (B) 632.5 kN
- (C) 722.5 kN
- (D) 1400 kN

Q.40 For a rectangular channel section, Group-I lists geometrical elements and Group-II gives proportions for hydraulically efficient section.

Group-1	<u>Group-]]</u>
P. Top width	$1. y_e/2$
Q. Perimeter	2. y
R. Hydraulic Radius	3. 2 y _c
S. Hydraulic Depth	4. 4 y,

y, is the flow depth corresponding to hydraulically efficient section. The correct match of **Group-I** with **Group-II** is

(A) P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-3

(B) P-3, Q-1, R-4, S-2

(C) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2

(D) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1

Q.41 The Froude number of flow in a rectangular channel is 0.8. If the depth of flow is 1.5 m, the critical depth is

- (A) 1.80 m
- (B) 1.56 m
- (C) 1.36 m
- (D) 1.29 m

Q.42 A well of diameter 20 cm fully penetrates a confined aquifer. After a long period of pumping at a rate of 2720 litres per minute, the observations of drawdown taken at 10 m and 100 m distances from the center of the well are found to be 3 m and 0.5 m respectively. The transmissivity of the aquifer is

- (A) $676 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$
- (B) 576 m²/day
- (C) $526 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$
- (D) 249 m²/day

Q.43 If the BOD₃ of a wastewater sample is 75 mg/L and reaction rate constant k (base e) is 0.345 per day, the amount of BOD remaining in the given sample after 10 days is

- (A) 3.21 mg/L
- (B) 3.45 mg/L
- (C) 3.69 mg/L
- (D) 3.92 mg/L

Q.44 Consider the following statements in the context of geometric design of roads.

A simple parabolic curve is an acceptable shape for summit curves.

II : Comfort to passengers is an important consideration in the design of summit curves

The correct option evaluating the above statements and their relationship is

- (A) I is true, II is false
- (B) I is true, II is true, and II is the correct reason for I
- (C) I is true, II is true, and II is NOT the correct reason for I
- (D) I is false, II is true

Q.45 The design speed for a two-lane road is 80 kmph. When a design vehicle with a wheelbase of 6.6 m is negotiating a horizontal curve on that road, the off-tracking is measured as 0.096 m. The required widening of carriageway of the two-lane road on the curve is approximately

- (A) 0.55 m
- (B) 0.65 m
- (C) 0.75 m
- (D) 0.85 m

Q.46 Consider the following statements in the context of cement concrete pavements.

 : Warping stresses in cement concrete pavements are caused by the seasonal variation in temperature

II : Tie bars are generally provided across transverse joints of cement concrete pavements

The correct option evaluating the above statements is

- (A) I: Truc
- H: False

- (B) I: False
- II: True

- (C) I: True
- II: True

- (D) I: False
- II: False

Q.47 A bench mark has been established at the soffit of an ornamental arch at the known elevation of 100.0 m above mean sea level. The back sight used to establish height of instrument is an inverted staff reading of 2.105 m. A forward sight reading with normally held staff of 1.105 m is taken on a recently constructed plinth. The elevation of the plinth is

(A) 103.210 m

(B) 101.000 m

(C) 99.000 m

(D) 96.790 m

Common Data Questions

Common Data for Questions 48 and 49:

Ion concentrations obtained for a groundwater sample (having pH = 8.1) are given below

Ion	Ca ^{2*}	Mg ²⁺	Na*	HCO ₃	SO ₄ 2-	Cl
Ion concentration (mg/L)	100	6	15	250	45	39
Atomic Weight	Ca = 40	Mg = 24	Na = 23	H = 1, C = 12, O = 16	S = 32, O = 16	CI = 35.5

Q.48 Total hardness (mg/L as CaCO₃) present in the above water sample is

(A) 205

(B) 250

(C) 275

(D) 308

Q.49 Carbonate hardness (mg/L as CaCO₃) present in the above water sample is

(A) 205

(B) 250

(C) 275

(D) 289

Common Data for Questions 50 and 51:

The moisture holding capacity of the soil in a 100 hectare farm is 18 cm/m. The field is to be irrigated when 50 percent of the available moisture in the root zone is depleted. The irrigation water is to be supplied by a pump working for 10 hours a day, and water application efficiency is 75 percent. Details of crops planned for cultivation are as follows

Стор	Root zone depth (m)	Peak rate of moisture use (mm/day)
X	1.0	5.0
Y	0.8	4.0

- Q.50 The capacity of irrigation system required to irrigate crop 'X' in 36 hectares is
 - (A) 83 litres/sec
- (B) 67 litres/sec
- (C) 57 litres/sec
- (D) 53 litres/sec
- Q.51 The area of crop 'Y' that can be irrigated when the available capacity of irrigation system is 40 litres/sec is
 - (A) 40 hectares
- (B) 36 hectares
- (C) 30 hectares
- (D) 27 hectares

Linked Answer Questions

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53:

A doubly reinforced rectangular concrete beam has a width of 300 mm and an effective depth of 500 mm. The beam is reinforced with 2200 mm² of steel in tension and 628 mm² of steel in compression. The effective cover for compression steel is 50 mm. Assume that both tension and compression steel yield. The grades of concrete and steel used are M20 and Fe250, respectively. The stress block parameters (rounded off to first two decimal places) for concrete shall be as per 1S 456:2000.

- Q.52 The depth of neutral axis is
 - (A) 205.30 mm
- (B) 184.56 mm
- (C) 160.91 mm
- (D) 145.30 mm

- Q.53 The moment of resistance of the section is
 - (A) 206.00 kN-m
- (B) 209.20 kN-m
- (C) 236.80 kN-m
- (D) 251.90 kN-m

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:

The unconfined compressive strength of a saturated clay sample is 54 kPa.

- Q.54 The value of cohesion for the clay is
 - (A) zero
- (B) 13.5 kPa
- (C) 27 kPa
- (D) 54 kPa
- Q.55 If a square footing of size 4 m × 4 m is resting on the surface of a deposit of the above clay, the ultimate bearing capacity of the footing (as per Terzaghi's equation) is
 - (A) 1600 kPa
- (B) 316 kPa
- (C) 200 kPa
- (D) 100 kPa

General Aptitude (GA) Questions

Q.56 – Q.60 carry one mark eac	0.5	6 - O	.60 car	rv one	mark	each
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Q.56	Which of the following options is the closest in meaning to the word below: Circuitous						
	(A) cyclic(B) indirect(C) confusing(D) crooked						
Q.57	The question below consists of a pair of related words followed by four pairs of words. Select the pair that best expresses the relation in the original pair. Unemployed: Worker						
	(A) fallow: land (B) unaware: sleeps (C) wit: jester (D) renovated: house						
Q.58	Choose the most of sentence: If we manage to our children.		-	•	-	-	
	(A) uphold(B) restrain(C) cherish(D) conserve						
Q.59	Choose the most appropriate word from the options given below to complete the following sentence: His rather casual remarks on politics his lack of seriousness about the subject.						
	(A) masked(B) belied(C) betrayed(D) suppressed						
Q.60	25 persons are in a room. 15 of them play hockey, 17 of them play football and 10 of them play both hockey and football. Then the number of persons playing neither hockey nor football is:						
	(A) 2	(B) 17	(C) 13		(D) 3		
Q.61 -	Q.65 carry two	marks each.					
Q.61	Modern warfare has changed from large scale clashes of armies to suppression of civilian populations. Chemical agents that do their work silently appear to be suited to such warfare; and regretfully, there exist people in military establishments who think that chemical agents are useful tools for their cause.						
	Which of the following statements best sums up the meaning of the above passage:						
	(A) Modern warfare(B) Chemical agents(C) Use of chemical(D) People in milita	s are useful in mode agents in warfare	ern warfare. would be undesi		ar.		
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Q.62	If $137 + 276 = 435$ how much is $731 + 672$?						
	(A) 534	(B) 1403	(C) 1623	(D) 1513			
Q.63	5 skilled workers can build a wall in 20 days; 8 semi-skilled workers can build a wall in 25 days; 10 unskilled workers can build a wall in 30 days. If a team has 2 skilled, 6 semi-skilled and 5 unskilled workers, how long will it take to build the wall?						
	(A) 20 days	(B) 18 days	(C) 16 days	(D) 15 days			
Q.64	Given digits 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4 how many distinct 4 digit numbers greater than 3000 can be formed?						
	(A) 50	(B) 51	(C) 52	(D) 54			
Q.65	1 st January. The a is less than 3 year i. ii.	ge difference between a s. Given the following f Hari's age + Gita's age	iny two successive siblinates: e > Irfan's age + Saira's ween Gita and Saira is the youngest.	ners and sisters). All were born on ings (that is born one after another) age. I year, However, Gita is not the			
	(A) HSIG	(B) SGHI	(C) IGSH	(D) 1HSG			

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

Space for Rough Work

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CE 15/16

16/16

SE

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